

THE EQUITY.

No. 41, 32ND YEAR.

SHAWVILLE, PONTIAC COUNTY, QUE., THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1915.

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874

Paid Up Capital - \$4,000,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits - 4,978,299

Head Office: - Ottawa, Canada.

A Savings Account

stimulates thrift—helps to check careless expenditures—safeguards against theft and loss—and keeps ones savings growing through interest. One Dollar will open an account in our Savings Bank Department.

Fort Coulonge Branch - B. F. CHILTON, Manager.
Campbells Bay Branch - R. LEGER, Manager.
Portage du Fort Branch - A. H. MULHERN, Manager.

The Merchants Bank Of Canada.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Paid up Capital \$7,000,000 Reserve Fund, \$7,248,134
Total Assets over Eighty-three Millions of Dollars.

President - SIR H. MONTAGUE ALLAN.
Vice-Pres. - K. W. BLACKWELL, Gen. Manager - E. F. HEDDEN.

220 Branches and Agencies in Canada

A Savings Bank Account

Shawville Branch
Quyon Branch

May be operated as a Joint Acct.
Incurs no expense nor formality
Is a most decided business asset
Insures money for investment.

W. F. DRUM, Acting Mgr.

THE HARDWARE STORE

The Worries of a Housekeeper Reduced to a Minimum.

Housecleaning days are again with us, and we are fully prepared to meet the demand for all kinds of helps for this trying time. In a word we have everything necessary for

Cleaning

Polishing

and Brightning up

the whole house from top to bottom

Come in, we may be able to help you.

Quality Goods at right prices.

J. H. SHAW.

"Business as Usual"

has made the attendance at the

BOWLING
Business College.
OTTAWA, ONT.

the best in the history. Why not take advantage of the dull times and prepare for the wave of prosperity that is bound to sweep over the Great Country when the war is over?

Write for Free Catalogue.

H. G. W. BRAITHWAITE, W. E. GOWLING,
Prin. Prin.

When she wants a portrait of him, or he one of her, we make them—the kind that pleases. H. IMISON, Artist.

NOTICE.—The members of the Ladies' Guild of St. Paul's Church will hold a "Food Sale" of homemade cooking on Saturday afternoon, April 10th, in Mr. C. Caldwell's sample room on Main street. There will be for sale—bread, buns, pie, cake, salad, fowl, fresh eggs, vegetables, etc. Everyone welcome. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock.

Married.

The marriage took place at St. Luke's Church, Winnipeg, on March 17, of Miss Hannah A. Eades, (youngest daughter to the late Henry Eades, of Clarendon) and Mr. Geo. Percival Barton, of Ingelow, Manitoba. The Rev. Bertal Heeney, M. A. officiated. The young couple will reside at Enfold, Sask.

Births

At Shawville, Sunday, March 28th, to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Shore, a daughter.

At Maryland, on Friday, March 26th, to Mr. and Mrs. James Fraser, a daughter.

PERSONAL MENTION

Miss Pearl McDowell enjoyed a visit last week with Ottawa friends, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. R. L. Whitman, after a week's visit among friends here, left for the East on Monday.

Rev. Mr. McNeil and Mr. Robt. Boyle of Cobden, were in town on Tuesday attending the funeral of the late C. B. Taggart.

Mrs. T. W. Wilson, left for home in Ottawa on Saturday morning after an enjoyable visit among Shawville friends.

Privates Ervine Wilkie and R. V. Anderson, from Kingston military training camp, and Willie Creek from Ottawa, spent a few days with their relatives in this section last week.

The Rev. T. W. Ball, of Portage du Fort conducted the service at St. Paul's on Sunday evening, whilst Rev. Mr. Seaman similarly officiated at Parkman.

The Casualty List issued for the Canadian Expeditionary force last Friday, includes the following:—"Killed in Action, Herbert Vaughan Naylor, No. 81, 8th Batt. Next of kin—Benjamin Vaughan Naylor, Noyon, Que." The person referred to is thought here to be the same who attended school in Shawville about ten years ago—a nephew of Ven. Archdeacon Naylor.

The tragic side of the war was keenly brought to the notice of citizens of Renfrew last week by the intelligence of the death, on March 2nd, on the battle field in France, of two of the young men who left there a few months ago, to serve their King and country—Corporal Cameron Mackay, only son of A. C. Mackay, and Corporal Ferguson Bremner, the latter a widower, who leaves one young son. Intelligence was received also of the serious wounding of Col. Sergeant Jas. W. Larkins, also of Renfrew.

HENRY'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL

Ottawa, Ont.

"I will study and prepare myself, and some day my chance will come."—Lincoln. That the times will be exceedingly good after the war is the general opinion. Why not, then, take up Shorthand and Typewriting, and be ready for the positions that will surely await every competent stenographer and typist? Send for circular.

D. E. HENRY, PRESIDENT.
Cor. Bank and Sparks Sts.

WILLIS COLLEGE

It pays to get the best.

As a Willis Student you will have the most thorough and practical training possible.

As a Willis Graduate you can always point with pride to your training school.

As an earner you will find yourself trained to the minute—thoroughness counts.

Send for catalogue.

WILLIS COLLEGE.

W. I. HARRISON, Principal.

Cor. Bank and Albert Sts.

OTTAWA, ONT.

Amateurs, arrange your "snaps" in a neat album during the winter evenings. I still have a few left. H. IMISON.

MONEY FOUND—On the road between Thos. A. Eades' and Edward Eades', on March 17th, a sum of money; also a bank book (Bank of Ottawa). Owner may have same by calling on THOS. A. EADES, and paying cost of advertising.

LOST—Somewhere on streets, Shawville, a Bar Pin, comprised of three Military R. M. C. Buttons. Reward on return to J. H. SHAW'S store.

FOR SALE—Pure bred Chester White Pigs, five weeks old. Apply to DAVID McDOWELL, Shawville, Que.

FOR SALE—1 year-old colt, 12-year old colt, 1 four-year old colt—a nice driver. The above are all mares. RICHARD HYNES R. M. D. No. 3, Shawville.

FOR SALE—A quantity of Seed Barley Apply to R. J. CUTHBERTSON, Bristol.

FOR SALE—A quantity of Pressed Hay Apply to DUNCAN CAMPBELL, Maryland, Bristol.

FOR SALE—Improved Chester White Young Pigs, fit for registration. Ready for delivery about April 12th and April 30th—pairs no kin. Apply to H. T. McDOWELL, Shawville.

TIMOTHY SEED FOR SALE—A quantity of good Timothy Seed for sale, at 10 cents a pound. Phone or call on A. G. MURPHY, Portage Road.

WANTED—At once, a girl to do general house work, apply to the Misses WILSON'S Confectionery Store.

CONCRETE CULVERTS, PIPES AND curbs for wells sold at Works Contracts made with Municipalities to manufacture Pipes in their own localities. H. T. McDOWELL & SON, Shawville, Que.

HOMEMAKERS' CLUBS.

TIME OF MEETING:

Austin - First Tuesday,
Murrells - Second Wednesday,
Elmside - Second Wednesday,
Bristol, - - First Thursday,
Starks Corners, Second Thurs.
Wyman, - - First Friday,
Shawville - First Saturday,
Yarm - Last Saturday,
of each month.

W. A. HODGINS

SHAWVILLE

Millinery Dept.

We invite the Ladies to visit our Parlors.

All the newest and most fashionable productions of the Milliners' Art will be found awaiting your inspection.

And one very important thing Don't Forget It
Our Prices are very Reasonable

MISS E. STEWART,
Milliner.

Dress Materials

Owing to the scarcity of Fine Imported Dress Goods we would direct your attention to our stock of Cotton Wash Goods:—

Crepes and Ripplettes

In about twenty patterns, good wearing materials and fast colors at 15c. per yd.

Galateas

The best all round goods for Women's, Girls' and Children's wear, yet produced. Only 15c. per yd.

W. A. HODGINS

Yarm has a good time in store for you on Friday evening, April 9th. Something new! Come!

Mr. James Smith, who for many years has been a resident of North Clarendon, removed last week to the farm purchased from Mr. Ben Sheffield in Wyman section.

Mr. Edmond Hodgins is getting material on the ground for the erection of a house on the property purchased from the School Corporation last fall, being part of the Frank Wilson property.

Mr. J. G. Elliott, who is associated with Mr. G. A. Howard in the contract for the building of the Post Office here, is also erecting a dwelling house in Ottawa, and has Messrs. J. J. Caldwell and Ed. Finnigan engaged on the job.

The family in a group photograph—before they have left the old fireside and gone out into the big world. Ever think of it? When the family is scattered, how glad you will be that you had it done in time.

H. IMISON, Artist.

Mr. Brabazon, our zealous Federal member, has succeeded in having the P. O. Department establish two rural mail routes on Allumette Island, to be known as "Chapeau No. 1" and "Desjardins No. 1." Tenders for the performance of these services are to be received up till May 7.

The contractors for the public building which is to adorn one of the most prominent sites in the village, are busy these days with the task of removing the old building which stands thereon, in order that the ground may be clear as soon as possible for laying out the basement plan of the new building.

SERIOUS LOSS FROM FIRE—Through a fire, which apparently was of incendiary origin, Mr. Jos. W. Brownlee, of the 6th line, one mile west of Shawville, met with a serious loss on Saturday evening last, in the destruction of two barns, horse and cow stables and one shed. Along with the buildings there were also destroyed, one 2-year old colt, eight milch cows, seven calves, nine sheep, five pigs, about fifty fowls, a few pieces of machinery and a quantity of hay and fodder. The fire was so far advanced when first observed that nothing whatever could be done to check it, and so rapidly did the flames envelop the doomed buildings that little time was afforded to rescue the stock, so that very few animals escaped, and some of these were severely scorched.

Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Brownlee in the misfortune that has befallen him, seeing that his loss, amounting to several thousand dollars, is only lightly covered by insurance.

An orphan-home boy, aged about 10 years, who has been living with Mr. Brownlee, is said to have started the fire, but whether by accident or designedly, is not established so far as our information goes.

Patriotism and Production.

Mr. John Bright, Live Stock Commissioner, under the authority of the Minister of Agriculture, has arranged for a further series of meetings in this County, in pursuance of the Patriotism and Production campaign, which is being carried on throughout Canada at the present time. The places, at which these meetings are to be held, are as follows:—

Ladysmith, April 8, 7.30 p. m.
Cal. Island, " 9, " "
Ft. Coulonge, " 10, " "
Chapeau, " 11, " "

The speakers will be: John Bright, Live Stock Commissioner, Ottawa; J. H. M. Parker, Lennoxville, and Victor Sylvestre, St. Hyacinthe, Que.

All who are in reach of the above places should make an earnest effort to attend.

REMOVED—Mr. Howard Stiles has removed his fruit store from the corner building to the Hamilton Block, opposite G. F. Hodgins Co's.

Mr. Hans Shadel will be absent from Easter Monday till Wednesday evening, and in consequence his jewellery store will be closed during those days.

Mr. Byron Horner, of Blaine Lake, Sask., who arrived here on the 18th, shipped 20 horses for the West on Saturday last.

G. A. Howard, agent, has opened the automobile season with the sale of a McLaughlin "Buick" car to Mr. C. Caldwell, and also a Ford car to Mr. W. F. Drum.

Mr. W. J. Hayes, who has gone into the undertaking business, makes an announcement in this issue, which will be found on the 8th page.

The Shawville Homemakers' Club purpose holding their next sewing and knitting bee at the home of Mrs. R. W. Hodgins on Thursday, April 1st at 7 p. m.

An entertainment and supper will be given in the Orange Hall, Yarm, on Friday evening, April 9th, under the auspices of the Homemakers' Club. Proceeds to be applied to Red Cross work. Admission only 15 cents.

Mr. Burton's barber shop is in charge of Mr. Trueman Tuck, who returned last week with Mrs. Tuck and little daughter from Kemptonville, Ont., at which place they have been for the past six months.

Mr. Stewart Fulford, of Starks Corners, was in town Saturday with a supply of fresh maple syrup which found ready purchasers. Mr. Fulford having an established reputation for dishing up the real thing.

The next regular monthly meeting of the Shawville Homemakers' Club will be held in the Academy on Saturday, April 3rd at 3 p. m. Programme—Packing of Winter Garments by Mrs. O'Hara and Mrs. Seaman. Roll call. Disinfectants.

The new war taxes are to go into effect on April 15. This is provided for in the bill introduced by the Minister of Finance to-day. This, of course, means also that the additional war stamp will become necessary on April 15th.

Mr. G. H. Harrold, E. E., who has had charge of the Shawville lighting plant for over a year past, and who has given good service in that behalf, will shortly sever his connection with the corporation, having accepted a position with the R. A. Lister Co. at Toronto.

There was a large attendance at the annual meeting of the Pontiac Rural Telephone Co., held in town on Tuesday last, and, after all that was talked of and expected to eventuate to the contrary, things passed off quietly, when sundry explanations were made which seemed to disarm criticism. This was well.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, SHAWVILLE.

Good Friday and Easter Services.

Good Friday, April 2:

Morning Prayer, 10 o'clock.

Evening Prayer, 7.30.

Easter Day, April 4.

Holy Communion, 8 a. m.

Morning Prayer and H. C., 10.30.

Evening Prayer, 7.30.

The annual Easter Vestry Meeting will be held in St. Paul's Church on Easter Monday evening, April 5th, at 8 o'clock. All the members of the congregation are cordially invited to be present.

J. J. S. SKAMAN,
Rector.

The Government Slogan:

"PATRIOTISM and PRODUCTION."

Plant RENNIE'S SEEDS

Send a postal for a catalogue to-day.

WM. RENNIE CO., LIMITED,
ADELAIDE and JARVIS STREETS, TORONTO, ONT.
Also at Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver.

Making Restitution:

Or, The Bridal Dress.

CHAPTER XLIII.—(Continued).

"It'll be a gypsy sort of proceeding," said Mrs. Treasely. "Never mind, I like that style of thing, and we all know that mamma's decrees are like the laws of the Medes and Persians, irrevocable and not to be changed."

"Where is Leslie?" asked Mrs. Utley, entering just then. "I want her opinion on those two sets of jewelry which have just been sent in from New York. My present to Lady Ferrier."

Mrs. Treasely and her mother hurried forward to get a glimpse at the two superb sets; one of glistening pearls, the other of opals set in small diamonds. "She is to keep which she likes best," said Mrs. Utley, gratified by their exclamations of delight and rapture.

"It will be the pearls," said Mrs. Ferrier. "I know Leslie's taste." "I am not so sure of that," said Mrs. Treasely, still inspecting the other set. The pearls are as pure and lovely as frozen moonlight, to be sure, but then just look at these exquisite pink and purple stones, with lines of diamond light sparkling all around them."

"Opals are an unlucky stone," said Mrs. Ferrier, doubtfully.

"That's just one of your old-time superstitions, mamma," said Catherine, laughing. "Leslie will never let such an idea as that influence her choice."

"But where is Leslie?" reiterated Mrs. Utley.

"To think of having left your first question unanswered all this time," said Mrs. Treasely. "Leslie went out to the rose garden to get some of those white buds for the vase in Helen's room. She will be back presently."

"I wish Leslie wouldn't go out by herself," said Mrs. Ferrier. "To be sure, it seems quiet enough here, but since they cut that new railway through the foot of the meadow where the rustic bridge is, there are always more or less tramps around."

"There is no danger, mamma," said Mrs. Treasely.

"I know there is no danger," retorted her mother, "but Leslie's timid—and you remember yourself, Catherine, how ineffectual that old gray-haired beggar was, the day you went after trailing arbutus last spring."

"Yes, I remember," said Mrs. Treasely, laughing.

"He wouldn't go away until I had given him money. So I had to disburse."

"It's a blessing you weren't robbed and murdered," said Mrs. Ferrier.

"He was a feeble old creature," said Catherine. "If it had come to a personal conflict between us, I am sure I could have vanquished him with one hand. But in the matter of loquacity and persistent insolence, he certainly had the advantage of me, and I beat myself off with fifty cents. After that mamma had a printed notice put up: 'All trespassers warned off.'"

these grounds! But it didn't do a bit of good! Simmonds, the gardener, is tormented out of his life by fears lest his apricots should be stolen, or the Chasselas grapes or early peaches spirited unlawfully away. And mamma has a regular panic every time a peddler comes near the grounds. Dear me, here is Leslie now!"

And, hurrying through the arch of trailing woodbine that formed the picturesque entrance to the series of gardens below, which were the pride of Simmonds' horticultural heart, Leslie Ford came in sight, her luxuriant brown curls disheveled by the haste with which she had come through the rose thickets, her muslin dress torn by the clinging briars, and her face very pale.

"My dear child," said Mrs. Ferrier, hurrying out on the veranda to meet her, "what is the matter? You look as if you had seen a ghost!"

CHAPTER XLIV.

"It's nothing," said Leslie, sinking down on the lower step of the veranda. "Only I am so foolish! There was a man crouching down under the rustic bridge at the foot of the rose garden."

"A man?" echoed Mrs. Ferrier. "Wasn't it Simmonds, my dear?"

"Oh, no, no! Some one dark and bearded, with his head tied up in a red silk pocket-handkerchief, crouching there like a wild beast," panted Leslie.

"Did you see his face?"

"No, indeed! I ran away as fast as I could," said Leslie, pressing her hand over her heart, and trying to smile. "I was close to him when I was picking the Bourbon roses—my dress must have brushed him. Only think of it! And all of a sudden I heard a rustling in the grass, and when I turned around I saw a man scrambling to his feet!"

"Oh, Leslie! What did you say?"

"I didn't say anything," said Leslie. "I screamed and ran away. Wasn't it quite heroic of me?"

For she was sufficiently recovered from her panic now to smile at her own frantic terror.

"My dear," said Mrs. Utley, "it was a great deal the wisest thing you could have done."

