

THE EQUITY.

No. 17, 34TH YEAR.

SHAWVILLE, PONTIAC COUNTY, QUE., THURSDAY, OCT. 12, 1916.

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874

Head Office: - Ottawa, Canada.

Capital Paid Up . . . \$ 4,000,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits . . . 4,998,304
Total Assets over . . . 88,998,304

Board of Directors:

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Attention is directed to the sale advt. of Miss Maria Hodgins, on another page of this issue.

Shawville had a large representation of citizens at the Beachburg Fair last week.

Mr. Sam Sinclair has commenced the erection of a dwelling house on the William Sinclair property on King street.

This week's meeting of the Shawville H. M. Club will be held Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. R. W. Hodgins.

The Shawville H. M. Club will meet Friday afternoon, Oct. 13th at the Academy at 3 o'clock. Owing to the absence of a quorum last Friday no meeting was held. Program as prepared for last week.

Your family have been pleading with you for years. Sitting for a portrait is a matter of minutes only—the same efficient methods you demand in your business are observed in ours. Make an appointment to-day? H. IMSON.

A box social in aid of L. O. L. No. 29, Radford, will be held at the home of Mr. Wm J. Horner, on Friday evening, Oct. 20. A good program will be presented. The ladies are requested to bring boxes.

Miss Louisa Hassard, of Caldwell section, has sent to this office a small bunch of wild raspberries, which, for some cause, seem to have got about two months behind the regular season for this variety of fruit to mature.

The Murrell Homemakers' Club will meet at the home of Mrs. A. Pirie, on Wednesday, Oct. 18th, at 7 o'clock p.m. Program: How to keep young, by Mrs. Wm Cameron; How to train children by Mrs. H. Stewart. Roll call. Labor saving devices.

ANOTHER \$1 FOR SMOKES—Mrs. James Knox, of Campbells Bay, whose son Roy, has gone to the front, in remitting subscription to this paper, includes one dollar to be applied to the Overseas Tobacco Fund. On behalf of the soldiers, who will eventually derive some comfort from this evidence of the lady's thoughtfulness, THE EQUITY heartily thanks her for the donation.

The good government of Quebec—that is the Gouin Government—has been granting more liquor licenses in Hull than the charter of that city calls for, or than the city council desire and the reason given is the increased revenue which the good Gouin Government is getting out of these extra licenses, at the expense of the city's moral standing, which is bound to suffer since the closing of the bars in Ottawa.

The October meeting of Pontiac Lodge A. F. and A. M., (Friday 6th) was distinguished by the presence of Dr. G. A. Clunie, of Lachute, D. D. G. M., of Ottawa district; D. A. McEachren W. M., of Acadia Lodge, Buckingham; Bro. J. H. Cartner, of Ottawa, and others. As the lodge had considerable work on hand, the session was a busy one. The brethren were called from "labor to refreshment" at 11 o'clock when an adjournment was made to the Pontiac House where a bountiful spread was partaken of, after which business was resumed.

PAY NOW AND SAVE MONEY.—Some time ago subscribers in arrears to this paper were notified through these columns that unless such arrears were paid up in full within three months an additional 50 cents per year would be added and the amount collected by the usual methods. Some people were governed by the notice and a good many were not, and a large amount of arrears is still outstanding. We will extend the time for the paying in of this money till the 20th of October. After that date 50 cents per year will be added, and the accounts handed into court. Fair warning!

The Roll of Honor



LIEUT. ASA M. HORNER

Youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm J. Horner of North Clarendon, who died of wounds sustained on the 15th or 16th of August.

Mr. Horner last week received the following letter in reference to his son's death from the major of the battalion in which Lt. Horner was serving when he was wounded:

"France, 18th Sept., 1916.

"DEAR MR. HORNER: It is with a sad heart that I write to you of the death of your son, Lieut. A. M. Horner, who was wounded in action on the evening of Sept. 15th.

"Lieut. Horner was the most lovable chap and almost worshipped by his men, who have been constant in their inquiries for him. His men would have followed him anywhere, and it was at their head, while leading them in attack, that he received his wound, from a piece of shell. He had all the care that could be given him, but the wound was too serious. He lived long enough, however, to learn that the attack which he led was successful.

"I know I voice the feelings of every officer in the Battalion and every man in his company when I say our hearts are sad and our sympathies go out to you in this great loss to you.

"Sincerely yours,
"W. E. L. COLEMAN, Major,
"O. C. 'B' Co.
"Mr. W. J. Horner,
"Charteris P. O.,
"Canada."

The following sketch of the late Lieut. Horner, is clipped from the Toronto Star of Sept. 29:—

Lieut. Asa Milton Horner, officially reported as dying of wounds on September 16th, was the son of Mr. W. J. Horner, Charteris, Quebec, and nephew of Mrs. C. K. Dunn, 263 Wellesley street, with whom he has lived since childhood. He was 22 years of age, and unmarried. Lieut. Horner enlisted with the 74th Battalion in December last, going overseas in March, when he was drafted and sent forward to the trenches in June. In a letter received, written shortly before his death, he said: "I am proud and glad to be here to fight for my country." Lieut. Horner was a graduate of Jarvis Collegiate, and in his graduation year at Victoria College. He was well known in sporting circles, and known among his fellow students as the cleanest of sports. He played on the Varsity rugby team, the Victoria Mulock Cup team, Argonauts last year, Assistant Cup basketball championship, and was president of the Victoria College Athletic Union.

He was also a member of Sherbourne street Methodist Church, where he took an active part and acted as usher for a number of years, said Chancellor Bowles, of Victoria College. "To know him was to feel the attraction of a very gracious personality. He was one of the best known and best beloved of our students."

The Merchants Bank of Canada

Established 1864

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT . . . SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN.
VICE-PRESIDENT . . . K. W. BLACKWELL.
MANAGING DIRECTOR . . . E. F. HERBEN.
GEN. MANAGER . . . D. C. MACAROW.

Paid up Capital . . . \$7,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits . . . 7,250,984
Total Assets . . . 86,190,400

206 Branches and Agencies in Canada.
Money advanced on sale notes, and for stock feeding purposes.

A SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNT

Savings accounts can be opened as well by mail as in person, on which interest is allowed on balances of \$1.00 and upwards.

Branches at Shawville and Quyon.

W. F. DRUM . . . Manager, Shawville
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HENRY'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL

Ottawa, Ont.

Our instruction being individual you may start at any time.

We are HEADQUARTERS for Short-hand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Spelling, English, Correspondence, Punctuation, Paragraphing, Transcription, and Office Work.

Since January, 1913, more than 265 students from other local colleges have joined our classes.

Students are assisted to positions. More than 115 were placed during the past year—most of them in the Government. Send for circular.

D. E. HENRY, PRESIDENT.
Cor. Bank and Sparks Sts.

WANTED TO BUY—A large stack of Hay delivered at Wyman. Quote price. H. N. ANSTISS.

Kodaks, I have a nice assortment on hand at all times. Fresh films and supplies. Finishing for amateurs a specialty. H. IMSON.

Parties requiring Bran or Feed, are requested to call at the Clarendon Roller Mills.—G. F. WANDLESS.

Indoors or not, on your travels or at home, Kodak is at your service. Catalogues furnished upon request. H. IMSON.

The Academy Concert on Friday evening of this week, instead of the skating rink, will be held in the exhibition hall, which will be made comfortable.

The Methodist Ladies' Aid purpose holding a concert in the Exhibition hall on Hallow'een, (Oct. 31st). Proceed will be applied to purchase a hospital cot. Watch next issue for further particulars.

There was a representative attendance of Oddfellows at the service in St. Paul's on Sunday morning, at which the Rector, Rev. Mr. Phillips, preached an appropriate and very impressive sermon from the text Matt. XIII—58—"And he did not many mighty works there because of their unbelief."

Personal.

Mr. E. J. Turner, Ottawa, visited his parents here on Thanksgiving Day.

Mrs. A. Dupuis and baby, of Arnprior have been visiting Miss Ethel Smith during the past week.

Mr. John Moynan, of Waterloo, Que., spent Sunday and Thanksgiving day with Shawville friends.

Mrs. J. A. McGuire and daughter Mrs. A. E. Bourke have removed from Shawville to take up residence in Ottawa.

Mr. Wm J. Dagg, motored to Ottawa Saturday to meet his son Ernie, who is on the Merchants Bank staff at Athens, Ont.

Mrs. E. H. Mee returned Monday from a two months' visit to her sister, Mrs. D. H. Quinn, at South Porcupine, Ont.

Mr. Lyall Hodgins of the staff of the Merchants Bank at Kingston, was home for the week-end and Thanksgiving Day.

Mr. Andrew Blackburn accompanied by his daughter, Miss Maggie, of Kirk's Ferry, visited his daughter, Mrs. Leonard Belscher, last week-end and Thanksgiving Day.

Mr. Robert W. Smiley, of Prince Albert, Sask., was here last week on the sad mission of attending the funeral of his father, the late Edward Smiley, which took place at noon on Wednesday to St. Paul's church. Rev. Mr. Ball, of Portage du Fort, officiating. After a short visit to his wife's relatives at Bristol, Mr. Smiley returned to Prince Albert.

"Canada's Best"

GOWLING Business College
OTTAWA, ONT.

Has proved itself to be Canada's Best Business, Shorthand and Civil Service School by taking the SIX highest places in open competition with all business and shorthand schools in Canada on the Civil Service Examinations of May last.

Write for catalogue and copy of Gowlings Advocate.

W. E. GOWLING, H. G. W. BRAITHWAIT.
President. Principal.

Write, Suite 7, Regina Court, Regina, Sask. if interested in the exchange of an eastern farm, for a private residence in that City.

