

# THE EQUITY.

No. 2, 34TH YEAR.

SHAWVILLE, PONTIAC COUNTY, QUE., THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1916.

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

## THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874

Head Office: - Ottawa, Canada.

Capital Paid Up - \$ 4,000,000  
Reserve and Undivided Profits - 4,998,304  
Total Assets over - 55,000,000

### Board of Directors:

HON. GEORGE BRYSON, JOHN B. FRASER, Vice-President  
SIR HENRY N. BATE, ALEXANDER MACLAREN,  
RUSSELL BLACKBURN, DENIS MURPHY,  
SIR HENRY K. EGAN, HON. SIR GEORGE H. PERLEY,  
E. C. WHITNEY,  
GEORGE BURN, General Manager,  
D. M. FINNIE, Asst-General Manager,  
W. DUTHIE, Chief Inspector.

Fort Coulonge Branch - J. A. McLATCHIE, Manager.  
Campbells Bay Branch - R. LEGER, Manager.  
Portage du Fort Branch - A. H. MULHERN, Manager.

## The Merchants Bank of Canada

Established 1864

### OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT - SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN.  
VICE-PRESIDENT - K. W. BLACKWELL.  
GEN. MANAGER - E. F. HEDDEN.

Paid up Capital - \$7,000,000  
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits - 7,250,984  
Total Assets - 86,190,400

209 Branches and Agencies in Canada.

### A SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNT

Of One Dollar and upwards draws interest at best current rates.

### Branches at Shawville and Quyon.

W. F. DRUM - Manager, Shawville  
A. A. REID - Acting Manager, Quyon.

## THE HARDWARE STORE

### PARIS GREEN

Berger's Best  
English Make  
in 1 pound tins

Guaranteed Absolutely Pure.

Would advise early buying, as  
indications point to a short  
supply.

J. H. SHAW.

### Read Dover's Ad.

Indoors or not, on your travels or at home, Kodak is at your service. Catalogues furnished upon request. H. IMISON.

Several of our townsfolk motored to Pembroke on Sunday. Some of the number attended evening service in the Presbyterian church which was the occasion of a masonic parade.

GARDEN SOCIAL--The ladies of St. Paul's Church Guild and congregation have decided to hold the annual garden social at the rectory, on Thursday evening next, July 6th. Usual admission.

MILLINERY REDUCED - Miss M. Prendergast wishes to announce that she will sell the remainder of her stock of summer millinery from now till July 1st, at reduced prices.

A Pic-Nic in aid of St. Mary's Parish will be held at Quyon on July 5th. Among the list of attractions may be mentioned a baseball match, also field and aquatic sports. A brass band has been engaged.

WON SCHOLARSHIP--In the recent Academy exams, Willard Hodgins, youngest son of Mr. E. T. Hodgins, of this village, won the Scholarship offered by the School Board to the pupil who received the highest total of marks in compulsory subjects in Grade VII. This pupil's marks were 838, out of a possible 1100.

A SUCCESS--The lawn social in aid of the Red Cross Society, held at the home of Mr. Alex. Hodgins, 7th line, on Wednesday evening last, was marked with good success, from a financial standpoint. The weather was not the very choicest kind for an event of that sort, but it did not prevent a large turnout. A good supper was served, and the absence of a program enabled those present to amuse themselves in whatever manner they saw fit. Revs. McCallum and Hurst were present, and gave short addresses. The amount realized was well over \$50.00. This will be utilized by the local branch in purchasing supplies necessary for carrying on their work, such as knitting socks, sewing, etc.

We have one hundred suits too many, hence our reason for the 15% reduction, we want to sell 50 on Friday. Come and help us to do it. DOVER.

FINISHED--To all external appearance the post office building is now practically finished--the clock for the circular recess over the front entrance alone being lacking; but the office fixtures have yet to be installed. These, for which a separate contract was awarded to a firm in Berlin, Ont., have not yet arrived. The interior of the building has been effectively finished off in chestnut, merely oiled and varnished, displaying a rich, beautiful grain, while the floors are of thoroughly seasoned birch.

Without attempting any elaborate description of the structure just now, it may be stated that the work, with the exception of part of the bricklaying and the plumbing, was all performed by local mechanics and laborers.

The laying out of the building and the disposition of all the wood-work, from the elaborate forms used in moulding the basement; to the last board in the top storey, (which is finished with a hopper roof) was under the superintendence of Mr. Ed. Finnigan, assisted by Mr. Reggie Hodgins, who have no apologies to make for the manner in which the task has been completed. It is good to know that we have local men capable of turning out a job so imminently satisfactory, and it seems to us the contractors, Messrs. Howard & Elliott, were fortunate in securing their services.

The post office certainly betrays nothing of the flimsy or shoddy nature. Everything is solid and substantial and finished in true workmanship style.

Rainy weather in July. You need one of our raincoats. DOVER.

Members of O. Y. B., No. 394 are reminded that a special meeting will be held on Thursday evening--29th.

The Shawville Lodge of Orange Young Britons, which as taken in a number of new members since last year, purposes attending the Celebration at Renfrew on July 12.

Saturday being Dominion Day, the stores in town will be closed. People of the surrounding districts are requested to keep this in mind.

### Read Dover's Ad.

### Personal.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Wilson of Ottawa spent Sunday in town.

Miss Powles, of Montreal, is visiting her brother, Dr. Powles, in town.

Mrs. Robert Hobbs, Ottawa, has been visiting some of her Shawville friends.

Miss M. K. Thomson left last week to spend the summer months at her home in Portage du Fort.

Mr. James Waddell, of Metcalfe, Ont., spent a day or two in town last week, the guest of his daughter, Dolly.

Capt. F. C. and Mrs. Smyth arrived in town Saturday evening. The Capt. left again Monday morning.

The Rev. Jas. A. Bain, a former pastor of the Wesleyan Methodist congregation, received the greetings of many old friends during his attendance at the camp meeting at the Exhibition hall here last week.

Rev. I. Strowbridge and Mrs. Strowbridge, O. Lake, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. Powles on Sunday and Monday. Mr. Strowbridge took the services on Sunday in St. Paul's church in the absence of the rector.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Shadel purpose motoring to Cornwall on Friday, if the roads are not in too bad a condition. The store will be closed in this event from Friday till following Tuesday--July 4.

A note from Wesley A. Glenn, of Tide Lake, Alta., (50 miles N. W. of Medicine Hat) states that prospects for a good wheat crop in that section are fine. The grain is now about eight inches above ground, which is a little late owing to the backward Spring. Seeding has been finished about three weeks, and now "breaking" the prairie and grain-hauling is the order of the day. Wesley adds that there are lots of mosquitoes to keep a fellow from being homesick.

Of all the roads this Spring, people tell us that known as the Portage road is by far the worst. The editor has not seen it this year, but judging from others he has travelled over it must, indeed, be some road. Now, gentlemen of the Clarendon Council, surely you will not let the summer go by without doing something to remove this standing grievance. Being a main thoroughfare between two important centres this road should get some special attention.

The garden party given by the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church on the parsonage lawn last Thursday evening was fairly well patronized, considering that the weather was far from pleasant for a function of that kind, but was such as to suggest a cosy corner indoors, near a glowing fire place for those desiring comfort. Despite this drawback, however, the program of serving tea and refreshments in the open was carried out, with the musical entertainment following, in which Miss L. P. McDowell, Miss Annie Wainman, Miss Violet Smith and Dr. Powles were the chief contributors.

### Orange Demonstration.

The Orange Association of the County of Pontiac, held at Shawville on June 13th, decided to celebrate the 12th of July at Shawville in the exhibition grounds. Nine Lodges are invited to participate. JOHN H. SMILEY, County Secretary.

Write, Suite 7, Regina Court, Regina, Sask. if interested in the exchange of an eastern farm, for a private residence in that City.

Kodaks, I have a nice assortment on hand at all times. Fresh films and supplies. Finishing for amateurs a specialty. H. IMISON.

Remember our prices on clothing are always low; but when we reduce them by 15% you should take advantage of them. A. DOVER.

### Summer Millinery

A complete and up-to-date stock of Ladies' and Children's Millinery will be seen at Miss J. J. Findlay's home.

Call at the house--next door to the old stand, Fort Coulonge.

Your friends can buy anything you can give them--except your photograph. Don't put off until to-morrow, have a sitting to-day. H. IMISON.

Mr. A. E. Draper purchased a new Ford last week, which he purposes using in his livery business.

The H. M. Club of Austin will meet at the home of Mrs. Geo. McCagg on July 4th, at 2.30 p. m. Program: Paper on how to destroy house flies; Reading; Roll call; Warm weather suggestion.

Conditions this year would render justifiable the shifting forward of "mid-summer day" from June 21st to a month or so later--until at least we could boast of having had some summer weather. Eh?

The movement to hold a demonstration in Shawville on Dominion Day seems to have got no further than the initial stage and then dropped. The town needs some organization such as an athletic association or citizens' committee to take in hand such matters year by year.

Mr. Jas. T. Pattison, the founder of the Pontiac Advance, (which ceased publication some years ago) has five grandsons serving with the colors. One of the number, Lloyd Pattison, son of James Pattison of Toronto, is at present in hospital in Flanders, suffering from shell shock.

The Recital by Miss Hazel Ballantyne's Music Class, will begin on Wednesday evening, July 5th, in Masonic Hall, Shawville, at 8 o'clock. In addition to the performances by the pupils, there will be vocal selections and readings. Miss Mary Ballantyne, soloist; Miss Erwin, reciter. Admission fee: Silver collection for Red Cross.

The Bristol and Clarendon H. M. Club will hold their monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. Joseph Glenn, on July 6th at 2 o'clock. Subjects: Report of convention at Macdonald College by Miss J. Armstrong; The annual Provincial Report by Miss F. Campbell; A Trip to Idaho by Mrs. T. Macfarlane; Laundry Work (continued) by Mrs. M. Cowley; Roll Call.

Rev. Heman and Mrs. Osborne, for several years in charge of a congregation at Belleville, were here this week, guests of the former's brother, Mr. E. D. Osborne and Mrs. Osborne. Rev. Mr. Osborne has received a call to Victoria, B. C., and will take charge of his new field in August. In the meantime this worthy couple are paying "goodbye visits" to their many friends at different points in the east.--Annapolis Watchman.

Your family have been pleading with you for years. Sitting for a portrait is a matter of minutes only--the same efficient methods you demand in your business are observed in ours. Make an appointment to-day? H. IMISON.

### Results--Not Claims

BOWLING Business College. OTTAWA, ONT.

is not known by what it CLAIMS, but by what it DOES.

We give complete SHORTHAND, BOOKKEEPING, and CIVIL SERVICE COURSES.

WINTER TERM opens Monday, January 3rd.

For full information apply.

W. E. GOWLING, H. G. W. BRAITHWAITE, President. Principal.

### HENRY'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL

Ottawa, Ont.

Since January, 1913, more than 235 students have come to us from other local business colleges.

Our Civil Service record of FIRST, SECOND, and FOURTH places for all Canada has never been equaled.

Do not these facts indicate undoubted superiority?

Our instruction being individual, you may begin at any time.

D. E. HENRY, PRESIDENT.  
Cor. Bank and Sparks Sts.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE--Driving Horse, 850 lbs. for Driving Mare about 1050--would allow reasonable difference. Box 4, Fort Coulonge, Que.

CONCRETE CULVERTS, PIPES AND curbs for wells sold at Works Contracts made with Municipalities to manufacture Pipes in their own localities. H. T. McDOWELL & SONS, Shawville Que.

### Births

At 575 Bronson Ave., Ottawa, on June 15th, to Mr. and Mrs. Wellington Brouse, a son.

At South Porcupine, Ont., on June 10th, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Helmer, a son.

### Deaths

The remains of Frederick Steinke a Thorne young man, who died in the Rideau Street, hospital, were taken off the train here on Tuesday evening of last week, and conveyed to his late home. The deceased was a son of Mr. Fred Steinke of Bristol, and was about 20 years of age. His death was due to diabetes.

P. M. REPORTS HIM DEAD--For many years past a copy of THE EQUITY has been mailed to Mr. Alex. Lindsay, at various points in British Columbia and also in Washington State. Mr. Lindsay resided at one time in Pontiac and had the local paper sent to him in order that he might still keep in touch with what goes on around this district. For some time past his address has been Alberni, B. C., but it is probably two years or more since we have had any word from him. A few days ago, however, an official notice from the postmaster at Alberni stated that Mr. Lindsay's paper was not delivered for the following reason:--"Dead." That was all.

There now seems no longer any doubt that General Mercer, of the Third Canadian Division, met his death at the battle of Hooge, June 2-5, in which more Canadians lost their lives, as evidenced by the grim casualty lists that are being published day after day. Inquiry has elicited the information that he was not taken prisoner, but no trace of him can be found.

## W. A. HODGINS

SHAWVILLE

### Grocery Dept.

### Baking Powder

We call attention to a new line, put up for us by the Litzer Pure Food Co. of Toronto, and for want of a name we style it

### "OUR OWN"

We offer this Baking Powder to our customers absolutely guaranteed.

We want to get our lady friends to give it a fair trial and will sell our first half gross without profit, and agree to refund the price if you return the empty tin, and tell us IT WAS NO GOOD.

Full 16 oz. Tins. Price for a few weeks to introduce, only 20c.

### Fruit Season

Try a Sack of

Crystal Pure Granulated Sugar

SEALERS

RUBBERS

PAROFINE WAX

## W. A. HODGINS



## THE CAMPER

It was early morning on Lake Golden. The air slowly surrendered its chilliness under the lengthening rays of the sun. The teapot sputtered over the coals, and bacon flavors filtered gratefully to the nostrils. The Old Veteran squatted himself comfortably on a granite boulder and nodded toward the fire. "Boys," he said, "there don't look to be anything dangerous in a little bunch of coals, does there?"

"Not this side of a powder factory," chipped in the Youngster.

The Old Veteran tapped his pipe bowl significantly. "Some day we're going to have an argument about which is the best spot to trifle with fire—a powder factory or a forest, and I think the forest will come last. One advantage about the powder factory is that you know the worst right off. But in the forest, you may walk for days and have the fire of your own making overtake you."

"That doesn't sound reasonable," the Youngster broke in.

"And it won't," agreed the Veteran, "until some time you start a camp fire in a bog or on pine needles and after a week's absence come face to face with your own fire in the shape of a blackened township. There's lots of surprises in store for you, my lad. I have known camp fires to burrow into a boggy soil, although doused with many pails of water, and remain there for two weeks, travelling underground until they came in contact with the dry duff of a fine old pinery, then to dart upward and turn hundreds of acres into a roaring furnace. The only safe way is never to take chances with a camp fire, never build one except on rocks or gravel and never go away until it is dead out. I have followed that rule now for twenty years."

"You certainly make the camp fire responsible for a lot of damage."

"Can't exaggerate it, because I have seen the proofs with my own eyes. I have crossed Canada with parties of geologists and civil engineers and forest engineers and seen so many thousands of acres lying charred and useless, so many rivers and streams dried up from lack of tree life, so many beautiful camping and fishing spots spoiled for all time, that I said to myself, 'Never you become responsible for this sort of crime.' And I believe I have lived up to it."

"But smoking!" said the Youngster. "Suppose that I—"

"Suppose that you threw down a lighted cigarette or a burning match alongside the trail, or emptied hot pipe ashes, I should feel like giving you a very good licking. Lighted tobacco and matches are just camp-fires in concentrated form. They all have the possibilities of another 'Porcupine fire horror,' and for a man to carelessly toss away the beginnings of a conflagration is to brand himself an amateur woodsman and an enemy to society."

By this time we had made away with the bacon and were glorying in the nectar of camp-fire tea. The Youngster, of course, had finished first, and was lending a hand at striking camp.

Up from the shore came the guide, lugging two pails of water. He emptied them on the small bed of coals and returned for a further supply. Not until the fourth pail had immersed the blackened remnants of the fire did he look contented.

"I see you take no chances," remarked the Veteran.

"I too learned my lesson," answered the guide. "If forests are not kept green, there's no hunting and fishing, and no tourists—and the guide's job disappears. This is only self-defence."—Robson Black, Canadian Forestry Association.

## CODDLING THE POLES.

### Germans Making Desperate Efforts to Win Their Friendship.

The following is an extract from a private letter which was written in Warsaw and, escaping the Teuton censor, reached London:

It is the very astonishing volte face in the Prussian attitude toward us which is most to be feared and fought against. No thinking Pole believes it to be sincere or lasting. The Germans have got themselves so hated everywhere that they now see the necessity for making new friends. God forbid that my people should fall into such a trap, though, alas, a great many have already done so—that newborn bourgeoisie or commercial class, which owed its birth mainly to German gold and is now dancing to the tune called. Each day the subsidized press sing the wondrous benefits of German rule: "The children will be Polish." "The country is being rebuilt." "The Emperor has promised to send an army to Serbia if necessary to bring back the Polish exiles." And similar tragic nonsense. We, who know Germany better than she knows herself, are not deceived. Another Frederick, only a worse one, is on the throne.

The Germans could not be nicer to us for the moment. All we ask for us get, and what we don't get outright we're promised. The governor and the governor's sons kow-tow to our old families. Shooting parties have even begun, while the peasantry starves. Those stirring national dramas and ballets so long banned we can indulge in unrestrained. The German officers are even the most vigorous applauders.

## FRENCH WAR VICTIMS.

### They Are Conserving Every Scrap of Wood and Metal.

The idea that enormous quantities of material will be immediately in demand to rebuild the destroyed sections of France and Belgium once peace comes seems mistaken, writes a correspondent at British headquarters in France.