"Yes; but only think of a man lying hidden in our grounds!" cried Mrs. Ferrier, who was nearly as pale as Leslie. "I will call Simmonds and the hostler at once, and send them down to the bridge to look into this affair. And I shall tell Simmonds to be sure and carry a loaded revolver, and give Patrick the pitchfork."

"Mamma, won't dare to go out of sight of the house for three months now," said Mrs. Treasely, laughing. "But, really, Leslie, Leslie, you would scold us dreadfully for letting you wander so far by yourself."

"Oh! we won't tell him," said Leslie, brightly. "And after all, now it's all

over with, I can't help thinking that it was very foolish of me to be so frightened about a mere trifle like that."

"But it isn't a mere trifle," insisted Mrs. Ferrier. "I don't call tramps lurking about one's private grounds, and terrifying one out of one's wits, a mere trifle. My love, it shall be investigated at once."

Accordingly, Simmonds, the fat gardener, and Patrick Rendon, a newly imported agent of the Milesian nation, were armed, cap-a-pie, and dispatched at once on an errand of surveillance. But they returned at the end of an hour, no wiser than they had gone.

"There wasn't no one there, no one," said Simmonds. "The lady must have been mistaken."

"No," said Leslie firmly. "I was not mistaken."

"Sure, niver a spalpeen is there now," said Patrick, wiping his rooking forehead. "Or I'd a-knocked the ugly head off his ill-mannered body for frightening your ladyship."

"Did you look everywhere?" questioned Mrs. Ferrier.

"Everywhere, ma'am," replied Simmonds. "There wasn't a hole big enough to hide a mole where Patrick didn't prod his pitchfork."

"It's very strange!" said Mrs. Ferrier, reflectively.

"Not so strange, after all, said Mrs. Treasely. "When you remember, mamma, how easily any one could run down the lane, and get away along the railway track."

"I believe it is that railway track that has done it all," said Mrs. Ferrier, shaking her head dolefully. "We never had any vagabonds and beggars here until they laid the railway track across our grounds. However, I desire, Simmonds, that you will carefully watch the place, and immediately warn off any persons who may be loitering about without any definite purpose."

"Yes, ma'am," said Simmonds.

"Jones's man has a big bulldog to sell, please, ma'am," suggested Patrick. "And awful savages."

"You may buy him, Simmonds," said Mrs. Ferrier. "And chain him up near the rose garden. As for you, my love," turning to Leslie, when Simmonds and Patrick had departed, one bobbing his head solemnly, the other scrapping his left hand and pulling at one ear, look that overhanging his forehead, "pray, pray do not make me wretched by exposing yourself to any more such dangers."

"Dear mamma," said Leslie, who had already adopted the sweet filial appellation that was so precious to her solitary heart, "there was no danger. I don't suppose the man would have harmed me, if I had stood there and faced him. Only the sudden sight of him startled me, and made me a little nervous. Promise me you will not tell Lucian, mamma!"

"Not if you desire me not, certainly. But I really think we must all be a little more cautious," sighed Mrs. Ferrier, mournfully.

And so the little sensation which had rippled across the serene surface of their every-day life passed away, leaving no impression behind, except a renewed idea of the necessity that they must have an extra number of bolts and bars affixed to the doors and windows of Oldham Grange.

"Now, Leslie," said Mrs. Treasely, that evening, "you must try on your wedding-dress, and we'll have a little rehearsal!"

"Do, Leslie," persuaded mild Helen, seeing that the bride hesitated a little. "There will be so much going on to-morrow that I shall not enjoy the sight of the dress half so much as I shall to-night."

"Put it on, child—put it on!" said Mrs. Utley, feeling in her pocket for her gold-bowed spectacles. "I'm not one of the young folks myself, but I like to look at pretty things just as well as if I were."

"It will be a pleasant surprise for Lucian if you show yourself to him in your wedding-dress, dear," suggested Mrs. Ferrier. "He ought to be through with those disagreeable law papers by this time, I am sure."

So, accompanied by Catherine Treasely, Leslie went to her own room to put on the dress that hung in the mirror-fronted wardrobe, all ready for the bright morning.

It was not white. Catherine and Helen had both begged for white, but Leslie's better taste had decided upon delicate pearl-color, with the faintest tinge of rose in its folds, with a deep berthe, and scarf of the choicest point d'Alecon lace, of the true creamy tint so highly valued by connoisseurs. This, with white roses in her hair, and a bouquet de corsage of the same, had been the costume she had

determined upon and adhered to, in spite of every argument.

"I am not one of the young brides who find their fitting counterpart in white satin, orange buds, and a little veil that floats around them like a cloud," said she. "I have lived out half a life already."

"Oh, Leslie!" Mrs. Treasely cried out. "When you are not twenty yet!"

"Ah, but I don't reckon by years and months," said Leslie, with a grave smile. And she had her own way.

Even Mrs. Treasely had to acknowledge that Leslie could not look more beautiful in white satin and illusion than she did in the lustrous pearl-colored fabric she had chosen, with the few roses in her soft, loose curls, and Mrs. Utley's gift of pearls clasped about her white, round throat.

"Ah, Leslie, you will make the sweetest bride that ever the sun shone on!" said Catherine Treasely, looking admiringly into her friend's blushing face. "Now, the gloves—you haven't seen them since I sewed the lace frills on—and the fan and handkerchief! Quite correct, Lady Ferrier!"

"Please don't, Catherine!"

"Why not? You will be Lady Ferrier by this time to-morrow—and you look it, royally. If anything could tempt me to go and live in England, it would be to see how envious the grande dames there will be when my little American beauty comes on the scene, and eclipses them all by the light of her dark eyes! Now, go in and show yourself to Lucian, my fairy queen! Stop! mamma, and Helen, and Mrs. Utley must see you first!"

Mrs. Ferrier kissed Leslie, with tears in her eyes.

"Not because I have anything to regret," said she, as Leslie looked inquiringly into her face. "Only because I am so very, very glad that Lucian is to be happy at last, after all the years he has sacrificed himself to me and his sisters!"

Helen Ferrier and Mrs. Utley were enthusiastic in their praise, and with sweet, flushed cheeks, and eyes sparkling with shy happiness, Leslie passed along the corridor which led to the apartment called Sir Lucian's study.

"Let me go, too!" Catherine Treasely had said, but Leslie had shaken her head. "No, dearest Catherine," she said. "I would rather be alone."

She tapped softly at the door; the voice of her affianced husband, from within, responded:

"Come in!"

Sir Lucian Ferrier had been engaged nearly all day with Mr. Townsbury, the family lawyer. Settlements were to be made, legal matters attended to, all the financial affairs of the young baronet straightened and adjusted, so as to admit of no possible perplexity or entanglement in the future. It was not an enervating day's work, but it was a very necessary one. Half an hour ago, Mr. Townsbury had taken the evening train for New York, leaving a paper and box under his arm, and his pockets distorted with neatly tied and docketed papers.

"You are a capital man of business, Sir Lucian," said he, as he took leave of his client, on stepping into the carriage which had been summoned to convey him to the train. "And I do not think there is a single matter left unsettled now."

Sir Lucian, retiring to his own apartment, had based himself in burning old letters, and arranging papers which he wished to preserve, and regulating all his affairs for his contemplated absence from the country, looking forward, as he did so, to soon rejoining the pleasant little party in the drawing-room beyond.

The study was a large apartment, low-ceiled, like the others, and surrounded with a wainscoting of oak, well waxed and polished. On one side oaken cases, with rows of plate glass containing a fine collection of standard and modern authors—opposite, a carved mantel, also of polished oak, extended nearly to the ceiling, surmounted by bronze statues, which the western side of a wide window divided in the centre by an oaken mullion nearly a foot in width, opened to the floor with elate-colored draperies drawn to admit the grateful freshness and coolness of the evening air.

It was a pretty and picturesque "interior" that struck on Leslie's eyes as she opened the door and gazed into the circle of white light cast by the student lamp, the vase of roses on the table, her fiancé's husband's clear-cut and handsome profile bending above his papers, and the summer night shadows mantling the rest of the apartment in their soft gloom.

Sir Lucian's face brightened with absolute pleasure as he looked up and perceived who his visitor was. He rose and held out both his arms.

"Leslie, my beautiful darling!" he murmured in low accents of intense emotion. She smiled up into his face, the lamplight illuminating her lovely features, and falling softly on the lustrous folds of the pearl-colored silk, as if she were some beautiful picture in an antique frame.

"How do I look?" said she, archly. "Shall I make a presentable bride?"

"You couldn't be improved upon, my dear!" answered a voice from the broad veranda without, and to Leslie's inexpressible terror, and the surprise of Sir Lucian, a tall, ghostly-faced man, entering, lifting the deep-red curtains as he crossed the threshold.

"How dare you intrude thus?" exclaimed Sir Lucian, advancing a pace or two, with glittering eyes and face, the lamplight illuminating her lovely features, and falling softly on the lustrous folds of the pearl-colored silk, as if she were some beautiful picture in an antique frame.

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"How dare you intrude thus?" exclaimed Sir Lucian, advancing a pace or two, with glittering eyes and face, the lamplight illuminating her lovely features, and falling softly on the lustrous folds of the pearl-colored silk, as if she were some beautiful picture in an antique frame.

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So Good for Children

Millions of pounds of delicious "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup are sold every year to mothers, just for the children.

EDWARDSBURG

"Crown Brand" CORN SYRUP

Mothers know it is practically all nourishment. They know it is a food—that Bread spread with "Crown Brand" makes a well balanced food that sustains and builds up the strength.

Mothers know, too, that "Crown Brand" is the most economical "sweetening" for all sorts of Cakes, Pies, Puddings and Sauces—and is the whole thing for delicious homemade Candies.

"LILY WHITE" is our pure white Corn Syrup—not so pronounced in flavor as "Crown Brand"—equally choice for the table and for candy making.

ASK YOUR GROCER IN 2, 5, 10 AND 20 POUND TINS.

The Canada Starch Co., Limited, Montreal

FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irish.

The Diocese of Clogher has subscribed \$7,156 to the Belgian Relief Fund.

Fergus Quinn has been appointed Assistant Commissioner of the Dublin Metropolitan Police Force.

Three bodies, apparently of men belonging to the British Navy, have been washed ashore at Rathlin Island.

Copies of the Worker, a journal published in Glasgow, were seized on their arrival at Dublin by the police.

A seal was shot in Belfast Lough, opposite Greencastle Railway Station, recently by a man named James Mullin.

The Order of St. Patrick, which ranks the third in the order of chivalry, was instituted by George III. in 1783.

The total number of pigs marketed in Ireland last year, a trade journal remarks, was about two and a half millions.

Arrangements have been made by Dublin Corporation for the provision of free meals for poor children attending the city schools.

By special train, recently, a further batch of 480 German prisoners was removed from Templemore via Dublin to Leigh, in Lancashire.

The town clerk of Galway, Mr. J. N. Redington, J.P., has joined a cavalry regiment and expects to be at the front within a few weeks.

Recruiting continues to go steadily forward in Belfast, and no fewer than 319 men enlisted last week, the great majority being for the Ulster division.

Several students of University College, Cork, have received commissions in the Army, amongst whom is Mr. V. McNamara, the well-known rugby half-back.

The Dublin bakers have now increased the price of the 2-lb. loaf to 7 cents. The last change was on August 31st, when the price was raised to 6½ cents.

Celbridge has, since the opening of the war, sent 125 men to Kitchen's Army, and recently 42 more left there to join the Transport Corps, at present in Bristol.

Whitehead esplanade suffered serious damage during a recent furious gale that swept along the whole sea front.

Harry O'Shea has been re-elected Lord Mayor of Cork for the third time in succession and the fifth time altogether.

There are at present over 4,000 soldiers at Fermoy, and amongst them are English, Irish, Scotch and Welsh Presbyterians.

The War Office has granted permission for a distinguishing badge to be worn by the officers and men of the Ulster Division.

The death has occurred at Dublin of Alderman John Clancy, who was recently elected Lord Mayor. He stood 6 feet 3 inches in height.

Hugh M. Cleary, an oiler in the Maine Dyeing and Finishing Works, Cullybackey, met with a shocking death by being crushed in the machinery.

Deep regret was expressed in Belfast at the announcement of the death of 2nd Lieut. P. D. Kendall, a well-known international footballer, who has been killed in action.

At a recent meeting held in Navan Professor Kettle said Ireland

was heart and soul with the allies and he was proud to wear a uniform of a soldier of the Irish Brigade.

A sad occurrence took place at Ballina, near Killaloe, Dr. John Bourke, a well-known medical practitioner, lost his life by drinking a belladonna liniment in mistake for a glass of wine.

Prince Ranjitsinhji, now the Jam of Nawanagar and serving at the front, rules over 3,791 square miles of territory in India.

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SPRING IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD

A Tonic Medicine is a Necessity at This Season

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an all year round tonic, blood-builder and nerve-restorer. But they are especially valuable in the spring when the system is loaded with impurities as a result of the indoor life of the winter months. There is no other season when the blood is so much in need of purifying and enriching, and every dose of these Pills helps to make new, rich, red blood. In the spring one feels weak and tired—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills develop the appetite, tone the stomach and aid weak digestion. It is in the spring that poisons in the blood find an outlet in disfiguring pimples, eruptions and boils—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily clear the skin because they go to the root of the trouble in the blood. In the spring anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, neuralgia, erysipelas and many other troubles are most persistent because of poor, weak blood, and it is at this time when all nature takes on new life that the blood must seriously needs attention. Some people dose themselves with purgatives at this season, but these only further weaken themselves. A purgative merely gallops through the system, emptying the bowels, but it does not cure anything. On the other hand Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood, which reaches every nerve and organ in the body, bringing new strength, new health and vigor to weak, easily tired men, women and children. Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills this spring—they will not disappoint you.

You can get these health-renewing Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

KITCHENER'S WAY.

Secretary of War Will Not Stand for Unreasonable Acts.

A certain well-known English firm recently obtained a large contract from the War Office. To ensure it being carried out on time, it was necessary for the workpeople to work overtime. This they were perfectly willing to do, being paid at union rates.

After a few days the secretary of the trade union called upon the head of the firm concerned, and advised him that unless the overtime was stopped all the "hands" would be called out. As there seemed no way out of it the employer concerned went to the War Office and succeeded in seeing Lord Kitchener, and placed all the particulars before him.

Lord Kitchener asked for the name and address of the trade union man, and said: "Be here tomorrow at 11 o'clock." At that time the next day Mr. — was admitted into Lord Kitchener's presence, the trade union man being also there.

The following conversation then took place:

Lord Kitchener—"Now, Mr. —, kindly repeat what you told me yesterday as briefly as you can."

Mr. — did so.

Turning to the trade union man Lord K. said: "Mr. —, are these facts as stated?"

"Yes, my lord; but it is strictly against our rules to—"

Lord Kitchener: "Are the facts right?"

"Yes, my lord; but—"

Lord Kitchener: "If you call those people out on strike I will get you seven years under the Treason Act for preventing the supplying of His Majesty's forces. Good morning, gentlemen."

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine in the world for little ones. They are absolutely safe and never fail to regulate the stomach and bowels, break up colds and simple fevers, expel worms and make teething easy. Concerning them Mrs. D. S. Bernhardt, Port Dalhousie, Ont., writes: "I have been using Baby's Own Tablets for my baby and would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Startling Answers.

Mr. Brown has just had a telephone put in connecting his office and house, and was very much pleased with it.

"I tell you the telephone is a wonderful thing. I want you to dine with me this evening, and I will notify Mrs. Brown to expect you." Speaking through the telephone: "My friend, Smith, will dine with us this evening." Then listen and hear how plain her reply comes back with startling distinctness:

"Ask your friend, Smith, if he thinks we keep a hotel."

PARIS OF EASTERN EUROPE.

Warsaw Has Many Interesting and Some Beautiful Buildings.

Warsaw, the chief city of Russian Poland, which the Germans have made no less than three brave but unsuccessful attempts to capture, was originally not a Polish city at all. When we first hear of it in the ninth century, it was the residence of the Dukes of Mazovia, and Mazovia did not belong to Poland until 1526, although the inhabitants of both regions were probably of the same stock. Not long after 1526, however, Lithuania, which is the region that lies to the eastward of Prussia, was also united to Poland; and Warsaw, because it was more centrally situated than Cracow, the capital of old Poland, or Vilno, the chief city of Lithuania, became the capital of the enlarged kingdom. Such it remained through the century when Poland was at the height of its power, and through the years of slow humiliation that led to its downfall.

When Poland was divided among the nations, Russia got possession of Warsaw; but singularly enough, in 1795, the city was handed over to Prussia, which is now fighting so hard to get hold of it again. Napoleon delivered Warsaw from the hands of the Germans, and made it the capital city of an independent duchy. But the duchy did not last long. After the failure of Napoleon's Moscow campaign, Russia again overran the country, and reasserted a sovereignty that has never been successfully challenged—although the Poles have never acquiesced in it.

The riots and uprisings that have disturbed the city during the last century have been many. The most tragic was that of 1863, which not only failed to restore the independence of Poland, but which brought down on the unhappy Poles the most terrible punishment and the loss of whatever shreds of nationality had been left to them. Only ten years ago, too, there were fresh disorders and a good deal of bloodshed, the only result of which was the further repression of Polish spirit by Russian authority.

Warsaw, in spite of its vicissitudes and misfortunes, has always been prosperous. It is the natural centre of a large and productive region. It stands on a great navigable river—the Vistula—and business has inevitably flowed in upon it. It has increased in population during the last century from 125,000 to 900,000. One-third of that number are Jews. It is a great centre for manufactures in iron and steel, leather clothing, tobacco, sugar, and objects of art. As the chief city of a numerous, cultivated, and enterprising people, it is well built, with many handsome public squares and gardens; and the animation and charm of its social life have led its admirers to speak of it as "The Paris of Eastern Europe." No other Russian city has the attractiveness and "modishness" of Warsaw. Petersburg is gloomy; Moscow is odd and half Oriental; Warsaw is a busy yet beautiful modern city.