MONEY LOST—Somewhere in Shawville, on Thursday, Sept. 28th, a \$10 bill. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning to owner, STANLEY LANGFORD.

FOR SALE—Reg. Shorthorn Durham Bull, at a reasonable figure; also a International Hy Press in good condition. Apply to JAS. V. FINDLAY.

WANTED—A man to dig a well. In payment for this work, I will give a good sound Percheron 3 yr. old Colt. Apply to GARNER RICHARDSON, R. R. No. 1.

FOR SALE—1 two-year old pure bred Leicestershire Ram. For further particulars apply to GEO. G. HODGINS.

FOUND—On exhibition grounds, a lady's folding pocket book, (grey) containing a small sum of money. Call at THE EQUITY Office.

FOR SALE—A dwelling house, situated on north side of Main St., Lot No. 86 Shawville. A good summer kitchen, horse stable and well, in connection—centrally located. Mrs. E. E. MCCUAIG.

CONCRETE CULVERTS, PIPES AND curbing for wells sold at Works. Contracts made with Municipalities to manufacture Pipes in their own localities. H. T. McDOWELL & SON, Shawville Que.

Several of the young men of this district, who went West with the harvester excursions have returned home.

A young man, son of William Cotte of Starks Corners, was seriously injured on Saturday by a kick from a horse on the forehead.

The casualty lists published on Thursday last included the name of Pte R. J. Lynch, of Starks Corners neighborhood, who is reported as wounded.

A daughter of Mr. Stewart Fulford, of Starks Corners was taken to the hospital on Saturday, suffering with appendicitis.

Quite a number of people belonging to this section, who are filling engagements elsewhere, spent the week end and Thanksgiving Day with their relatives and friends in the neighborhood.

Next Sunday will be observed as Children's Day at St. Paul's Church. Service will be held at the usual hour in the morning, at which an address will be given by Rev. E. A. Findlay, B. A., of Aylwin.

Word was received in Ottawa last week, where his relatives reside, of the death from wounds of Major Clayton B. Parr, of the 24th Victoria Rifles, in which he enlisted as a Lieutenant, earning his promotion after going overseas. Major Parr was known to many in this section and in Bristol, having been attached to the engineering staff of the Canadian Northern Railway, while the road was under construction about three years ago.

THE HARDWARE STORE

FALL PAINTING

There are many reasons why the fall is the best time to paint. The fresh paint will not have the scorching heat of summer to contend with until well hardened. There are no spring rains and no flies or dust to settle in the fresh paint.

We have a good stock of Paints, Varnishes, and many "BRIGHTEN UP" articles, and can give you the best goods made in the country. Come in and see us about it.

J. H. SHAW.

W. A. HODGINS SHAWVILLE

RUBBERS

A full line of 'Minor Quality' Rubbers at old prices.

Overshoes, Heavy Gum Boots for Men and Boys.

BOOTS

We regret the very high prices of all leather goods, but customers will find our prices as reasonable as possible.

Cold weather goods now in all our departments. Get your wants from us.

Roofing 2 and 3 ply
Tar and Felt Sheetings
Sulphite Paper
Glass and Putty.

Special for next week
STRAND'S S. S. BULK BLACK TEA
Limit, 1 lb. to a customer, 30c.

W. A. HODGINS

Prohibition

is not in force for the finest beverage of all

"SALADA"

TEA

For flavor, quality and richness there is nothing to equal a cup of "SALADA". Invigorating, refreshing, and so pure and clean.

SOLD AT ALL GROCERY STORES
40c., 50c., 60c. and 70c. a pound

THROUGH THE DARK SHADOWS

Or The Sunlight of Love

CHAPTER VIII.—(Cont'd.)

Behind him glittered the long French windows of the morning-room, one of which stood open, revealing the luxury of the room beyond; the table with its silver and delicate china service, and the purple hangings of the walls.

Presently he stopped in his stroll and turned his stern eyes towards the landscape stretching beneath him. Through the confusion of the dark woods there lay a long line of turf, cut here and there by formidable hedges, and divided by a streak of glittering silver, which was in reality a dangerous stream—indeed, higher up it became a torrent—forming the final obstacle of the Barminster steeple-course. All the Leroy had been fond of horses. The Barminster stables had sent many a satinetted colt to carry off the gold cup; and this race-course had been carefully kept and preserved by the family for many generations.

While he stood gazing on it a light footstep sounded behind him, and a slender hand was laid on his shoulder. He turned slowly, and with a kind of

kingly courtesy kissed the long white fingers.

"You are early as usual, Constance," he said approvingly.

Lady Constance Tremaine smiled as she turned with him and walked along the mosaic pavement of the terrace. She was little more than a girl, with a slim, graceful figure, and clad in a simple white morning gown, which served to enhance her youthful beauty. Her face was a pure oval, with clear-cut features and an exquisitely curved, sensitive mouth, while her grey-blue eyes gazed beneath their thick lashes with a calm serenity that bred faith and confidence in those who looked into them. Crowned with a wealth of pale golden hair, together with her delicate complexion, she looked as if she had stepped from one of the old Florentine pictures of the saints.

As the two so typical of youth and age stood side by side in the clear morning light, the resemblance between them was marked. Indeed, they were related, for the Tremaines were a distant branch of the Leroy family, and the same proud blood ran in their veins. Lady Constance had been brought up in the Barminster household, and Adrien had grown to regard her in the light of a loved and trusted sister; but, as yet, nothing more.

"Won't you come in to breakfast?" she said, as they reached the end of the terrace. "Aunt Penelope is not coming down; her nerves are bad this morning."

Miss Penelope Leroy, Lord Barminster's only sister, was not strictly speaking Constance's aunt, merely a distant cousin; but as a child Constance had been accustomed to call her her aunt, and the habit had grown up with her.

Lord Barminster smiled grimly. "I advised her to let the cucumber alone last night," was his only comment as he turned towards the breakfast-room.

Constance smiled too, for she knew that when Miss Penelope complained of her nerves, it was in reality nothing but a case of indigestion.

"How bright the course looks this morning!" she said, with a charitable wish to change the subject, for Lord Barminster was apt at times to wax caustic over his sister's small weaknesses.

"Yes," he said grimly; "like all things dangerous, it is pleasant to the eye. I hate that strip of green—it is the grave of many a Leroy's best hope. The turf has always been a fatal snare to our race. But, come," he broke off, "let us go in. Thank goodness, Adrien arrives to-day."

"To-day?" repeated Lady Constance, a delicate flush rising to her sweet face. "I thought he was not going to arrive until the morning of the race."

"The race is to-morrow, but he comes to-day," answered Lord Barminster. "I had a note from him last night saying he would be here by lunch time, and was bringing a few friends down with him."

"And Mr. Vermont, too?" inquired Lady Constance almost timidly.

The old man's face darkened and his thin lips set in a hard line.

"Yes," he said fiercely, "I suppose so. Adrien is as much in love with him as a young fellow with his first sweetheart. I know that he's a scoundrel and a rogue—but here, what would you? Times have changed since my day; we have replaced horses by motors, to spoil our roads and ruin our lands, and gentleman friends by base-born, scheming adventurers."

"Oh, but, uncle," Lady Constance timidly remonstrated, "surely Mr. Vermont is a gentleman?"

"Yes, by Act of Parliament!" snapped the old man, in whose aristocratic eyes a lawyer was but little removed from the criminal whose case he defended.

"Certainly it is strange that Adrien should be so attached to him," the girl said musingly; she, herself, had little liking for the gentleman in question, though her sense of justice had made her speak a good word for him. "But he is a clever steward, at least."

"A rogue's only virtue," said Lord Barminster dryly.

"Amusing, too," she suggested.

"We've no longer need of a court jester," returned her companion, with sarcasm. "But never mind, Adrien will find out his mistake for himself one day. Certainly, I am not going to attempt to strip the mask off his friend's face. Give him rope enough, and he will hang himself. Meanwhile, give me some more coffee, and leave the fellow's name alone; I hate even the thought of him."

Lady Constance refilled his cup and brought it to the end of the table, for she loved to wait on the old man. As she did so, his sharp eyes caught the glitter of a piece of needlework across the back of her chair, and with a curt gesture towards it, he said:

"What is that?"

She blushed, almost deeply, then took it up, and opened it out for him to see. It was a silk riding jacket, in the scarlet and white racing colors of the Leroy, and their coat of arms, worked in silver, upon the breast.

"For the Grand National," said Lady Constance, as she refolded the jacket.

"You worked it yourself?" questioned the old man abruptly.

"Yes," she replied, blushing again. Then, as he was silent for some minutes, she said almost timidly: "You do not mind, uncle, do you?"

He started. "Mind! Good heavens, child, why should I? You know the wish of my heart only too well. What better favor could he wear than yours? As far as I am concerned, you were plighted in your cradles. Leroy and Tremaine are no unequal match. No—no—my dear, make his jacket, and win his heart—if you can!"

Some few hours later, panting and throbbing, the Daimler motor drew up in the Castle courtyard—Adrien and his friends had arrived for the great steeplechase.

Attracted by the sound of the barking dogs, who apparently disliked the unaccustomed monster—Lord Barminster himself invariably using horses—Lady Constance stepped from her room on to the balcony which looked down upon the courtyard beneath.

The gentlemen's hats flew off in greeting, and, as Adrien looked up, an unusual thrill ran through him, as he noted the simple beauty of the girl above him.

"We thought we'd left the sun behind us, Constance, but evidently 'she' is still overhead," he said smiling.

She looked down with mock reproof, playfully shaking at him a flower which she held in her hand.