"We shall not be able to buy many things until we have something to sell which will bring us money to buy with," said a citizen of Ypres, the most ruined of cities, and where the wreckage is still pounded by shells. No civilian inhabitants are allowed to live in the city; but an indication of how reconstruction will begin is evident in the shanties which have been built near the front, often in the zone of shellfire. Boards, discarded oilcans beaven flat, salvaged tiles or bricks and any other kind of material that can be procured at no expense are used to make a shelter for a man and his family.

When the refugee returns to his ruined village or town in the fighting zone his first object will be a roof over his head before he sets out to reclaim acres which have grown up to weeds and are pock-marked with shell holes; or, if he is in business, he will want any kind of temporary premises on the site of his old place of business—which he will occupy because it is his and because it is there that his old customers may expect to find him.

The simple wooden houses which the army has built for "rest camps" for the soldiers when out of the trenches, will become squatter settlements. Only less amazing than the amount of material which the army will leave behind because it is not worth transporting back to England will be the use the thrifty French and Belgians will make of it. For up to the very moment of peace, whether it comes this year or five years hence, the army must have ample material in reserve for continuing the war. Lumber, wooden supports for barb wire, timbering for the trenches and dugouts all will be adapted to their necessities by impoverished people who have suffered from the loss of property and enforced idleness. Any funds they have saved will be needed for immediate capital to buy stocks of goods or farm implements and animals. It will probably be years before the permanent buildings will take the place of temporary shelters.

The restoration of such splendid public buildings as the Cloth Hall at Ypres, and the Hotel de Ville in Arras, will come only when the civic prosperity will permit, unless an indemnity or a government grant is distributed for the purpose. Even in that case the first practical use of money and labor will be to restore business to something like its normal functions.

## WHERE HEROES LIE BURIED.

### Burial Ground of Battlefield is Specially Consecrated.

It mustn't be thought that officers and men killed at the front are buried in nameless graves if it is at all possible to prevent it, says London Answers. Behind the firing lines of all the armies, as a matter of fact ground is specially marked off and consecrated for soldiers' graves.

In France the French Government have recently passed a law by which they have generously given as much land as may be wanted to bury our heroic dead. The land, too, is given completely to the British Government so that our soldiers' graves will always be a permanent sign of the fact that British and French had fought side by side in the greatest war in the world's history.

There was recently appointed a special committee whose business it is to see that the graves of our fallen officers and men are properly cared for. Every grave is numbered and identified by the name and rank of the dead man. When a soldier is buried on the battlefield, he is always wrapped in his army blanket.

At present most of the graves in these military cemeteries are surrounded by plain white wooden crosses bearing the soldier's name number and regiment. In time permanent memories will be erected where our men fought and died.

## COMPARISON OF TWO NAVIES.

### Sea Strength of Britain and Germany at Beginning of 1916.

	Built.	Building.
The New York Herald gives the following as a probably accurate table of the strength of the British and German navies at the beginning of 1916:		
England—		
Battleships.....	58	14
Battle cruisers.....	9	1
Cruisers.....	47	—
Light cruisers.....	65	20
Torpedo vessels.....	25	1
Destroyers.....	201	36
Torpedo boats.....	106	—
Submarines.....	69	27
Germany—		
Battleships.....	35	6
Battle cruisers.....	4	3
Cruisers.....	9	—
Light cruisers.....	43	6
Torpedo vessels.....	—	—
Destroyers.....	133	12
Torpedo boats.....	80	—
Submarines.....	24	14
How many of the vessels classified as "building" have been put in commission it is, of course, impossible to calculate.		



The Historical Touch. "Well, Alfred, 'ow are the cakes?"—By Captain Bruce Bairnsfather, in London Bystander.

## MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

### Annual Report Shows Assets Approaching the Hundred Million Mark.

In presenting to the Shareholders the 53rd Annual Statement of the Merchants Bank of Canada, the General Manager expressed the policy of the Bank during the War as one of "Safety First"—maintaining a very strong position in cash and immediately available resources, ready for any emergency or development in these times of world wide financial certainty.

A study of the Bank's Annual Statement for the year ending April 29th, 1916, shows how fully this policy has been carried out. Assets which are or can be immediately converted into cash have reached a total of \$40,960,486—an increase of over Seven and Three-Quarter Millions from the remarkably good showing of a year ago.

By this policy of keeping well prepared and entrenched, the Merchants Bank of Canada has favorably impressed the depositing public at home and abroad, and deposits have grown in the twelve months covered by the statement by the considerable sum of Ten Millions, reaching a total of \$72,177,029.15. These deposits reflect a measure of confidence on the part of the public which has been very gratifying to the proprietary of the Bank.

Total Assets also show a very substantial increase of over Ten Million Dollars, and amount to \$96,361,363.07. This does not include any mortgages, while overdue debts and real estate, other than Bank Premises, total only \$341,549.47 or less than 2/5 of one per cent. of the total assets. Another year of such solid progress will bring the Merchants Bank of Canada well into the class of Hundred Million Dollar financial institutions.

Profits during the year were necessarily restricted by the policy of maintaining so high a ratio of liquid reserve or assets that could be converted immediately into cash. Current commercial loans and discounts in Canada, the main source of a Canadian Bank's profits, increased comparatively little from last year, and net profits fell off slightly to \$950,713.42. This, with the balance brought forward from the previous year, enabled the Bank to meet all dividend charges, contribute generously to patriotic and Red Cross funds, transfer \$150,000 to Contingent Fund, and carry forward \$250,984.12.

The feeling of the Directors as expressed at the Annual Meeting, is one of quiet yet complete confidence in the future prosperity of the Dominion, and a readiness to devote the growing resources of the Merchants Bank of Canada to sound development and up-building.

## Lucky Find.

"Ah see yo' is housecleanin'," said Mrs. Snow White.

"Yes," replied Mrs. Marsh Green, "dey is nothin' like movin' things 'round once in a while. Why, I dea come ercross a pair ob slippers under de bed dat ah hadn't seen foh five years."

## Not Always.

Mrs. Slummer—My poor woman, does your husband always drink like this?

Mrs. O'Grady—No, mum. Sometimes he gets out of work.

## DRUNKENNESS IS GREATLY REDUCED

### MUCH LESS THAN A YEAR AGO IN ENGLAND.

### Great Increase in the Efficiency of Workmen as Result of Restrictions.

Remarkable figures showing how in previous years the number of Great Britain as a result of the regulations made by the Central Control Board are given in the second report of the board, which has just been issued.

During the five years 1909-13 there was a steady rise in the number of convictions for drunkenness. A tendency to fall became apparent in 1914 and the earlier months of 1915, but the rapid decline did not set in until the orders made by the board came into operation. In the London area the average weekly convictions before October 11, 1915, when the order came into force, were 1,011; the average weekly convictions for the first twelve weeks of this year were 595. In December, 1913, the total convictions numbered 5,701; in December, 1914, they were 5,295; and last December they were 3,105. In February of this year the figures had fallen to 2,506. Equally good results have been observed in other parts of the country. Taking four districts, the North-East Coast (including Newcastle, Liverpool, and the Mersey), the Midlands (including Birmingham), and the West Riding of Yorkshire (including Sheffield), the average convictions during the first twelve weeks of the present year were 314, as compared with an average of 597 before the respective orders were made.

### Over 40 Per Cent. Reduction.

The impressive character of the figures is clearly brought out by the chart which is reproduced above. The statistics gathered by the board indicate a reduction of drunkenness of from 40 to 50 per cent. In Scotland the fall in convictions were not satisfactory until the board, on February 28, closed several houses which had openly ignored the restrictions. Since that date a perceptible improvement has been recorded, although the percentage of reduction does not, on the whole, compare favorably with that in English areas.

The evidence of figures is supplemented by official testimony from many quarters. In a report received from the Admiralty on March 28 it is stated that the restriction had considerably increased the efficiency of the transport service, and the principal officer at Southampton has commented on the increased efficiency of all the labor at the docks. The Army Council informed the board on January 29, 1916, that the orders of the board have had a beneficial effect on the discipline, training, and efficiency of soldiers, and have helped in the recovery of sick and wounded. Statements received through the Board of Trade from the larger ports of England and Wales were singularly uniform in their testimony to the advantages resulting from the regulations. There has been a diminution of drunkenness among sailors, firemen, and dock laborers, and ships have in consequence got away with less delay than before.

### Not Exclusively Repressive.

The work of the board is not exclusively of a repressive kind. Among the most important of their duties is the constructive task of facilitating and encouraging, and, if necessary, themselves undertaking, the supply of food for munition and transport workers. The absence of proper facilities for obtaining wholesome nourishment leads indirectly to drinking. It is not possible to state the exact number of canteens provided, but additional provision has now been made for the daily refreshment of tens of thousands of dock and munition workers. The powers given to the board to take over and manage public houses, or without license to carry on the sale or supply of intoxicating liquor, refreshments, or tobacco, have been exercised only in three districts.

In October, 1915, the board appointed a committee of women under the chairmanship of Mrs. Creighton, to inquire into and advise the board in regard to the alleged excessive drinking among women. This committee has since recommended the adoption of more drastic restrictions as to the distribution and canvassing for the sale of drink; the withdrawal of the recommendation that the wives of sailors and soldiers should not be charged for drunkenness except after a first or second offence; the appointment by a central authority of special plainclothes inspectors to visit the public houses and see that the rules against serving drunken persons, treating and drinking out side are observed; and of special inspectors, of the same standing as factory or other Government inspectors, to visit towns to keep the local police up to the mark; and the reduction of the number of licensed houses.

"Papa, George says he is very much worried about his income." "I should not think he would worry about a little thing like that."

## Free Map

The maps of the Porcupine and Cobalt Camps, finished in colors, are now about ready for distribution to all who are interested. These will prove invaluable to those anxious to obtain success in the mining market.

### The Issue is Limited File Your Application at Once! A Postcard Will Bring It.

Private wire connecting all markets.

HAMILTON B. WILLS  
(Member Standard Stock Exchange)  
4 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO

## FRENCH COURTS-MARTIAL

### Have Sentenced Fifteen Men to Death for Various Offences.

The veil of secrecy is nowhere deeper than over the doings of the court-martial. In one division of the French army it is known that since the beginning of the war the court-martial has dealt with 315 cases. It has passed the death sentence on 24 men, of whom, however, only 15 were executed, the other 9 obtaining pardons or commutations.

An officer, attached to this division as a permanent court official, has given to a correspondent of the London Daily Mail some details of the workings of the tribunal. "You must remember," he said, "that armies today are made up of men of all shades and colors of belief and creed, anarchists, republicans, royalists, atheists and what not. Out of this material we have welded together an army, the like of which the world has never seen. It is not, however, the bad eggs, of whom there are a few in every regiment, who give us trouble in the matter of desertion in the face of the enemy, but rather the better sort of fellows, who cannot understand the military necessity of harsh discipline."

"Our first court-martial in a case of this kind occurred fairly early in the war. We were new to the business ourselves, but it was a flagrant breach, and to check its repetition it had to be dealt with according to the rules of the war. The man was duly tried and sentenced. I went to his cell and read the death sentence to him. He listened without seeming to understand what had taken place, and that he was condemned to die."

"That night I instructed an officer to call for a firing squad. Our firing squads are always composed of volunteers, 12 men. Not a man volunteered for that task. We had to commandeer a squad. The prisoner was marched out at dawn, stood quietly facing the leveled rifles, and died without faltering. I am sure he never realized the gravity of his offense. But war is war."

"Now it is different. The men know the value of discipline, know that a breach may endanger the lives of many comrades, or even the safety of France, and though breaches of this kind still occur, they are met in a different spirit. Now when I call for a firing squad 50 men at once volunteer."

"Is the family notified that a man has been executed?" asked the interviewer.

"Yes and no," the officer replied. "The French code is peculiar. Notification of death is sent to the family soon after the execution as though the man died in action. Then three months later the family receives a bill for 12.55 francs (\$2.50), the expenses of the execution. But otherwise there is no publicity. The grave is not marked officially, but a record is kept, so that it will not be difficult to locate later on."

"Occasionally we have to deal with the case of a man who has become sick of the trenches and thinks that the easiest way to get an honorable discharge is to wound himself, shoot off his trigger finger or the like. This is a capital offense in time of war, and is invariably so punished."

"A recent case of this kind was that of a young lieutenant who was married three days before the outbreak of the war. He was a gallant soldier, but after a few months he became homesick, and to get back to his wife was his one desire. Months passed and he could not get leave so he took matters in his own hands and drove a bullet through his left forearm. He did not stop to think that it would soon be discovered that his wound was caused by a French bullet."

"He was court-martial and sentenced to be shot. I read the death sentence, but a few hours later a pardon reached us. But the lieutenant knew his duty and fell fighting in the field without ever seeing his wife again."

## Highways Saved France.

A recent correspondent of the Associated Press, writing from Paris, tells how the military highways of France have, upon more than one occasion, saved the French front, after German long-range artillery with consummate skill had cut the French railroad lines of communication, dropping with the precision of clockwork as many as 80,000 shells upon short sections of track in the van of approaching supplies and men. Yet each time the automobile caravans brought up the reinforcements of cannon, munitions, food and water.



## RUNNING WATER IN THE HOME IS A GREAT BOON

The Pneumatic System May Be Installed in a Farm House at Moderate Cost.

Providing a satisfactory water-works system for the home is something of a problem. In far too many farm residences no better provision is made to supply water than the pumps of well and cistern, perhaps many yards from the kitchen. Of course the cost of installation has always stood in the way—hence the problem aforementioned. But now since different excellent systems have been devised especially for the farmer, comparatively cheap, easily operated and very efficient, the expense is not so troublesome a factor. Certainly the benefits derived far outweigh the cost.

Few, perhaps, but are scions of the advantages of running water in the house. But too often the investment possibilities are not considered. It pays, of course, to purchase a binder or build a silo because crops couldn't be cut or stock fed economically otherwise. The labor-saving and feed-saving possibilities are so apparent that few doubt them. Hence binders and silos are accepted as improvements over old methods that must be adopted as matters of course.

### An Investment that Pays.

But when it comes to an improvement in the house! Well, the old way accomplishes its end—the family is supplied with water—and that's often the end of it. It pays in comfort, of course, but it doesn't appear to be a paying investment in dollars and cents. And yet it is logical to suppose that the wife and mother can work as efficiently by employing methods and using machinery her mother did before her? It doesn't stand to reason. And efficiency is a matter of money, whether it be developed in the house or in the fields. A waterworks system will promote the health of the family, will save wrinkles and backaches, and will make life more pleasant. That's argument enough for it, surely.

The advantages definitely enumerated make a long list. Cleanliness re-

much of it and would be grateful for better bathing accommodation.

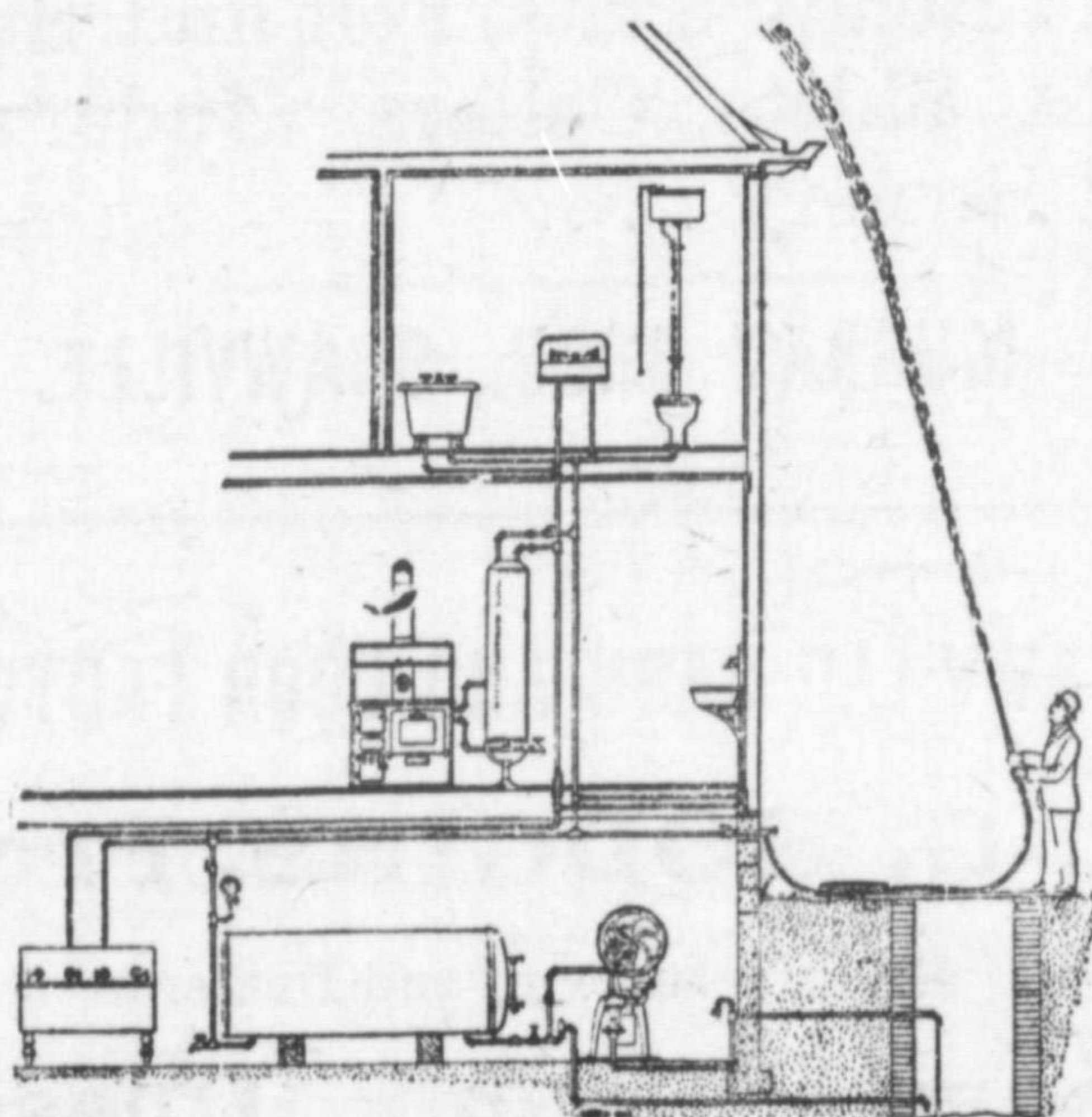
### Helps to Swat the Fly.