It has a university, but the natural growth of that institution has been much interfered with by the Russians. They suppressed it entirely from 1832 to 1863, and then refused to permit its professors to teach in Polish. By insisting on making it wholly a Russian university, they have alienated the support of the Poles without gaining for it the attendance of many desirable Russians. It is, however, much resorted to by the Jews.

Among the interesting and beautiful buildings are the old royal palace, begun several centuries ago by the Mazovian dukes; the Church of the Holy Ghost, in which lies buried the heart of Chopin, the musician; the Church of the Transfiguration, which John Sobieski built in commemoration of his victory over the Turks in 1683, and in which his heart lies buried; the ancient Cathedral of Saint John; the town hall, and the national Polish Theatre. In the old part of the town, the narrow, crooked streets and quaint old buildings, not unlike those in some of the more interesting German towns, are fascinating. The most interesting thing about the city, however, is the Lazienki Gardens, which were laid out by King Stanislas Poniatowski in an old river bed of the Vistula. The gardens stand at the end of a tree-lined avenue—the chief promenade and "show street" of the city. They contain numerous villas, an open-air theatre, and an elegant little palace, which is the summer residence of the governor-general of Poland.

His Occupation.

"My friend," said the solemn man, "have you ever done ought to make the community in which you live the better for your living in it?"

"I have done much, sir," replied the other humbly, "to purify the homes of my fellow-beings."

"Ah," continued the solemn man, with a pleased air, "you distribute tracts?"

"No; I clean carpets."

When a man comes to count his riches he usually discovers that most of those he prizes best are not convertible into cash.

They're Popular In Nova Scotia

WHY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS ARE A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY.

People Have Learned From Long Experience that by Curing the Kidney Ills They Benefit the Entire Body.

Spry Harbor, Halifax Co., N.S., March 22 (Special).—"I have taken a couple of boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and have received great benefit from them. They are certainly a fine pill for anyone suffering from Kidney trouble." So says Mrs. Alex. E. Nilchey, and she speaks the sentiments of a large number of the women of Nova Scotia.

Dodd's Kidney Pills have so long been in general use that they are recognized as the standard remedy for Kidney troubles. They have become a family medicine in thousands of homes. People have learned from long experience that if they cure their minor Kidney ill with Dodd's Kidney Pills they need not fear those more terrible developments such as Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy and Rheumatism. They have also learned that when the Kidneys are cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills the whole body benefits. For cured Kidneys mean pure blood, and pure blood is the foundation of all health. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills are universally popular.

THE HEALTHFUL ORANGE.

"An apple a day keeps the doctor away," is an old adage, and the same may be said of the orange, as it has an equally fine effect on the entire system.

If one is inclined to acidity of the stomach, the juice of an orange is a counter irritant. If the stomach is weak the juice of an orange before breakfast is an excellent tonic for the entire day. If one is dieting to reduce, one or two oranges eaten at noon will nourish, fill the aching void in the stomach, and reduce rather than add to the weight.

An orange always quenches the thirst, and in travelling it is much safer to eat an orange than to drink stale water. A hot orange-ade before going to bed on a cold night warms the entire body and soothes the nervous system. The peel of an orange thrown into a hot tub softens the water to the extent that the whole body benefits by it. For cleansing the face soak a bit of orange peel in a basin of warm water, then go carefully over the face with the peel; afterwards rinse in the water in which the peel was soaked. It is far more cleansing than cold cream, and never promotes the growth of hair.

Orange peel if soaked over night tinges the water with yellow, making it excellent for washing chambrays or doekins gloves, as in uncolored water they soon become too white. By the way, doekins gloves are a great economy, as they wear wonderfully well and wash better than they clean. When washing them use a great deal of soap on the soiled parts, rubbing until the dirt disappears, but do not rinse in fresh water, as the soap keeps doekins soft.

FOOD QUESTION

Settled with Perfect Satisfaction.

It's not an easy matter to satisfy all the members of the family at meal time, as every housewife knows.

And when the husband can't eat ordinary food without causing trouble, the food question becomes doubly annoying.

A lady writes: "My husband's health was poor, he had no appetite for anything I could get for him, it seemed."

"He suffered severely with stomach trouble, was hardly able to work, was taking medicine continually, and as soon as he would feel better would go to work again, only to give up in a few weeks."

"One day, seeing an advertisement about Grape-Nuts, I got some and he tried it for breakfast the next morning."

"We all thought it was pretty good although we had no idea of using it regularly. But when my husband came home at night he asked for Grape-Nuts."

"It was the same next day and I had to get it right along, because when we would get to the table the question, 'Have you any Grape-nuts' was a regular thing. So I began to buy it by the dozen pkgs."

"My husband's health began to improve right along. I sometimes felt offended when I'd make something I thought he would like for a change, and still hear the same old question, 'Have you any Grape-Nuts'."

"He got so well that for the last two years he has hardly lost a day from his work, and we are still using Grape-Nuts."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Every Stiff Joint Limbered, Rheumatism Cured!

That Old Family Remedy "Nerviline" is guaranteed for the Worst Cases.

CURES NEURALGIA, BACKACHE, LUMBAGO.

Rheumatism to-day is unnecessary. It is so well understood and so readily curable that every day we have reports of old chronics being freed of their tormenter.

"I can speak confidently of the Nerviline treatment, for the simple reason that it cured me," writes Albert B. Cornwell, from Kingston. "You can't imagine how stiff and lame and sore I was. Nights at a time I couldn't sleep well. I followed the Nerviline directions carefully—had it rubbed into the sore regions four or five times every day. Every rubbing helped to reduce the pain. The swelling went down. I got a fair measure of relief in a week. I also took two Ferracene Tablets with my meals. They increased my appetite and spirits, purified my blood and toned up my system generally."

"I am as well to-day as a man could be—in perfect good health. I give Nerviline all the credit."

A large family size bottle of Nerviline costs only 50c, or the trial size 25c, and is useful in a hundred ills in the family. Whether it's toothache, earache, headache, neuralgia, lame back or a cold, Nerviline will cure just as readily as it will cure rheumatism. For family use nothing equals Nerviline.

Choosing Her Husband.

A well-known London magistrate, who has just retired from the bench, has a great repertoire of good stories. His favorite one relates to a case in which he appears as counsel. In the course of this case he had to cross-examine the wife of a notorious burglar. "You are the wife of this man?" he asked. "I am," she replied. "You knew he was a burglar when you married him?" he proceeded. "I did," she admitted. "How could you possibly marry such a man?" the magistrate demanded. "Well, it was like this," the witness explained confidentially. "I was getting old, and two chaps wanted to marry me. It wasn't easy to choose between 'em, but in the end I married that man there. The other chap was a lawyer, same as you, sir!"

Clever.

"Darling," whispered the ardent suitor, "I lay my fortune at your feet."

"Your fortune?" she replied in surprise; "I didn't know you had one."

"Well, it isn't much of a fortune, but it will look large beside those tiny feet."

Corns Drop Out

Instant Relief
Paint on Putnam's
Corn Extractor to
night, and corns feel
better in the morning.
Magical! The
way "Putnam's"
eases the pain, destroys the roots,
kills a corn for all time. No pain.
Cure guaranteed. Get a 25c. bottle of
"Putnam's" Extractor to-day.

British Needs.

Great Britain in 1913 imported 2,393,363 bushels of wheat and flour from Germany, Austria and Turkey; 6,663,300 bushels of barley from the same countries, and 11,273,459 bushels of oats from Germany alone. Great Britain's total import of wheat on the average each year during the past decade has been 216,843,300 bushels, of which Canada supplied less than a fourth. Of barley in 1913 Canada supplied about one-ninth of 52,385,245 bushels, and of oats an eighth of 59,829,950 bushels. Will she do better this year?

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Very Lasting.

"Is our wife an economical cook?"
"I should say so. She makes the most durable cake you ever saw."

Marion Bridge, C. B., May 30, '02.
I have handled MINARD'S LINIMENT during the past year. It is always the first liniment asked for here, and unquestionably the best seller of all the different kinds of Liniment I handle.
NEIL FERGUSON.

Hard on Them.

Austrians are being urged to send newspapers to the front to serve as chest protectors for the troops. If possible the papers should be German, as these lie best.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

A Bit Mixed.

Bobby—My uncle Sam keeps squabs. Do you know what squabs are?
Tommy—Yes, I do. It's what the Indians call their wives.

ED. 7. ISSUE 13-15.

WATCH BRITISH SUBMARINES

Give Them a Chance and They'll Show What They Can Do.

The British submarines, if they get the chance, will give as good an account of themselves as have the Germans, says a writer in *Everybody's Magazine*. They are in the hands of the "young ones," who are full of gimp and enthusiasm, a brotherhood of daredevils, cousins of those in the destroyers.

The British submarine B-11, passed under five rows of mines in the Dardanelles and sinking the old bucket Messoudiyeh, did only a part of a day's work.

Looking for game, the British "subs" have pushed their snouts way up in the Baltic, even to the Russian coast. And one from the Harwich flotilla came plum up to the chain-slung gates of the Kiel Canal.

The naval game of secrecy is played to its limit regarding the action of submarines. At the beginning of the war, when the first British submarine came into its base at Harwich flying the skull and crossbones flag, indicating that an enemy's ship had been sunk, the crew and some of the officers described in detail how their torpedoes had gone home. The admiralty discouraged that kind of conversation by threatening no shore liberty if any member of the crew dared to open his face. Now officers don't even declare that a ship is hollow.

Death Nearly Claimed New Brunswick Lady

Was Restored to Her Anxious Family When Hope Had Gone.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 15th.—At one time it was feared that Mrs. J. Grant, of 3 White St. would succumb to the deadly ravages of advanced kidney trouble. "My first attacks of backache and kidney trouble began years ago. For six years that dull gnawing pain has been present. When I exerted myself it was terribly intensified. If I caught cold the pain was unendurable. I used most everything, but nothing gave that certain grateful relief that came from Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. Instead of being bowed down with pain, to-day I am strong, enjoy splendid appetite, sleep soundly. Lost properties have been instilled into my blood—cheeks are rosy with color, and I thank that day that I heard of so grand a medicine as Dr. Hamilton's Pills." Every woman should use these pills regularly because good health pays, and it's good, vigorous health that comes to all who use Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake and Butternut Pills.

Would Not Be So Cruel.

Now that you've broken your engagement with Jack, you will of course return the diamond ring he gave you?

Betty—Certainly not; it would be a constant reminder of the happiness he had missed.

LOW FARES TO THE CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS.

Via Chicago & North Western Ry.
Four splendid daily trains from the New Passenger Terminal, Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Wide choice of scenic and direct routes. Double track. Automatic electric safety signals all the way.
Let us plan your trip and furnish fold-out and full particulars.
B. H. Bennett, Gen. Agt., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

A well-known Bishop who has a wife of pronounced temperament one day caught a small boy stealing grapes from his vine. He reproved the offender sternly, and concluded: "Do you know, my boy, why I tell you this? There is One before Whom even I am a crawling worm. Do you know Who it is?" "Sure," said the boy unhesitatingly, "the missus."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.



"Overstern" V Bottom Motor Boat \$55.00

Freight Prepaid to any Railway Station in Ontario. Length 15 Ft., Beam 3 Ft. 6 In., Depth 1 Ft. 6 In. ANY MOTOR FITS.

Specification No. 2B giving engine prices on request. Get our quotations on—"The Penetang Line" Commercial and Pleasure Launches, Row boats and Canoes.

THE GIDLEY BOAT CO., LIMITED, PENETANG, CAN.

The illustration shows our 18 ft. and 30 ft. power launches. We build both sizes of this line. Powered from 1 h.p. up. Staunch, smooth running and dependable craft. Carrying capacity up to ten persons. Fitted for immediate use. The finest launch for the money offered, and with the guarantee of the builders behind it.

Details of construction, fitting, power, etc., promptly supplied. Write for booklets of Launches and Canoes.

THE PETERBOROUGH CANOE CO., LTD., Peterborough, Ontario.

Clark's Pork & Beans

Highest grade beans kept whole and mealy by perfect baking, retaining their full strength. Flavored with delicious sauces. They have no equal.

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL A Fruit Stock, Grain or Dairy Farm, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, or 90 Colborne St., Toronto.

H. W. DAWSON, Colborne St., Toronto.

NURSERY STOCK.

STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, POTATOES. Catalogue free. McConnell & Son, Port Burwell, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

KEELEY CURE FOR ALCOHOLIC & DRUG ADDICTIONS

HAWK BICYCLES
An up-to-date High Grade Bicycle with Roller Chain, New Departure Coaster Brake and Hubs, Detachable Tire, high grade equipment, including Mudguards, Pump, and Tools. Send FREE 1915 Catalogue, 70 pages of Bicycles, Sundries, and Repair Material. You can buy your supplies from us at Wholesale Prices.
T. W. BOYD & SON, 27 Notre Dame St., West, Montreal.

FACTORY CLEARANCE SALE

ROOFING

FOR REPAIRS OR NEW ROOFS

85¢ Per Roll
108 Sq. Feet
Complete with
nails and cement
Freight paid.

Asphalt Felt Roofing
100 per cent. Saturation
Contains no tar or paper
Lowest price for Pure Asphalt
Roofing ever offered in Canada.
Send for Free Sample.

The Halliday Company, Limited
Factory Distributors.
HAMILTON, CANADA.

From Frying Pan Into Fire.
She—I bought a cookbook for our new cook.
He—Goodness, doesn't she cook badly enough as it is!

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU
Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids; No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Something Easier.
"And will your husband go back and fight for his country?"
"No, ma'am. He'll stay here and let me support him."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.
Bronze is an alloy of copper and tin.

THE EQUITY.

SHAWVILLE, APRIL 1, 1915.

The boot inquiry which has been undertaken by a committee of the House of Commons has brought out a great volume of evidence, about the half of which supports the charge that the foot wear supplied the Canadian troops in the First Contingent were defective. When the very exceptionally unfavorable conditions that prevailed at Salisbury Plain are considered it is doubtful if any military boot made would have stood the test.

Another defect has been discovered in connection with the construction of that costly undertaking—the National Transcontinental Railway. It seems there is no provision in the agreement made by the late Laurier Government with the G. T. R. Co. for the renting of the N. T. R., to determine when the latter is to be considered completed. This creates a situation which may take some time to straighten out, so in the meantime the Government have decided that it will be in the public interest to put the T. N. R. in operation. This will likely be done in connection with the Intercolonial system.

An amendment to the Bank Act, accepted by the House of Commons, in operation will permit the banks to lend money to farmers for the purchase of seed grain and to hold as security the crop grown from the seed. Fairly strong provision is made to secure the banks and it may be necessary. The farmer who has a good reputation as a straight dealer and who is known to the local banker may not find it necessary to give such security, however. The discussion on the matter has shown that the good farmer's note will be accepted at the bank the same as that of any other good man in business.

The participation of Turkey in the war means a condition of terror for those unfortunate communities in the near East where the Christian faith has established a foothold. Alarming reports have recently reached Washington of attacks by the Kurds upon the French and American missions at Gulistan in Persia, and the murdering of scores of native Christians, and it is feared a general massacre will take place unless a protective force is at once despatched to the scene of the atrocities. The Turkish Government have given assurances that this will be done. But as Turkish troops led by the Turkish consul are reported to have broken into the mission compound at Urumiah and removed some Assyrian Christian refugees whom they massacred, it looks as if the surviving Christians' hopes of safety were poor indeed. The history of the Ottoman empire is marked by a trail of crime and wanton butchery whose obliteration can only be accomplished through the wiping out of that unsavory power itself. The time is at hand, let us hope.

Liberal Leaders and the Tariff.

Let us get down to the facts. For years Sir Wilfrid Laurier and other Liberal leaders talked low tariff and free trade. In 1896 they got into office by giving hostages to the manufacturers. In 1897 they introduced the British preference as a sop to the free trade element in their party. By 1900 the preference on British goods amounted to one-third. In 1907 the one-third preference was abandoned and under cover of a new triple schedule tariff, the customs charges on long lists of imports from Great Britain were heavily advanced—in some cases doubled.

That was in the piping times of peace. To-day, under the pressure of war, a much lighter increase in the levies on British goods is hailed by the same Liberal leaders with shouts of "hands off the British preference"—this despite the fact that because of an advance in the general tariff the preference is in reality augmented to the extent of 2½ per cent. The Opposition is using the preference cry for purely partisan purposes.—News.

British Victory in German West Africa

Capetown, March 25.—The biggest battle yet fought between British and German forces in German Southwest Africa took place on Saturday in East Swakopmund, according to information received here today.

A British force, under Col. Albert, attacked the Germans, killing twenty, including three officers, and wounding twenty-one others. The body of the German commander of artillery was found with half of his head blown away.

Two 15-pounders, two Maxim guns, two ammunition wagons, other transport wagons, 170 rounds of artillery ammunition, 12000 rounds of machine gun ammunition and 210 prisoners were captured by the British.

The Secretary-Treasurer in Account with the Municipality of Clarendon.

1914.	—DR.—	
Arrears of Tax December 31st, 1913	\$ 4336 71	
Amount as per Collection Roll, 1914	7220 05	
Interest added on Tax	71 40	
Amount added in Bank	9 05	
Amount from H. T. Hurdman (not tax)	19 42	
Clarendon School Bd., per Mrs. McKinley, (wreath)	3 25	
Tile sold, \$27.50; wire stretcher sold, \$3.00	30 50	
Cash on hand December 31st, 1913	627 42	
	\$12328 00	

—CR.—	
Total expenses brought forward	\$ 6560 82
Tax arrears 1914	5494 77
Cash on hand December 31st, 1914	272 41
	\$12328 41

FINANCIAL STANDING TOWNSHIP OF CLARENDON DEC. 31, 1914.

Cash on hand	\$ 272 41
Arrears of taxes December 31, 1914	5494 77
	\$5767 18

February 27, 1915.