"I thought compliments were out of date, Adrien. Have you enjoyed your drive?"

"Not half so much as the welcome," was the courteous reply, as he caught the rose which she had let fall.

She laughed, and blushed a little, then turned to the other members of the party, who had now alighted from the car.

"Ah, Lord Standon, I did not know you were coming." Then, as that young man's face lengthened, she added quickly: "Unexpected pleasures are always welcome. I am glad to see you, Mr. Paxhorn."

After a word of greeting to Mortimer Shelton, she drew back into her room; while the men, laughing and chatting, passed into the great hall, where they found Lord Barminster awaiting them. His stern face softened into a welcome as, with outstretched hand, he came forward to greet his guests.

"Ah, Shelton!" he said, "so you keep my boy company, and you, Paxhorn and Standon, gentlemen, you are welcome—through there's no need to remind you of that, I know. Adrien, turning to his son, 'you have a fine day, did you drive or ride?'"

"We motored down, sir," answered the young man, in his soft, melodious voice.

His father frowned slightly. He heartily detested all modern innovations, and would never hold that motors—or indeed, any increased facilities for travelling—were improvements. "They breed discontent, sir," he would declaim vigorously. "In my young days people were content to stay in the place in which they had been born, and do their duty. Now, forsooth, they must see this country and that, and visit a dozen places in the year, where their grandparents visited one. Anything for an excuse to fritter away their hard-earned savings!"

On this occasion, however, he made no comment, but turned to Mortimer Shelton.

"You'll find the roads here better suited for horses than for oil-cans," he said grimly. "We are primitive, as you know."

Shelton laughed; he knew his host's ideas on this subject, and was apt to respect them.

"So much the better, sir," he said in a cheerful tone; "I am a bit tired of the smell of petrol myself. Give me Nature without a corset."

"You'll certainly get that here," Lord Barminster replied, favoring his young guest with an approving glance. Shortly afterwards, they made their way to the morning-room. Here, luncheon had been laid, and Lord Barminster, Miss Penelope, with Lady Constance, were awaiting them. The little party sat down to table, each one secretly only too ready for the meal; for the ride through the fresh, country air had been a fairly long one.

"I was really hungry, Constance," Adrien said, with his low, careless laugh. "There must be magic in the air of Barminster."

"Yet still you come here so seldom," returned his cousin gently.

"Business and the cares of State," quoted Adrien, with a smile. "But I might retaliate. Why do we not see you up in town? Society misses one of its brightest stars."

Lady Constance toyed idly with the grapes on her plate; then she looked up.

"Society has many brighter lights than I, Adrien," she said quietly. "But now, tell me about the race—your auntie is terribly anxious over it; are you not, dear?"

"Yes, my love," returned Miss Penelope, who, reality, hardly knew one horse from another.

"Oh, Adrien always wins," put in Lord Standon. "That's a foregone conclusion. Have you seen the 'King' lately, Lady Constance?"

"Oh, yes," she replied. "He is exercised in the paddock every morning, and is in fine form."

Adrien smiled.

"Poor 'King Cole'; he'll be worth his weight in gold if he wins to-morrow! What about the other horses, Stan; are they down?"

"Yes," replied Lord Standon; "my man saw some of them at the station; but no sign of the Yorkshire chestnut."

"So much the better," said Adrien; "perhaps his owner has thought discretion the better part of valour and withdrawn him."

(To be continued.)

Commercial Fertilizers in Orchards.

Regarding the effects of commercial fertilizers in orchards, as these are generally most noticeable the year after application, people are sometimes misled. I think money may be lost by them, if not judiciously used. Nitrate added in the fall would be money wasted, while phosphates thus applied would not, as these would not leak out as the nitrate would. Where clover and other legumes can be grown and cultivated in, nitrates are a useless expense. They are a detriment where wood growth is sufficient without them. Roughly speaking, if the foliage is pale colored and insufficient, the indication is that nitrate

When The Children Rush In From School,

and shout for "something to eat", cut off generous slices of bread and spread with

CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP



"Twill be the children's daily treat. So good for them, too—wonderfully nourishing, to build up their little bodies and help to keep them well and strong, as wholesome food should. The most delicious of table syrups for Griddle Cakes, Waffles and Hot Biscuits. Excellent for Cake and especially for Candy making. In 2, 5, 10 and 20 pound tins—and 3 pound 'Perfect Seal' Glass Jars. At all grocers. Our new recipe book, 'Desserts and Candies' shows the new and right way to make a lot of good things. Write for a copy to our Montreal Office. It's free."

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL, CARDINAL, BRANTFORD, FORT WILLIAM.
Makers of "Libby White" Corn Syrup—Benson's Corn Starch—and "Silver Gloss" Laundry Starch.

ates will do good. This, of course, is true if the soil moisture has been conserved by constant cultivation. No fertilizer is worth anything if the moisture to dissolve it is lacking.

If the fruit is off color and small, it may indicate lack of sunshine and overcrowding. If not, potash may be what is needed. If the cores are large and hollow, and the pips imperfect, phosphates are lacking. It must be remembered that the lack of one ingredient may hinder the tree's development, even if all others are in excess. It must be borne in mind, too, that fertilizers are transient in their effect, being soluble and quickly absorbed. The proper time to employ them is in the spring when growth is starting. This is when the trees want food. If applied later they may do much good, if the moisture is plentiful up to the time the buds open into bloom.

Fertilizer should be disked or cultivated in. Never use a plow in an orchard if you can help it, for it will tear and mutilate the roots. Rather use a disc, which will cut them off

clean. By the judicious use of fertilizer larger and better apples and a better crop can be obtained, if the orchard really wants them; not otherwise.—W. J. L. Hamilton in Farm and Dairy.

Electrics for Dairies.

Eight dairy companies in London use electric vehicles for dairy work. Besides being a splendid advertisement because of its dignified and neat appearance, the electric is superior to the horse in that it is capable of more speed, an important factor in this service, and at the same time holds its own against the horse, as well as the gasoline truck, because of its economy of operation, and the absence of disagreeable odors. In the dairy service, which necessitates early deliveries and many stops within a short space of time, the electric is the chosen vehicle, as it is capable of sufficient speed and is more quickly and easily started and stopped than any other type of conveyance.

FREE PRIZES TO GIRLS

Beautiful Doll and Doll Carriage.

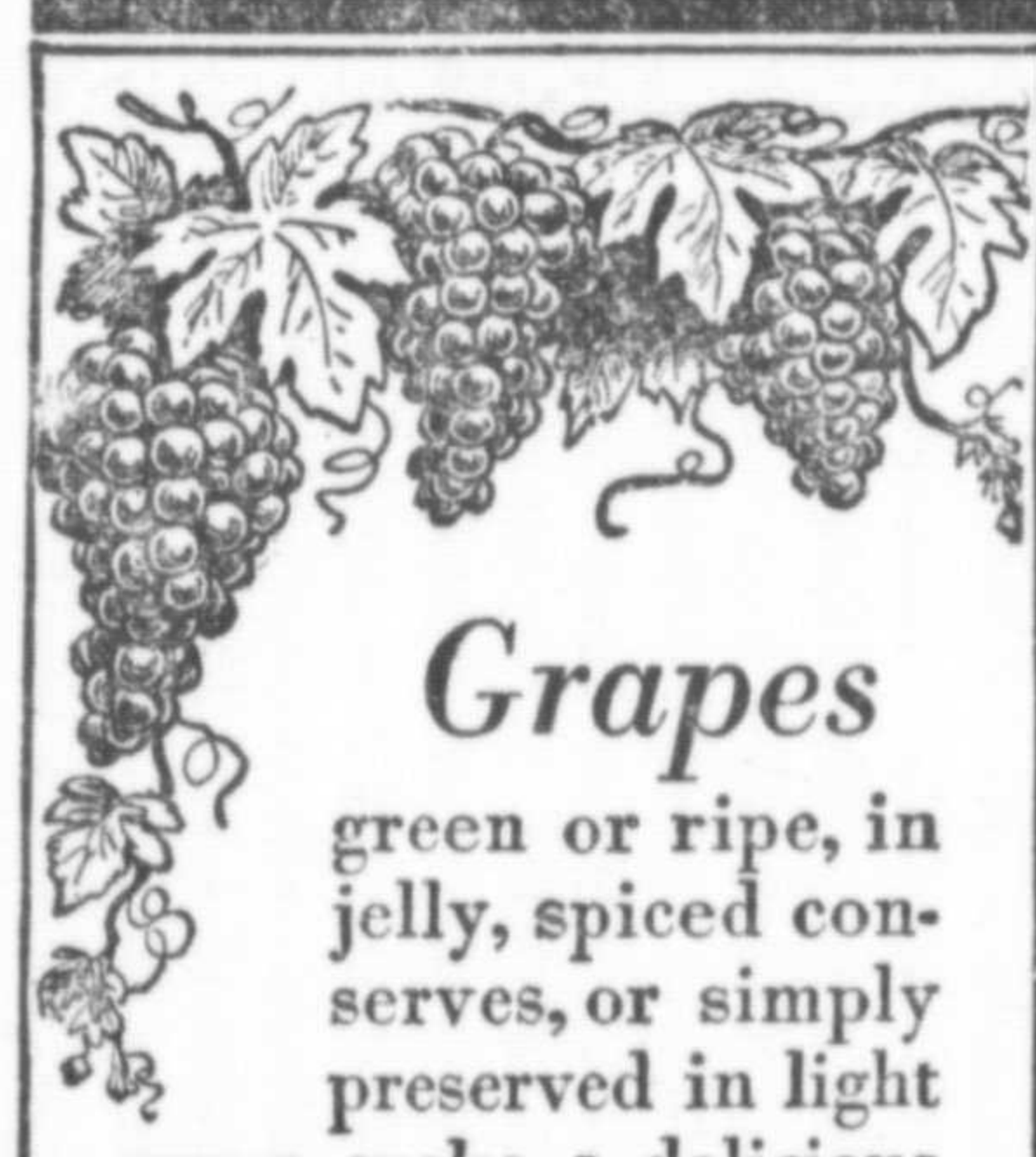
This lovely Canadian Doll is 16 inches tall and looks just like the picture. She has jointed arms and legs and natural looking head, hands and feet. She has a pretty dress with lace and ribbon trimmings.