Among other hygienic advantages there need be no kitchen and laundry slops thrown about the yard. This produces a breeding ground for flies. If slops be thrown continually in one place, especially if it be shaded, malaria or typhoid are often germinated. The sanitary toilet in the bathroom removes another cause of these same troubles.

There are various devices in use, by means of which the rural home may enjoy the advantages of a domestic waterworks system. Some of the older schemes have been improved upon. There is the windmill system, which is not entirely satisfactory on still days unless precautions have been taken. The elevated tank into which water is pumped by hand, windmill hydraulic room, or other power, is a good system. The disadvantages are that the tank must be elevated, in attic, haymow, tower or on high land. In the latter the water is liable to freeze. The attic is generally used, but there is danger of leaks causing damage. Then, too, in the elevated tank, soft water has usually been used, so that the pressure and supply are at the mercy of the season.

In recent years the pneumatic tank or compressed air system has been giving entire satisfaction in thousands of homes in Canada. The large steel tank is placed in the cellar or stable, or underground, so that damage from leaks and freezing in winter are avoided. The airtight tank is fitted with a water glass and pressure gauge. These register the height of water and the pressure, so that when the water falls extra air may be pumped in. The tank may be placed upright or horizontally.

With the pneumatic system the water is pumped into the tank at the bottom, and as it rises it compresses the air in the tank into a small space at the top. When a tap is opened the



Sectional View of Residence in which a Pneumatic System has been installed. This may be Operated by Hand or Power.

quires more water for culinary purposes than sometimes is used, because of the inconvenience of securing it, when it must be carried in a pail.

Then instead of cold water always on tap, the drinking supply is frequently rendered unwholesome, warm and stale after being exposed for hours in the house. There may be hot water also which saves heating water in vessels for culinary, bath and laundry purposes. Time and labor are greatly economized on wash-days by the stationary tubs under taps of hot and cold water from which the water drains away. The well kept kitchen sink, with a sink board and strainer, provides a handy place for dishwashing.

The bathroom with basin and bath tub saves much time and greatly increases the comfort of bathing. Nothing is so refreshing as the warm plunge after a day of baking over a hot stove in summer. Plenty of warm water and soap will remove the dust better, after the haymaking or threshing is done, than a swim. The farmer's lad may not be handy to a creek anyway.

The baby's daily bath and the Saturday round-up of the older children are not so arduous for the mother with an up-to-date bathroom. The running hot water helps the young farmer scour his hands and remove the stubble from his face when he is in a hurry to call on her. Frequent bathing is necessary to clean healthy skins and bodies.

Hard working farm dwellers require

### Well Mated.

"Are they well mated?" "Perfectly! He likes to make money and she likes to spend it."

Most domestic unhappiness is caused by the stubborn insistence on the part of one or the other in being boss.

Papa—"Yes, my son if you want to learn anything well you must begin at the bottom." Little Bobby—"How about swimming, pa?"

Kisses are the real thing only when backed up by the heart.

Somehow or other we never care to spend much time with the man who isn't really as mean as he appears to be.

Tramp—"Yes, I rode a bike once, but I 'ad to give it up." Cyclist—"Why?" Tramp—"Well, ye see, the owner was a comin' up be'ind, and the policeman 'ad a rope stretched across the front!"

## THE FASHIONS

### The Sport Shirt and Skirt.

For true sport, the vacation girl must dress the part, whether her outing be a tramping tour, a camping trip, a mountain climb, or just the conventional round of tennis, golf, and boating. This annual week or two of freedom, open air and sunshine must carry us through another year, so let us make the most of our outing.

Perhaps the most comfortable general outfit for the girl who likes a long cross-country tramp, is the short skirt of corduroy, with heavy tan boots, not too high, well oiled to prevent wetting through, a soft tan flannel shirt, made on the order of a man's, with pockets, and soft roll collar, and a soft felt or Panama hat, which is light of weight and wide enough of brim to keep the face from burning.



Slip-On Blouse and Linen Skirt

Dogskin or wash chambray gloves may be worn if one has the patience for them, and desires to keep the hands smooth and white. These sport shirts are being used generally for even the most conventional sports purposes. They are developed in many suitable materials, ranging from flannel to the elaborately colored, checked and striped silk shirtings and taffetas; and may be purchased from about one dollar and twenty-five cents to fifteen dollars and beyond. The comfortable and practical sport shirts are fashioned of the colored cotton velours and corduroys, the vividly striped linens and canvas weaves, smart mixtures of Scotch and English chevrons and tweeds, soft wool plaids and checks, and for real hard usage the regulation corduroys, and khaki. These skirts are cut short, full enough for comfort, and well supplied with pockets. They usually fit trimly around waist and hips, and combined with a natty sport blouse or shirt, form a smart, becoming costume.

### Coats and Sweaters.

Sweaters, or sweater coats, are decidedly comfortable and practical articles.



Modified Middy with Novel Pockets

des to complete the sport costume. These sweater coats are made of the new striped and plain jersey cloths in wool or silk; of corduroy, in the bright, pretty colorings favored for this purpose; of broadcloth, flannel, tweed, and similar fabrics. They are, as a rule, unlined and may be fashion-

ed at home to be as effective as those purchased, and much less expensive. The striped linen suit, with plain coat, illustrated here, is a perfectly appropriate suit for the beach, boardwalk, or general daytime wear. The blouse is one of the new middys, effectively trimmed with collar, cuffs, and wide, roomy pockets of the striped material used for the skirt.

A smart little sport coat of one of the striped silks, glove or jersey, may be appropriately worn with various frocks and on various occasions. For instance it is not out of place to slip on one of these soft silken coats over the dance or afternoon frock, if one is chilly, and there is no danger of crushing the frock; and they are quite the usual thing to wear over the lingerie dress, either for daytime or evening.

There are many effective blouses, cut Russian or modified middy fashion, developed in these soft silks, linens, and novelty fabrics, and commonly called sport blouses, but being appropriately worn for the various daytime occasions aside from sports. An especially pretty design is shown here, combined with a skirt of white serge. This model slips on over the head, and is made of the new glove silk, in black and white stripes; the blouse is smartly trimmed with collar, cuffs and girdle of the serge. Such a costume is charming and sensible for the girl who plays tennis and indulges in similar sports, and it may be worn quite as appropriately by the girl who merely looks on.

### Sporting and Walking Shoes.

Whether it is the influence of the sports fad, or just a natural reaction from uncomfortable heels and pointed toes, one sees numbers of sensible shoes worn by smartly dressed women these days. Of course there is the distinct sports shoe for tennis, or golf, with rubber sole and heel, and the heavy tramping or hunting boot. But there is another shoe, a typical walking shoe, which is beginning to be seen on the street, worn with the smartly tailored suit of serge or linen; this shoe or tie has a broad heel, a round toe and a generally sensible, smart appearance. One of the most charming low shoes of the season, worn for the street, with a tailored suit, is of patent leather with heels which resemble closely the old fashioned spring heels of the child's shoe. These are smart, new, and comfortable. For those who find the backward tilt of the low heel rather uncomfortable at first, there comes an air cushion or inside heel which may be slipped into the shoe, adding to the comfort and giving the same effect as the outside heel of rubber.

White buckskin and canvas shoes, with leather trimmings, or plain, are popular for general sports wear, with the white or colored linen suit; the plain black or tan walking boot is favored for rough wear. Silk stockings are seldom worn for sports purposes; a good heavy lisle or cotton is preferable.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Ont. Dept. W.

### PLANNING NEW FENCES.

The Barb Wire Fence Is Not Necessary to Keep Animals Back.

In the old days when lumber was plentiful and land of not much value the zig-zag rail fence was very popular. One very serious objection to this fence, quite apart from the space it takes up, is that it makes a fertile breeding place for all sorts of pests. Clean cultivation—keeping the land free from weeds—is one of the best ways to keep the cut worm, and the army worm, as well as a host of other farm pests in check. This is impossible when rail fences are used.

There are many good kinds of fences but taking everything into consideration, some kind of wire fence is the most satisfactory to use. It takes up but little space and makes it possible to plow and cultivate right up to the posts. In connection with wire fences, however, it should be remembered that barbed wire should not be used. Every year hundreds of animals are injured through getting cut with the barbs. If wire is of good quality and purchased from a reliable firm it will keep cattle and horses back just quite as well as the best rail fence—and it does not need to be reinforced with barbed wire.—Canadian Countryman.

### BERRY PICKERS CAUSE FIRES.

Carelessness Results in Destruction of Forest Resources.

Many causes are responsible for Canada's heavy forest fire losses. Some of the erstwhile greatest offenders have come to realize the destruction which their negligence was causing and have adopted systematic measures to overcome the loss.

Several causes of forest fires have not, however, received sufficient attention. Dr. C. D. Howe, in Forest Protection in Canada, 1913-1914, states that in the settled areas, one of the chief causes of persons responsible for fires are berry-pickers. Smouldering camp fires, or sparks caused by smoking, fall into dry grass or brush, starting small fires; fanned by a high wind the fires rapidly become uncontrollable, spreading from the berry patches to the larger timber.

With the berry season at hand, it should surely be necessary only to draw the attention of berry-pickers to the destruction which their carelessness or indifference is causing to secure an immediate reduction in the number of forest fires for which they are directly or indirectly responsible.

## About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

### Seasonable Dishes.

**Strawberry Cheese.**—One-half box strawberries, one ten-cent cream cheese, one-fourth cup double cream. Crush strawberries, mash cheese, add cream and whip all three thoroughly together. If strawberries are not very sweet add sugar to taste. Chill and serve as accompaniment to plain dressed lettuce.

**Spinach Cream.**—One peck spinach, one-fourth cup butter, three tablespoons grated cheese, two eggs, one cup milk, salt and pepper to taste, cracker-crumbs. Wash spinach thoroughly and boil it for ten minutes without adding any water. Drain, chop fine and cook for a few moments in butter. Add cheese, salt and pepper, well-beaten egg yolks and milk. Mix well, fold in beaten whites, and pour into well-buttered mold dusted with cracker-crumbs. Steam forty-five minutes.

**Stewed Cucumbers.**—Two large, ripe cucumbers, one sliced onion, one stalk celery, one bay leaf, two tablespoons butter, one tablespoon flour, one cup milk, one teaspoon onion juice, one teaspoon salt, one-fourth teaspoon white pepper and yolks of two eggs, mixed with one tablespoon thick, sweet cream. Pare cucumbers and cut each into eight pieces lengthwise. Remove all seeds. Place in saucepan add onion, celery, bay leaf, salt and stock and cook at boiling point until tender. Put milk into double boiler and when hot add butter and flour, creamed together, and seasonings. Cook to consistency of thick cream. Beat egg yolks, add cream, and then sauce. Beat two minutes with egg beater. Drain cucumbers and place on hot dish. Serve in separate bowl.

**Cherry Salads.**—Cherries are basis of many refreshing fruit salads. For simple salad mix stoned cherries with equal parts of diced celery, and few chopped nuts. Serve with mayonnaise in which cherry juice replaces vinegar. For another salad, mix chopped almonds and sliced cucumbers with cherries and serve on lettuce leaf with French dressing. Pineapple, hazelnuts and cherries make another delicious combination. This salad should be served with mayonnaise whitened with whipped cream. Bananas, sliced or diced, mixed with pitted cherries and whipped cream dressing, and garnished with either rose or nasturtium petals, make salad that is delicious and out of ordinary.

**Stewed Chicken.**—Cut large chicken into pieces as usual, wash and put in kettle with cold water to cover. After water comes to boil add two onions and three cloves of garlic, chopped; two laurel leaves and one tablespoon pulverized oregano. Other preferred herbs may be added or substituted for this in small portions. When chicken is tender salt to taste, but do not pepper. If it cooks too dry add water from time to time to keep fowl covered, but not floating. An hour before serving, and when fowl is almost done, add red or green peppers to flavor and one pint each of pitted ripe olives and sherry. (Butter may be omitted.) After adding olives and peppers, cook one hour. When done there should be about one quart of liquid in kettle. No thickening is need for gravy, except possibly a little paste of flour and water.

**Southern Shortcake.**—Take three cups of flour, half a teaspoonful of salt, two heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder (or its equivalent of baking soda and cream of tartar), one-half cupful of the best butter and sufficient rich milk to form a soft dough. Sift the baking powder, salt and flour together; rub the butter in with the finger tips and add the milk. Work quickly, handling the dough as little as possible. Roll into a thin sheet and bake in a round greased pan in a very quick oven (Brush over with melted butter, before putting into the oven, so that the crust will not harden. While the cake is baking, take two boxes of berries, hull them and divide the larger fruit from the smaller. Slightly crush the smaller fruit and sprinkle liberally with powdered sugar. When the cake is removed from the oven, allow it to cool slightly, then split open, spread with softened butter, and cover with a layer of the large berries. Dust with powdered sugar; pour over half the crushed sugar and syrup, place the upper half of the cake on top and pour over the rest of the fruit. Have the oven moderately warm, place the cake in it for four or five minutes and send to the table covered with powdered sugar. This cake, warm and fresh, eaten with the accompaniment of thick cream, will linger long in the memory of those fortunate enough to partake of it.

### Food Thrift.

The importance of economical fare has been much discussed since the outbreak of war, and it is now generally recognized that it is not the quantity so much as the suitability health and fitness. It is no good adhering to old-established conventions regarding the assumed substantial character of a diet closely allied to meat, and with the advent of warmer weather the product of the garden may usefully be put forward in preference to animal foods, of which we

as a nation have always consumed too much.

There are many cheap substitutes for the expensive egg and bacon at breakfast, and macaroni, rice and potatoes make good foundations for a number of satisfactory dishes. Pulse foods, oatmeal, macaroni, potatoes, artichokes, cauliflower and other vegetables afford an endless series of dishes in various combinations, with milk, cream or savory flavoring, grated cheese, curry, etc., at a cost less than the cost of a meat ration.

In a recent address on this subject, Dr. Robert Hutchinson said it has been estimated we could save at least 10 per cent. of the amount spent annually on the retail prices of food by the exercise of a little reasonable common sense. Brain workers and those engaged in sedentary occupations can eat less food with advantage. A saving in the consumption of food can be affected if less violent exercise is taken. Cheaper kinds of food can

The least expensive source of protein or tissue-repairing material under present conditions are oatmeal, bread, peas, lentils and skim milk. The last named could be used in puddings. A saving of two pounds of meat per head a month is desirable in the case of most people, and a small dish of oatmeal porridge every day, while being much cheaper, would more than compensate for the energy-producing material thus lost. Despite a foolish prejudice which still lingers, margarine is an excellent substitute for butter, being quite as digestible and nutritious. Cheese has its merits, but it is rather indigestible unless mixed with starchy foods.

### Useful Hints.

Never force a baby to sit up or to walk.

Cabbage should always be boiled in two waters.

Asparagus should be served every day during the season.

Lack of system is the chief reason for poorly done housework.

Japanese cotton rugs are excellent for dining and sitting rooms.

There should be a rest period in every housekeeper's schedule.

Salmon salad is delicious with hard-boiled eggs diced and added.

The smaller stalks of rhubarb are much less tart than the large ones.

Pimentos mixed with finely chopped celery makes a good sandwich.

Paste adhesive tape over the holes in overshoes, raincoats and umbrellas.

Rhubarb and strawberries combined make an excellent preserve, and rhubarb alone is good for marmalade.

Lemonade made with oranges, lemons, a few slices of banana and sprigs of mint is delicious and refreshing.

A cool and tasty summer dish is cold slaw served in green pepper shells.

Bacon rinds that cannot be boiled with cabbage are good to hasten a slow fire.

Fine bone-meal is a great help toward making the lawn green and rich.

The Gravenstein apple is better for jelly-making than almost any crab-apple.

A slice of potato is an excellent thing to clean white oilcloth which has become disfigured by hot cooking utensils.

A reliable test for mushrooms says an experienced housekeeper, is to put a bit of silver, such as a well-washed dime into a dish in which they are cooked. If it discolors, the mushrooms are unfit for food.

Let your wilted vegetables stand in a pan of ice water, to which you have added the juice of a lemon. Lemon juice is invaluable about the kitchen for scouring ivory knife handles, whitening potatoes while they are boiling, and as a substitute for vinegar when the latter is not at hand. Never be without a few lemons in the kitchen.

White straw hats can be cleaned by dissolving two teaspoonfuls of oxalic acid in a pint of warm water, and then carefully scrub the hat with an old nail or tooth brush. As the scrubbing proceeds, wipe off the discolored water with a cloth. Another good way is to use lemon-juice thickened to a paste with powdered sulphur. Spread this on the straw, allow it to dry and then brush off with a stiff broom. This is, perhaps better for fine white straws.

### The Procession.

"Do you keep many servants, Hawkins?"

"Well, last year we had eighteen."

"Eighteen!" echoed Wigglesworth.

"How do you manage that number on your income?"

"Oh, seventeen of 'em were cooks who stayed on an average of five days apiece," said Wawkins. "The rest was for gardeners."

One reason why a busy man always manages to accomplish a little more or assumes an extra task is that he never wastes any time thinking about doing it, but goes right ahead and does it.

Physician (at hospital).—"How did you happen to fall from the top of the ladder?" Patient.—"A pretty woman was passing, and while trying to get a good look at her I slipped and fell."

Physician.—"Ah! the same old story, a woman at the bottom of it."



## THE EQUITY.

SHAWVILLE, JUNE 29, 1916.