S. E. HODGINS, } Auditors.
H. S. BARNETT, }

BOARD ACCOUNT.

Mrs. Robert Burrows, board of J. Craig at \$100.00 a year, 8 payments totalling	\$100 00
Joseph Sly, 3 months' board of Mrs. Luker	50 00
Mrs. M. Brooks, 3 mos' board of Mrs. Luker at \$120 yr.	30 00
Jas. T. Brown, 3 mos' "	35 00
Wm. Rennie, 3 mos' keep of H. Douglas at \$15 a mo.	75 00
Mrs. Jas. Ralph, 9 months board at \$5 per mo.	45 00
William Rennie, bringing H. Douglas from P. L. Thompson's	2 00
Total board account	\$337 00

STATEMENT OF ITEMS IN MATERIAL ACCOUNT.

Jan. 10 Paid J. M. Hodgins, lumber	5 26
David T. Hodgins, tile	5 25
Feb. 6 John Stevenson, Sec. Treas. Litchfield, title	4 50
H. T. McDowell, error in payment tile	10
J. H. Brown, trips after cedars	1 50
Apr. 21 Albert Elliott, part account	50 00
" " bal.	15 10
May 7 " " on cedars	9 00
June 16 H. T. Argue, lumber	3 50
W. H. Barr, on cedars squared	200 00
July 7 Manson McDowell, on tile account	100 00
Jas M. Hodgins, plank for mill bridge	12 03
W. A. Hodgins, tile, 1913	2 50
25 Manson McDowell, tile	50 00
Aug. 4 Henderson Harris on cedars	10 00
18 J. A. Wall, cedars	6 75
22 Manson McDowell, bal. tile account	27 75
Oct. 31 John S. Strutt, cedars	5 00
Nov. 11 Manson McDowell, tile	31 12
16 W. H. Barr, on cedars	42 50
Dec. 17 Wm. Beck, drawing cedars	3 00
19 Richard Richardson, cedars	2 00
28 Sam Towell, inspecting cedars	1 00
Nov. 25 J. J. Foss, Sec. Treas. Thorne, repairs on town line bridge	6 55
Dec. 16 John Laughren, bridge bill	45 00
Total material account	\$641 21

CURRENT EXPENSES.

Feb. 6 Paid W. Howes, board of Councillors	\$50 00
Stephen Smith, jury fund	12 00
19 Thos. A. Elliott, 2 trips to Adam Elliott's re. fence	2 00
T. P. Foran, advice	6 10
E. T. Hodgins, index book	15
R. W. Hodgins, part expenses trip to Ottawa	2 00
March 3 R. W. Hodgins, telegram & telephone	1 10
W. Howes, board of Councillors	46 96
7 T. P. Foran, advice	5 35
13 R. Hobbs, postage	2 05
14 H. Matheson, School tax of J. Cunningham (sale of lands)	13 50
April 9 T. P. Foran, advice	17 10
J. H. Shaw, account	12 34
W. A. Hodgins, account	2 00
16 W. Chisnell, c. s. re. sale of land	5 00
18 County Rate, deposited in bank	546 41
21 Armen Hodgins, carting gates	50
23 Alf Draper, livery hire	2 00
20 Legal Blank Printing Co.	6 10
May 14 Robert Hobbs, postage	1 00
June 17 Robert Hobbs, postage	1 00
20 Cyrus Hodgins, auto rent, driving road men	6 50
23 Bank of Ottawa, Bonus and Sink. F'd	1213 04
20 W. Hodgins, delegate re. G. B. Canal	5 00
W. T. Barber	5 00
July 14 W. T. McDowell, paid for rep. scraper	1 25
23 James Smith, part Valuation account	35 00
Truman Draper "	40 00
Joseph Sly "	35 00
Aug. 1 R. Millar, advice re. A. Elliott	17 85
14 J. A. Beckett, account	20 35
22 R. H. Wright, memorial wreath, (H. Matheson)	6 10
Sept. 17 Joseph Sly on Valuation Roll	15 00
Oct. 15 J. A. Cowan, printing	20 82
17 Jas Smith, bal. Valuating account	28 00
Nov. 9 Joseph Sly, bal. on Valuating account	13 00
25 G. F. Hodgins Co., account	10 75
26 Mrs. M. A. McKinley, copy work	10 00
Dec. 3 Truman Draper, balance Valuating	38 00
8 H. S. Barnett, auditor	6 00
40 Robert Hobbs, postage	3 00
14 J. H. Shaw, account	43 85
31 S. E. Hodgins, auditor	6 00
E. T. Hodgins, postage, (balance)	3 00
notices	20 00
R. W. Hodgins, 4 mos. salary as Sec. Treas. @ \$365 per annum in 8 paym'ts	121 67
E. T. Hodgins, 8 mos. salary as Sec. Treas. @ \$350 per annum, in 10 payments	233 33
Clarendon Council, to pay off arrears of taxes re. Bailey error in 1911 valuation	23 59
W. E. Hodgins, per E. T. H., to remove tax on mill	4 17
Bank of Ottawa, Bonus and Sink. F'd	1213 03
Total Current Account	\$3033 56

ROAD LABOR ACCOUNT.

Parties to whom payments were made			6	Charles Workman...	3 00		
for Road Labor, and amounts :			8	John Walsh	2 00		
Jan.	5	Thos A. Eades.....	6 25	10	William Orr.....	10 00	
		Samuel Towell.....	6 75		Lorne Armstrong...	3 75	
7		W. J. Horner.....	7 50	19	L. A. Smart.....	1 00	
		David Clarke.....	2 62	20	H. A. Brownlee....	5 50	
10		Robert Stanley.....	2 50	23	Wm John Horner..	12 50	
16		Alf Hodgins.....	2 50	29	George Prendergast	3 50	
		Hilly Palmer.....	3 75	Feb.	6	Wm H. Barr.....	85 00
		J. V. Findlay.....	8 75			Verney Eades.....	11 25
		T. H. Stanley.....	6 25	7	W. C. Harris.....	3 00	
		John Stewart.....	7 50	19	William Findlay...	1 00	
		A. Elliott.....	11 75	Mar.	3	Walter S. Elliott...	3 00
		Wm Wallace.....	7 50		6	George Horner.....	4 00
		Edward Eades.....	6 25	17	Alf Elliott.....	2 00	
Jan.	2	George Helmer	4 00			Roy Macfarlane....	1 25
5		Lewis Hodgins.....	6 00	24	John Robitaille...	10 00	
		Alex Elliott.....	5 50			Fred Smart.....	1 50
				31	R. J. Wilson.....	4 97	

Road Labor Account continued.

April 9 John Stewart	35 50
John Stewart	20 00
Sam Sinclair	3 00
John Stewart	2 50
22 Arthur Caldwell	5 00
27 M. Sinclair	10 75
May 9 Lorne Armstrong	1 50
20 Ed. McLarnon	5 00
June 16 Thomas Thompson	2 00
R. A. Hodgins	3 00
July 7 Selesley Howard	4 50
25 Harry Hobbs	3 00
Aug. 3 Adam Hodgins	7 50
4 James H. Caldwell	13 50
5 W. Bert Hodgins	1 50
15 John Lucas	4 00
James Newton	1 50
17 M. Sinclair	35 00
Jno Cunningham	10 00
18 R. J. Wilson	30 00
25 James Belsher	25 00
31 Stephen Johnston	2 25
Sept. 1 George Connelly	25 00
4 Gordon Richardson	6 00
5 R. J. Burgess	20 00
15 John Havelin	4 50
H. A. Harris	26 60
19 R. J. Burgess	25 00
Oct. 9 Robt W. Hodgins	11 25
10 W. G. Y. Corrigan	12 50
19 W. H. Laughren	42 00
20 Herb Hodgins	3 75
21 Ed. Tubman	14 12
Roy Macfarlane	57 25
22 Geo Connelly	50 50
26 Henry Thompson	6 00
Harold Hodgins	6 50
29 Richard Wilson	7 75
30 F. F. Corrigan	7 50
J. B. Corrigan	13 75
31 R. J. Wilson	55 75
J. S. Strutt	9 50
Nov. 3 Matt Sinclair	30 00
5 Stillman Smith	3 00
D. Wilson	75
6 Alf Brownlee	3 25
7 Wm Kelley	2 25
Chas Workman	2 25
Truman Hodgins	2 50
9 J. A. Wall	23 00
10 John Lang	2 50
Hilliard Palmer	11 90
11 John Havelin	3 00
Matt Sinclair	23 00
Matt Sinclair	10 00
12 Samuel Liddle	3 00
R. A. Hodgins	5 50
14 James T. Brown	5 00
W. J. Dagg	4 00
Leonard Belsher	6 75
Robert Burgess	28 75
Robert Strutt	6 80
John Emerson	6 25
16 George C. Hodgins	4 00
Richard McCord	4 00
Alf Murphy	5 75
R. T. Hodgins	4 45
19 Thomas Dale	6 25
John Young	8 25
20 Alf Elliott	2 00
W. W. McCleary	4 50
21 M. Sinclair	30 00
Robert Tracy	12 50
John Sturgeon	5 00
John Wickens	10 00
George T. Dagg	5 25
23 Harold Cuthbertson	7 00
24 P. J. Cunningham	2 25
Rugg Kelley	3 75
25 James Hanna	6 00
W. J. Dagg	2 00
Hugh Horner	2 50
26 Truman Draper	3 75
Thos Murray	6 75
28 James Judd	11 50
Henderson W. Harris	7 75
John Connelly	4 00
Dec. 2 Geo Sparling	8 75
4 Ed. Hodgins, 9th line	6 25
Robt. McDowell	4 25
Samuel Young	5 75
5 W. T. McDowell	42 00
7 W. A. Armstrong	3 25
9 Rexford Wilson	12 55
10 Wm Orr	2 50
11 Alex. Workman	8 75
12 Thos Morrison	2 25
F. Wilson	2 75
13 James Hanna	9 50
Joseph Brown	8 75
A. D. Greer	4 00
Edward Smiley	1 50
Edward Mee	7 50
H. B. Armstrong	6 00
15 Silas Armstrong	7 00
John Sinclair	2 25
16 John Laughren	2 50
Robert Cuthbertson	4 12
Almond Hodgins	5 00
17 Wm Thompson	4 00
Alex. Bean	5 00
Henry Olmstead	8 50
John Little	5 50
Thomas Kelley	3 50
Charles Palmer	5 00
Henry Maitland	23 25
18 Wilfrid Laughren	1 50
George Smith	3 00
Stewart Hodgins	4 00
19 David Thompson	10 00
Wm Sturgeon	3 75
21 Elliott Hodgins	9 50
W. J. Harris	4 00
W. J. Harris	9 00
Joseph Stanley	4 10
22 Wm Marks	5 75
David Clarke	2 50
Norval Kilgour	7 00
John Armstrong, jr.	4 00
23 John Sparling	5 75
24 J. D. Hodgins	7 25
Austin McDowell	3 75
26 James F. Wilson	6 75
Hugh Horner	1 50
Thos E. Murphy	4 50
Pat McCullough	2 25
28 Bert Hodgins	5 50
29 Thos McDowell	8 00
Harry McDowell	6 80
30 James Hamilton	1 50
Ham. Eades	2 50
28 Sam. Towell	5 00
31 Wm Wallace	5 50
George Warren	5 25
James H. Lang	4 50
Jas T. Brown	53 77
Stephen Johncox	2 25
John Fraser	6 25

SHAWVILLE SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

DO YOU contemplate building, or making any alterations in that line? If so, call in and see me; place your orders early, and have your material ready when required. Ask for a sample of BEAVER BOARD, the coming Interior Finish for Dwellings and Public Buildings.

3 of the 41 advantages of BEAVER BOARD:

Can be applied in any season. Anyone handy with tools by following instructions can apply it. Is pure Wood Fibre throughout.

R. G. HODGINS.



BEAVER BOARD
PURE WOOD FIBRE
TRADE MARK

NO CRACKS
Are ever seen in walls and ceilings made of Beaver Board. Durable, beautiful, sanitary. Forty-one advantages. Call and see how it looks.
For sale by
R. G. HODGINS.

MONUMENTS!

Before purchasing your Monument consult the **SHAWVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS**. Nothing too small. Nothing too large. **PRICES REASONABLE.** Fencing and Cemetery Work a Specialty.

T. SHORE - Proprietor.

All Work Guaranteed Satisfactory.

Bargain Sale

- 1 Mare Colt 1 year old
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- 2 Mare Colts 4 years old
- 1 Frost & Wood Drill, second hand
- 10 Green Feed Silos, and a number of other articles.

Call and get a Bargain

As all the above must go to make room for **SPRING GOODS.**

J. L. HODGINS

Up-to-Date Tailoring

New Spring Goods Just Arrived

... Fancy Imported English Tweeds ...

Also a choice lot of Serges and Suitings made to satisfy you. Call and see our stock of

Ready-Made Suits

MURRAY BROS., SHAWVILLE.

Engagement Rings Wedding Rings FOR EASTER

To wear with your New Gown.

Bracelets, Neck Chains, Fobs, Watch Guards, Brooches, Stick Pins, Locketts, Cuff Links; also Chain and Vanity Purses, Silver Mesh Bags. They are very fashionable; also a number of articles suitable for Wedding Presents.

There is nothing in Jewelry that you may want which we have not in stock, and considering the workmanship and quality, the prices are remarkably low.

We are always pleased to quote prices or give you any information possible.

Fine Watch Repairing our specialty. All Work Guaranteed for One Year.

HANS SHADEL

Watchmaker and Jeweler.

THE EQUITY,

A Weekly Journal devoted to Local Interests.
Published every Thursday
At Shawville, County Pontiac, Que.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.
All arrears must be paid up before any paper is discontinued.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Legal advertising, 10 cents per line for 1st insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Business cards not exceeding one inch inserted at \$5.00 per year.

Local announcements inserted at the rate of 8 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents for subsequent insertions.

Commercial advertising by the month or for longer periods inserted at low rates which will be given on application.

Advertisements received without instructions accompanying them will be inserted until forbidden and charged for accordingly.

Birth, marriage and death notices published free of charge. Obituary poetry declined.

JOB PRINTING.

All kinds of Job Printing neatly and cheaply executed. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

JOHN A. COWAN,
Publisher.

Professional Cards.

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SURGEON DENTIST
CAMPBELLS BAY - - - QUE.
Doctor of Medicine and Master of Surgery
McGill University.
Doctor of Dental Surgery, University of Pennsylvania.
Licentiate of Dental Surgery, Quebec.

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Ville Marie - - - Que.

S. A. MACKAY

NOTARY PUBLIC
Shawville, - - - Que.

R. MILLAR, L. L. L.

ADVOCATE,
Bryson - - - Que.
Will visit Shawville every Saturday.

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BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, & C.
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Campbells Bay, Que.
Visits Shawville every Saturday.

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ADVOCATE, BARRISTER, & C.
196 Main St. - Hull.

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ADVOCATE
BARRISTER & SOLICITOR
CAMPBELLS BAY, QUE.

Will be in Fort Coulonge every Wednesday and Shawville every Saturday.

GEORGE HYNES

UNDERTAKER
Embalmer and Funeral Director
Main Street, Shawville.

Personal attention. Open all hours.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.
MARION & MARION,
364 University St., Montreal.

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TO PROTECT YOUR BOOKS,
PAPERS AND RECORDS
FROM DESTRUCTION

In Case Of Fire

I have received the agency for this District for the far-famed "Reliable" Fire Proof Safe and Lock Co., whose goods are guaranteed to stand the severest test, and will be pleased to quote prices on the several styles manufactured.

The Combined Office Desk and Safe should be part of every business, professional man's or farmer's equipment. It is the most convenient outfit ever invented.

Prices away below those of the city dealers.

M. R. MCGUIRE,
Shawville.

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LINOLEUMS

Linoleum Combines Service and Beauty.

The new Linoleums are here, and we advise an early selection. Linoleum is a clean floor covering and gives long service with beauty of design. We show many patterns suitable for any room in the house.

We stock the following in this :-

1 yd. 2 yd. 2½ yd. 3 and 4 yds.

STAIR OILCLOTHS

In Canvas Back or Painted Backs

½ yd. and ¾ yd. wide.

CARPET SQUARES

Our spring shipment of Squares has arrived, and certainly open up beautifully. The very latest in both patterns and colorings. Suitable for either parlor, dining room or bedroom.