The Doll Carriage has a steel frame and wheels and is covered with leatherette. It is 24 inches high, just the right size for the big doll we are giving. Any girl will be proud to own this lovely Doll and Doll Carriage.

Just send us your name and address and we will send you \$0 of our lovely 12x14 inch colored Olio-graph Pictures to sell to your friends and neighbors. They are so pretty that nearly every house wants four or five of them. When they are sold you send us our money (Three Dollars) and we send you the Doll by mail, with charges all prepaid, and we send you get three of them to sell our pictures and earn prizes.

Write to us to-day and you can get your Doll and Doll Carriage quickly.
HOMER-WARREN CO., Dept. 151, TORONTO



Grapes

green or ripe, in jelly, spiced conserves, or simply preserved in light syrup, make a delicious and inexpensive addition to your winter supplies.

Lantic Sugar

because of its purity and FINE granulation, is best for all preserving.

2 and 5-lb Cartons
10 and 20-lb Bags
"The All-Purpose Sugar"

PRESERVING LABELS FREE
54 gummed and printed labels for a red ball trade-mark. Send to Atlantic Sugar Refineries, Ltd.
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Outdoors or in—this is the

paint that gives satisfaction

Stands the test of Canada's trying weather as no other paint you have ever used. For barns and other buildings, for your implements and wagons, and for your home, both outside and in there is a Ramsay finish that is the best of its kind. To the man who does his own painting the convenience and economy of Ramsay's Paint is self-evident. The man who hires painters to do his work for him will do well to specify Ramsay's Paint—they wear so well and protect wood and metal so thoroughly from deterioration. The local Ramsay dealer will give you splendid service and suggestions. Or write direct to the factory.

A. RAMSAY & SON CO. (Established 1842) MONTREAL, Que.
BRANCHES AT TORONTO AND VANCOUVER.
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.



ON most clothes lines you'll find Penman's Knit Goods

on wash days, of course. A dollar invested in them means a dollar put into health insurance—comfort, physical and mental. They keep you warm, they fit, they wear, and furthermore you feel that Penman's do these things for you at the least possible expenditure on your part.

Penman's Limited
Paris

About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

Dainty Dishes.

Chopped Cucumber Pickle.—Peel and chop twenty-four large cucumbers and five onions. Mix with it one-half pint salt and let drain for several hours. When drained add black peppers, cloves and mustard seed, using two tablespoonfuls of each. Cover with good vinegar, add horseradish if desired. Put in glass jars and cover with vinegar if needed.

Quince Honey.—Pare six quinces and grate on a coarse grater. For each quince take one pint of sugar. Moisten this with two quarts of water. Boil the sugar and water until a very thick syrup is formed, or until it spins a thread. Then add the grated quince and boil for twenty-five minutes. Seal in pint jars.

"Corn Salad."—Select two dozen ears sweet corn, two heads cabbage chopped fine, eight onions, four green peppers, one cup sugar, one-half cup salt, vinegar to taste, one teaspoon mustard, one teaspoon tumeric powder. Dissolve two tablespoonfuls cornstarch or flour in vinegar; mix all together. Boil hard for ten minutes. This makes eight quarts fine salad, which could be sealed and kept for winter use.

Cold Salsap.—Use one peck of ripe tomatoes, cut or chopped into small pieces and put into colander to drain off juice. Two cups chopped celery, six medium chopped onions, six large red sweet peppers, two pounds light brown sugar, one-half cup salt, two cups mustard seed, two ounces ground cinnamon, two quarts cider vinegar. Mix all together. Pack in jars and let stand for a week, when it will be ready for use.

Cream of Celery Soup.—Two small potatoes, one small onion, one-half dozen stalks celery, chopped parsley, one tablespoon butter, one teaspoon flour and seasoning. Slice vegetables and put on to cook with only enough water to be almost boiled away when vegetables are tender. Drain, mash and add milk. Thicken with butter and flour, mix together, and let boil up. Season to taste, sprinkle with parsley and serve with bread strips that have been buttered on both sides and browned in oven.

Turkey Timbales.—When no more slices can be cut from cooked chicken or turkey, take bits near bones, chop fine, and to two cups of meat allow one cup soft white bread crumbs and one-half cup hot milk. Mix crumbs and milk together; add chopped meat and yolks of two eggs. Season with salt and pepper. Beat whites of eggs lightly—they must not be frothy—and mix well with other ingredients. Turn mixture into buttered individual timbale molds, set in a pan of hot water and cook in moderate oven about three-quarters of an hour. Carefully unmold on hot plates and serve.

French Pickles.—A chopped mixed pickle with tiny whole onions and cucumbers in it. Chop, not too fine, three large carrots, two bunches of celery, one quart of common onions, three sweet green peppers, three sweet red peppers and one quart of large cucumbers. Divide one large cauliflower into small flowerets, skin one quart of tiny button onions and carefully wash one quart of small cucumbers. Mix. Pour off and cover with a weak brine, and let stand two or three hours. Pour off and cover with a weak brine making it salt enough to taste. Boil all together until tender, about fifteen or twenty minutes. In the meantime have boiling two quarts of vinegar, into which pour the following paste, consisting of three cups of sugar, one cup of flour, one tablespoon of tumeric, four tablespoonfuls of ground mustard. Mix these with water to form a smooth paste and stir into the vinegar. Let it cook about ten minutes. Drain the pickles from the brine and add to the vinegar mixture. Seal in glass jars.

Tasty Stews.

Veal Stew with Shortcake.—Cut in cubes three pounds of breast of veal. Put in a stewpan, cover with boiling water and cook slowly for one hour. Then add one dozen small peeled silver-skin onions, which have been par-boiled 10 minutes, and one dozen small new potatoes and cook another hour. Season with salt and cook until vegetables are tender. Remove meat and vegetables; keep warm in separate vessels. Add one cup of hot cream or milk to liquid, season again with salt and pepper and thicken with flour, diluted with cold milk. Bake a shortcake in layer cakepans, place one round on a warm chopplatter, spread with butter. Heat meat again in gravy, pour over shortcake and place remaining round over meat. Surround shortcake with vegetables, pour gravy over all, sprinkle with one tablespoonful of finely chopped parsley and serve.

Rabbit Stew.—Take a dressed young rabbit, cut in small pieces and soak in cold water for an hour or longer; drain, roll in flour and fry a light brown in hot lard and butter, mixed; cover with boiling water and simmer until tender; drain off stock and use it to make a sauce, with one tablespoonful of butter and two of flour; season with salt and pepper and celery salt if desired. Add one cup of hot milk and pour the sauce slowly over one well-beaten egg; stir well and put

in hot dish. Garnish with a few sprigs of parsley.

Spaghetti Stew.—One 5-cent package of spaghetti, one-half pound of sliced bacon, three medium-sized tomatoes or a small can of tomatoes, two medium-sized onions and two medium-sized sweet peppers. Cook spaghetti to boiling salt water 12 or 15 minutes, drain and remove from the fire. While spaghetti is cooking, cut bacon in small squares in frying pan and stir until brown; then place onions, peppers and tomatoes, chopped fine, in the frying pan with the bacon and cook until all are tender and form a thick sauce. Pour over the spaghetti and stew all together about five minutes, season with salt and pepper to taste and serve.

Household Hints.

Fried calves' liver, cold and chopped fine, makes a good sandwich.

To bake patties successfully the oven should have a strong under heat. Delicious soup can be made of rice stock flavored with tomato, onion, or both.

Carrots and beets should always be cooked whole and then skinned and sliced.

A coat of clear varnish is a good thing to give straw matting before it is laid.

There is nothing more indigestible than bread that is not baked thoroughly.

Stale macaroons pounded and added to any pudding will improve the flavor.

Pans for baking bread should be narrow to insure thorough baking of the bread.

An attractive little mold of rice served with canned peaches makes a dainty dessert.

Japanned trays should not be washed in water; dip a cloth in alcohol and wipe them off.

Put a little salt on the dishes on which eggs are served and the egg will wash off easily.

Mashed potatoes, if given a final beating with an egg-beater, will be very light and fluffy.

To prevent embroidery scallops from ravelling is to launder them before they are cut out.

When cleaning saucepans in the sink there should be a board in the bottom of the sink to stand the pans on.

Do not store ashes in a wooden box, pail or barrel, nor throw them on the cellar floor. They should be kept in metal containers.

A tiny piece of charcoal in the bottom of the vase in which cut flowers are standing will prevent the unpleasant odor of stale water.

Test potatoes by cutting the potato in two and rubbing the cut surfaces together, then press the two parts together. If they stick, the potatoes are good.

Cold boiled rice added to stewed tomatoes and seasoned with minced peppers, onions, salt and pepper, makes a savory dish which is served with chops.

To keep home-made catsup fresh after the bottle has been opened is to pour a little olive oil into the bottle after use and before it is put away for the next meal.

Do not allow rubbish to collect. It is dangerous when allowed to gather near furnace, stoves, or placed where it is exposed to a thrown match or cigar stub.