Sir Sam Hughes has gone west on an inspection of the several military camps at Sewell, Calgary, Edmonton and Vernon, B. C. The trip will be a short one, as the Minister of Militia has to bestir himself with intensive energy to keep Canada's war machine running smoothly.

It is stated that the Duke of Connaught will leave Canada on the expiration of his term as Governor-General in October, and a rumor is linked with that announcement to the effect that the Duke is likely to become first viceroy of Ireland under the home rule scheme which Lloyd George's efforts to bring about a peaceful solution of the Irish question will probably result in.

Count Von Moltke, who as military adviser to the Kaiser, was largely responsible for bringing on the war, is dead. If Destiny had decreed his demise a couple of years sooner, several millions more of his countrymen would have been in a position to bewail his loss, provided their inclinations trended that way, which is doubtful.

The appointment of Hon. Joseph Bolduc, as Speaker of the Senate, in succession to Senator Landry, was gazetted on June 10th. The late Speaker resigned because his views on the bi-lingual issue, were not in accord with the policy of the Government on that question. The new Speaker is a notary by profession and also a farmer.

The Dominion had lost the services of a very competent official by the sudden death of Dr. C. C. James, Commissioner of Agriculture, which occurred while he was travelling on a street car between St. Catharines and Niagara-on-the-Lake last Friday evening. Before becoming Commissioner of Agriculture, a few years ago, the deceased held the position of deputy minister and secretary of the bureau of industries under the Ontario Government.

The provincial elections in Nova Scotia on the 20th resulted in the Murray Government being sustained by a large majority. Although it is said that pretty strong language marked the conduct of the campaign, there were no vital issues to interest the electors, the campaign being fought out on the plea that the Government were too long in power, and that a change in provincial rulers would be healthy. The Liberals have had control of the affairs of the province since 1882, and the present premier, Mr. Murray, has held that office for twenty years.

The latest war reports say the Allies are forcing the fighting on all fronts. The Russian drive has swept the enemy clear of the province of Bukovina, and the Czar's troops are said to have penetrated the Carpathians. In Volhynia, where the Germans are opposing the Russian advance, terrific fighting has been in progress for the possession of Kovel, a point of considerable strategic importance. In the Trentino Valley the Italian troops have forced back the Austrians, army of invasion a distance of 15 miles, recapturing several towns and considerable booty. The Germans have made another terrific drive to reach Verdun, and have gained some ground, much of which, however, was later recaptured by the French. The confidence of the latter in being enabled to hold out remains unshaken. If the enemy fails in accomplishing his aims this time, it is believed the attempt to take Verdun will be abandoned, as the pressure which Russia is bringing to bear on the east front has necessitated the removal of large bodies of German troops to that field of action. The British force has lately begun an intense bombardment of the German positions opposed to it, which may mean that a big offensive movement is contemplated.

### Five Killed in Explosion at Shrapnel Works

Parry Sound, Ont., June 21.—By an explosion in No. 3 charge house on the shrapnel side of the Nobel Works of the Canadian Explosives Limited, at 11:30 today, five men were killed, thirteen seriously injured and a number suffered minor injuries.

The dead are: Howard Quinn, Parry Sound; Charles Smith, Chatworth, Ont.; W. H. Wyre, London, England, a returned soldier; Fred St. Denis and Harry Dolger, Montreal.

Two of those injured have since died.

### The Government Inquiring Into High Cost of Food

It is understood that the Government has had recently under consideration the matter of the greatly increased prices of many commodities in Canada, particularly certain food products, and the question whether these increases are warranted or are simply the result of the manipulation of dealers. The price of foods, taken as a whole, has shown a steady increase during the progress of the war and it is bringing a severe pressure upon the wage earners, particularly in Eastern Canada.

Hon. T. W. Crothers recently issued a warning to the milk dealers of Windsor, Ont., that unless they could justify the prices they were charging, the government would find it necessary under the war measures act to compel the dealers to reduce the prices.

There is reason to believe that he is prepared to take the same attitude towards milk dealers in other places, and also towards the dealers in other food commodities as well.

### Will Take \$20,000,000 Annually to provide Pensions

The recommendations of the special committee of parliament, which last session examined the question of war pensions, have been adopted by the government and the pension board of the Militia Department has been authorized to put in force the new scale. It will be made retroactive. Later on a permanent pensions board will be appointed.

The new scale is much higher than the old rate, and already there are 5,500 names on the list. These will all get the benefit of the retroactive enactment. It will take over two million dollars annually to pay the present pensions, and it is estimated that before the war is over it will amount to over twenty million dollars.

Hon. J. D. Hazen was chairman of the pension committee of the Commons.

### Admiralty was Satisfied with Ammunition

Ottawa, June 21.—That the ammunition purchased from the Militia Department for the British Admiralty has proved "entirely satisfactory" and that "the manner in which the purchase and payment were carried out for the ammunition, boxes, etc., was in accordance with instructions that were issued to the Admiralty's representative" was the effect of a cable received by the Governor-General from Mr. Bonar Law, which was read before the Davidson Commission this afternoon.

The professed desire of Liberal efforts in connection with the matter of this ammunition sale has been the safeguarding of the interests of the Admiralty, which, it has been claimed, was mulched for \$25 for ammunition sold by the Militia Department at \$20 per thousand rounds.

The communication produced not only states that Admiralty instructions were followed in the purchase, but further corroborates the evidence of Mr. F. Orr Lewis that the trustee account, which he administered for the Admiralty in New York has not been closed and that any balance therein will be accounted for to the Admiralty. It somewhat strikingly bears out the contention of General Sir Sam Hughes that the Admiralty knew what it was about in purchasing the ammunition and that this was its business and not that of the Minister of Militia.

### Greek King Backs Down to Allies

Athens, Greece, June 22.—Greece has accepted unconditionally the demands made by the entente powers. This decision was communicated to the French legation by M. Zaimis, the former premier, to whom the formation of a new cabinet is reported to have been entrusted.

The new cabinet will be made up on non-political lines, even including one or two adherents of former Premier Venizelos.

Late last night the sound of a heavy explosion drew a crowd to the home of Venizelos owing to the groundless fear that an attempt on his life had been made.

The ultimatum of the entente powers was delivered to the Greek Government yesterday.

THE ENTENTE DEMANDS. The demands presented by the entente powers to Greece, according to the newspaper Nea Semera were as follows:

No. 1—Complete general demobilization.

No. 2—Removal of the chief of police of Athens.

No. 3—Popular pro-Entente sentiment not to be suppressed.

No. 4—Depopulation of agents spreading German propaganda.

While the dissolution of the chamber of deputies also was desired, the newspaper says, it may be directly demanded.

The foregoing version of the nature of the entente demands are said in diplomatic circles to be substantially accurate.

### Ottawa-Pembroke Highway Talked of

Pembroke, June 24.—A public meeting, called by Mayor Behan, was held in the town hall to discuss the proposed Ottawa-Pembroke trunk road. The mayor presided and nearly all the members of the county council, which was in session, attended. The speakers in-

## GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS

### Why Demanded

"Gin Pills did for my husband and me what no other remedy could. I have advised two other parties to use them, one of them being my mother who has been a great sufferer for upwards of 20 years, and one box cured her, so as to enable her to sleep on her left side, something she could not do for many a year. The doctors told her they could not cure her, but could relieve her by an operation for a floating kidney, but on account of her age they did not think it advisable for her to go. Upon my advice she tried Gin Pills which cured her and for which she is ever ready to speak in terms of praise."

MRS. THOMAS H. FLESTID  
Richmond, P. O. Box 115  
P. E. Island

Your druggist sells GIN PILLS, 50c. the box.

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada Limited, Toronto.

### Garden Rectory July Social Grounds 6th

cluded Reeve Brennan, of Arnprior; Reeve Moss, of Renfrew; ex-mayor Morris and Reeve H. T. Moffat, of Pembroke; Reeve Connelly, of Cobden; Reeve Kirk of Ross, and Reeve Davidson, of Westmeath. All were enthusiastic in support of the project save the Reeve of Ross, who was somewhat doubtful regarding its value to the farmers.

Those who supported it expressed the belief that feeders would be built to it until ultimately it would have a complete county good roads system.

Mr. Brennan told of an interview with Hon. T. W. McGarry, K. C., provincial treasurer, in which that gentleman promised that the government would pay dollar for dollar towards construction, as well as the purchase of the necessary plant, and would afterwards assume part of the cost of maintenance.

Those who spoke favored distributing the county's share of the cost on a frontage basis, those townships through which it would pass to assume a relatively larger share of the burden.

Another public meeting to organize a local association is to be held in Pembroke shortly.

The Edmonton Journal of the 15th inst., had the following reference to J. E. Smart, who, a despatch to his brother Gordon stated, had been wounded in the eye and admitted to No. 4 General Hospital, France:—

"J. E. Smart left with the 50th Battalion and was transferred along with fifty others to the Mounted Rifles after arriving in England. While in Alberta he took an active interest and part in sports and is well known in athletic circles. In 1909 and 1910 he played with the Acme team, this being the year the team won the Mercantile cup. While in England he won the five mile road race of the 50th Battalion and the fact that he was selected for the Mounted Rifles to go to the front some time before the remainder of his battalion was accredited to his efficiency as an athlete."

### HOMEMAKERS' CLUBS.

#### TIME OF MEETING:

Austin - First Tuesday,  
Murrells - Third Wednesday,  
Elmside - Second Wednesday,  
Bristol - First Thursday,  
Starks Corners, Second Thurs.  
Wyman - First Friday,  
Shawville - First Saturday,  
Yarm - Last Saturday,  
of each month.

#### FIXING UP A PLAY.

The Method Charles Hoyt Used to Develop His Dramatic Plots.

Charles Hoyt wrote seventeen plays. He would sit in the Pullman with the shade drawn down over his head and looking out of the window at nothing—thinking, studying over situations for some new play.

He would not begin work on a new play until he had its arrangement laid out in his mind. Then he would write it, longhand, in two or three days.

He developed his situations by telling over and over and over again his scheme for a new play. He would come to me, "Otie," he would say, "have you heard my idea for a new play?"

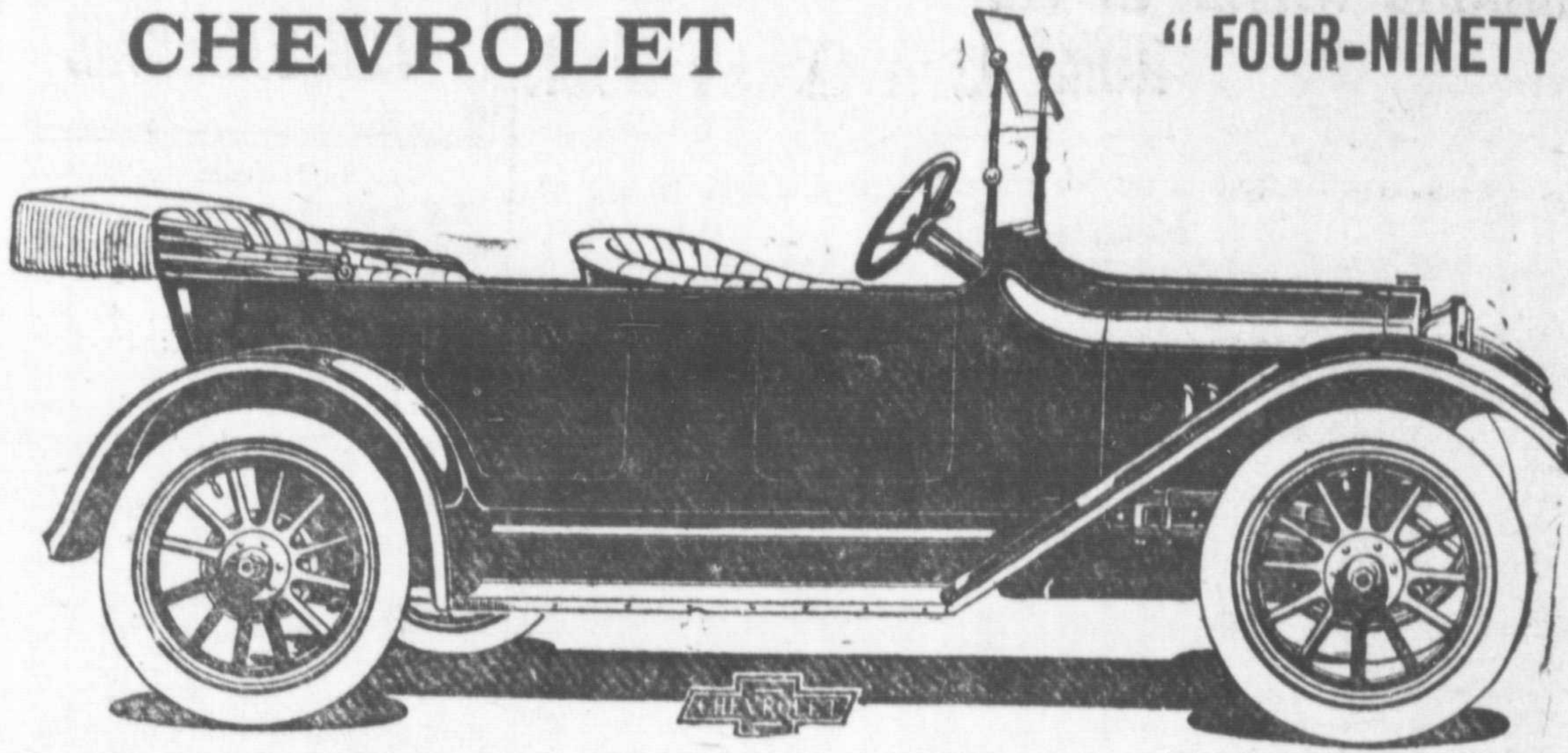
I would say that I had not. Then he would launch into it, elaborating as he went along. He would see me, later in the day perhaps, with some one. He would come up to us with the same question, "Otie, have you heard my idea for a new play?" knowing mighty well I had. He wouldn't wait for me to answer, but he would tell it to my companion, elaborating upon the version he had given me. For each new play I probably would hear that same question twenty times and listen to twenty different versions, each succeeding one more developed and elaborate.—Green Book Magazine.

#### Peculiar Vocabulary.

"Your daughter," said Mrs. Oldcastle after being conducted through the newly furnished wing of the magnificent palace occupied by the Bullingtons, "has such a splendid vocabu-

## CHEVROLET

"FOUR-NINETY"



PRICE \$675.00 F. O. B., OSHAWA, ONT.

Cars built to sell at what might be considered a popular price usually lack refinement in detail. The Chevrolet is a car you can own without apology for its appearance.

Electric Starter, Valve in Head Motor, Sliding Gear Transmission, Three-Quarter Floating Rear Axle, Cantilever Springs. All gears and shafts are made of Nickel Steel. Springs, Tie Rod Ends, Starting below \$1100.00. Has 102 inch wheel base, 10 inch road clearance, weighs 1720 lbs. 30 x 3 1/2 20 p. c. Oversize Tires. This is not a car weighing over a ton on ordinary 30 x 3 1/2 tires.

THE MacLEAN MACHINE WORKS, AGENTS,  
CAMPBELLS BAY - - - QUEBEC.

## TAILORING

Call and inspect our stock of . . .

### Serge Suitings

in Black, Navy Blue and Gray; also other Tweeds in late colors.

### Gents' Furnishings

Semi-Ready Suits, Felt and Straw Hats, Shirts, Collars, Underwear and Hosiery . . .

MURRAY BROS., SHAWVILLE.

### SHAWVILLE SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

### R. G. HODGINS, Prop.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Doors, Sash, Dressed Lumber, etc.

### Custom Sawing.

### Buy a Ford, not because it is cheaper, but a better car

Mark well the sterling construction of the Ford car.

The testing department of the Conservatoire National des Arts et Metiers of the French Republic made a highly scientific comparison between Ford constructive material and the material used in another very noted and expensive car. In every test the Ford material proved superior.

The service given by Ford cars in Quebec has fully substantiated the results obtained by these French scientists.

Buy a Ford, not only because its first cost is less, not alone because its maintenance cost is less, but because its quality of service is greater,—because it gives more mileage per dollar invested than any other make of car you can buy.

And if you want your Ford this summer, buy it today to ensure prompt delivery.

SHAWVILLE MOTOR CO. REGISTERED,  
SHAWVILLE, QUE.

Ford Runabout \$480  
Ford Touring 530  
Ford Complete 750  
Ford Sedan 850  
Ford Town Car 750  
f.o.b. Ford, Ontario.

All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not include speedometer



## THE EQUITY,

A Weekly Journal devoted to Local Interests.  
Published every Thursday  
At Shawville, County Pontiac, Que.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.  
All arrears must be paid up before  
any paper is discontinued.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

Legal advertising, 10 cents per line for  
1st insertion and 5 cents per line for each  
subsequent insertion.

Business cards not exceeding one inch  
inserted at \$5.00 per year.

Local announcements inserted at the  
rate of 8 cents per line for first insertion  
and 5 cents for subsequent insertions.

Commercial advertising by the month  
or for longer periods inserted at low rates  
which will be given on application.

Advertisements received without in-  
structions accompanying them will be in-  
serted until forbidden and charged for  
accordingly.

Birth, marriage and death notices pub-  
lished free of charge. Obituary poetry  
declined.

### JOB PRINTING.

All kinds of Job Printing neatly and  
cheaply executed. Orders by mail  
promptly attended to.

JOHN A. COWAN,  
Publisher

## NOTICE OF MEETINGS

ORANGE HALL, SHAWVILLE:

O. Y. B. LODGE, No. 304, meets 2nd  
Wednesday of each month at 8 p. m.

W. G. COWAN, E. WORKMAN,  
W. M. Rec.-Secy.

L. O. L. No. 27, meets 1st Tuesday of each  
month.

J. B. ARMSTRONG, REG. HODGINS,  
W. M. Secy.

ROYAL SCARLET CHAPTER meets on  
the 14th of each month.