Note the sizes :

2½ x 3 3 x 3 3 x 4

2½ x 3 3 x 3½ 4 x 4

“ 3½

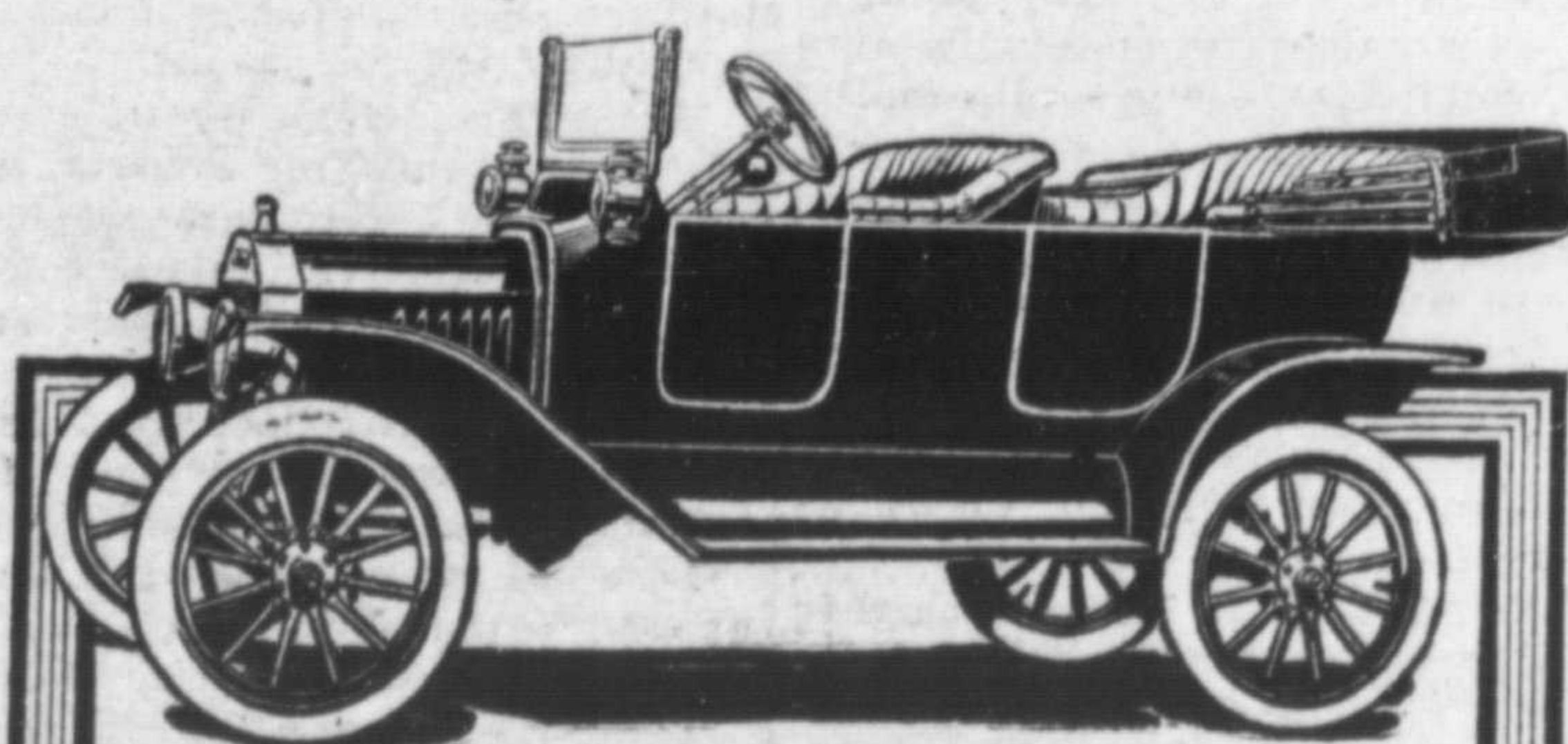
Mats to Match in all sizes.

G. F. HODGINS CO.

Syrup Making Time : :

We have in Stock a complete line of
Sap Cans, Syrup Cans, Boilers
and other articles of necessity in this line of work
Call and see what we have to offer at moderate prices.

G. W. DALE, PRACTICAL TINSMITH
Shawville, Que.



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car
Price \$590

Prices of other Ford Cars are : Two-passenger Runabout \$540, two-passenger Complete \$850; Five-passenger Sedan \$1,150. All cars fully equipped, including electric headlights. Prices F. O. B. Ford, Ont. All Ford cars are on exhibition at

G. A. HOWARD'S
WAREROOMS
Centre St. - Shawville.



CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

Round Trip Exc. Fares EASTER 1915

Lowest one-way first-class fare for round trip, good going and returning Friday, April 2nd only.
Lowest one-way first-class fare and one-third Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, April 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th. Return limit, Tuesday, April 6th.

For further particulars apply to any Can. Pac. Ry. Agent.

E. J. HEBERT,
1st Asst. Genl. Psgr. Agent,
Montreal, Que.

THE MARKETS.

SHAWVILLE

Flour per barrel \$7.50
Wheat, per bushel, standard \$1.25.
Oats, per bushel, 33c.
Butter, tubs, prints and rolls 28c.
Potatoes per bag, 60c.
Eggs per dozen 17c.
Pork per 100 lbs. 7.50 to 8.00.
Hides per 100 lbs 10.00
Pelts 75 to \$1.00 each
Horse Hides each 2.50
Calfskins each 75 to 99
Wool per lb. 30c to 32c
Hay per ton \$16.50

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not sub-agency) on certain conditions.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except when residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Six months' residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C. M. G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior,
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Fashion Note.

"Swell gown your wife has, Mac; cut into a V," said a friend.
"Cut into a V?" growled Mac. "It cut into four Xs!"—Truth.

CURIOUS WAYS IN JAPAN.

One Thing in Particular That Pained a Visitor From Missouri.

I knew before I got here that Japan was queer, but I had no idea that everything was backward. I can't get used to sitting on the floor and sleeping with a tomato can with a napkin around it for a pillow. The easiest way to figure out how the Japanese would do a thing is to think what would be exactly backward in Missouri. When two Japanese meet they bow and bow, giving their heads short jerks as if trying to get salt water out of their eyes. When they separate they tip their hats. When they come into a store they tip their hats. When they buy a ticket they tip their hats. Their elbows are always bent toward their hats.

Japanese never kiss. This pleasant pastime has not yet been imported into cherry blossom land. It is only recently that a few of the Japanese have learned to shake hands. We travelers are hoping that they will take up other great American institutions. Japanese look upon kissing as being low and vulgar, believing that a few moments spent in bowing is much better. The girls feel that way about it, too—they say.

When an ardent young Japanese suitor slips his arm around the girl's waist and whispers into her shell-like ear that she is the only woman who has ever understood him and when she looks up confidently into his eyes and breathes "You are so strong!" he does not clasp her to his bosom in an ecstasy of joy and plant a delicious kiss on her trembling lips—no, instead of that he gets up and bows politely and thanks her in a few courteous phrases.

One cannot help feeling sorry for them when thinking how many pleasant evenings they miss. From my limited experience I wouldn't give a good old fashioned Missouri kiss for ten minutes of bows.—Homer Croy in Leslie's.

The Fall of Przemyśl

Petrograd, March 25.—Twenty-four thousand soldiers of the Przemyśl garrison were killed during the long siege there, according to despatches received at the war office today. Twenty thousand more were wounded, making the total losses of the Austrian defenders forty-four thousand men.

When the fortress capitulated three hundred officers and one hundred and seventeen thousand men became prisoners of war and about twelve hundred Russian prisoners were liberated.

A division of Russian troops entered Przemyśl when the fortress surrendered, but the main forces that besieged the stronghold will not march in until necessary sanitary precautions have been taken. The single division will police the city.

Princess Pats have Sustained Serious Losses

Just who will succeed Col. Farquhar, D. S. O., the gallant commander of the Princess Patricia Regiment, who was killed in action leading his corps in a charge on the German trenches, is yet undetermined, so far as was known in Ottawa on Friday.

All the majors of this crack regiment have been wounded so far as is known. Every captain and most of the lieutenants of the Patricia's who marched gallantly off from Ottawa last fall to war have fallen in the struggle against the Huns.

It is said that of the original regiment not more than a third are still in firing line.

The growing toll of death among the Canadian troops shows that they are now in the heart of the terrific conflict in Flanders. Every battalion which is in France has figured in the casualty list, while the wounding of Lieut. Thacker of the First Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, shows that the artillery has been in action. There is even reported wounded a member of the Field Ambulance Corps.

CANADIANS KILLED.

Official lists show that 194 Canadians have lost their lives in action. Losses from sickness are nearly as many more.

Sir Robert Borden sent a message of condolence to Lady Farquhar on behalf of the Canadian Government.

The war has indeed come close home to Government House. When hostilities were declared the whole of the Duke of Connaught's staff went to the front. Three are dead—Col. Farquhar, Major Rivers Bulkeley, and Capt. Newton.

CAMPBELLS BAY

March 26.—Miss Nellie G. Way, who has been suffering from an affection of the ear, has gone to the hospital. We all hope for a speedy recovery.

Mr. A. Stevenson spent the week end in Ottawa.

Miss Mabel Hayes has been on the sick list.

Miss M. Metcalfe was the guest of the Misses Stevenson on Wednesday last.

We expect to see a new bridge across the Ottawa river at Campbells Bay in the near future. There are engineers here locating the most suitable place.

Mr. J. Griffin has started a bakeshop and grocery store in the lower part of Mrs. W. P. Shea's house.

Mrs. John Lawn has been on the sick list for the past couple of weeks. We are glad to hear she is on the way to recovery.

Smith Bros' sawmill has been in operation since the 17th.

SPRING BUD.

Ordination.

A very pleasant event took place at Wyman, Que., when pastor R. E. Nicholls, of the Baptist church, was ordained to the Gospel Ministry. A large delegation was present from the various Baptist churches of the Ottawa association.

The ordaining council met in the afternoon, with Rev. Mr. Weeks as moderator. After the candidate had given an account of his conversion, call to ministry, and views of Christian Doctrine, which he did in a clear and masterful way, claiming for himself a unanimous vote of acceptance. All were quite happy at conclusion of session to hear of the decision.

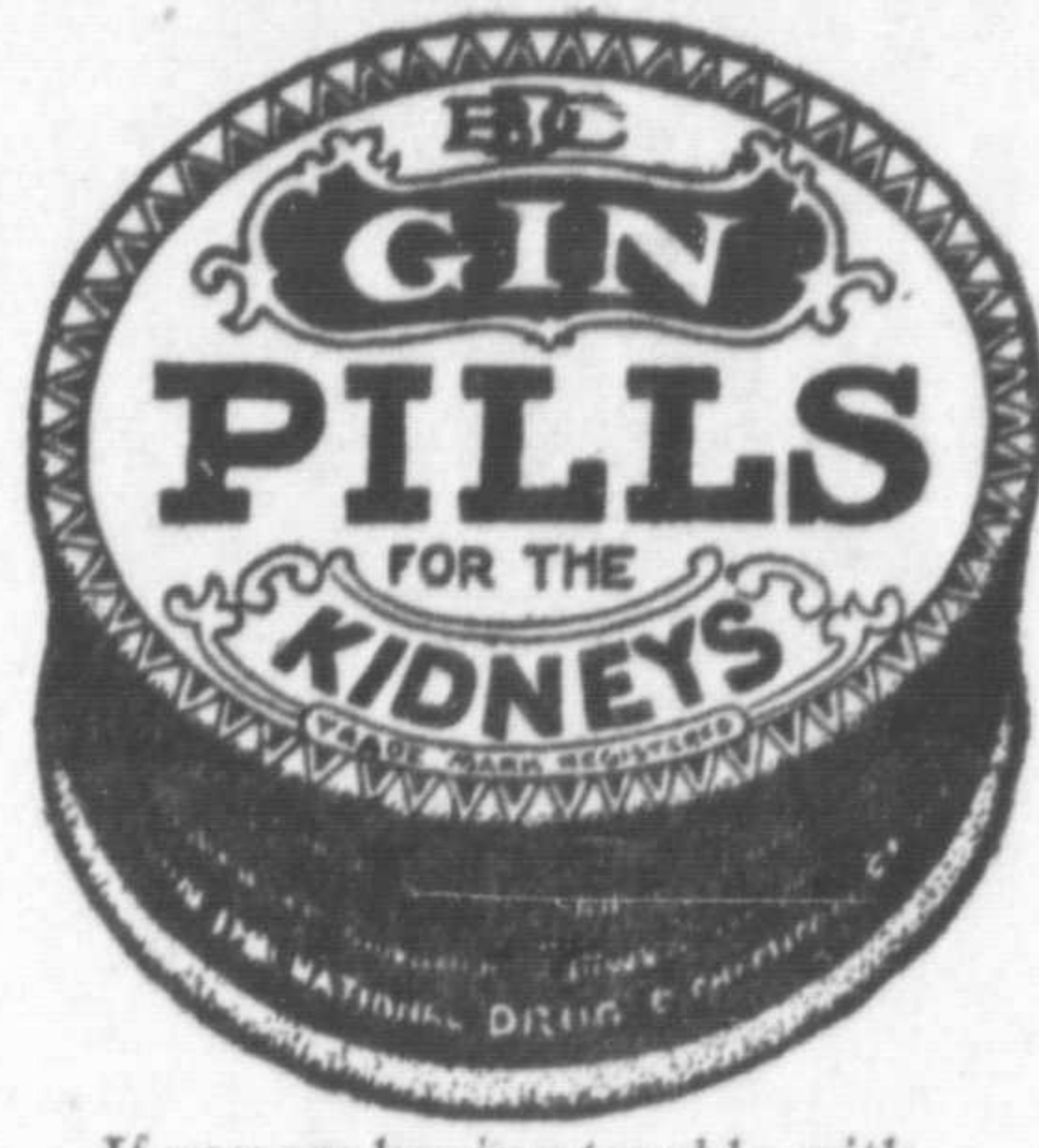
Just before Rev. Mr. Duncan sang his solo, a note was read from Mr. Richard Edey, requesting all the friends in attendance to his home, where they partook of a delicious tea, prepared by the ladies of the church. Several pleasant hours of social intercourse were indulged in, before returning to church for the evening service at 7.15 o'clock.

A hearty song service was led by Rev. Mr. Hale, with Rev. Mr. Plant presiding at the organ. A very lengthy program was then listened to by a large congregation. Several soul inspiring messages were delivered by the following pastors : Ordination Sermon, Rev. Mr. Duncan, Ottawa; Charge to the candidate, Rev. Mr. Hale, Oshabuck, Ont.; Charge to the church, Rev. David Alexander, Vernon, Ont.; Extended hand of fellowship into the regular ministry, Rev. J. J. Ransom, Maxville, Ont. Mr. Ardly of Ottawa, spoke a few words of appreciation on behalf of delegates for the kind hospitality shown them by members and friends of the church.

Rev. R. E. Nicholls responded in a few chosen words on behalf of the friends who entertained, knowing that their presence with us was an inspiration.

The addresses mingled with message of song by a male quartette, brought to a close a day of happiness, in which many took part, and none will forget.

Com.



If you are having trouble with your Bladder—with incontinence or suppression of urine—burning pain—weakness or pain in the back—or Stone in the Bladder—take Gin Pills. They cure—50c.—6 for \$2.50. At dealers everywhere.

Holsteins for Sale

- 1 2-year old Bull,
- 1 year old Heifer,
- 2 Year old Bulls.

The above are both registered Holsteins. Apply to

E. T. BROWNLEE,
R. No. 1, Shawville.

Property for Sale Cheap.

In the District of Aldfield, County of Pontiac, Range 1, Lots No. 45b, 46b and 47b. For particulars apply to

G. E. HANSON,
Hull, Que.

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received by the Department of Inland Revenue until noon of Monday, the 12th April, 1915, from persons desirous of licensing the privilege of ferrying across the Ottawa River between the townships of Fitzroy, in the Province of Ontario, and Onslow, in the Province of Quebec, in accordance with the regulations, copies of which can be procured at the Department of Inland Revenue, Ottawa.

Each tender must state the amount which the party tendering is willing to pay per annum for the privilege referred to, which amount will be payable in advance, the terms of this license being for five years from the first of May, 1915.

Each tender must be accompanied by a cheque marked good on one of the chartered banks doing business at Ottawa or by Dominion currency, for one-half the amount of the per annum tender. This amount will be credited on account of the first year's rent in the case of the accepted tender and all other cheques will be returned, except in the event of withdrawals, in which case no refunds will be made.

All communications must be addressed to the undersigned and endorsed on the envelope: "Tender for the Quyon Ferry."

The Department does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

Any newspapers inserting this notice without first obtaining the authority of the Department will not receive payment therefor.

By order,

GEO. W. TAYLOR,
Asst. Deputy Minister and Secretary,
Department of Inland Revenue,
Ottawa, 15th March, 1915.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 7th of May, 1915, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week over

CHAPEAU R. M. D. No. 1

from the Postmaster General's pleasure. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Chapeau and Pembroke, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, Ottawa.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Ottawa, March 22, 1915.
P. T. COOLICAN
Post Office Inspector

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 7th of May, 1915, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week each way over

DESJARDINS R. M. D. No. 1

via Allumette Island P. O., from the Postmaster General's pleasure. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Desjardins, Allumette Island and Pembroke, and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector, Ottawa.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Ottawa, March 22nd, 1915.
P. T. COOLICAN,
Post Office Inspector

K. OF K. IS NO GENIUS

BEGGIE SAYS KITCHENER IS DULL BUT TENACIOUS.

He is Said to be Something of a Fungler, But a Determined Organizer—His Warrior Eyes.

The late G. W. Stevens, famous war correspondent, who went with Kitchener to Khartoum, was the person responsible, says Harold Begbie, for the creation through out the British Empire, and the world at large, of the "Kitchener legend"—a legend which the present author proceeds, in a highly interesting and apparently conscientious book, to use as a target. The legend is that of "the man who had made himself a machine"; the general who is "so inhumanly unerring, he is more like a machine than a man"; the leader who "has no age but the prime of life, no body but one to carry his mind, no face but one to keep his brain behind." So Stevens, in part, characterized K. of K. And Begbie adds that thus "the domesticated Englishman treated the Kitchener Goliath—the inhuman, heartless, but unerring giant—the man who had made himself a machine."

Begbie, in his new book, "Kitchener, Organizer of Victory," finds this legend a "delusion." Writing with what is seemingly an extensive and intimate knowledge of Kitchener's life and qualities, Begbie declares that his "fundamental and essential characteristic" is not unerring precision, but tenacity, and that this tenacity is "little more than the obstinacy of a very slow and laborious mind." Begbie denies to Kitchener the possession of a single flash of genius; K. of K. entirely lacks the qualities which go to make a brilliant intelligence, and is even "unconscious of his own dullness"; inspiration is never his; he makes mistakes; he is by no means bloodless; he is not a woman hater, as he is usually reputed, and is a bachelor not from choice, having been refused by the woman to whom he proposed; "he is so little of a machine that he can enter into the trivial fun of a house party," and he has three hobbies—architecture, gardening and collecting.

He's a Bulldog.