When darning stockings, try running a thread around the hole, drawing the hole up until the edges lie flat. The hole will seem smaller and will be easier to darn.

Do not leave matches where children can get them. Have a proper holder out of their reach, and do not store your supply in a cupboard unless protected in a covered tin box or something similar, and you will eliminate the prospect of mice setting fire to your home.

To make ideal dusters for window ledges, sash boards, legs and backs of furniture, lighting fixtures and other small places, is to buy a little 10-cent dish mop and saturate it with furniture oil. This makes it a dustless duster, which may easily be cleaned by washing it in hot soapsuds, and may be renewed by another application of the furniture polish.

THEATRE SEATS COSTLY.

British Government Adds War Tax to Prices, Already High.

The high cost of theatres came home a few days ago to the British public. Beginning with reserved seat buyers early, London theatres started to exact the Government's toll in addition to the regular prices.

A West End theatre hoisted a placard bearing this scale:

Private boxes, \$25, plus \$2.16 Government tax.
Stall, \$2.62, plus twenty-four cents.
Dress circle, \$1.20, plus six cents.

Didn't Have To.

"Well, thank Heaven," he said, approaching a sad-looking man who sat back in a corner, "that's over with."

"What is?"

"I've danced with the hostess. Have you gone through with it yet?"

"No; I don't need to. I'm the host."



Children of Sir Douglas Haig, British Commander-in-Chief

WHILE their father is leading the British troops at the front these two children, Alexandria and Victoria Haig, daughters of Sir Douglas Haig, British commander-in-chief are enjoying fighting of a different variety. The angling at Deal, England, often provides a good fight for the hopeful angler, for the fish are not at all eager to be caught and they exhibit their feelings. The above photo was taken at the juvenile anglers competition at Deal, England.

THE FASHIONS

Women of fashion are, to-day, greatly interested in the "two material" dresses. Has not Paris sanctioned them and put forth some of her best efforts in the fashioning of new versions of them for the economical woman with an eye to making over her last winter's dress who looks with approval on this style. To be sure, she may take advantage of it, for this fashion holds great possibilities for her; but, needless to say, it was not originally planned for her.

Combinations of materials are used in dresses of widely different character; quite as often in the one-piece frock for street as in the dress required for more formal wear. Of the first type is the smart dress of cloth and satin illustrated here. There is a suggestion of the military influence in this dress, too, which accounts for a part of its charm, as things military are still a source of inspiration to fashion designers. Perhaps it is the ordinary row of buttons placed straight down the front, perhaps it is the four pockets with rounded laps, or yet it may be the shoulder cape, or all of these together, that give the soldierly tinge to this dress. One can readily imagine the design developed in satin and serge, velvet and cloth, velvet and satin, or any one of these materials in two tones. A light and a dark shade of gray silk have been used very successfully by Parisian designers in such a dress as this. They have even combined two different colors such as tan and brown, dark green and gray, and mahogany and gray. But the amateur should beware of combining two colors unless they are in perfect harmony, for the result may be vastly different from what the hands



One-Piece Frock of Cloth and Satin

of an experienced combiner of colors would produce.

In dresses for formal wear, one sees other combinations. A white Georgette crepe blouse in Russian style was combined with a black satin skirt and the blouse was edged with a wide band of black satin. There was a shoulder cape of white Georgette edged with fur, which trimming also finished the long sleeves. Another dress seen had a blouse of Copenhagen blue chiffon, also in Russian style, worn over a skirt of blue velvet the same shade. Fur edged the blouse.

Another detail of fashion which is making a strong appeal to the well-dressed woman is the use of colored embroidery as a dress trimming. An example is shown on the illustration here of a one-piece dress with cart-ridge belt. Many of these dresses are seen in dark blue or black serge or



7359 Wool Embroidery Is a Fashionable Trimming

satin with gray wool embroidery. In some, the hem of the skirt is further decorated with a wool fringe matching from the lower edge. Other embroidery designs are carried out in Bulgarian colors in wool or silk, or in steel thread and also in gold thread. The two latter are especially effective on dark green, navy blue or black.

Fancy Handbags

A fashionable woman does not consider her costume complete to-day without a dainty fancy handbag, which she dangles from a long ribbon or cord. Sometimes it takes the form of the old-fashioned reticule Grandmother used to wear hanging from her belt. In this instance the bag is almost always made from the same material as the dress. But there are numerous other forms and shapes of this important accessory, which, if it does not exactly match the costume should, in any event, harmonize with it. Some very attractive ones are of black velvet with steel beads or of more with colored beads, and some fluffy little creations are entirely of ruffles of ribbon.

In crocheted bags there is quite an attractive new style worked in various bright colors forming solid rows that go round and round. The bags are round, and longer than they are wide. The top is drawn together on a cord run through rings, and the bottom is finished with a long tassel. In velvet and silk bags there are a number of odd, irregular shapes as well as oval and round ones.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall Dealer or from The McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Ont.

A Slight Matter.

"I don't see you at Miss Golder's receptions any more, old man."

"No; she and I had a little difference of opinion."

"Nothing serious, I hope."

"Oh, no; only I thought I was the man she ought to marry, and she thought I wasn't."

Some men do more real good on \$25 a week than some do with \$25,000 a year.

RUSSELL'S PATH IS NOT ROSY ONE

HE IS NOT ALLOWED TO LEAVE ENGLAND.

His Views Have Got Him Into Disfavor With the British Government.

The path of those who oppose conscription in Great Britain just now is not one that is strewn with roses, as the Hon. Bertrand Russell, only brother and heir-presumptive of Earl Russell, has lately been finding out. Some three months ago this aristocratic pacifist was fined \$500 and costs, with the alternative of sixty-one days' imprisonment, in respect of a leaflet written by him in defence of those who object to serve in the British army. He is a prominent member of the so-called "No-conscription" Fellowship—a body which includes a number of well-known "cranks." Several members of Parliament belong to it, including Messrs. C. P. Trevelyan, Arthur Ponsonby, Philip Snowden, and Ramsay MacDonald. Naturally its tenets are not looked on with favor by a Government which has its hands full in enforcing conscription.

Mr. Russell has written a book called "Justice in War Time," in which he advocates an early peace without any serious weakening to any of the great powers involved, and the formation for the future of a central world government, "able and willing to secure obedience by force." In the course of this volume he admits that "no doubt atrocities have occurred on both sides," but seeks to discredit the authenticity of some of the cases mentioned in the report of Lord Bryce. Such views are not very acceptable to the Government, nor are they very popular in circles other than Governmental.

Making a Martyr.

In fact, they are almost making a martyr of Mr. Russell. He has been stripped of his Cambridge fellowship—he had a distinguished university career. His London flat was, he avers, visited by Scotland Yard officers and searched from top to bottom—an indignity which he bitterly resents. He has been appointed to a professorship at Harvard University, but is not allowed to leave England to enter on his professional duties, the authorities apparently not desiring that his peculiar views both on war and peace should be disseminated in a neutral country by an Englishman.

On the first of this month he was served with the following notice: "I, Lieut.-Col. the Hon. A. F. V. Russell, being a competent military authority under the Defence of the Realm Regulations, do hereby order that the Hon. Bertrand Russell shall not, except with permission in writing from me, or from some other competent naval or military authority, reside in any area specified as a prohibited area by virtue of any order now or hereafter made under the Aliens' Restriction Act, 1914."

About this notice there is certainly something dramatic. For the orderer and the ordered—Col. A. F. V. Rus-



Hon. Bertrand A. Russell.

sell and Mr. Bertrand Russell—happen to be cousins. Both are descended from the sixth Duke of Bedford. Mr. B. Russell is the grandson of the great statesman, Earl Russell, better known as Lord John Russell, who was twice Prime Minister.

His Monitor Cousin.

But his cousin, Col. A. F. V. Russell, who has been chosen, by virtue of his office, officially to admonish him, is a brother of the present and son of the late Lord Amphil, the latter of whom, as Lord Odo Russell, was the first British Ambassador to the German Empire. It was while he was Ambassador that the Treaty of Berlin was signed. And an amusing story is told illustrative of his tact. Disraeli himself, then Premier, represented Great Britain at Berlin. And he proposed to address the Congress in French—and his French was notoriously bad. There was much consternation among those who wished well to the British. But Lord Odo Russell was equal to the occasion. He went to the British Premier, and pointed out that the Congress would feel hurt if "the" address was not delivered in English—"by the greatest living master of English." So Disraeli spoke in

English. But probably he was not taken in as to the reason. Did the man ever live who could "take in" "Dizzy"?

GOVERNESS ON CROWN PRINCE.

Mad Ways of Kaiser's Heir Told in New Book.

Whoever is interested in knowing about such things as the Prussian Crown Prince's special form of nightmare, which is a dream about white mice, will find plenty of entertainment in a new book, "In the Eyrie of the Hohenzollern Eagle."

From October, 1910, until a short time before the outbreak of war, Miss Brimble was governess to the children of the Crown Prince and Princess. Miss Brimble, like other chroniclers, cannot make an engaging personality of the "High Papa," the Crown Prince himself.

His wild lack of consideration for others is illustrated by some of the stories of his romps with his children. "The final act," it is recorded, "usually consisted in the Crown Prince seizing one of the bedroom jugs from the washstand and emptying its contents over Prince Lulu in bed. As soon as he had made his son and the bed thoroughly wet and miserable, out he would go with his dogs, with a guffaw of amusement."

"High Papa's" calls were not welcomed at meal times. "We stood politely while our lunch got colder and colder and the Crown Prince acted the buffoon, seizing a spoonful of potato puree and smearing it all over the boys' heads, or pouring asparagus sauce on their hair, laughing immoderately meanwhile."