H. N. HODGINS, REG. HODGINS,  
W. Comp. in Com. Com. Scribe.

### Professional Cards.

#### DENTAL.

### DR. A. H. BEERS

SURGEON DENTIST  
CAMPBELLS BAY - QUE.  
Doctor of Medicine and Master of Surgery  
McGill University.  
Doctor of Dental Surgery, University of  
Pennsylvania.  
Licentiate of Dental Surgery, Quebec.

#### LEGAL.

### S. A. MACKAY

#### NOTARY PUBLIC

Shawville, --- Que.

### R. MILLAR, L.L.L.

#### ADVOCATE.

Campbells Bay, Que.

Will visit Shawville every Saturday.

### D. R. BARRY, K.C.

#### BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, & C.

Office and Residence

Campbells Bay, Que.

Visits Shawville every Saturday.

### GEO. C. WRIGHT, K.C.

#### ADVOCATE, BARRISTER, & C.

196 Main St. - Hull.

PHONE BELL

### J. ERNEST GABOURY, LL. B.

#### ADVOCATE

BARRISTER & SOLICITOR  
CAMPBELLS BAY, QUE.

Will be in Fort Coulonge every Wed-  
nesday and Shawville every Saturday.

### GEORGE HYNES

#### UNDERTAKER

Embalmer and Funeral Director  
Main Street, Shawville.

Personal attention. Open all hours.

## UNDERTAKING

and EMBALMING

#### HAYES & FINDLAY

MAIN STREET - SHAWVILLE  
(opposite J. H. Shaw's.)

All calls will receive prompt per-  
sonal attention.

W. J. HAYES. J. V. INDLAY

## PATENTS

PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVEN-  
TOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.  
MARION & MARION,  
364 University St., Montreal.

## SPECIALS

### to Young Men

Get your Summer Toggery.

With us your good money will  
at all times bring you full meas-  
ure of value and full measure of  
satisfaction.

## STRAWS.

You'll enjoy more comfort on Sunday with a  
NEW STRAW HAT.

Our 1916 Sailors are well made, neatly finished,  
and have a distinctive appearance—Sennet Straws,  
Snap Brim Straws, Sailors.

## Light Weight Underwear.

For the hot days of the summer season, comfort  
is the prime essential. Cool, comfortable, correct  
Underwear is a necessity. To meet this want we have  
different kinds and grades. Come and get your Sum-  
mer Underwear, it is waiting for you here.

## Combinations and Two-Piece Suits.

## MEN'S OUTING BOOTS.

White Outing Boots, Rubber Soles, Leather  
Insole, Light, Cool, Comfortable, Stylish.

## G. F. HODGINS CO.



### SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male  
over 18 years old, may homestead a  
quarter section of available Dominion  
land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Al-  
berta. Applicant must appear in person  
at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-  
Agency for the District. Entry by proxy  
may be made at any Dominion Lands  
Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on cer-  
tain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon  
and cultivation of the land in each of  
three years. A homesteader may live  
within nine miles of his homestead on a  
farm of at least 80 acres, on certain con-  
ditions. A habitable house is required  
except where residence is performed in  
its vicinity.

Live stock may be substituted for  
cultivation under certain conditions.  
In certain districts a homesteader in  
good standing may pre-empt a quarter  
section alongside his homestead. Price  
\$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each  
of three years after earning homestead  
patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation.  
Pre-emption patent may be obtained as  
soon as homestead patent, on certain  
conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his home-  
stead right may take a purchased home-  
stead in certain districts. Price \$3.00  
per acre.

Duties—Must reside six months in  
each of three years, cultivate 50 acres  
and erect a house worth \$300.

W. W. CORY,  
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.  
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of  
this advertisement will not be paid for.

When you want the best value for your  
money in ..

### SHINGLES

at \$1.65 per M. and up  
Also Laths, Dry Lumber, Clapboards  
Flooring, End Matched Hardwood Floor-  
ing Mouldings Doors etc., try

A. F. CAMPBELL,  
BOX 455

Arnprior, Ont.

## ANNOUNCEMENT!

#### ELLIOTT BROS.

wish the people of this district to  
know they are now in a position  
to serve them with Cement Curbing  
for Wells, Concrete Culverts  
and Pumps; also to dig new, clean  
and tile old wells. Prices right.  
Satisfaction our motto. Plant at  
Starks Corners. Write, phone,  
or call on

H. S. ELLIOTT,  
R. R. No. 2 Shawville

### WHIRLIGIG BEETLES.

These Four Eyed, Six Legged Creatures  
Are Expert Swimmers.

More than likely you have watched  
him skating in "figures 8's" and all  
sorts of elaborate designs in quiet  
pools along a stream or on the edge  
of a lake. He will turn this way and  
that, describing one graceful curve af-  
ter another, and then dart off in a  
straight line when he's frightened.  
He's speedy, as well as graceful. He's  
the whirligig beetle.

He has six legs, two longer ones in  
front and two pairs of short, flat pad-  
dles behind. These paddles make him  
an expert swimmer. His front legs,  
stretched out, look like arms.

Nature was also generous in giving  
him two pairs of eyes. With one pair  
he looks at objects on top of the water,  
and with the other pair he keeps watch  
for preying fish below.

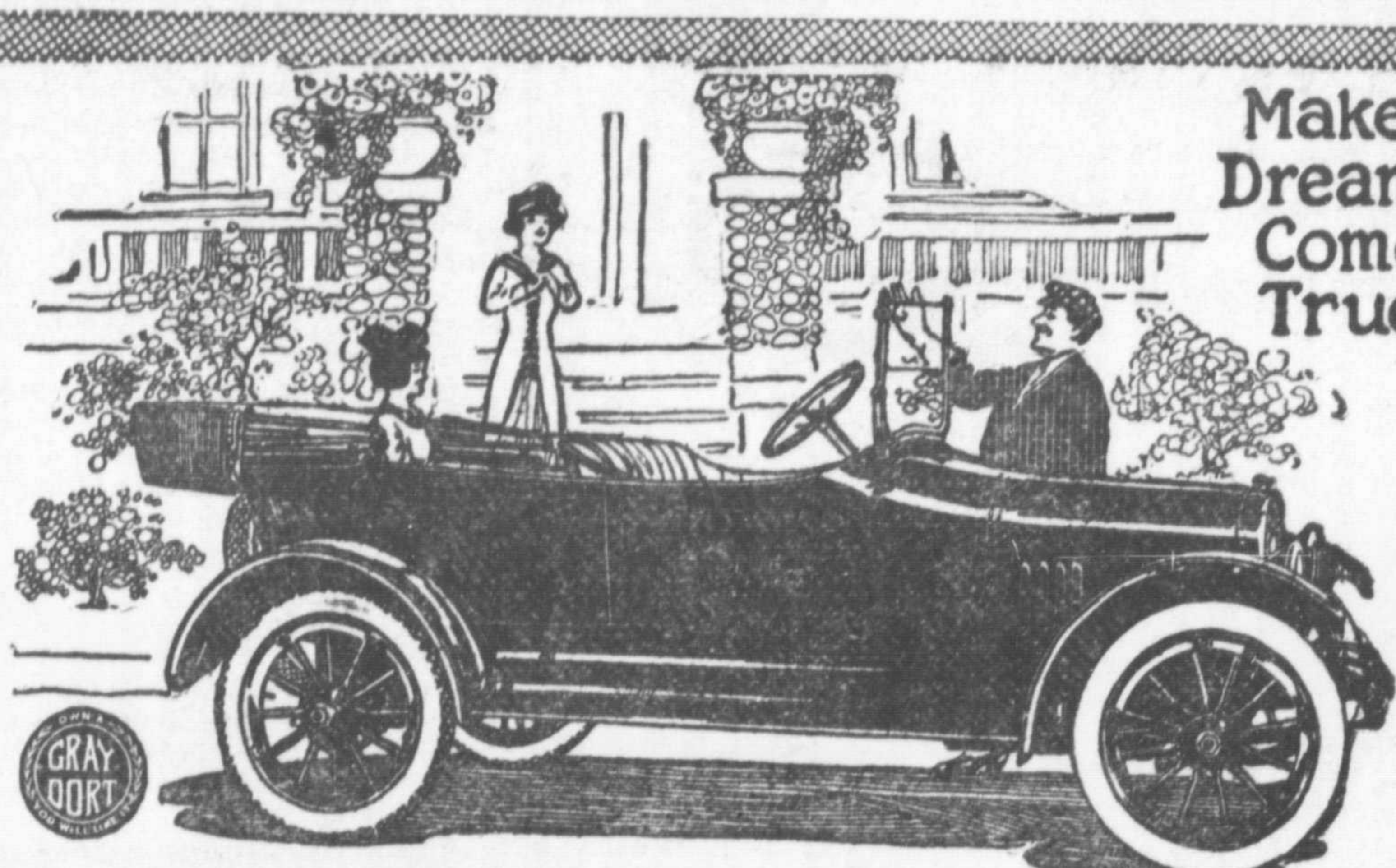
There are something less than 300  
species of whirligig beetles and they're  
scattered in all parts of the world. All  
summer you'll see their shiny bodies  
skating in spiral tracks and in curves  
on the surface of pools and sluggish  
streams.

### The Mystery of a Duel.

Having fought his duel and saved his  
honor by firing a shot in the air, the  
editor of a French provincial newspa-  
per went back to his desk, and the in-  
cident had quite left his mind when he  
felt something strange in his thigh.  
He looked and found that he was bleed-  
ing profusely. A doctor was called,  
who discovered that a bullet was im-  
bedded in the editor's thigh some two  
inches deep and required extraction.  
"Why was this not taken notice of on  
the spot where the duel took place?"  
he asked. The editor was as much in  
the dark as the doctor. At the moment  
of the duel he had fired into the air,  
and his adversary also took a distract-  
ed sort of aim. The editor felt nothing  
as he left the field and had shaken  
hands with his antagonist as a sign of  
reconciliation. How a bullet came to  
be lodged in his thigh was simply one  
of the mysteries of dueling.

### Projecting Your Personality.

Can any man's life be held to be in-  
complete if it is continued in the life of  
a friend? Was Arthur Hallam's life  
incomplete when Tennyson prolonged  
it forever by "In Memoriam" or the  
life of Socrates when Plato continued  
it in his immortal dialogues? Con-  
fucius said wisely, "Have no friends not  
equal to yourself." By that he must  
have meant, "Make your friends equal  
to yourself by giving them freely of  
your best." Thus you make sure of a  
continued life whatever happens to  
yourself, as a manufacturer intrusts  
the secrets of his manipulations to his  
younger partners.—Christian Herald.



Makes  
Dreams  
Come  
True

The Car that Satisfies \$850  
Every Automobile Desire

F. O. B. CHATHAM

The 1916 Gray Dort sells for \$850, yet it has the appearance  
and looks of a considerably more expensive car.

Electric starting, electric lighting, demountable rims, extra rim, gasoline gauge  
and speedometer on dash—and all those little conveniences that make motoring  
a pleasure are yours if you own a Gray Dort.

50-inch cantilever springs and a perfect distribution of weight make the Gray  
Dort one of the easiest riding cars on the market.

There is plenty of seat and leg room, too, in the 1916 Gray Dort, both in the  
driver's compartment and in the tonneau. You never feel cramped in a Gray  
Dort. In short, the 1916 Gray Dort is a car that satisfies every automobile  
desire at a price well within the reach of most families.

See the Gray Dort at our showrooms.)

# GRAY-DORT

J. L. HODGINS - - DEALER.  
SHAWVILLE, QUE.

### NOTICE

All notes and accounts with interest  
up to date, not settled on or before the  
first of October, 1916, will be handed to  
my solicitor for collection.  
E. S. EADES.  
Ernfold, Sask., June 20, 1916.

### FOR SALE

1 span gelding colts, rising 3 and 4.  
1 quarter share in McCormick Corn  
Binder.  
1 M. H. Mowing Machine, good repair,  
1 Frost & Wood Horse Rake, "  
1 Deering Binder, almost new,  
1 single Buggy,  
1 set Single Harness,  
1 Platform Scales (1000 lbs.),  
1 Beam Scales,  
1 heavy Extension Table,  
1 Heater, 1 Cot,  
Prices cheap for cash, or terms to suit.  
Apply to T. A. EADES, R. M. R. No.  
1 Shawville. (E. S. Eades, owner).

### TENDERS

#### For Concrete Bridge.

Tenders will be received by the un-  
dersigned up to July 15th, 1916, for  
the construction of a concrete bridge  
over the creek on the Orr sideline be-  
tween Lots 7 and 8 on the 5th range,  
Material will be furnished or not, as  
the parties tendering wish.  
No. 1.—6 feet wide, 30 feet long, 4  
feet high to hip, with a roof 2-thirds  
pitch. Footing to be 20 inches wide  
and 8 inches deep; to be made of stone  
and cement and bottom of bridge to be  
made of small stones; wall to be 26  
inches thick at bottom and to taper to  
12 inches at top; roof to be 12 inches  
thick. Concrete to be of 7-to-1 qual-  
ity.

No. 2.—Also tenders for filling on  
above bridge. Tender to state price per  
cubic yard of earth. Longest haul about  
125 feet.

W. E. N. HODGINS,  
Asst. Sec.-Treas.,  
Township of Clarendon.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO. DOMINION DAY JULY 1st, 1916.

Lowest one-way first-class  
fare for round trip, good going  
and returning Saturday, July  
1st only. Lowest one-way  
first-class fare and one-third  
good going Friday and Satur-  
day June 30th and July 1st.  
Return limit Monday July 3rd.

For particulars, tickets, etc., apply to  
C. A. L. TUCKER,  
Agent, Shawville.

### For Service.

Purebred Holstein Bull. Service fee—  
one dollar. Apply to  
ED. McLARNON,  
4th Range Clarendon.

### Blacksmith, Woodwork and Repair Shop.

I wish to inform the people of Shaw-  
ville and neighborhood that I have  
opened a Blacksmith, Woodwork and  
Repair Shop on King St., Shawville,  
and am now in a position to do all  
kinds of work in this line. All work  
entrusted to me will receive my care-  
ful attention.  
Satisfaction assured. JAS. RENNICK.

### PUBLIC NOTICE

Province of Quebec,  
Municipality of Clarendon.  
Public notice is hereby given that the  
Municipal Council of the Municipality  
of Clarendon, County of Pontiac, will  
proceed to revise the Valuation Roll of  
this Municipality, with the Valuers  
present, in Hynes' hall, Shawville, at  
the hour of ten in the morning of Mon-  
day, the 3rd day of July, 1916. Inter-  
ested parties are asked to attend.  
Given at Shawville this 10th day of  
June, 1916. W. E. N. HODGINS,  
Asst. Sec.-Treas.

### Bridge Tender Wanted

The job of building bridge on sideline  
between Wm A. Hodgins and Wm Orr  
(between 5th and 6th concession) will  
be given out by auction on the after-  
noon of Saturday, June 24th, at three  
o'clock. Description of construction  
will be given on day of auction.

The Municipal Council of Claren-  
don.  
W. E. N. HODGINS,  
Asst. Sec.-Treas.

### Tenders Wanted

Tenders will be received by the un-  
dersigned up to 10 o'clock, a. m., of  
Monday, July 10th, 1916, for painting  
No. 11 School, inside and outside.  
Also for repairing No. 11 Woodshed.  
Also for building two Out-buildings  
at No. 14 School.  
Specifications may be seen at my  
office. M. A. MCKINLEY,  
Asst. Sec.-Treas.,  
School Mu. of Clarendon.  
Shawville, Que., June 12, 1916.

### PUBLIC NOTICE

Moved by Commissioner Tracy, sec-  
onded by Commissioner Wallace that we  
form the first six lots of the four con-  
cessions—10 to 13 inclusive—into a new  
district, to be known as "12-B," the  
western portion to be known as "12-A,"  
and that we erect a new School on east  
side of Lot 3, Range 11, Clarendon.  
M. A. MCKINLEY,  
Asst. Sec.-Treas.  
Shawville, Que., June 12th, 1916.

### Tenders Wanted

Tenders for the erection of a New  
School in No. 12 District of Clarendon  
will be received by the undersigned up  
to 10 o'clock of July 10th, 1916.  
Plan and specification may be seen at  
my office.

M. A. MCKINLEY,  
Asst. Sec.-Treas.,  
School Municipality of Clarendon,  
Shawville, Que., June 12, 1916.

### PUBLIC NOTICE

Province of Quebec,  
School Municipality of Shawville.  
Public notice is hereby given that  
there will be held on Monday, the third  
day of July, 1916, at the hour of 10 in  
the morning, in the Academy Building  
in the village of Shawville, a meeting of  
the proprietors of real estate of the  
municipality of Shawville, entered as  
such on the Valuation Roll and having  
paid all their school taxes and other  
contributions, to proceed with the elec-  
tion of two School Commissioners in the  
room and stead of W. A. Hodgins  
and H. S. Barnett, whose term of office  
expires.  
Given at Shawville this 10th day of  
June, 1916. E. W. N. HODGINS,  
Asst. Sec.-Treas.

### PUBLIC NOTICE.

Province of Quebec,  
School Municipality of Clarendon.  
Public notice is hereby given that  
there will be held on Monday, the third  
day of July, one thousand nine hundred  
and sixteen, at the hour of ten in the  
morning, at the office of the Asst. Sec.-  
Treasurer in the village of Shawville, a  
meeting of the proprietors of real estate  
of this municipality of Clarendon, en-  
tered as such on the Valuation Roll, and  
having paid all their school taxes and  
other contributions, to proceed with the  
election of two School Commissioners in  
the room and stead of Messrs. Wm C.  
Harris and John Carson, whose term of  
office expires.  
Given at Shawville this fifth day of  
June, 1916. M. A. MCKINLEY,  
Asst. Sec.-Treas.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO. Homeseekers' Excursions

To Winnipeg, Edmonton, Calgary  
and intermediate Stations  
and return.