But if he is not a machine, he is the bulldog, says Begbie. Given plenty of time he is unbeatable. He is an amazing administrator, a consummate organizer—a "slow, thorough, painstaking, laborious and determined organizer." Kitchener does not get anywhere for a long time "but when he arrives the man on the spot knows immediately why he has come." Kitchener is not a great general, not a great statesman. He is "something of a bungler, something of a blunderer." Begbie records that at one time in Egypt he was known as "K. of haos."

Kitchener, Mr. Begbie finds, has still other characteristics. He is shy, silent, not spectacular, impatient of red tape, adamant to social influence, severe, sometimes brutal, with a brutality which Begbie declares has something of a Prussian quality; he hates lion hunters; he is unimaginative—and he is tenacious, and tenacious, and still tenacious. And further, and above all, Kitchener is success. Begbie's sub-title "Organizer of Victory," seems perfect for the man whom he describes. Begbie writes that Kitchener "by the concentration of his will in a narrow groove, and by incessant, slow, unsparing and plodding labor, has achieved great and enormous victories. . . he has no spiritual ideals. . . and all his work has been characterized by so exclusive a masculinity that it is almost certain that posterity will not be greatly curious about him. He will live in the shadows with Wellington, not in the sunlight with Nelson and Napoleon."

Coming to Kitchener as Secretary of War in the present conflict, Mr. Begbie finds difficulty in seeing cause for praise. He says it would be hard "to name one achievement" for which Kitchener should be given the nation's gratitude, and adds that "his greatest achievement has been the contribution of his legendary personality."

His Terrible Eye.

Begbie thinks that censure is due because of the delay in clothing and equipping the men of what is termed Kitchener's first army, and he does not think that K. of K. has succeeded in hastening the work of the War Office. But Kitchener deserves all credit for standing like a rock, where a weaker man might have become panic stricken and yielded, against the demand that the green armies raised early in the war, should be sent immediately to France and Belgium, and Begbie intimates that the latest new armies are likely to surprise the Secretary of War's critics when they take the field, for Kitchener, "with his dogged and unswerving passion for absolute efficiency," will probably send extraordinarily fine troops to the front.

Turning again to Kitchener's personal characteristics, we find Begbie mentioning the warrior's eyes

several times. "His eyes," said a private soldier in the Khartoum campaign, "are like the bloomin' Day of Judgment." A man who knows Kitchener well thus described to Begbie their effects on those who meet their gaze for the first time:

"They strike you with a kind of clutching terror; you look at them, try to say something, look away, and then, trying to speak, find your eyes returning to that dreadful gaze, and once more choke with silence."

Of the "Prussian element" in Kitchener's make-up, Begbie tells this anecdote:

"Kitchener, during his Egyptian command, wanted a bridge built, and sent for an engineer. When the command was finished, he added: 'I will inspect the bridge on —,' naming a certain date. The engineer expressed his doubt whether the bridge could possibly be finished in so short a time. He was told that on the day Kitchener would come to the spot, and if the bridge was not finished there would be trouble."

The engineer worked by night and by day, did incredible things, and when Kitchener arrived had everything ready for the inspection. His eyes shining with pleasure, and still grimed with the anxious work of last touches, he advanced to Kitchener, saluted, and said with a smile: 'Well, sir, we've just managed to do it in time.' The only answer he received, the dreadful eyes fixed upon him, the voice cold with authority, was this: 'Yes, but you ought not to appear before me unshaved.'"

PREPARING GERMAN MIND.

They Would Like Very Much to Discuss Terms.

The military expert of the London Times says that if any maritime pressure is to be exercised on England the German high sea fleet must be the means. For a contest between the main fleets England is in a relatively better situation now than seven months ago.

Germany's campaign at sea has failed, and though the German navy doubtless will seek to attack any detachment which can be taken at a disadvantage, there is no particular reason to expect that Admiral Jellicoe will be caught napping.

It must, therefore, be supposed that German headquarters will admit to themselves the game is up, and if the fleet may still be risked upon some desperate hazard most of the chances will be against it.

Preparing the People.

It is not a long step from this conclusion to the opinion that it would be best to close the book of war and reopen it some years hence under more advantageous conditions.

Public opinion in Germany is being prepared for the idea of peace without territorial aggrandisement. The Germans would like very much to discuss terms before their military machine begins to wear out, while they still have in their hands such material guarantees as Belgium, West Poland, and a nominally unbeaten fleet.

They are quite right, for there is a culminating point in every attack, and preponderance is only of value if it can be maintained until peace is concluded.

The condition of the German armies must be disquieting to their main headquarters. The soul of the Prussian army is its corps of officers, which also is the most stable support of the Prussian crown. This corps suffered very heavily; indeed, the losses cannot be replaced from the class whence it was recruited.

"Order Disappearing."

If promotion takes place from the ranks the German army at the close of the war may be almost democratically constituted. This will not be agreeable to the ruling class and the court, in view of the immense changes and the reaction which the end of the war will involve.

The German army was several thousand officers short when the war began. It must have proven incredibly difficult to find leaders for all the new formations. The stress of the war has told severely upon the German organization; the units have become intermingled to such an extent, in many cases, that all semblance of order has disappeared.

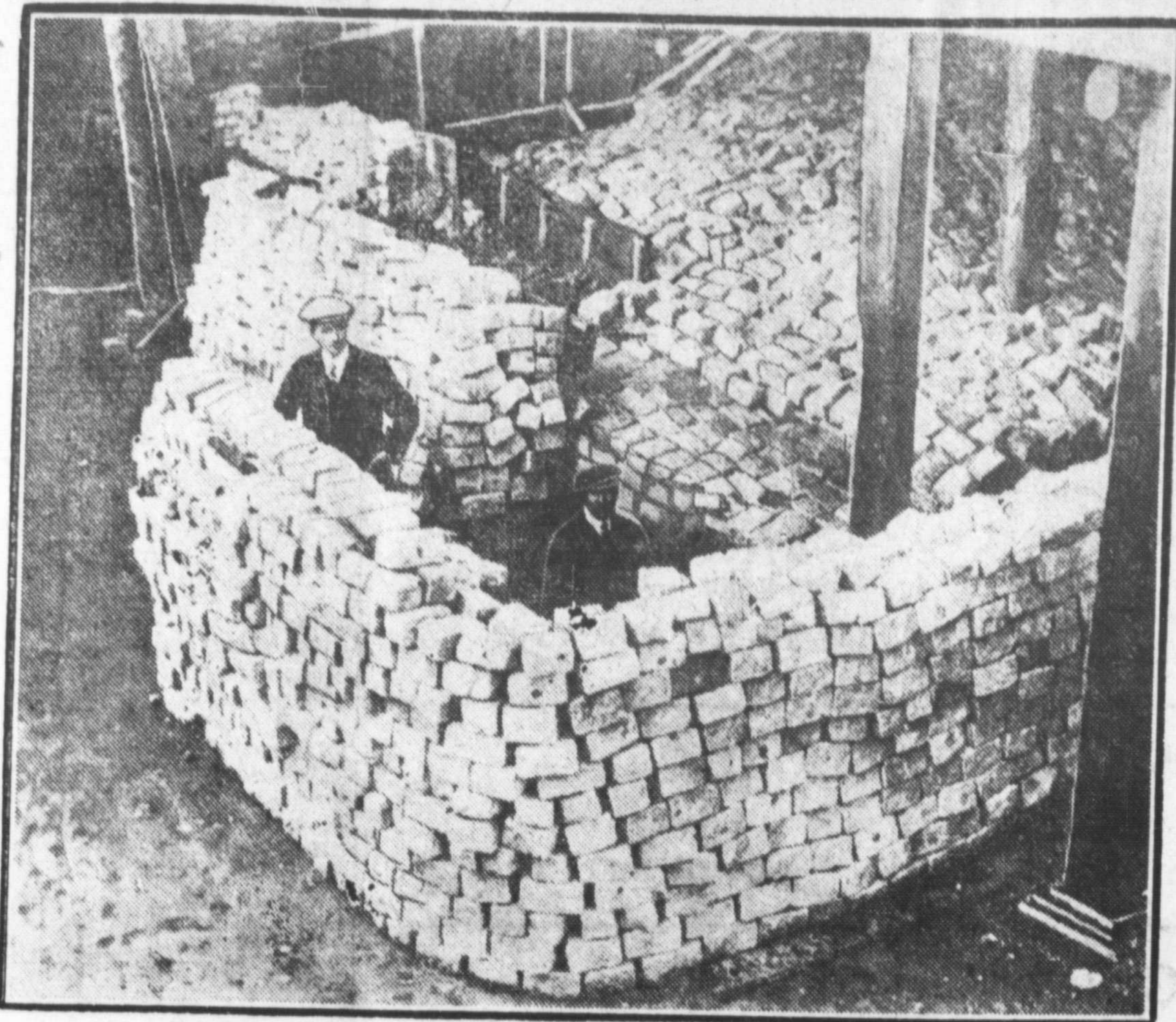
Thus, though masses of new troops are still forming in Germany and Austria, the German army begins to deteriorate, and its situation must cause many sleepless nights at main headquarters.

He Strove to Please.

Lord Charles Beresford tells in his recently published memoirs the story of an old Irish gamekeeper who always agreed with everything that was said to him.

Meeting the old man one day when the wind was blowing a gale, Lord Charles said to him, "It's a fine calm day to-day."

"You may well say that, Lord Charles," replied the gamekeeper with hearty acquiescence, "but what little wind there is is terrible strong."



Private Bombproof Dugout on British East Coast.

Since the German raid on the east coast of England, many of the residents of Scarborough, the Hartlepool and surrounding towns have constructed bombproof dug-outs to which they can retire if the raid is repeated. This dug-out was constructed by a man in Scarborough. It is lighted by electricity and is quite comfortable inside. Several tons of steel girders and granite blocks were used in its construction. The entrance angle is built like a miniature fort.

MYSTERIOUS AIRMAN IS "X"

HIS EXPLOITS ARE FRENCH AND CAMPFIRE TALK.

Letter From French Airman Tells of Successful Night Attack on a Supply Train.

Past the curtain of the censorship which hides the battlefields of Europe there occasionally comes some fragment of romance, some broken recital of Homeric deeds, which lights up for the moment the sombre record of terrifying casualties in this war of mechanics.

Such a tale was brought, says the New York Herald, in a letter from a French aviator to his sister, in which he tells of an attack from monoplanes on a German supply train. The attack, made at twilight, was led by "X"—France's man-of-the-air, whose identity is a mystery, but whose exploits are trench and campfire talk. Day after day in his great, swift monoplane, which he cares for as men care for their dearest things, he cruises through the air, defying German marksmen, automobile guns and the elements.

Through his daring he has become the most famous scout of the French aviation corps, to whom is entrusted the most difficult of reconnaissance missions. This is the story of one of his exploits told by a brother aviator:

"One by one the aviators are coming back to their resting place. From a point on the horizon marked by billows of clouds that seems to weigh downward until they touch the earth afar off they come in a long, shivering line.

The Arrival of "X."

"High above the sullen wind, which seems to snarl and bite at them, sounds the song of their motors; piercing, raucous, defiant. They are above the hangars now. The engines are shut off. Silently, like monstrous birds, whose wings are taut, they descend, swinging and dropping in ever decreasing circles.

"As the monoplanes skid along the rough, frozen earth the aviators and the passengers fall to the ground, where they lie exhausted, burning with a languor of exhaustion from which they feel they will never recover. To move, it seems, is to die. A numbness that is cold and that is utter weariness encompasses them.

"But now we rest—it is delicious, this very numbness.

"Hark—a faint buzzing reaches our ears. All raise their heads. Is it a German in his Taube? 'There he is! There he is!' The cries come from all. Darting from the confused mass of gray clouds which brood beyond us, there comes a trim, sleek monoplane. In a moment of clear light we recognize it. So neat it is and so clean even at that distance that we know it. Little by little this monoplane, which flies so daringly, so surely, comes down. It is 'X'."

On Night Attack.

"Quickly he tells us that he has come down for a purpose. An important German convoy of munitions and supplies is to pass along a railroad fifty kilometres to the north-east. The languor which oppressed us flies like magic. With a word we are up testing our motors, calling for petrol. The commander telephones the general. One by

one the aviators rise into the air. One by one they fall into line behind the chief of the squadron. Ahead of us all is 'X' flying high, gayly leading us on our way.

"Suddenly our leader dips straight down; our commander follows him.—A great blotch drips away from 'X's monoplane; another falls from our chief's. Then from all our monoplanes fall these black, sodden things. Where they fall we know not. Our leader has seen something which inclines him to make a fuss and to order us to do likewise. A flame—another—many of them, shoot up with screaming explosions as those things of dynamite which we dropped land on the earth.

"One by one we cut off our motors and slide toward the earth. Always we hurl bombs toward the smoke which shows in the dazed twilight. Then we see that at which we were hurling bombs. Along the side of a hill a locomotive and a long string of cars are twisting, slowly and painfully. Behind it and alongside of it there are flames and ruins. Behind this train is another. Volplaning with still motor, 'X' glides over the first convoy; as he passes he drops a bomb. There is a puff and a series of explosions. In a moment the smoke drifts away. The convoy, a burning mass, is huddled against the hill.

Bombs Wreck Munition Train.

"Whirling madly we attack the convoy in the rear, and still another one that we find has preceded the one destroyed by 'X.' Bombs are still falling when we who are first wing our way toward a row of houses, where 'X' has said Germans who aided in getting the convoy through are hidden. As we glide over them we see spewing from their doors scrambling figures like black fleas. Bombs fall, smoke and flames rise from the houses. Our work is done. The chief of our squadron gives the signal that we are to scatter to make the return.

Reluctantly we turn as automobile cannon coming up too late to aid the black fleas in the houses salute our departure with vain volleys of shrapnel.

"Below us as we mount higher and higher the ammunition trains burn. Tongues of livid flame reach us now and then; they are purple, yellow, red, as a new car is attacked by the flames.

"On the black horizon a moving pin of white light greets us; we make for it, for that light shows us all is well and that we are nearing home. One by one we glide downward to the land, frozen earth, where sappers trundle away our monoplanes after tossing blankets about us. Once more we fall to rest."

DO YOU KNOW THAT—

Artificial lace which closely resembles and wears much better than the real article, is made from cellulose by a French process.

The ends of a recently patented piano bench are fitted to serve as cabinets for sheet music.

Vienna's new aqueduct will cost \$16,000,000 and will supply about 1,300,000 persons with water.

The point of a new haep hook is split so that it will spring into its eye and fit more securely.

Cars on some small railways in Chile, where the wind is dependable, are fitted with sails for propulsion.

Electric ovens for bakeries require less than one-fourth of the floor space of brick ovens with equal capacity.

NEWS FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West Told in a Few Pointed Paragraphs.

New Westminster is to build a modern market.

Norway wants to try out the fruit of Okanagan growers.

Nanaimo post office returns last year totalled \$20,027.

Courtenay district promises to be a fine lumber centre soon.

The unemployed of Vancouver show a decrease of 2,300 asking relief.

Vancouver will reduce the police force by ten men and fire the jail matron.

Seven colored men were captured by the Vancouver police running an opium den.

Vancouver police will make a definite raid on the many blind pigs in existence there.

British Columbia fisheries for 1914 were estimated at \$13,891,398, a decrease over 1913.

Victoria Board of Trade seeks a Government probe into the rise in the price of coal.

British Columbia will seek to further interest Australia in the lumber business it can offer.

New settlers are going in to Nechaho Valley, near Vanderhoof, in encouraging numbers.

Victoria Natural History Society fears vandals will deplete the wild flowers of the province.

The British Columbia Electric Railway says it is losing money at the rate of \$20,000 a month.

"Tipperary," New Westminster's great playground for children, will be made into a fine park also.

The railways will give Surrey growers lower rates for garden and farm produce to local cities.

The Doukhobour Society at Brilliant have completed a plant for the manufacture of wooden pipe.

There is more land in wheat around Vernon now than in the whole Okanagan Valley in 1913.

The Pacific Great Eastern has a regular mixed service train to Lillooet, 130 miles north of Squamish.

To aid the unemployed the C.P.R. will rent land at Point Grey at \$1 per tract for five years for cultivation.

Imprisoned with 24 Chinamen at Victoria, James Melia tried suicide owing to the odors, he said. He was allowed to go.

Nick Chilowich, a young Russian, got drunk, and wandered out in his shirt sleeves; he was found dead of exposure at Prince George.

Scotland is estimated to possess 1,000,000,000 horsepower from water.

Mr. Titus was travelling in Italy and one morning was quite surprised to meet some people from his native town. "Why, Mrs. Clarke," he cried, "How do you do? You are the last person I expected to see in Italy."

"If it isn't Mr. Titus!" exclaimed the lady, in surprise. "Yes, we are spending the winter here. You must call on us often. You know just how it is—persons we never think much of at home seem like dear friends when we meet them in a strange country."

NOTES OF SCIENCE

A man's lungs require twice as much air when he is walking as when resting quietly.

New South Wales is said to contain more kinds of flowering plants than all Europe.

Lacquer and varnish can be removed from metal, with a mixture of ammonia and alcohol.

Work has been begun on the electrification of the railroads in and around Sydney, Australia.

Sweden is now making about 3,000,000 matches a day, exporting approximately 2,000,000,000 boxes a year.

A garment hanger has been patented that folds so compactly as to occupy no more space than a pocketknife.

British scientists have discovered in New Guinea a race of pygmies living at an altitude of about 2,000 feet.

China, which is believed to have the greatest deposits of iron ore in the world, is beginning to export pig iron.

A glass and rubber syphon to draw cream from the top of a bottle of milk in a sanitary manner has been patented.

Eye-glasses have been patented that are suspended from a band worn around the head without any pressure on the nose.

A cubic mile of river water weighs about 4,205,650,000 tons and carries in solution an average of 480,000 tons of solids.

It has been estimated by engineers that one waterfall in Iceland can be made to produce 60,000 horsepower and another 50,000.