"Often he would pour their cups of cocoa over them, or a glass of water down their backs, or rub the whipped cream from a sweet dish all over their faces, Prince Lulu being nearly always the victim on account of his getting so easily irate, though once Prince Wilhelm had to stand with open mouth while his father poured a ladleful of soup into it through a funnel which chanced to be in the room."

NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING.

State-Owned Line of Vessels for Service to Britain.

Following the example of Australia, which has started a Government-owned line of freight steamships, Prime Minister Massey, in the New Zealand House of Representatives, foreshadowed the creation of a New Zealand State line of 20,000-ton steamers of twenty knots, to run between New Zealand and Great Britain. In Britain the interest of the nation in merchant ships will not sanction the sale of any more vessels to owners abroad until the war is over. Nothing definite has been decided as to the future of the fifteen ships bought by Mr. Hughes during his recent stay in London, except that for a time they will be controlled by the Australian Navy Department and will be employed in the transport of wheat and wool to Europe. Under its mail contract with the Orient Company the Commonwealth Government has power to take over any or all of the latter's liners at the market value. Manchester Guardian comments: "There is reason to believe that the intention of New Zealand to create a State line of 20,000-ton steamers is not without significance in this connection, more especially as it has been known for some time that the Union Government of South Africa is willing to co-operate. Both the Belgian and the Italian Governments are adopting schemes of the kind, and a bill is before the United States Congress, and will in all likelihood be passed soon, which provides for the formation of a national board with a view to the construction, purchase and operation of merchant ships on behalf of that Government."

THE ONION CURE.

It Is Considered Very Valuable as a Food.

The fact that onions are being supplied raw to the troops in France may come as a surprise to many people who despise this vegetable. They do not realize that it is of great value as a food, and that in it are found some of the most valuable and tonic mineral salts in the vegetable kingdom.

Onions are perhaps best known as a cure for insomnia; they also possess such cooling and diuretic properties that they prevent and soothe the pains of rheumatism. For these two reasons alone they will be useful to our men at the Front. Moreover, onions are easily digested, stimulate the appetite, and are nourishing. They contain sulphur and other properties which stimulate the activity of the stomach and aid the digestion, and are a preventive of human parasites.

Well cooked, they are an excellent and wholesome food for children, and those who feel a cold hanging about them should eat boiled onions. Unlike most vegetables, they are appetizing when eaten alone, without the aid of meat or gravy.

It is, no doubt, the offensiveness of the breath after eating them which makes most people shy of the nutritious onion. By chewing a coffee-bean, however, or drinking milk immediately after a meal of onions, this pungent aroma can be removed.

Only a good neighbor can appreciate good neighbors.

The world may owe every man a living, but a lot of them haven't sense enough to show up on pay day.

THE EQUITY.

SHAWVILLE, OCT. 12, 1916.

The Somme battle line was further advanced as the result of the fighting of the past few days, and two more villages are reported to have fallen into British and French hands. The enemy is slowly but surely being forced to give up ground that he has held for more than two years, and the time is approaching when he must abandon much more in order to shorten his line to prevent a large portion of his force from being cut off.

The appearance of a German submarine in an American port last Saturday afternoon, her hurried departure again after delivering a packet of letters for the German ambassador, and her subsequent attack upon and sinking or disabling of nearly a dozen vessels caused one of the biggest sensations since the war began. The presence of an under-water enemy war vessel on this side of the Atlantic creates a contingency that was hardly expected, and until the invader is disposed of, transatlantic traffic is likely to be disorganized.

Members of the Dominion Cabinet have been appointed as a commission to inquire into the unprecedented high prices which most of the staple articles of food have risen to. The action to do something along the lines indicated has been taken none too soon, and it is hoped the commission will get down to business without spending very much time over preliminaries. If anything can be done to lessen the cost of the poor man's dinner pail, the sooner it is done the better. If no means of relief can be discovered, it is well that people should know it, at all events, so that they can shear their cloth to suit the situation.

Bristol School Commissioners

Bristol, Oct. 2, 1916.

The School Commissioners of Bristol met on the above date.

Present—Chairman Ross; Commissioners Allen, Campbell and Horner.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted on motion of Com. Allen.

Moved by Com. Horner that the following bills be paid:

R. Ross, sweeping and firing No. 6 \$12.00

S. A. Mackay, drawing deeds for Nos. 1, 4, 9 and 10, also discharge on No. 4, 35.00

A. H. Jarvis, globe for No. 1 and express 6.00

W. Rimer, registering No. 4 deed and discharge 4.30

D. Sheppard, repairing pipes at No. 1 1.00

M. Drummond, sweeping No. 1 4 1/2 months 3.15

T. Telford, repairing seats, No. 4, 1.00

Geo. Roy, shingling No. 5 veranda, 2.00

Moved by Com. Campbell that for the purpose of paying the salaries of teachers engaged by this Commission for the year ending the 30th of June, 1917, and for defraying the other necessary expenses of the School Commission that an assessment be made and the same is hereby levied on all taxable property under the control of the said School Commissioners, and the same is hereby fixed at 7 mills on the dollar on every dollar mentioned on the said valuation roll, and that a monthly fee of 10 cents per month per annum be levied on all children under the control of the School Board, between the ages of 7 and 14 years; also a fee of 25 cents per month on all other children while attending our schools.

Moved by Com. Allen that the Auditor's Report as presented be accepted.

Moved by Com. Horner that we do now adjourn.

GEO. T. DRUMMOND,
Sec. Treas.

SHAWVILLE FAIR

List of the Prize-Winners

GRAIN.

Wheat, fall—Louis Wiggins 1.

Wheat, Russian—Robt. McDowell 1.

Wheat, Scotch or Red Fife—Louis Wiggins 1, W H Corrigan 2, Miss Edith Hynes 3.

Oats, white—W H Corrigan 1, Geo Draper 2, John J Hodgins 3.

Peas, common—H T Argue 1, T A Draper 2, John J Hodgins 3.

Barley, 6-rowed—T A Draper 1, Miss Edith Hynes 2, Joseph Sly 3.

Beans, white—Louis Wiggins 1, Alex Bean 2.

Rye—Louis Wiggins 1, H T Argue 2, Thos McDowell 3.

Buckwheat—H T McDowell 1.

Flaxseed—Louis Wiggins 1, W J Murray 3.

Timothy seed—John J Hodgins 1, H T McDowell 3.

Dozen cobs corn—Wm G McDowell 1, Joe B Judd 2, Ed Young 3.

Two sheaves ensilage corn—John B Judd 1, H T McDowell 2, Geo Draper 3.

SPECIALS.

Scotch wheat—W H Corrigan 1.

VEGETABLES.

Sugar beets—George Palmer 1, Thos Findlay 2.

Blood beets—R A Hodgins 1.

Turnip beets—George Palmer 1, Thos Findlay 2.

Mangolds, long—R J Wilson 1.

Swede turnips (purple)—Geo E Palmer 1, W E N Hodgins 2.

Carrots, white (long)—G E Palmer 1.

Carrots, white (short)—R J Wilson 1.

Carrots, orange—Wm G McDowell 1, R J Wilson 2.

Parsnips—Thos Findlay 1, R J Wilson 2.

Potatoes, white—W C Young 1, Ed Young 2.

Potatoes, pink—Jas Carswell 1, Robt Strutt 2.

Onions, multiplying—Percy Dagg 1, Wm G McDowell 2.

Onions, seed—Thos Findlay 1, W G McDowell 2.

Onions, top—Alex Bean 1, Arthur Pitt 2.

Potato onions—Thos Findlay 1, Arthur Pitt 2.

SPECIAL.

Best bushel potatoes—Geo Palmer 1.

Exhibitor taking largest number of prizes in Class 47—George Palmer 1.

Oxheart cabbage—Thos Findlay 1.

Flat Dutch cabbage—Thos Findlay 1, Arthur Pitt 2.

Drumhead cabbage—Thos Findlay 1.

Largest pumpkin—Geo Palmer 1, R A Dale 2.

Largest squash—George Palmer 1.

Display of Tomatoes—Louis Wiggins 1, Arthur Pitt 2.

Display of apples—Louis Wiggins 1, W T Barber 2.

Specimen of grapes—R J Wilson 1, W T Barber 2.

Largest sunflower—John B Judd 1, Alex Bean 2.

Bunch celery—Thos Findlay 1, Arthur Pitt 2.

Watermelon—W G McDowell 1, John B Judd 2.

Enemy Submarines Invade Atlantic Coast and Torpedo Several Ships.

Boston, Oct. 8.—A submarine of the Imperial German navy ravaged shipping off the eastern coast of the United States today.

Four British, one Dutch and one Norwegian steamers were sent to the bottom or left crippled derelicts off Nantucket shoals.

Tonight under the light of Hunter's moon the destroyer flotilla of the United States Atlantic fleet was picking up passengers and crews of the destroyed vessels and bringing them into Newport, R. I. So far as known there was no loss of life, though at a late hour the crew of the British steamer Kingston had not been accounted for.

A submarine held up the American steamer Kansas bound from New York for Genoa with steel for the Italian government, but later on establishing her identity, allowed the American to proceed. The Kansas came into Boston harbor late tonight for her usual call here.

The hostile submarine is believed to be the U-53 which paid a call to Newport yesterday and disappeared at sunset. Some naval men, however, declare that at least two submarines are operating close to the American shore, though outside the three mile limit.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

Homeseekers' Excursions

To Winnipeg, Edmonton, Calgary

and intermediate Stations

and return

Every Tuesday from March 7

to October 31, 1916.

Return limit two months.