Every Tuesday from March 7  
to October 31, 1916.

Return limit two months.

For particulars, tickets, etc., apply to  
C. A. L. TUCKER,  
Agent Shawville.



# A Tenderfoot's Wooing

By CLIVE PHILLIPPS WOLLEY  
(Author of "Gold, Gold in Cariboo," Etc.)

## CHAPTER XX.—(Cont'd.)

Most of the events to which we look forward in life (and probably in death), either with desire or dread are curiously unlike our forecasts of them. A battle upon either a large or small scale is no exception to this rule. Men laugh in the crisis of a life and death struggle, and in the last South African war a volunteer, told off as one of the escort of a big gun, remembers only of Spion Kop that it was fought on a "jolly" day, that the weather and the smooth grass slopes suggested pink parasols and picnic hampers; that there was funny little balloon-like puffs rising at intervals from the ridge opposite to that on which he lay; that the sun was warm and comforting, and that some confounded fellow woke him up with the toe of a service boot when the battle was over and it was time to take the gun home.

It was with Rolt as it was with that yeoman.

After Al's departure he worked feverishly at the making of his burrow, expecting every moment to hear the hum of bullets through the scrub over head, but no bullets came, and at last, even with his jack knife, he had managed to scrape out a hollow ample enough to contain his body.

Then he lay in it and watched, until the minutes grew into an hour, and the dawn into young day, without any sign of life showing itself upon the landscape, except a coyote, shadowy and utterly noiseless, who came stealing down from the hills, until he was nearly midway between the pines and the cherry patch.

There he checked sharply, his nose went up and his brush dropped, and wheeling in his tracks, he went back at a lope to the nearest rising ground, on which he stood awhile reconnoitring.

Something in the country displeased him, for after a prolonged survey he looped back the way he had come.

The coyote's behavior was suggestive of suspicion, but a little broad-winged hawk which poised in the clear air or swung noiselessly overhead with a keen eye for mice or beetles, contradicted the habitually suspicious vagabond.

Rolt found it impossible to remain strung up to concert pitch for even in such an atmosphere of peaceful beauty, just as the half alarmed buck does, when pitted against the everlasting patience of his hunter, and was actually dozing when a voice behind him asked:

"Have you got your Holland along with you to-day, Boss?"

Rolt started, but though only half awake, had sense enough to lie still.

"Yes," he said, without turning.

"It's good for long shooting, ain't it?"

"It's sighted for five hundred yards."

"I guess that's good enough. Do you see that yallerish looking bunch of sage brush, the biggest in sight away there to the right? Jest perforate it, will you?"

Rolt raised his rifle, and looked questioningly at old Al, whose head was now along-side his own.

The old man nodded, and Rolt adjusting his sights to the five hundred yards range, cuddled down on his rifle.

"High or low?" he asked.

"I guess it's most solid near the bottom," chuckled Al.

Then Rolt drew a long breath, for a moment there was absolute silence, and then a little puff of dust, fifty yards beyond the sage brush, recorded the fact that the foresight had been taken too full. A few sprigs of the yellow weed fell, but otherwise there was no sign from the bush.

"Sits stiller nor a fool hen," commented Al. "Try her lower still, Boss."

Rolt took the same bead again, but this time he took it upon the very base of his target. At his second shot the bush which he had watched for an hour became alive. A horrid scream followed the impact of his bullet, and in place of the little fountain of golden dust, a man's body sprang high into the air and then pitched headlong on the near side of the bush writhing and tying itself into knots amongst the branches of the withered sage brush.

"Must be quite a holler ther; a most as good as this one of ours. I seed him coming from the time he started. Holy smoke!"

Al's ejaculation was the result of a perfect blizzard of bullets which sud-

denly burst upon the cherry patch, cutting the feeble brush into ribbons and tatters and making the defenders crouch in their lairs like frightened rabbits.

"Fire a good many shots for fifteen injuns," growled Al. "Liker fifty. It's the hull Chilcote tribe, blank 'em," and then rising recklessly to his knees, he roared, "Turn it loose, boys. Don't let the beggars get away," and he emptied the magazine of his repeater with a rapidity which would have done credit to a machine gun.

Five minutes earlier the Boss had tired of watching the motionless sage brush over which the hawk had swung and from which that coyote had retreated so promptly, and now whilst the rifles rattled and the smell of powder tainted the air, there were a dozen wild figures dashing from it for the pine belt.

Only two of them fell, and one of these got to his feet again and was hauled into cover by his fellows.

"Blanked bad shootin'. Say, Boss, that shot of yours turned on the hull bloomin' orchestra. How many did you git?"

"I'm afraid I did not touch one of them."

"Guess you're better at sitters. Didn't you spot any of 'em before I told you to shoot at that brush? Lord! I've been watching that fellow over there for nigh on to an hour. It's lucky as I didn't wait for him to come in range or my old shootin' iron."

"Why, what difference would it have made?"

"All the difference between living and dying. They'd have rushed us in another ten minutes, and shooting as we did, they would have got in. But I reckon they won't try that game any more for awhile."

Rolt sincerely hoped that they would not, or that if they did old Al's eyes would keep watch for them. In his own eyes he had lost all confidence.

For a long time silence fell again between the pines and the cherry trees. There was no sound, but for the crack of an occasional twig as one of the defenders moved uneasily in his narrow shelter; no movement except from that twisted figure by the sage brush.

It was a long time before that became quite still, and Rolt was thankful when that time came.

Before the attempted rush the sage brush had been equally still, and the memory of that fact so worried Rolt that he now began to imagine enemies in the most ridiculous grass patches. He was beginning to lose his sense of proportion and imagination magnified the most absurd trifles.

It was a relief when a single shot broke the strain of long waiting. The bullet dropped about a couple of hundred yards from the cherry patch and ricocheted through the highest branches of it. There was a slight pause and then a second shot from the same spot in the timber, the bullet dropping this time a hundred yards nearer Al's screen.

"Jest so," muttered Al, who had again crawled to Rolt's side, "and the next will be nearer still. They are getting our range now. Had ought to have done that the first go off. I guess there'll be no room here for two now. Lie low, boys, it's goin' to storm again," and he crawled back to his own position just as it began again to hail bullets.

For a good quarter of an hour the Indians in the timber kept up a steady stream of independent firing, as if they would fill up that little hollow with lead or reap the thin cover in it with their concentrated fire, but though their bullets cut down the standing brush as if it had been slashed, riddled it, and left it in flying tatters, the men under ground remained untouched. Neither did they attempt to reply.

"Don't stir, boys, and don't shoot back," commanded Al. When they think they've killed every insect in this bloomin' brush patch, they'll maybe try some other racket. Then we'll get our work in."

## CHAPTER XXI.

The Indians were very thorough in their work of destruction, and thanks to the looting of Rolt's store-house they had plenty of ammunition to spare, but at best even, they were satisfied.

The cherry patch looked like a field after a Manitoban hail storm, and there could have been little doubt in the Chilcote's minds that anything

that had sheltered in it was as dead as Julius Caesar. But being Indians they elected to run no risks. When the firing ceased a sound of chopping began, and Rolt who should have known better, imagined that the cold-blooded brutes were going to flee before picking up their birds, but he misjudged them. An Indian is sufficiently cold-blooded, but not on the hunting trail or the war path. Then he thinks a great deal less of his belly than does a white man under similar circumstances.

Before long a great tree crashed down and before the sound of its fall had died away, they saw the top of another lean slowly over, hang for a moment, and then disappear in a spray of shattered boughs and pine needles.

Three fell in all, and still the chopping went on. Then for the first time Rolt noticed what looked like a great saw log just outside the line of the pine trees, lying parallel with that line, and as he noticed it two more came to join it.

There was no doubt that they came; he saw them emerge slowly, like some footless monsters, moving sideways down the hill.

"Ah, here they come! They're gettin' down to business at last. That's more like Cree fightin'! I wouldn't have thought that they knowed so much," muttered Al.

But at first Rolt, who had not Al's experience, did not understand, and the sight of those three great pine logs creeping down abreast, apparently by their own volition, was very horrible.

From time to time a rifle spat redly from the timber, but for the most part the slow progress of the logs down the sloping prairie was made in absolute silence. The sun creeping across the heavens seemed to move faster than they did.

"We've got to get them other two over this side," said Al. "We can't stop them," pointing to the logs, "and when they get here there'll be a blanked hot time in the cherry patch."

"Can we spare them? Won't the Indians sneak round from behind?"

"No, likely, and if they do we've got to risk it, I guess they'll wipe us out this time," with which cheering remark he crept away, returning with Toma.

"I've left the other galoot where he was," he explained. "He ain't no account as a rifle shot, but he's so plum scared that he'll make a pretty smart looking man. Hulloo! What's got that log?"

The centre log had reached the spot where Al's hat lay, and as it passed over it, possibly one of the hands which propelled the log reached for the derelict "Stetson" which had been the old man's prize. At the same time the slope of the prairie increased suddenly, and this particular log had been trimmed absolutely round, it was a white pine and young, and therefore smooth and heavy, and the men which had trimmed it had taken all the limbs off close to the trunk.

The result was that though it had crawled as slowly as its companions up to this point, as soon as it left the sharper incline it began to turn over more freely, each revolution giving additional impetus, until it was obviously rolling.

Already it was twenty feet ahead of its companions, and then for a moment a brown hand showed above it. Al's rifle came to his shoulder, but he was too slow; the hand disappeared before he could press the trigger.

(To be continued.)

## HUGE COST OF PRESENT WAR.

Europe's Conflicts From 1801 to 1914 Cost Only Half.

Wars cost Europe from the beginning of the nineteenth century up to August, 1914, about 65 billion francs, or not half of what the belligerent powers have already expended during the present conflict, according to statistics compiled by Edmund Thery, the French economist, and published in an article written to indicate the progression of the cost of war.

The fifteen years of war waged by Napoleon increased the public debt of France by 538,000,000 francs, while the Crimean war alone cost the Republic 1,660,000,000, according to Thery. Great Britain spent 1,550,000,000 in the Crimean, while that war cost Austria 343,000,000, and Turkey and Sardinia together, 642,000,000 francs. France spent 650,000,000 francs on the Mexican war, he says, and 853,000,000 in the conflict against Austria for the liberation of Italy. Prussia in her wars against Denmark and Austria spent about two billion francs, while the German States and France together spent about 15 billion on the war of 1870, including five billion francs indemnity paid by France to Germany. The war of 1877-78 against Turkey cost Russia about 2,700,000,000 francs, while she spent 6,300,000,000 in the war with Japan, as against 4,500,000,000 spent by Japan.

## Prepare.

"I'm thinking of getting married, pa. What's it like?"  
"You had a job as janitor once, didn't you?"  
"Yes."  
"And you had a position as watchman once, didn't you?"  
"Yes."  
"And you worked a while as a caretaker, didn't you?"  
"Yes."  
"Well, it's a combination of all three jobs—and then some."



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## WAR BREAKS UP ENGLISH ESTATES

OWNERS FORCED TO DISPOSE OF THEIR HOLDINGS.

Bought by Men Who Have Grown Rich in Supplying Armies With Goods.

"Country life in England will undergo and is undergoing a revolution such as England has not witnessed since the Norman Conquest."

In these words Frank Hirst, editor of the London Economist and one of the leading authorities on economic subjects in England, summed up one of the most striking effects of the war. What he means is that the country gentlemen of the old school are disappearing, squeezed out by the high taxation, the death duties, and killed off in many instances in the service of their country. Their places are being taken by men who have grown rich in supplying goods that are needed by England's immense armies, or who are making tremendous profits out of the necessities of the people by taking advantage of the conditions created by the war.

"What will happen to the stately mansions of England after the war?" Mr. Hirst asks. He answered his question as follows:

"In individual cases the answer depends on the investments of the owners. A man who has invested in Brazil or Mexico is in a specially sad way, while the man who has put his money in ships or coal is very fortunate indeed. But on the whole the fate of the landed gentry and of the country seats depends on taxes.

## Savings Swept Away.

"Taxes have already risen high enough to make it certain that most large houses will be let or for sale, for most country people before the war had places which fitted their income, with a comfortable margin for savings or special expenditure. Most of them will have to move into smaller houses if they can find tenants or purchasers. The doubling and trebling of the income tax has swept away the margin, and the higher the flood of taxation rises the fewer country seats will remain unsubmerged."

"Evidently there will be a wholesale emigration and country life will undergo a revolution such as England has not witnessed since the Norman Conquest. Some of the finest estates, I expect, will be bought up by English and American contractors who have made fortunes out of the War Office and the Ministry of Munitions. Others will perhaps be cut up by the Labor Ministry and parcelled out among disbanded soldiers whose jobs are gone and for whom no other employment can be found."

"The present public expenditure of the government is supposed to be about equal to the whole of the private incomes of all the inhabitants of the United Kingdom. If Alfred the Great had lived until now and had through-

out his long life of more than a thousand years burned one £5 (\$25) note of the Bank of England every hour of the day and night he would not have destroyed as much money as Mr. McKenna is adding every fortnight to the national debt."

## Selling Their Estates.

Mr. Hirst's view is fully borne out by the men who are in close touch with the landed gentry. A member of a famous firm of estate agents through whose hands most of the sales of property of this description pass told me that hardly a week goes by that he is not called on to arrange the sale of some large country estate and that the smaller estates are being placed in his hands for disposal by the score, writes a London correspondent.

"The country gentlemen of England," he said, "simply cannot live under the new conditions. Most of them are dependent absolutely on their rents for their income. A man has a couple of thousand acres which have been in his family for centuries. He lets the land out to farmers, many of whom have been on the land as long as himself. The rents were fixed years ago when agriculture was depressed, and, although times are good for the farmers now, it is too soon to raise rents."

"No one knows whether the present high prices for agricultural produce will last, and at any rate the farmers have had a good many bad years to make up. The squire simply cannot raise the rents, and he cannot live on his income in the old style. The taxes now take more than a quarter of it, and the death duties, if the property should happen to change hands two or three times in quick succession, as may well happen and as has happened recently in many cases in these days of war, eat up the capital. What is the man to do but try to get rid of the property, which instead of a source of income has become a burden to him?"

## Find Ready Purchasers.

"So far there has not been much difficulty in finding purchasers, for there are many people in this country who have made money out of the war, and the Englishman who makes a fortune is always in a hurry to acquire a country seat. There have been a good many American inquiries too, and some purchases by Americans, but not so many as one would have expected. I am told, however, that a good many Americans are likely to come into the market for English estates after the war is finished. They have an idea that prices may be lower then than they are now."

Everything that this man says is supported by the advertising columns of the newspapers. The London Times this week had a full page advertisement of country properties offered by one firm of estate agents. These properties were situated in many parts of England. A significant feature of this page of advertisements was that many of the properties offered were comparatively country estates. Some of the great land owners have been parting with land recently, but these sales have been confined almost wholly to the sale of outlying portions of

their estates, and have not included the family seats.

One of the recent sales which excited considerable attention was that of the Amesbury Abbey estate, which includes the famous Stonehenge ruins. It has been the seat of the Antrobus family for centuries. It included 6,400 acres. Another historic estate which recently came under the hammer was the Stisted Hall estate in Essex, while an example of the sale of outlying lands by great noblemen was the sale of the Earl of Kintore's Aberdeenshire and Kincardineshire estates, comprising 25,000 acres and a rent roll of \$110,000 a year.

## War Dogs Gold Collars.

Gold collars as awards for special services have been given by the French Society for the Protection of Animals to fifteen French war dogs, says the Journal des Debats. "Pyrame" especially distinguished himself. He and his master were scouting in when he discovered Germans in ambush. He barked and made his master understand the danger. His leader did not move from his post, but sent "Pyrame" back to warn a battalion which was coming up. This dog has an inscription about his deed attached to his collar.

## The Cruelty of Justice.

Ex-Prisoner—Surely you ain't going to turn me out of gaol in weather like this.



Thorough mixing is what makes cake delicate and tender

Lantic Sugar

makes the best cake because it creams quickly and thoroughly with the butter which is the hardest part of the mixing. Its purity and extra "fine" granulation make it dissolve at once.

2 and 5-lb. Cartons  
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For nearly 60 years, Edwardsburg "Silver Gloss" has been the standby.

In one pound packages and six pound fancy enamelled tins.

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Silver Gloss Starch



**Wear FLEET FOOT Shoes**

The Most Comfortable Footwear for Summer

WORN BY ALL MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY

SOLD BY ALL GOOD SHOE DEALERS

#### EXTERMINATE THE HOUSE-FLY

Attack Filthy, Disease-carrying Pest In Its Breeding-grounds.

The house-fly is the dirtiest of all vermin. It visits the filthiest places imaginable and then distributes the filth over our food. It carries the germs of typhoid, infantile diarrhoea, and other intestinal diseases, and, probably, assists in the spread of tuberculosis. Hence, it is not merely very dirty but exceedingly dangerous as well.

Means of protection against flies are common; doors and windows may be screened, fly papers, traps, 'swatters', and poison may be employed to kill those that do enter the house. But these purely defensive measures are not enough. The war must be carried into the enemy's country; the fly must be exterminated.

To wage war with the adult fly is to go into a ceaseless battle that can never be decisive in man's favor. The flies form such a numerous host that it is impossible to kill them all in a single season and a very few survivors are sufficient to propagate an equally numerous host the season following.