To convert an ordinary bicycle into a motorcycle there has been invented a motor and wheel to be fastened on one side of the rear wheel.

A French wood preservation method consists of forcing a solution of ten per cent. borax and five per cent. rosin into timber by electricity.

Spain by royal order has made the annual celebration of Arbor Day obligatory, a portion of the expense of tree planting to be borne by municipalities.

So that wires can be twisted together with one hand, pliers have been patented with a wing cut to hold the jaws together after they have gripped the wires.

The world's merchant marine has nearly doubled in carrying power in twenty years, and now numbers about 31,000 vessels of approximately 47,000,000 tons capacity.

The industry encouraged by the government, Tunis is now producing more than 10,000,000 gallons of olive oil a year and expects in a few years more to double the amount.

For emergency use by firemen there has been invented a fire and water-proof hood that can be carried in a pocket and which, when opened, will give a ten-minute supply of fresh air.

The Swiss Government decided to favor the single-phase for electrifying its railways in preference to the third rail, because it cost ten per cent. less to make the change.

To enable a person to clean the outside of windows without danger of falling a long handled tool has been invented with a clip to hold a wet cloth on one side of the head and a rubber squeegee on the other.

Gun-Cotton.

Gun-cotton, so largely used in the demolition of bridges and buildings which obstruct the fire of artillery, is made by the action of sulphuric and nitric acids on cotton, and the process is a comparatively long one. The cotton consists of the finest cotton waste, which is hand-picked by women and teased to get rid of all grit, washed, and thoroughly dried in ovens. It is then weighed into lots of 1½ lb. and placed in tins, most of this work being done by machinery. From these tins it is dropped into the nitric and sulphuric acids, which are first thoroughly mixed by means of jets of compressed air. After five minutes' soak, the gun-cotton is taken out and squeezed by tongs, and placed in covered pots to cool off. It has now got rid of the superfluous acid absorbed, and is still further dried in special machines, washed, boiled for many hours, pulped, and placed in a washer where paddles further wash it. Placed in tanks, the gun-cotton sinks, and the superfluous water is drawn off. Next compressed in discs of the required weight, it is placed in tins ready for use.

As to Swine.

The Germans propose to kill off all their pigs, twenty millions of them, because dead they will make good pork, bacon and ham, but alive they reduce the stock of human food by eating potatoes. Such wholesale slaughter may mean a temporary drop in pig-meat prices, but what does it promise for the future, when the products have been consumed? Then will the wise man who has reserved the best for breeding profit exceedingly.

However, there are many fair singers who are not blondes.

Western Farmers Meet Demands

Remarkable Increase Shown in Prepared Acreage Along Lines of the Canadian Northern Railway in Prairie Provinces.

Within the next few weeks the farmers in Canada will be engaged upon the work of seeding the greatest acreage which has ever been given over to the production of grain in the history of the Dominion. While statistics portraying the actual increase in area will not be given until the federal authorities at Ottawa compile in the late spring the reports from their correspondents on work done, the findings of investigations which have already been completed point clearly to the conclusion that the additions throughout the Western provinces, at least, will be very considerable in extent. Officials of the Canadian Northern recently finished a survey of fall plowing along the lines of that company in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. The figures which were sent in, of course, deal with the C.N.R. only, but they may be taken as an indication of the manner in which the farmers west of the Great Lakes have responded to the call for a greater production of foodstuffs in Canada. Five hundred and thirty-nine agents contributed to the report in order that it would be thoroughly representative of the territory served.

Altogether, along the Canadian

City, in the black loam district in Northern Saskatchewan. It was given as 110,000, and the increase over last year as 40 per cent. Naisberry, close to Star City, reported 75,000 acres. Melfort, nearby on the same line, claimed an increase of 100 per cent. Rosthern reported an increase of 300 per cent. over last year. Duck Lake's 50,000 acres is an increase of 75 per cent. To the north, Hafford, on the new line connecting the cities of Prince Albert and North Battleford, reported 72,000 acres in area, 95 per cent. greater than in 1913. To the south, in Saskatchewan, Delisle, on the Saskatoon-Calgary line, reported 88,000 acres, which is an increase of 30 per cent. Marshall, on the main line toward the Alberta boundary, returned 50,000 acres. In Alberta the town of Hanna reported 40,000 acres, an increase of 20 per cent. Stettler, in the central portion of the province, gave 30,000, an increase of 20 per cent. Craigmyle, close to Calgary, reported 40,000 acres, and Delia, the next station, 47,000, which is an increase of 200 per cent. Two towns on the same line, closer to the Saskatchewan-Alberta line—Cereal and Chinook—report 15,000 acres each. In the former the in-



"The Widow's Mite"—Trunks of French Officers Who Died on Field of Battle.

All these little trunks (only one is allowed to each officer in the field) belonged to officers of the French Army who fell on the field of battle in a severe action between the French and the Germans in the region of Soissons. The little trunks, which hold all the personal property of their former owners, and which bear the officers' names, addresses, and rank, are here gathered at the depot to be forwarded to the widows or the nearest relatives.

HOME

With Oranges.

Orangeade.—Two cups orange juice, one and one-half cups sugar, one cup strained cranberry sauce, two quarts water. Boil sugar and water ten minutes. When cold, add strained orange juice and cranberry juice; pour in punch bowl or large pitcher. Cut one orange into thin slices to garnish top. The rind can be pared from the orange very thin in one piece and hung around the edge of the bowl.

Orange and figs.—Six oranges pared and cut into thin pieces. Cut the figs into fine strips, mix with oranges and serve very cold. Garnish with one-half maraschino cherry. This makes a good breakfast fruit or can be served for dessert.

Orange Fudge.—One pound brown sugar, three tablespoons rich milk, butter the size of an English walnut, grated rind of one orange, one cup walnuts chopped fine. Boil three minutes. Beat fifteen minutes or more.

Orange Marmalade.—Twelve oranges, four tablespoons lemon juice, four cups water, eight cups sugar. Cut the oranges in half, scoop out the juice and pulp. Put the skins on to boil with six quarts of cold water and boil until tender; remove and put in colander to drain. When they are well drained, take a spoon and remove all the white; it will come out easily. Shred the yellow and add to the juice and pulp. Be sure that all the white fibre has been removed. Add the sugar and water and boil slowly two hours, or until thick.

Orange Jelly in Orange Cup With Whipped Cream.—Four oranges, one tablespoonful lemon juice, one cup sugar, one rounded or two level tablespoonsful granulated gelatin. Cut the oranges in half crossways; with rimmer remove centre, add lemon juice, sugar and gelatin, which has been soaked in a little water dissolved in one cup of boiling water. Stir until sugar is dissolved. Remove all the loose fibre from the orange peel and saw tooth the edge, either with scissors or sharp knife. Set the orange cup in shallow pan of finely cracked ice, then fill in the jelly. When cold and firm and ready to serve place on small doily and put a spoon of whipped cream on top. Garnish with half of maraschino cherry. If one uses pastry bag put cream through it.

Orange Salad.—Orange salad is one of the best dinner salads, either oranges on bed of watercress or oranges blended with malaga grapes from which the seeds have been removed, or mix with finely cut celery, served in endive leaves or mixed with finely cut endive. Always use good-sized orange for an order of orange salad. Pare and cut the orange small, serve on lettuce, with French dressing. If blended with grapes use two-thirds orange and one-third grapes on shredded lettuce leaves. If endive, one-half orange and one-half endive. The French dressing is two parts oil and one part lemon juice.

Orange Rolls.—Soak the orange peel three days in cold water, changing water daily; then put in hot water and boil until soft. Squeeze dry as possible, chop fine and weigh. Take same amount of sugar and boil with a little water until it spins a thread. Add the chopped peel; boil a few minutes longer; take from fire, cool, put on board; sprinkle with granulated sugar and mold into balls; roll in sugar and spread to dry.

Orange Blanc Manger.—Heat a pint of orange juice; then add

enough sugar to sweeten, as some fruit needs more than others; pour in gradually two level tablespoons of cornstarch wet with two tablespoons of cold water and boil until transparent. Whip the whites of two eggs very stiff; then slowly turn the hot mixture on them, beating thoroughly all the time; butter small cups or molds and fill with the hot mixture. When chilled, serve with milk flavored with grated orange peel or a custard made of yolks of eggs, a pint of milk and flour sufficient to make it creamy; cook over hot fire until the custard coats a spoon; flavor with grated orange peel.

Candied Orange Peel.—Cover the peel of four oranges with two quarts of cold water, put on fire, bring to a boil and boil slowly until tender, about forty minutes; pour into colander and drain two hours; remove all the white skin left from the pulp, the white of the rind is not removed. When dry, cut into fine strips. Boil two cups sugar with three-fourths cup of water until it spins a thread, put in part of peel and boil five minutes, remove with fork and place in pulverized sugar a few minutes. Then put on a plate to dry. The orange peel prepared this way lasts a long time, and there are many uses for it. One good way to use it is chopped fine and put in panocha, to use with fondant candies; also chopped and sprinkled on cake icing and many other uses. Now is the time to make it.

Try These Hints.

Never use linen to clean mirrors or windows, as it sheds lint and often causes streaks.

Use no soap on window glass. Use old muslin and clean soft water. A cotton cloth dipped in a little alcohol will add brilliancy to the final rub.

When steaming potatoes put a cloth over them before putting the lid on. They will take much less time to cook, and be much more mealy than when done in the ordinary way.

If white of egg is applied with a small camel's hair paint brush to fly specks on gilt frames, then rubbed gently with a soft cloth, the specks will disappear.

Before using a new saucepan add a lump of soda and some potato peelings and let it boil for some hours. Then wash out thoroughly, and all danger from poisoning from the tinned lining will be gone.

Wash linoleum and oil cloth with lukewarm water, then polish with a soft woollen cloth which has been dipped in milk.

After inserting tape in petticoats or blouses always tack the tape in the centre of the back or front, according to the way in which the garment opens, to prevent the ends of the tape from slipping into the casing out of reach.

When lemons are hard cover them with boiling water and stand them aside to cool. They will then appear fresh and full of juice. Neither will the juice seem in the least diluted by any water absorbed.

Scientists have discovered that disease germs quickly die when they come in contact with the ordinary floor covering known as linoleum. This is thought to be due to the disinfectant properties of linseed oil which is found in linoleum.

When a Japanned tray becomes old and chipped give it two coats of white paint and one of enamel, the bottom as well as the top. Stand it on edge to dry after each coat. It will be found as good as new, as well as very pretty. The enamel is easily renewed.

A colored ribbon tied to scissors will save many minutes that are otherwise spent in looking for them especially if they are used by children who forget where they have

left them. A piece of ribbon is always sure to show where scissors are half-hidden under papers or sewing.

When your house plants look a trifle dejected, and water does not revive them, try putting coffee grounds on the roots three times a week; then once a week give them a tablespoonful of olive oil; do not allow the earth to become hard and dry.

To make gum starch pound 2 ounces of gum arabic to a fine powder, and pour 1½ pint boiling water over it. Cover, and leave till cold (all night, if convenient). Then strain muslin into a clean bottle, and keep it well corked. A tablespoonful is sufficient for a pint of starch made in the usual way.

When materials are too delicate to take starch use sugar in the rinsing water. Sheer fabrics, such as chiffons, and all other delicate materials, will gain their original crispness if three tablespoonfuls of sugar are added to the rinsing water. This also is the proper treatment for all veils.

STRANGE WAR MATERIAL.

Gold, Silver and Even Poems Have Been Used as Missiles.

It has been said that the complete rout of the Turkish troops in Macedonia during the late war was largely due to the fact that many of the men were provided with dummy cartridges with wooden bullets, the latter being harmless at any distance over a few yards. A war correspondent picked up on the battlefield of Kumanova several packages of these cartridges which were apparently thrown away by the Turkish soldiers in their flight before the Serbians.

A large number of shells fired by the Chinese Imperialist forces in the fighting with the revolutionists at Hankow the other year were merely balls of painted wood. Several of these were picked up in Hankow.

China certainly possesses several pieces of modern ordnance, but she also owns a large number of cannon which are made of hardened compressed wood and paper pulp, having a metal core. The ammunition for these weapons is generally of wood.

This reminds us that during the recent trouble in Mexico, the rebels finding themselves short of ordnance manufactured a crude gun for use against Huerta's troops. The weapon, which resembled a length of metal piping, was mounted on a wooden base. This homemade cannon and its carriage were placed on a railway truck, and when the "tube" had been filled with shot and powder it was fired. The force of the explosion blew the gun into little pieces.

Sir John Gorst many years ago was the editor of a Maori newspaper published at Waikato. The



MOST PERFECT MADE

THE INCREASED NUTRITIOUS VALUE OF BREAD, MADE IN THE HOME WITH ROYAL YEAST CAKES SHOULD BE SUFFICIENT INCENTIVE TO THE CAREFUL HOUSEWIFE TO GIVE THIS IMPORTANT FOOD ITEM THE ATTENTION TO WHICH IT IS JUSTLY ENTITLED.

HOME BREAD BAKING REDUCES THE HIGH COST OF LIVING BY LESSENING THE AMOUNT OF EXPENSIVE MEATS REQUIRED TO SUPPLY THE NECESSARY NOURISHMENT TO THE BODY.

E. W. GILLET CO. LTD.

TORONTO, ONT.

WINNIPEG MONTREAL

Maori trouble came, and when the blacks ran short of ammunition for their fourteen-pound guns they rushed the printing works at Waikato and changed their weapons with type and stereo blocks. Sir John Gorst, who had taken refuge with the British troops, declared that he was nearly "potted" with one of his own poems.

Precious stones, gold and silver coins, and articles of jewelry have all been used as bullets at one time or another, and history tells us that when Napoleon invaded Italy the bullets which were fired at the Austrians and Sardinians were constructed from the plate of church altars.

In 1793 Britain besieged Pondicherry from Gendolour and from the sea. The town ran out of projectiles, and all the iron in the place was used as shot. The railings round monuments, and the vases and crosses of the churches and public buildings were turned into missiles.

When all the iron had been exhausted the head of the caste of the Vella of Pondicherry went to the Governor and said: "Sir, when I learned that you had powder but no projectiles I sent to the ramparts 50 chests of rupees. They should make excellent grape shot!" And the cannon vomited forth coins.

Every gold coin and every article of gold, silver, and other metal in the capital of Princess Conde was melted down and made into bullets when the hosts of Akbar surrounded Amadanger, while the Afghans in their wars with us not only used native money and ornaments as bullets, but also the British spent cartridge cases picked up on the field of battle.

Her Wavering Affection.

"Hubby, I'm in love with that hat."

"You fall in love with too many hats. If you'll promise to remain constant to that one for as much as six weeks, I'll buy it for you."

France has a population of about forty millions.

The game of lacrosse is of purely Red Indian origin.

The manager of a factory is reported to have assembled his men together in the time office and told them to vote in a municipal election as they pleased. "In fact, I shant tell you how I am going to vote," he said, "but after it is all over I shall have a barrel of beer brought into the yard." ("Hear! hear!" shouted the men). "But I shant tap it unless Mr. Blank gets in."

"Catarrhzone" Prevents Bad Colds Strengthens Weak Irritable Throats

Employs Nature's Own Methods and is Invariably Successful.

Few will escape a cold this winter, but alas! many colds run into Catarrh. Neglected Catarrh is the straight gateway to consumption.

Catarrhzone is a germ-killer—destroys microbes that cause Catarrh. It heals and soothes, relieves the cough, gives throat and lungs a chance, cleanses the nostrils, clears out the phlegm.

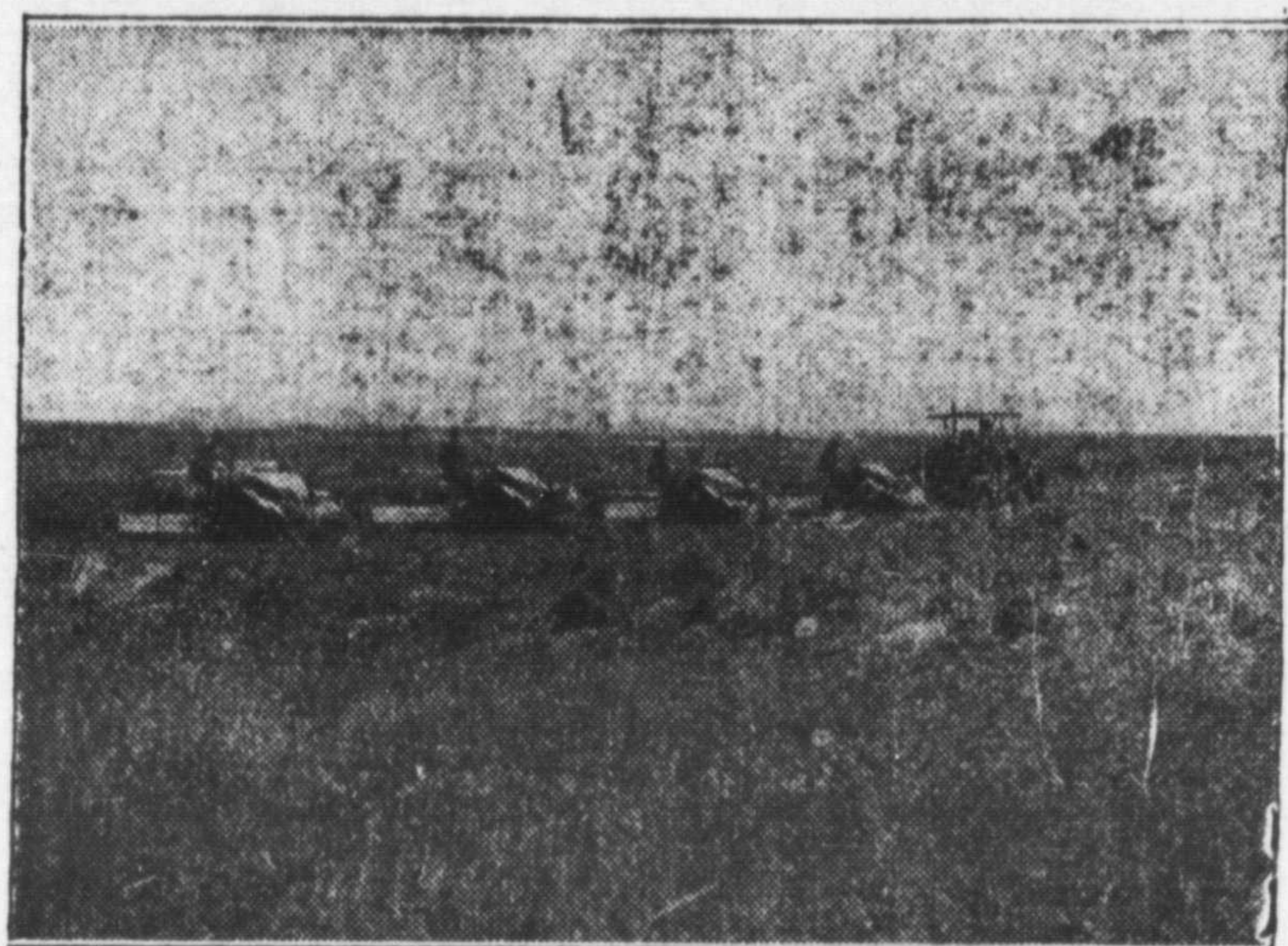
You feel better in an hour. In a day you're greatly relieved, and on goes the curing of Catarrhzone till you're well.