For particulars tickets, etc. apply to

C. A. L. TUCKER,

Agent Shawville.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the

Postmaster General, will be received at

Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 24th

November 1916, for the conveyance of

His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed

contract for four years, six times per week

on the route

Desjardins R. R. No. 1

via Allumette Island P. O. from the

Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further

information as to conditions of proposed

contract may be seen and blank forms of

tenders may be obtained at the Post

Office of Desjardins and Allumette Is-

land and at the office of the Post Office

Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,

Ottawa, October 7th, 1916.

P. T. COOLICAN,

Post Office Inspector

FOR SALE

Year old Shropshire Ram, reg.

Some Ram Lambs.

1 Durham Bull Calv.

Apply to,

JOS. BROWNLEE,

R. R. No. 2, Shawville.

WANTED NOW

A reliable agent in your home district during fall and winter months to sell fruit trees, ornamental trees, flowering shrubs, roses, etc. Good pay weekly. Outfit free. Exclusive territory.

We have over 600 acres

of the finest varieties of fruit and ornamental trees, including new varieties of apples which we control. Reliable trees only sold. Established 135 years. Write to

PELHAM NURSERY CO.
TORONTO.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Honorable George Bryson, of the Village of Fort Coulonge, in the District of Pontiac, Lumber-Merchant; James W. Bryson, of the same place, Lumber-Merchant; John B. Fraser, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, Lumber-Merchant; William H. A. Fraser, also of the said City of Ottawa, Lumber-Merchant; the Honorable George Gordon, of North Bay, in the said Province of Ontario, Lumber-Merchant, and Alexander J. Gordon, of the City of Toronto, in the said Province of Ontario, Lumber-Merchant, will apply to the Legislature of Quebec, at its next session, for an act of incorporation under the name of the "Grand Lake Railway and Transportation Company," with the following, among other, powers, rights and privileges:

(a) To own, build, acquire, lease, maintain and operate a tramway and railway from a point at or near Christopher Lake on Bell River, to a point at or near Twenty-one Mile Bay on the Ottawa River, and also from a point at or near Lake Atikamek to a point at or near Rabbit Lake on the Ottawa River, the whole in the District of Pontiac, and also engines, locomotives, cars, coaches, and such other plant as may be deemed useful or proper for operating thereon;

(b) To own, build, purchase, acquire, lease, sell and dispose of all kinds of vessels, boats and appliances that can be used in the transportation of persons and property, and in the towing and driving of logs, timber and wood goods generally, and to carry on a transportation, freighting, towing and driving business, and also a general forwarding, shipping and express business, therewith, and in any other way and by any other means or things, the whole to the South of the National Transcontinental Railway, and between Nottaway and Amos, on said Railway and the Ottawa River, and elsewhere in the Province of Quebec;

(c) To own, purchase and otherwise acquire, lease, sell and dispose of timber lands, timber lands, mines and mineral lands, and other real estate, mills, factories and industrial establishments of all kinds, and to operate all or any of said properties and establishments;

(d) To own, purchase, acquire, develop, sell, lease and otherwise dispose of water-powers, riparian and hydraulic properties, rights and privileges of all kinds within the Province of Quebec; also develop, sell, lease and otherwise dispose of water-powers and electricity derived therefrom;

(e) To store, dam, collect and retain water in, on and near the lakes, rivers and streams within the territory referred to in paragraph "b" above, as being between the National Transcontinental Railway and the Ottawa River, and use, sell, lease and otherwise dispose of such water, and also supply and use the same in driving and handling logs, timber and wood goods generally, and in developing water power, electricity and all kinds of motive power, and do and perform everything deemed necessary, advisable, expedient, useful or proper to accomplish or carry out said objects or any of them;

(f) To own, purchase, acquire, lease, sell, dispose of, and operate telephone and telegraph lines within the territory referred to in paragraph "e" above, and also on and along the transportation routes of the company, and on and along the railways and tramways of the company;

(g) To carry on the business of lumbering, manufacturing and disposing of lumber of all kinds, and in all its branches, or wherein wood goods of any kind, in whole or in part, are used, or made or handled, or wherein things are made of or from or out of wood, pulp or paper;

(h) To mine and carry on the business of mining in all its branches;

(i) To own, purchase, acquire, build, maintain, lease, sell and dispose of all buildings, factories, mills, shops and houses deemed useful or proper for the objects aforesaid, or any of them; also all machinery, tools, instruments and things deemed useful or proper for carrying out said purposes or objects, or any of them, and to install, use and operate the same in said buildings, factories, mills, shops and houses, and elsewhere;

(j) To do, perform, make and erect all things and works on land or water, and partly on land and partly on water, thought useful or proper to accomplish or carry out, or give effect to, anything, work or enterprise that by this act is authorized, and that the Legislature of the Province of Quebec has power to sanction or authorize;

(k) The whole with power to expropriate all properties required for right of way, transportation by land or water, telephone and telegraph lines, water-powers and the development and operation thereof, mill and factory sites, piers, dams, wharves, storage of waters, and for all other works, enterprises and operations of the company.

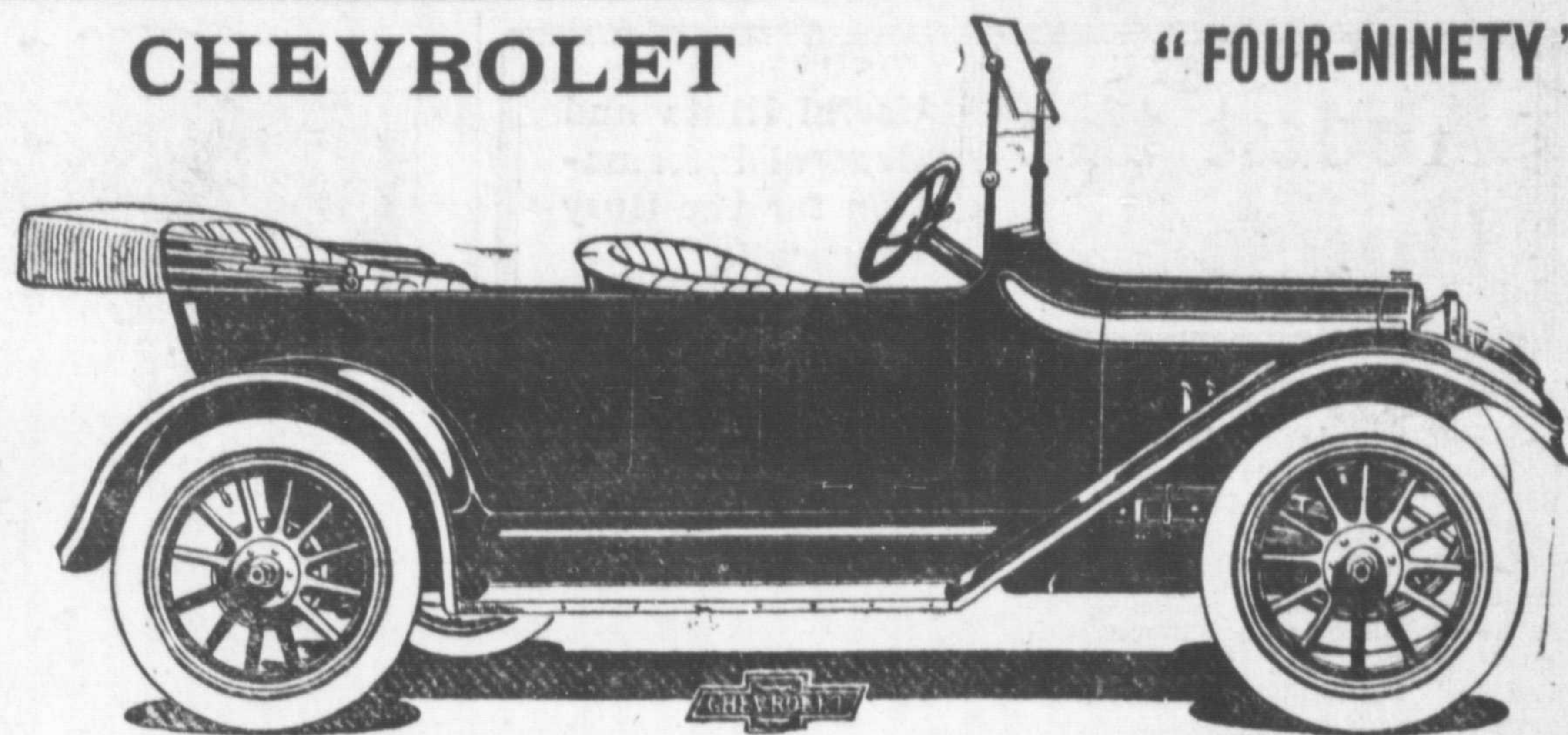
Hull, October 2nd, 1916.

AYLEN & DUCLOS,

Attorneys for Applicants.

CHEVROLET

"FOUR-NINETY"



PRICE \$650.00 F. O. B., OSHAWA, ONT.

Over 500 Chevrolets delivered in the Province of Quebec this season, and every one giving good satisfaction.

We have reports of as high as 32 miles to the gallon of gasoline, on cars delivered in Pontiac.

It is an admitted fact that the valve-in-head motor does give 15 p. c. more power than any other type of gasoline motor, which means 15 p. c. more miles per gallon of gasoline.

With the price of gasoline at what it is, the proven economy of the Chevrolet valve-in-head car should make it the preference.

THE MacLEAN MACHINE WORKS, AGENTS,
CAMPBELLS BAY - - - QUEBEC.

MAIL FOR PRISONERS.

Canadian Government Issues New Instructions to Senders.

Owing to difficulties experienced in sending letters and parcels to Canadian prisoners-of-war in Germany the Post-office Department has issued revised instructions regarding the despatching of mail to Germany. Postage need not be paid on either letters or parcels.