The only way to exterminate the fly is to attack it in the larval or maggot form. Flies lay their eggs in manure or garbage; ten days from the time of hatching the maggots emerge as winged insects, fully equipped for distributing disease-breeding bacteria. But a city with clean backyards and clean stable premises would be a flyless city, for it would have abolished the flies' breeding-grounds. The plan of campaign against these annoying and dangerous pests is thus plain; we must clean up, not once or twice a year, but all the time. Persons with dirty backyards should be prosecuted. Privies should be abolished wherever possible and, where allowed, should be kept continually disinfected and be cleaned twice weekly. The piling of refuse in disgusting and unsightly "dumps" should never be permitted. If the town cannot afford an incinerator, the refuse should be buried.

Experiments conducted by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture have shown that the fly larvae in manure and other refuse may be killed by treatment with borax, one pound of borax being sufficient to treat 16 cu. ft., or very nearly 13 bushels of manure. If used in larger quantities, the borax may prove injurious to plants. The borax should be sifted over the manure, particularly near the edges of the pile, which should then be sprinkled with four gallons of water. This treatment will kill 98 to 99 per cent of all the larvae in the manure. At 11 cents per pound for borax, it is estimated that the cost would be 2 cents per horse per day. This cost could be very greatly reduced by employing calcined colemanite instead of Borax, if the former were imported in large quantities. One pound of

colemanite will treat 11 bushels of manure and its larvicidal action is as effective as that of borax.

#### ST. JOHN AMBULANCE.

First Aid Work of the Canadian Pacific Railway Centre.

"A most successful year, notwithstanding the general depression." This is the pleasing statement contained in the sixth annual report of the St. John Ambulance Association. For the twelve months, ending September 30, 1915, no less than 1,816 passed qualifying examinations out of a total of 2,564 who presented themselves for instruction at the classes. In all the departments of the C.P.R. Centre of the Association, which spreads over the country, a greater zeal than ever was manifested for work, and the support of the superintending officials of the C.P.R. is in no small way responsible for a good deal of the advancement made. Wives and daughters of C.P.R. employees have taken advantage of the free course of training offered, and now no less than 825 ladies have taken out the certificate of qualification from the Association.

Under the auspices of the C.P.R. Centre instruction was given to the Borden Battery and Ammunition Column before leaving Montreal for the front. Afterwards the certificates of merit were presented to the officers and men by His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught.

An important feature of the work of the C.P.R. Centre was the bringing of a large number of the lady clerks of the C.P.R. into touch with the Red Cross Society, an organization to which they proved a valuable asset.

Three men were saved from drowning at Winnipeg by W. T. Davies, C.P.R. ambulance instructor, and William Newcombe, a C.P.R. constable. Sir Donald Cameron presented the medal of the Royal Canadian Humane Society to each in recognition of their bravery.

Particulars were obtainable of 3,780 cases where first aid had been administered by members of the C.P.R. Centre. The cases were thus divided: Atlantic Centre, 9; Eastern Division, 130; Ontario Division, 136; western lines, 3,440.

Concluding the report of the C.P.R. Centre pays a glowing tribute to the late Lieutenant-Colonel Lacy R. Johnson, who had been chairman of the Centre under review and also of the whole Association. During his time as chairman nearly 7,000 employees of the C.P.R. passed the qualifying examinations, and in this way made themselves better citizens of the Dominion.

#### FIENDISH WAY OF FIGHTING.

Some of the Terrors and Humors of the Bomb.

An Irish officer, writing from the British front in Flanders about bombs and bomb-throwing contrivances, says: "The more you have to do with bombs the more afraid of them you become, for you cannot play with explosives all day without going aloft sooner or later. The toil of good men who have been blown to pieces by their own bombs is long and sad."

Bomb-throwing as an art is still in its infancy; it changes almost from day to day. At best, it is a fiendish way of fighting, for it inflicts ghastly injuries.

Yet bombing, like many other aspects of the war, has its humorous side, and I have seen a whole trench helpless with laughter at the sight of two men running opposite ways to avoid a sausage bomb from a German trench mortar. They collided, and sat down facing each other, like vaudeville comedians. The bomb dropped between them, almost touching them both—and then failed to explode.

One morning twenty or more members of the general staff came round to our trench to witness a test of a new catapult arrangement for throwing bombs to the distance of two hundred and fifty yards. With great interest they watched the screwing down of the great arm and the fastening of the bomb in position. Then upward and forward swung the arm; but the missile, not having been properly secured, instead of hurtling in the direction of the enemy, rose gently a few feet in the air, and then turned to descend again into the trench.

Such a rapid and complete disappearance of staff officers had never before been seen. They fled like rabbits, and as they rounded the corner of the trench, the bomb went off a few feet from the ground, completely destroying the catapult.

#### POTATOES CAUSE IDIOCY.

Physicians Also Say They Sometimes Produce Palsy.

Vodka, forbidden forever in Russia by the Czar, is distilled from potatoes, and the new edict may be regarded as yet another shade of ignominy cast upon the long-suffering tuber, for it is interesting to note that the very evils ascribed to vodka drinking today were formerly attributed to eating potatoes, says the London Chronicle.

Not such a great while ago a learned Frenchman wrote a treatise to show how idiosyncrasy had increased since the introduction of the potato into Europe, and our own medical men in past times condemned it as a cause of palsy and other hideous diseases.



Women Sweep Streets.

Because of the dearth of male labor owing to the war, the streets are being brushed and burnished by feminine hands in English towns.

## He is Just One More of The Many

WHO HAS FOUND NEW HEALTH IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Philip McLeod Tells How He Suffered from Kidney Trouble for Years and Found a Quick and Complete Cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Tarbot, Victoria Co., C.B., June 19th (Special).—Philip McLeod is just one more of the many residents in this neighborhood who have found new health in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I have used Dodd's Kidney Pills with great success," Mr. McLeod states. "For years I had kidney trouble and could get nothing to help me. Hearing of what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for others led me to use them. Five boxes cured me completely."

"I have recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills to many people. I cannot speak too highly of them."

The testimony of people who have been cured is better than all the theory in the world. Dodd's Kidney Pills are purely and simply a kidney remedy. If you have kidney trouble all you need to do is to ask others. They will tell you that Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure you.

They will also tell you that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure rheumatism, dropsy, heart disease, diabetes, gravel and Bright's disease. That is because all these diseases are either kidney diseases or are caused by diseased kidneys.

#### Could Be Nothing Else.

"What makes your hair so white?" said little Clara to her dear grandpa, as she sat on the old gentleman's knee. "I am very old, dear," was the reply. Then he added, with a fine disregard for truth, "I was in the ark, you know." The little lady looked at him with renewed interest. "Were you really?" she asked. "Are you Noah?" "No," "Then you are Shem?" "No," "Ham, then?" "No, I'm not Ham." "Then you're Japheth?" Smilingly the old gentleman shook his snowy head, greatly enjoying the joke. "Then, grandpa," said Clara, her childish tones strong and decided, "you're beast!"

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

A towny from London, and this is one of them. A Scottish soldier arriving at King's Cross with his kit was met at the station by one of those kind women who have banded themselves together to welcome and befriend such men. She offered him rest and refreshment and other kindnesses, but the Scot refused everything.

"But is there nothing I can do for you?" urged the kindly lady. "Well, ma'am," replied the soldier, "I'd be obliged, if you'd tell me how far is the town from the station."

Interested Parties. Heiress—We'll have to postpone the wedding. Suitor—I don't know that we can. I must ask my creditors.

We are not here to go to sleep—no more are you. Get on—or get out, that is the law of to-day.

**BRIGGS' FLY MATS**

ARE CLEAN NO STICKINESS ALL DEALERS G.C. Briggs & Sons HAMILTON

PRICE 54

**A Tasty Summer "Snack"** for the warm days when the appetite craves "something different" for luncheon, for picnics or any kind of outdoor excursion is **Triscuit**, the Shredded Whole Wheat Wafer. It is made of the whole wheat steam-cooked, shredded and baked. Toast it in the oven to restore its crispness and spread over it butter, soft cheese or marmalade. Its snappy, tasty aroma is a delight to the palate, supplying the greatest amount of nutriment in smallest bulk. A deliciously wholesome toast. It is ready-cooked, easily carried, is strengthening and satisfying.

Made in Canada.

## FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West Told in a Few Pointed Paragraphs.

Vancouver will raise a special bicycle corps to go overseas. The next British Columbia election will be held in August.

After a lapse of twenty-eight years, work has been started at the old Stump Lake Mine, near Nicola, B.C. Vancouver expects to get a fire boat for its waterfront and the firemen may receive an increase in wages.

A second son of Rev. C. A. Sykes, Victoria, Andrew Victor Sykes, has enlisted with the Canadian Field Ambulance Corps.

Roy A. Fancher, a logger, was drowned at Powell Lake B.C., when he and six companions were upset from a canoe.

The first general picnic of the Vancouver Girl Guides for this season was held recently. About 125 Guides attended.

The jury acquitted the manager of Thiel Detective Agency for forcible detention of De Forest Ayres, Vancouver, who committed suicide.

Dr. George A. Russell, a private in the 102nd Battalion, Comox, B.C., is the second son of Rev. A. L. Russell, of Burns Lake, B.C., to enlist.

Ferby P. Pettipiece, of Vancouver, was almost instantly killed at Bear Creek, B.C., when a steam shovel overturned and fell upon him.

Hon. Lorne Campbell, Minister of Mines, entertained the Press Gallery members at luncheon in Victoria. Premier Bowser addressed the gathering.

The latest despatch from Victoria, B.C., says that great anxiety is felt owing to the continued forest fires which are raging in the northern interior of the province.

"Returning home after a ten days' absence, T. Johnson, a commercial traveller, of Vancouver, was shocked to find his wife lying dead in a pool of blood. Death was due to hemorrhage."

Abu Craibe, a South Vancouver youth of 18, has confessed he started the fire which wiped out the Alberta Pacific Grain Company's elevator, the New England Fish Company and Canadian Fish Company's premises.

#### Freddie's Funny Thought.

"Pa, what's it mean to 'follow your nose'?" "It means to go the way your nose points." "Then, if our pug should try to follow his nose, I guess he'd turn a back somersault."

**ZAM-BUK**

is the best remedy known for sunburn, heat rashes, eczema, sore feet, stings and blisters. A skin food!

All Druggists and Stores—50c.

## The Dunlop Rubber Company Wants Workmen for Toronto

More men are needed in the Toronto factory of The Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Company, Limited, to keep up with the demands of a steadily increasing business. Here is a chance for mechanics, or unskilled workmen who wish to become mechanics, to learn a trade that commands good wages everywhere. No previous experience in rubber working necessary. The right kind of men can trust the Dunlop Company for a square deal. Send in your name and address for an application blank. Address:

**Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Company, Limited**

400th Ave., Toronto

#### THE COST OF FIRES.

Canada Pays Dearly for Indifference and Carelessness.

The Dominion Superintendent of Insurance has issued an abstract report of fire insurance business in Canada for 1915. The report gives an interesting insight into what Canada is paying as the price of her indifference and carelessness with fire.

In 1915 Canada had an approximate fire loss of \$15,500,000. Fire insurance companies paid out for fire losses \$14,030,298, or approximately \$1,500,000 less than the fire loss. The owners of destroyed property consequently had to bear the latter loss.

Fire insurance companies collected from the people in premiums \$26,530,293, which, added to the margin of \$1,500,000, gives an approximate total of \$28,000,000. This latter figure represents only the actual cash outlay as represented by insurance protection, and value of property consumed in excess of insurance. To this must be added the loss in disruption of business, damage through hasty removal of property, the expense of upkeep of fire departments, extra water-supply, private fire protection, etc.

That much the greater portion of this loss may be avoided is shown by a report of the fire chief of Vancouver, B. C., for March, covering the causes of fires in the cases of the 36 alarms responded to by the fire department in that city, as follows: Children playing with matches, 2; lamp thrown on stove, 1; chimney fires, 9; overheated stoves and furnaces, 3; unknown origin, 5; electric heater left turned on, 1; smoke scare, 1; backfire in carburetor, 1; grease on stove, 1; defective chimney, 1; hot ashes, 2; spontaneous combustion, 1; gasoline explosion, 1; electrical origin, 2; overheated coal oil stove, 2; defective fire-place, 1; overheated chimney, 1; smoking in bed, 1.

Canada cannot afford to continue this sacrifice of money, materials and labour, especially when every effort should be made to husband her resources.

#### Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

Costly.

"Did yez give yer woife anything on her birthday, Pat?" "Oi did." "Phwat did it cost yez?" "Tin dollars or tin days."

I was cured of Bronchitis and Asthma by MINARD'S LINIMENT. MRS. A. LIVINGSTONE.

Lot 5, P. E. I.

I was cured of a severe attack of Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Mahone Bay. JOHN MADER. I was cured of a severely sprained leg by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

JOSHUA A. WYNACHT. Bridgewater.

#### Caught Unexpectedly.

A young Tommy was hauled before his commanding officer. He had exceeded his leave by two days. "Well," said the officer, "what have you to say for yourself?" "I'm awfully sorry," replied Tommy. "I really couldn't get back before. I was detained by business." Officer (sternly)—"So you wanted two more days of grace, did you?" "No, sir," answered Tommy, off his guard for a moment, "of Marjorie."

**Sore Eyes**

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by **Murine Eye Remedy**. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. **Murine Eye Salve** Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Freckle Druggists or **Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago**

#### The Chaps Were Insulted.

The visitor to the training camp was quite taken aback at the number of black eyes and bruised faces he saw everywhere. "What's been the trouble?" he asked his friend, a corporal. "Most of your fellows look as if they had been in the wars." "Had a row with the next regiment, that's all," replied the corporal in an off-hand tone. "What about?" "Oh, the beggars set a sentry to watch their towel while it was hanging to dry, and our chaps felt insulted."

#### Thought His Hearing Was Bad.

Some wounded soldiers were waiting to go before the Invalid Board, with a view to getting sick leave. Among them was a private who had lost his leg, and when his name was called he hobbled into the room. "What's the matter with you, my man?" asked the presiding officer, speaking from force of habit. The soldier was surprised, but, with a straight face, he remarked, quietly—"Aa'm no' shair, sir; but Aa think it's ma hearin' that's bad."

Ask for Minard's and take no other

#### The Bantams Were Betting.

This is the latest story concerning Glasgow's Bantam Battalion. The enemy had exploded a mine underneath a British trench, and when things had settled down again some men were found to be missing. A search party was sent out and came upon two of the "missing." They had been indulging in a hot argument, and as the rescuers came upon them they were arranging a bet as to which end of the trench was blown up first.

**EAT GILLET'S LYE**

WAR CLOUDS.

Crawford—As it looks like rain why don't you go back to the house for your umbrella?

Crashaw—If I did I'd probably be interned for the night.

## FORD OWNERS

\$6.00 a year protects your new Ford Touring Car from loss by fire to the extent of \$500. Including loss from explosion and self-ignition.

Covers fire loss while car is in any building—or on the road—lower rates and more liberal terms than any other policy you can procure.

Write for rates on Ford cars up to three years old.

Similar rates and conditions are granted to owners of Chevrolet cars.



**LONDON MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY**

F. D. WILLIAMS, MANAGING DIRECTOR

HEAD OFFICE—33 SCOTT ST. TORONTO.

#### SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES, IRISH COBBLERS, Delaware, Carman. Order at once. Supply limited. Write for quotations. H. W. I. & Son, Brampton.

#### HELP WANTED.

BLACKSMITH FREEMAN OR Floorman. Steady employment. Apply Hendrie & Co., Ltd., Hamilton.

WANTED—TEAMSTERS. STEADY employment; good wages. Apply Hendrie & Co., Limited, G. T. Ry. Cartage Agents, Toronto.

EXPERIENCED AND INEXPERIENCED Girls for Hostelry and Underwear Mill. Also a few Young Men. Highest wages paid. Mercury Mills, Limited, Hamilton.

MEN WANTED FOR ALL branches of Finishing trade, including Rubbing and Polishing, also Cabinet Makers and Trimmers. Steady work and good wages for competent men. When applying state experience and whether married or single. Apply The Geo. McLagan Furniture Co., Limited, Stratford, Ont.

A GOOD ALL ROUND DRY GOODS man to take charge of Staple Dept. and assist in general management of Dry Goods. Steady employment. Would prefer man who could be made junior partner. F. G. McTavish & Co., Stratford, Ont.

BOX NAILERS, SAWYERS, LABORERS, good wages. Apply or write Firstbrook Bros. Limited, Toronto.

WANTED—GOOD COOK OR GENERAL for Burlington. Other servants kept. Best wages. Apply Mrs. Proctor, R.R. No. 2, Freeman.

#### FOR SALE.

FARM HANDY WAGON CHEAP. Steel Wheel Farm Truck, two ton capacity, for sale cheap. Bargain to cash buyer. F. J. Halliday, Box 61, Hamilton, Ont.

#### NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale. Good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide Street, Toronto.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Lillian Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

For Freezing Ice Cream you get best results with CRUSHED ROCK SALT. A more even freeze. Smoother Ice Cream. Takes one-third less salt and keeps Cream hard twice as long. Write TORONTO SALT WORKS, 60-62 Jarvis St., Toronto, Ont.

## Machinery For Sale

Wheelock Engine, 150 H.P., 18 x 42, with double main driving belt 24 ins. wide, and Dynamo 30 K.W. belt driven. All in first class condition. Would be sold together or separately; also a lot of shafting at a very great bargain as room is required immediately.

**S. Frank Wilson & Sons**

73 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.

## A Sensible Thing To Do

When the drug, caffeine—the active principle in tea and coffee—shows in headache, nervousness, insomnia, biliousness, jumpy heart, and so on, the sensible thing to do is to quit both tea and coffee.

It's easy, having at hand the delicious pure food-drink

## Instant Postum

It is made from wheat roasted with a bit of wholesome molasses and is free from any harmful substance.

Thousands who prefer to protect their health, use Postum with comfort and delight.