No treatment so direct. Catarrhzone goes right to the spot—acts 25c.; at dealers everywhere.

quickly, cures thoroughly catarrh, bronchitis and all throat affections.

"Nothing could kill a cold so fast as Catarrhzone," writes Amey E. Snelling, from St. Johns. "Last month I had a frightful cold in my head, suffered from itching nose, running eyes and torturing headache. Ten minutes with 'Catarrhzone' inhaler gave relief and in one hour I was well of my cold. Catarrhzone I consider a marvel."

Carry "Catarrhzone" inhaler in your pocket or purse—take it to church—to the theatre—to work—use it in bed. It prevents and cures all manner of nose and throat troubles. Complete outfit, guaranteed \$1.00; small size 50c.; sample size 25c.; at dealers everywhere.



Cutting Wheat on the Ergen Farm, Saskatoon, Canadian Northern Railway.

Northern lines in the prairie provinces the increase may be averaged at forty per cent. The figures give a total acreage plowed last fall of 6,181,376 acres. This is an increase of 1,768,108 acres over the preceding year. Figured at 21.38 bushels to the acre—the flat average of the yield in Western provinces in 1914 for wheat, oats, and barley—the grain yield from fall-plowed lands along the Canadian Northern in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, would be 132,157,818.88 bushels. On the yield basis of last year the increased acreage would produce 37,759,389.04 bushels. But 1914 was an off year for grain production in the West, and that average will probably be exceeded in 1915.

The largest acreage for any one station was reported from Star

crease is given at 1,400 per cent., while at the latter place there was no fall plowing done in 1913.

Even in the older-settled parts of the West, there are gratifying increases. At Morris, in Manitoba, the acreage is given at 30,000 and the increase 35 per cent. At Gladstone, there are 20,000 acres, which represent a 25 per cent. increase. At Spirling, in the Carman subdivision, the agent reports 40,000, which is an increase of 15 per cent. At Dunrea in the Hartney District the figures jump to 70,000, which represents an increase of 70 per cent. Kipling reports 75,000, an increase of 90 per cent. As these are the conspicuous returns only, it is apparent that Canada is doing her allotted part of the task which is at present confronting the Empire.

THE OUT-OF-WORKS.

As spring approaches, the question of work for the unemployed becomes more and more acute. Those who remember the terrible happenings in Lancashire during the American Civil War, when close upon 200,000 men were known to be out of work in that country alone, will tremble with apprehension. At that time the philanthropical spirit of Britain arose nobly to the rescue, no less a sum than \$9,500,000 being publicly subscribed. This fund was so well administered that although the distress lasted for a period of nearly five years, \$850,000 remained in the hands of the trustees, and was expended in the erection of a convalescent home in Lancashire. Things are different in Canada from what they were in England at that time. The country was not at war, and although prices were high and the suffering was widespread, people had not been called upon for aid to the almost innumerable works of charity that they are now.

While some of the money subscribed was used for direct relief, the bulk of it was invested in public works that commanded the greatest amount of individual labor. It is a fair estimate to presume that at this moment in Canada there are 100,000 unemployed. Mayor Martin of Montreal has placed the number of out-of-works in that city at 45,000. In Toronto there are known to be half as many. In the big western cities especially Winnipeg and Vancouver, there are probably another twenty or twenty-five thousand. So that we are not long in arriving at the total suggested. I is not a question of statistics, however, so much as the need for instant, resolute and sustained action. Work must be found. It is not a matter of "I cannot dig and to beg I am ashamed." Practically all are willing to work. The trouble is that

they mainly belong to the constructive trades. There are, of course, many clerks, operatives in factories, and salesmen and women among them, but the hardest to be suited are those who have been employed on buildings and railway works, which are now almost at a standstill.

In the face of this state of affairs the land is crying for labor. One thing that can be done is to separate the wheat from the chaff and endeavor first of all to employ the wheat, giving preference as far as reasonable to the men who have others to support. For this purpose, and in fact for treatment of the whole situation, committees should be formed in every city and town, and registration embodying suitability strictly kept. Then such public works as are in any way possible should be proceeded with. When we arrive at the matter of farm labor we come to the very crux of the situation. The large majority of the unemployed have never seen a farm except as they have been travelling past. To another section the work is congenial. Unhappily, it is frequently shown that even under stress, men and women will not do work for which they feel completely unfitted. But these cannot be left to starve. They must be employed, but how is a matter for the committee to decide. As to the demand of the land, farmers must be appealed to be as patient as they can, and to be as lenient and generous as possible to such laborers as they may obtain. As has been said over and over again, the times are exceptional, and not only call upon us, but demand of all of us, that we shall practice self-denial and thus bear in some measure a share of the common burden.

The Young Men's Christian Association has a membership exceeding 1,100,000 and branches in more than forty countries.

The Shawville Boot and Shoe Store

Easter Shoes

Who wants the very newest
SHOES



Makers have "done themselves proud" this season, and the result is we have here a collection of New Shoe Styles that are so attractive that those who see them will surely buy; so come and tempt yourself. You can't make a mistake if you buy here.

P. E. SMILEY,
The Quality Shoe Store.

LOCAL NEWS

HOCKEY.

The Radford-Victoria performance referred to in last week's issue, was not, after all, destined to be the closing feature of the hockey season at the Shawville Arena. Here, as most everywhere else where there is a rink, the popular winter game seems to die hard; and if the weather should take a notion to incline zero-wards again before old King Winter gives his last kick, it is hard to say what the fans may undertake to spring upon an unsuspecting public.

Last Wednesday night, however, gave what may be regarded as the last word in hockey for the time being. It was described as a contest between the "Clarendon All-Stars" and "Cy's Pets," the first named being composed of five Radford boys, and two Victorias. The Pets are the juvenile aggregation which Cy. Hodgins has taken special pride in developing this season, and who made good earlier in the winter at both Campbell's Bay and Portage du Fort, by defeating the youngsters of those burghs. Wednesday night was the first chance they had of competing for honors on home ice, and they emerged from the contest without impairing their previous record. The visitors scored the first and their only goal in the first period, and then the Pets got down to business and made it 5 straight, before the final gong sounded.

Coming on so soon and without much notice after the Radford-Victoria event, the attendance was not large; but those who saw the game were not at all disappointed in the brand of hockey served up.

Mr. Clarence Caldwell handled the game with efficiency.

The Renfrew hockey team, champions of the Upper Ottawa League, were defeated by the Buckingham septet (Lower Ottawa champions) in an overtime game at Ottawa on Wednesday night. The score was 3-2. Soft ice was responsible for the Renfrew boys' downfall. Those who witnessed the match state freely that under better conditions the result would have been different.

The Ontario Agricultural College reports that the crop year for 1914 was the driest on record in Ontario. The rainfall from harvest to harvest 1913-14 was 5 1/2 inches less than the average.

An order from the Russian Government to the Canadian Car & Foundry Co. for shells to a total probably of some eighty million dollars will keep many works busy night and day for months.

Annie Murphy, the woman who figured in the Shawville tragedy of a few years ago, and who since her liberation from Bryson jail had been living in Ottawa, where she married a rag-picker, died about two weeks ago from pneumonia.

Richard Harding Davis has put the case of the neutral nations regarding "spoils" very neatly when he writes: "When the burglars are finally driven away, the man who thought of himself first and crawled under the bed is not given much consideration."

When you want the best value for your money in...

SHINGLES

at \$1.65 per M. and up
Also Laths, Dry Lumber, Clapboards, Flooring, End Matched Hardwood Flooring, Mouldings, Doors, etc., try

A. F. CAMPBELL,
Box 455
Amprior, Ont.

An order in Council has been passed in British Columbia prohibiting until September 30 the landing at any port of immigrants of the laboring classes, skilled or unskilled.

John Edward Nicholson, aged twelve was found murdered on the roadside at Owen Sound, and Herbert Thackeray King, a young Englishman nine weeks out, is held on a charge of murder, he having confessed to the deed.

Mrs. White, an elderly woman who lives with her husband at Kilborn Springs, near Brockville, was shot by Grant Kilborn who lived with them. She died a few days later and Kilborn is held on a charge of murder.

Ninety-nine out of a hundred of those who discuss the fall of Przemysl will fall down on the pronunciation of the name. It's not so hard to pronounce as it looks. Here it is: Pshem-is-l, with the accent on the first syllable.

Deaths.

DIED—At Stoughton, Sask., on Thursday, March 18, Jane Gallagher, beloved wife of Silas Sturgeon.

The death occurred suddenly on Saturday evening last from heart failure, of Mr. James Telford, an old and highly respected resident of Weirstrand section.

Capt. J. L. Murphy, for many yrs. connected with the Union Forwarding & Railway Co., while that organization was in existence, died on March 26th, at Riverside, California, aged 77.

Mrs. Borden, mother of Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada, died at her home at Grand Pre, Nova Scotia, at three o'clock on Monday morning, aged 90 years. Sir Robert was at his mother's bedside when the end came.

Death of Mrs. Henry Meredith at Quyon.

Susan Clarke, wife of Mr. Henry Meredith, passed away at Quyon recently after a lingering illness. She was a native of Pakenham township, known intimately to everybody in her community as a lovely lady of many admirable qualities and by people far and near as a most exemplary person. She is survived by her husband, and a family of three sons and one daughter—Mrs. J. E. Amm and Wm. Meredith of Quyon, Louis at the Soo and Joseph at Seattle; Mrs. J. B. Pritchard of Scott, Sask., a niece, was a member of the family circle all her life up to the time of her marriage.

The funeral on the 16th was largely attended by people representative of the whole countryside. Rev. C. Thomas of the Anglican church, Quyon, conducted services and the pall-bearers were: Messrs. James Steen, Henry Meredith, Meredith Caldwell, Alex. Clarke, Thos. Clarke and Wm. Clarke.

Patriotism and Production

AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCES

Province of Quebec---Series No. 6.

8 April	Ladysmith,	Pontiac Co.	7.30 p. m.
9 "	Calumet Island	" "	7.30 p. m.
10 "	Fort Coulonge	" "	7.30 p. m.
11 "	Chapeau	" "	7.30 p. m.

SPEAKERS:

Victor Sylvestre, St. Hyacinthe, Que.
John Bright, Live Stock Commissioner, Ottawa.
J. H. M. Parker, Lennoxville, Que.

Horses for Sale

- 1 Span Black Mares, 9 years old, one due to foal May 24.
- 1 Span Chestnut Mares, 10 years old, -one weighing 1450 lbs.
- 1 Black Mare, 11 years old, due to foal 12th July.
- 1 Span Black Foals—1 6 months old and one 4 months old.

Also two good sound second hand Single Buggies. All will be sold on easy terms. Apply to

LAWRENCE HODGINS

Charteris, Que.

PICTURE Mouldings.—I have a lot of odd lines that must be cleared out to make room for our Spring shipment. These will be cleared at a reduced rate. Bring along your pictures and have them framed.
H. IMSON.

Our German Canadians.

Prof. Riethdorf, of Woodstock College, addressed a meeting of the citizens of New Hamburg, Ont., one evening last week, in the course of which he drew a sharp line of distinction between the people of Germany and the war aristocracy. The people had had the war foisted upon them by the war lords, and although they patriotically were fighting for Germany, yet they were not to be held responsible for the war and its results.

He thought it impossible that Germans in Canada, who had come here to make their home under the British flag, could sympathize with the act of the German Government. It was easy to understand that the people of Germany, even though knowing that their Government had erred, would stand by their own country. But it was different in this land, where Germans owed everything first to the land of their adoption, the more especially when the war had been begun by a war-ridden aristocracy of Germany.

When the professor had concluded speaking a German clergyman arose in the audience and said he had been referred to as a Pro-German. He did not know that he was a Pro-German. He had been born in Switzerland, of German parentage. "But whatever my feelings may have been," he said, "I now see the matter clearly. My duty is to the land of my adoption. I want to state here before all my people that from this day I am unreservedly with those who would overthrow this war spirit that has brought such grievous things to Germany and to the peoples of other countries."

The audience, composed in large part as it was of German-Canadians, listened in rapt attention to the words of the speaker, who invited Prof. Riethdorf to hold a meeting in his church.

Mining Disaster in B. C.

Vancouver, B. C., March 24—According to reports tonight from Britannia Beach, where a snow and landslide Monday wiped out part of a mining camp, the list of victims now totals 54, two more bodies having been recovered today. All told, 28 bodies have been taken from the debris and the missing number 26.

An inquest held late today failed to throw light on the cause of the slide. Twenty-six bodies were brought by steamer to Vancouver tonight.

Announcement

I wish to inform the general public that I have opened an Undertaking Parlor on my premises, Cor. Main St., Shawville, Que., and am prepared to attend to any calls entrusted to me.

Having taken a course in Embalming in one of the best known and most successful Undertaking and Embalming Schools in Canada, I am prepared to give special attention to this line of business.

All calls attended to promptly and with courtesy.

W. J. HAYES,

Funeral Director. Shawville, Que.

Tax Notice

As there is a fall in the payment of School Taxes in the Municipality of Clarendon, we urge that the matter be attended to by rate-payers immediately. By order of the Board,
M. A. McKINLEY,
Asst. Secy. Treas.
Shawville, March 20, 1915.

Removal Notice

I desire to inform the public that I have removed the Meat Shop to the new premises, next door west of the G. F. Hodgins Co's store, where I am in a better position to cater to the wants of customers than heretofore.

Your esteemed patronage solicited

GEO. PRENDERGAST.

HELP PROTECT THE DEER.

And a her Game during Close Season by reporting at once to the and signed any violation of the Game Law y u be come aware of. Liberal compensation paid for convicting evidence. All correspondence strictly private and confidential.

N. McCUAIC

Prov. Game Warden.

Bryon, January 1913.

Wanted More.

A Western Canadian reservation Indian was disconsolate over the breaking of his axe-handle. He laid his misfortune before the "farmer" of the reservation, who, through pity, took a new handle from his private stock and adjusted it to the axe. The "farmer" then noticed that the axe was shockingly dull; so, motioning the owner to turn the grindstone, he expended a half hour's time in sharpening the blade. When the rehabilitated axe was given to the Indian, he was childishly gleeful, but still lingered about, indicating by his action that some feature of the transaction had not been adjusted. The "farmer" was a little annoyed, and called to an interpreter.

"Ask the old fellow what he wants now," he directed.

After an exchange of grunts and gestures, the interpreter announced, "He wants twenty-five cents."

"Twenty-five cents! What for?"

"For turning the grindstone."

Dr. Tingle's Wit.

Dr. Tingle, Professor of Chemistry at McMaster University, is noted, among other things, for a very quick wit of a decidedly caustic vein. Not long ago while lecturing to a class of freshmen he referred to the formation of hail, and mentioned particularly the varying size of the stones. "The number of times they pass through these different strata of the atmosphere," he said, "determines the size of the stone, which may be that of a pea, a thumb-nail, a hand, or even as large as a man's head."

Here a big green fellow at the back let out an incredulous "Haw! Haw!"

"Depending, of course," continued the professor without a pause, "On the size of the gentleman's head."

New Version of Old Fraud.

The operator of the Spanish prisoner swindle has lately changed his methods.

Instead of posing as a Spanish officer who has hidden the war chest of the Carlists in an accessible mountain, and who is dying in prison, he has now become a Belgian. The newest form of the story is that on the death of his master at the siege of Liege the letter-writer has fled to Spain with \$100,000 worth of Bank of England notes.

Many swindling letters in this form are now being sent to Canada.

New Styles

A nice assortment of the latest styles in
Men's and Youths' Hats
at reasonable prices.

Something new and up-to-date in
Ladies' Blouses and Collars
will be found at

E. B. CAYLER'S, PORTAGE DU FORT.

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You get **QUALITY, STYLE, FIT**
WORKMANSHIP, when you buy from me.

23 years' experience in High Class Tailoring.
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You Aught to be Interested in the NEW SUITS for Spring. Probably you are.



You will enjoy seeing and trying on the attractive garments we are now showing, and we urge you to do so at your earliest convenience.

You may not be ready to buy yet, but you are certainly ready to look. We are ready to show you.

Whether you are interested in \$10.00 suits or \$25.00 ones—or some price in between—you will find a real large assortment here and the qualities at each price represent

Values Unapproachable

Our \$16.00 Blue Serge Suit cannot be duplicated in town at \$20.

See our \$12.00 Serge. It is a peach.

May we have the pleasure of showing these new suits to you soon?

ARCHIE DOVER