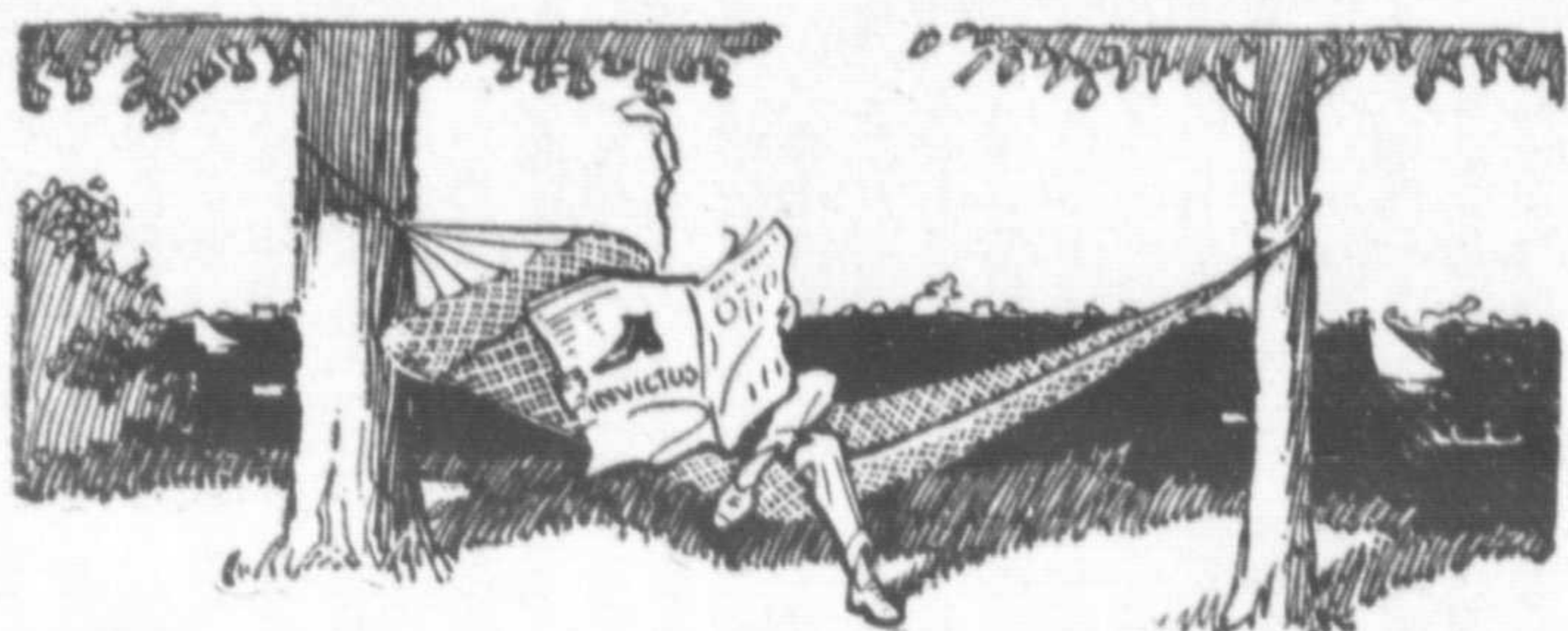
Made in the cup—instantly—with hot water. Convenient, nourishing, satisfying.

"There's a Reason" for **POSTUM**

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.



## The Shawville Boot and Shoe Store



### HOLIDAYS

We all appreciate our holidays, especially at this time of the year, and we owe it to ourselves to make sure that nothing arises to mar the enjoyment of our outing.

No matter where you go, your feet go with you. Be careful lest they remind you of the fact too painfully just when you most desire to enjoy yourself. If you buy

### "INVICTUS SHOES"

you enjoy absolute comfort. Not only that they look well, but wear well.

Enjoy your Holidays in a new pair of INVICTUS SHOES.

**P. E. SMILEY.**

#### MUSIC.

**MISS H. BALLANTYNE**  
TEACHER of PIANO, etc.

BRISTOL—McLeod's Hotel.

SHAWVILLE—The Manse.

If you are a money saver, you will attend DOVER'S special discount sale on Friday.

**A good time, Garden Social, Rectory Grounds JULY 6th.**

The Academy staff, have all left town, some for their respective homes and others to visit friends. Miss Duncan is the only one of the lady teachers who has re-engaged for next year.

The branch of the Quebec bank at Ville Marie was blown up by bandits on Friday last. The building was set on fire by the explosions and gutted, but the safe remained intact, and the robbers failed to get the \$18,000 it contained.

Capt. John A. Macdonald, formerly a joint-owner of the Arnprior Chronicle, and a veteran of the Fenian raids of 1866 and 1870, has lost his third son, Gunner Kenneth Macdonald, who was serving with the 15th Battery. The young soldier was killed in action near Ypres on May 31st.

There is no diminution in the list of Canadian casualties which is being daily added to, as the result of the battle at Hoge on June 2-4. It is estimated now that the number of losses, including killed, wounded and missing, will reach ten thousand. In these lists the proportion of native-born Canadians is larger than that which marked the casualty lists in the earlier stages of the war.

Antigonish, Nova Scotia, June 22, 1916.—The closing exercises of St. Francis Xavier's High School, Antigonish, Nova Scotia, took place last night in the College Assembly Hall. Twenty-two candidates successfully completed their High School course and were awarded Matriculation Certificates. Among the successful candidates are Frederick J. Coyne, son of John Coyne, Portage du Fort, P. Q.; W. J. McNally, formerly of Bryson, P. Q., at present living at 183 Booth St., Ottawa, and T. C. Foran, son of T. P. Foran, K. C., Ottawa. All three have made an excellent showing in their work. Mr. Coyne received the first prize for proficiency in languages (Latin, French, English).

#### FOR SALE

Two Village Lots situate on Main Street, Shawville, opposite the Methodist Church.  
Farm Property of 53 acres, situate north of Shawville Cemetery—35 acres in hay, 18 acres good bush. All well fenced with wire. A good well dug, and also a frame barn erected in 1915.  
A comfortable Brick Residence on Centre Street, with kitchen, summer kitchen, woodshed and all necessary outbuildings.  
R. W. HODGINS,  
Shawville, Que.

Our store will be open late Friday night and closed on Saturday. DOVER.

Sir Robert Borden celebrated his 62nd birthday on Monday. It is stated the premier will shortly make a tour of the North West.

#### Married.

**RICHARDSON—GREENSHIELDS**  
A very pretty wedding took place in the Yarm Methodist Church on June 14th, 1916, when Roy Elliott Richardson of Hairy Hill, Alta., was united to Letitia Laura Greenshields, youngest daughter of John Greenshields of Yarm. The bride was dressed in a suit of navy blue with a very pretty hat trimmed with lilies of the valley and also wore a veil. A large gathering had assembled at church, among whom were visitors from Shawville and the surrounding neighborhood. A reception was held at the home of the bride's parents. The happy couple will shortly leave for their home in Alberta, with the best wishes of all their friends.—COM.

#### WILSON—BARBER.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Barber when their daughter, Elizabeth Lillian became the bride of Mr. William Harvey Wilson, son of Mrs. James Wilson, of Starks Corners. The bridal party entered the parlor, which was converted into a bower of flowers and ferns for the occasion, to the wedding march, rendered by Mrs. (Rev.) Tripp. The Rev. Mr. Tripp tied the nuptial knot. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a charming gown of ivory silk crepe de chene with drapes of Georgette crepe and pearl trimming, and wore a bridal veil done up in Juliet cap, crowned with orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of white roses and maiden-hair fern. Miss Lola Barber, as bridesmaid, wore a pretty frock of Palm Beach silk marquisette trimmed with satin ribbon and over-net, and wore carnations. Mr. Herbert Dean supported the groom.

During the signing of the register Mrs. Tripp sang a solo—Congratulations—after which the bridal party retired to the dining room where a sumptuous repast was served to a large gathering of friends. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold bracelet set with amethyst and pearls. The other presents were numerous and costly, including a number of cheques, showing the high esteem in which the young couple are held. The bridal party left by motor for the groom's home amid showers of confetti and flowers. The bride's going-away suit was of Copenhagen poplin.—COM.

#### Successful Music Students

JUNE 1915 TO JUNE 1916.

Grade Elementary—Vera Sharpe, Beryl Davis, Claire Thomas, Nellie Smiley, Verna Cameron, Ivy Millar, Shawville, Que.; Ettie Stitt, Fort Coulonge; Annie Stark, Starks Corners.  
Grade Junior—Gwendolen Lough, Lillian Stitt, Marjorie Lester, Fort Coulonge; Ethel Palmer, Starks Corners; Ruby Eades, Shawville; Emma Creighton, Maryland.  
Grade Intermediate—Eleanor Lough, Fort Coulonge; Dominion College of Music, Certificate of Merit.  
Examiners—Percival J. Halsey, Montreal; Arthur Dorey, John W. Bearder, Ottawa.  
—Pupils of Miss Thomson, Shawville, Que.

## We Can Supply You

... WITH ALL KINDS OF ...

**Tinware, Agateware, Stoves, Furnaces, Roofing Material, Eavetroughing and Repairing.**

Your patronage solicited.

**G. W. DALE PRACTICAL TINSMITH**  
Shawville, Que.

## GREAT NORTHERN OIL & ASPHALT CO. LTD.

**SHARES 20c. EACH**  
**WELL DOWN 300 FT.**

**BUY NOW.**

**BUY NOW.**

Money Orders made payable to the Northern Fiscal Agency and address to

**F. G. CASEY, Agent,**  
Box 112, Wainwright, Alberta.

#### THE MARKETS.

##### SHAWVILLE

Flour per barrel \$6.00  
Wheat, per bushel, 80c to \$1.25.  
Oats, per bushel, 42c.  
Beans per bushel, \$3.50.  
Butter tubs, prints and rolls 21c.  
Potatoes per bag, 1.10c.  
Eggs per dozen 22c.  
Wool, washed, 47c.  
Hides per 100 lbs. 12.00  
Pelts 1.00 to 1.50 each  
Horse Hides each 2.50  
Calfskins each 1.00 to 1.25  
Veal Skins, each 90c

##### OTTAWA.

The following are last Saturday's quotations:  
Butter, in prints 30c to 31c  
Butter in pails 25 to 30c  
Eggs, fresh, per dozen 27 to 35c  
Potatoes per bag, \$2.00  
Pork per 100 lbs \$13.00 to 15.00  
Beef, per 100 lbs, \$13 to \$14  
Oats per bushel 60c  
Hay per ton 12.00 to 18.00

##### BRISTOL.

June 24.—This week has been one of interest and full of pleasure for Bristol Presbyterians.

On Friday the Sunday School held their annual picnic in Mr. George Cuthbertson's grove, where a great crowd foregathered. The weather was the best and everybody enjoyed themselves. The baseball game between the married men and the singles was very interesting and close until the last innings when the bachelors opened up a long lead and won easily. At the same time the married ladies were winning rather handsily by brilliant batting from the single ones. Races, jumping and hammer and nail contests were engaged in, after which supper was served to all. It was grand to hear the old long meter doxology ringing through the trees as the crowd so happily sang "Praise God from Whom all Blessings Flow." Everybody brought their smile.

Patriotic Day will long be remembered in the hearts and minds of the Bristol congregation. In the morning the Sunday School met with a record attendance—a steadily growing figure until 87 has been reached. We aim at 100 for 1916.

At the close of the Sabbath School the children's choir, which had been training carefully, under the direction of Mrs. Ruby McMullen, marched in, 28 strong. Behind them followed the young men's Bible class, led by their officers and teachers. This class was a grand sight to see. The beautiful program prepared by the Presbyterian S. S. committee was carried out. The boys of Mr. D. McCredie's class read a Scripture passage, each boy reading a verse. The girls of Miss Ballantyne's class read their passage in unison, while the Y. M. B. C., which sat together in the centre of the church, (29), were led by their teachers, Mr. Anderson (of Brick) and Mr. Meldrum (of Knox), alternately, the class standing and reading responsively. It was impressive to see and hear.

After a Bible reading by the minister, the Honor Roll was unveiled. This Honor Roll is a beautiful piece of work, very kindly given to us by Mr. John Wolfe, a member of the Y. M. B. C., who designed and made the Roll. The names of those enlisting from the congregation are inscribed in the centre, while their photographs are attached at the sides. The decorations consist of maple leaves, the beaver, the flag, and around each photo a wreath of forget-me-nots. When the roll was unveiled, the minister read the six names inscribed:

Corp. Wm Stanley Grant,  
L.-Corp. Robert McKechnie,  
Pte. Percy C. Sly,  
Capt. D. A. Macfarlane,  
Trooper E. M. Findlay,  
Pte. Elton H. McCorriston,  
and a special prayer for protection offered.  
The children's choir then sang "O Canada" splendidly. The whole effect was magnificent: the pulpit glorious in its flowers, flags and honor roll; the

#### SHINGLES FOR SALE.

A car-load of first quality New Brunswick cedar shingles. Price on application to

H. T. ARGUE,  
Shawville.

#### Attend the Garden Social, Rectory Grounds, July 6

children in their happiness, and the rhythmic waving of their little flags as they sang the last chorus.

The minister, Rev. F. W. K. Harris, spoke briefly but earnestly on Heroes and Heroism—past and present, the old and the new.

At the offering the children gave in a special envelope—their seven (7) or more cents for the soldier's new testament—from the Bible Society; then they sang "As a Volunteer," a grand enlisting hymn.

The singing of the hymn "Soldiers of Christ arise" brought the service to a close.

At Knox Church in the afternoon, the same service was repeated, many of those at Brick in the morning again attending, especially the members of the Y. M. C. B. The church was crowded, some standing. The church looked very beautiful with its decorations of maple leaves and flowers. The singing of the children's choir and the splendid congregational singing were the features of the service.

In the evening Mr. Harris addressed the largest yet attendance of young people on "Patriotism." —COM.

#### Annual Meeting of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association.

The Annual Meeting of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association for the year 1915-16 was held in the Canadian Building, Ottawa, Ont., June 16th. Among others there were present the President, Dr. Jas W. Robertson; Dr. C. A. Zavitz, Guelph, Ont.; Professor James Murray, Macdonald College, Que.; Mr. Savoie, Secretary of Agriculture for Quebec; Professor M. Cummings, Truro, N. S.; Mr. J. B. Daggett, Deputy Minister of Agriculture for New Brunswick; W. T. Macoun, Ottawa; G. H. Clark, Seed Commissioner, Ottawa; W. J. Black, Economic and Development Commissioner, Ottawa and the Secretary, Mr. L. H. Newman.

Owing to the war situation the meeting this year dealt chiefly with business matters there being no papers or addresses presented. The reports submitted by the Board of Directors and by the Secretary indicate that substantial progress has been made by the Association during the past year. The membership has increased as has also the extent of the influence exerted throughout the Dominion.

Dr. Jas W. Robertson was re-elected President as was also Mr. L. H. Newman as Secretary-Treasurer. The Board of Directors consists of 19 members and is composed of prominent authorities chosen from each of the provinces.

#### FOR SALE

Two Ayrshire Bull Calves, and a few Heifer Calves, will be sold cheap to quick buyer.

JAS. ARMSTRONG & SON.

#### MILK NOTICE

As we are taking over the milk business and equipment of Mr. Harold H. Hodgins, we wish to notify his customers and others that we will be in a position to supply milk at the usual rates; and we trust that with the aid of good milk and square dealing to merit a continuance of the patronage Mr. Hodgins has so long enjoyed.  
JAS. ARMSTRONG & SON,  
Green Lake Dairy Farm.

## Shop Here For Wedding Gifts.

When you get an invitation to a wedding and you are undecided as to what form the gift will take, please feel free to come into this store to look around; it will help you to make up your mind as well as to give you some idea of the amount of money you wish to spend.

In Table Silver you will find here a wonderfully complete line of Gift Things that are particularly useful and not expensive. If it is Plated Wares you decide upon, W. Rogers will give almost the same service as Sterling.

We will assist you in any way we can, and not urge that you should make a purchase. We feel that this is a matter you can decide for yourself.

Store closed from Fri., June 30 to Tues., July 4.  
PHONE 51.

**H. SHADEL,**  
The Shawville Jewellery Store.

.... MARKET FOR ....

## PULPWOOD

Five Dollars Per Cord

will be paid by the undersigned for any quantity of POPLAR and BASSWOOD PULPWOOD, delivered at any siding or station along the Can. Pacific Railway Pontiac branch.

## LAWN BROS., Campbells Bay.

## SHAWVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS

**T. SHORE - PROPRIETOR.**

**MONUMENTS** I have on hand the finest stock of Marble and Granite Monuments ever placed before the public of this district. Prices are such that it will be to intending purchasers' interest to consult me before placing their order elsewhere. Nothing too large—nothing too small.

FENCING AND CEMETERY WORK A SPECIALITY

All Work Guaranteed Satisfactory.

## SPECIALS

**FOR FRIDAY, JUNE 30th**  
**at DOVER'S.**

Below we mention only a few of the many specials we are offering for above date:

28 Men's Brown Tweed Suits to clear at \$6.35. Reg. 9.50, Sizes 35 to 42.

13 only Men's Blue Serge Suits, reg. \$12.50 for 8.95, a snap.

1 line of Men's Rain Coats (quantity Limited) clear at \$3.65.

15 p. c. reductions on any Raincoat in the store. Men's, Ladies', Misses'.

15 p. c. reductions on any other Suit in the store (not mentioned above) in Men's and Boys', including Blues and Blacks.

Men's Work Shirts, reg. up to 75c. for 45c.

Men's Fine Shirts, reg. 75c. for 45c.

54 pairs Men's Pants, reg. \$1.85, 2.00 and 2.25, to clear at one price—\$1.69.

Odd lines of Overalls at reduced prices.

Discounts in all lines of

**Men's, Boys' and Women's Wear.**

Be sure to come Friday as our store will be closed Saturday, July 1st. Open late Friday night.

**ARCHIE DOVER**