Regarding rules as to letters, the department reiterates that letters must be left open and should not exceed in length two sides of a sheet of notepaper, and on no account must the writing be crossed. Postcards are preferred to letters, and if the former are sent they must not contain views of warships, camps, docks, bird's-eye views and any conspicuous landmarks. Communications should be confined to family news, and no references to the naval, military, or political conditions are allowed.

Parcels must not contain letters, but outside of that there is no restriction as to contents of parcels so long as they are intended for the benefit of the addressee. No parcel should exceed 11 pounds. Strong cardboard boxes, tin boxes, strong wooden boxes, and several folds of strong packing paper are recommended as coverings. The address should be as follows: Rank, initials, name, regiment, or other unit, British, Canadian, French, or Belgian, etc., prisoner-of-war, place of internment, Germany. Money may be sent on information from the post-office officials.

Eel a Source of Profit.

Eels are not in form pleasing to the eye, nor do their habits commend them to the taste. Nevertheless in Europe and America their flesh is in demand, and scientists tell us it has great food value. It may be news to many that eels are caught at certain points in Canada and shipped to the States, where the market for them is steady. The chief centre in Canada for this industry is at Ibterville, near St. Johns, Quebec. The Thuot family at that point have a license from the Government for laying traps, which extend in a zigzag line almost entirely across the Richelieu River, which at that point is about half a mile wide. Early every morning the traps are examined and the catch removed and deposited in large vats which lie partly submerged near the shore. These vats are the store-houses from which the eels are taken as the market calls for them.

The Richelieu River, by reason of its muddy bottom and the softness of its water, is said locally to be particularly well adapted for the propagation of eels. Naturalists, however, tell us that they have not very much precise data as to the habits of this fish. But the fact is eels are caught in the Richelieu up to a yard or more in length, with a girth equal to that of an average man's arm. Four or five eel catchers are continually employed, and the director of this unique enterprise is said to have acquired a moderate competence. Some say the net profits last year were not very far short of \$10,000. Shipments average about four barrels a day, and they go chiefly to Chicago.

Fewer Ships Last Year.

A decline in the number of vessels in Canadian registry is shown by the figures for last year, which have been compiled at the Marine and Fisheries Department. The total number of vessels so registered was 8,757, of which 4,132 were steamers. The total net tonnage was 929,312. Although the decline is not so great as would appear from a comparison of the figures with those of the preceding year, owing to the fact that a revision of the list resulted in the elimination of the names of a number of vessels which had been carried, but were no longer in commission, the number of new vessels constructed was less. It was 246 last year of 18,832 tons, as compared with 329 the previous year of 43,000.

Although the number of ships decreased, however, there was an increase in the number of sailors serving on board them. The figures were 45,461 as compared with about 42,900 the year before.

TAILORING



Now is a good time to have your Fall Suit made up. We have in stock good material in late patterns for you to choose from.

Spring and Fall Overcoats just arrived in black and dark gray colors.

MURRAY BROS., SHAWVILLE.

SHAWVILLE SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

R. G. HODGINS, Prop.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Doors, Sash, Dressed Lumber, etc.

Custom Sawing.

"To encourage talent is to create it—lessing."

Not the First Time.

A good law story is told by Canadian barristers, which is worth repeating. A young lawyer, according to the report pleaded before Justice Greenshield that a case in which the attorney's firm was interested should be postponed because the partner was busy in another court. "Proceed," said Justice Greenshield. "We have the record, we have the judgment. We will help you."

"But," protested the young lawyer, "I have not studied the case."

"It matters not," came from the bench. "Proceed. We will help you."

"But, my lord," persisted the young man, "I know nothing about the case."

"Proceed, proceed," was the inexorable command. "It is not the first time you have appeared before this court in a case you knew nothing about."

She Was Used to It.

A soldier had been riding a motor cycle at one of the Canadian training camps when suddenly it stopped, and all his power could not convince the machine to go. He started in to loosen different parts about it, all the time uttering exclamations beneath his breath. Suddenly he stopped and turned to a small girl who had been watching him, and seemed very interested, and said: "I wish you would get away from here." Of course, she asked why? and the soldier quickly answered: "Well if you want to know, I'm going to swear." A smile came into the little girl's face, and she said: "Oh, then, I can stay, my daddy's got a motor-cycle."

Toy for Royal Children.

Thanks to the quick eye of a Royal soldier and to the kind heart of a Toronto Exhibition director, some small people in an English palace are going to have a new toy.

Looking at Toyland in the Government Building, the Duke of Connaught spied a boy doll in uniform. "That's a fine Scout," he said.

And with that Mr. Joseph Oliver took it from its place and handed it to the Chief Scout, whose face beamed almost boyish pleasure.

"I just knew the Duke would like it for his grandchildren," was Mr. Oliver's delightful explanation of the incident.

Neutrals Cannot Land.

In order to prevent persons of enemy nationality from landing in Canada, under the guise of neutrals, a regulation has been adopted providing that no alien master or member of the crew of a vessel arriving at a Canadian port, shall be allowed to land without the production of proof that he is not an alien enemy. An alien may, however, land for a temporary purpose, by permission of the Customs or Immigration officials, and the regulations do not apply to United States fishermen visiting Canadian ports for purposes authorized by treaty.

Defective Lightning Rods.

In the annual report of the O.A.C., attention is called to the fact that many agents are selling iron-centred lightning rods, which are very short-lived. The iron rusts out in a very few years, leaving only a thin shell of copper, which is not heavy enough to carry a bolt of lightning without melting.

It is suggested that legislation be enacted prohibiting the sale of such rods.

THE EQUITY,

A Weekly Journal devoted to Local Interests.
Published every Thursday
At Shawville, County Pontiac, Que.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.
All arrears must be paid up before
any paper is discontinued.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Legal advertising, 10 cents per line for
1st insertion and 5 cents per line or each
subsequent insertion.

Business cards not exceeding one inch
inserted at \$5.00 per year.

Local announcements inserted at the
rate of 8 cents per line for first insertion
and 5 cents for subsequent insertions.

Commercial advertising by the month
or for longer periods inserted at low rates
which will be given on application.

Advertisements received without in-
structions accompanying them will be in-
serted until forbidden and charged for
accordingly.

Birth, marriage and death notices pub-
lished free of charge. Obituary poetry
declined.

JOB PRINTING.

All kinds of Job Printing neatly and
cheaply executed. Orders by mail
promptly attended to.

JOHN A. COWAN,
Publisher

NOTICE OF MEETINGS

ORANGE HALL, SHAWVILLE:

O. Y. B. LODGE, No. 304, meets 2nd
Wednesday of each month at 8 p. m.

W. G. COWAN, E. WORKMAN,
W. M. Rec.-Secy.

L. O. L. No. 27, meets 1st Tuesday of each
month.

J. B. ARMSTRONG, REG. HODGINS,
W. M. Secy.

ROYAL SCARLET CHAPTER meets on
the 14th of each month.

H. N. HODGINS, REG. HODGINS,
W. Comp. in Com. Com. Scribe.

Professional Cards.

DENTAL.

DR. A. H. BEERS

SURGEON DENTIST
CAMPBELLS BAY - QUE.

Doctor of Medicine and Master of Surgery
McGill University.

Doctor of Dental Surgery, University of
Pennsylvania.

Licentiate of Dental Surgery, Quebec.

LEGAL.

S. A. MACKAY

NOTARY PUBLIC

Shawville, --- Que.

R. MILLAR, L.L.L.

ADVOCATE.

Campbells Bay, Que.

Will visit Shawville every Saturday.

D. R. BARRY, K.C.

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, & C.

Office and Residence

Campbells Bay, Que.

Visits Shawville every Saturday.

GEO. C. WRIGHT, K.C.

ADVOCATE, BARRISTER, & C.

196 Main St. - Hull.

PHONE BELL

J. ERNEST GABOURY, LL. B.

ADVOCATE

BARRISTER & SOLICITOR

CAMPBELLS BAY, QUE.

Will be in Fort Coulonge every Wed-
nesday and Shawville every Saturday.

GEORGE HYNES

UNDERTAKER

Embalmer and Funeral Director

Main Street, Shawville.

Personal attention. Open all hours.

UNDERTAKING

and EMBALMING

HAYES & FINDLAY

MAIN STREET - SHAWVILLE

(opposite J. H. Shaw's).

All calls will receive prompt per-
sonal attention.

W. J. HAYES. J. V. FINDLAY

PATENTS

PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVEN-
TOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.

MARION & MARION.

364 University St., Montreal.

WINTER COATS

Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats

\$6.00 to \$17.50.

Tweeds, Beaver, Chinchella, Blanket Cloth,
Full Flare Skirts with Belt and Big Collar.

These are Overcoat Days.

Men's Heavy Winter Overcoats

mostly of Scotch Tweeds and Irish
Friezes, in brown, grey and fancy mix-
tures—plain or belted back—lined
with heavy Italian Twill.

Serviceable Fall Goods.

Boys' Overcoats, Jumpers,
Mackinaws, Heavy Tweed
Pants, Underwear.

G. F. HODGINS CO.

All Trades Show an Improvement,
Says Labor Gazette.

General conditions affecting indus-
try are not very different at the
present time to those which existed
in July, as set out by The Labor Ga-
zette for August, just issued. "Acti-
vity in canning factories," the re-
view says, "in some instances report-
ed an increase of thirty-five per cent.
in trade over last year."

In many special and in some regu-
lar lines the metal trades were
said to be active, from which state-
ment it is inferred that there are
some plants that are not busy. Deal-
ing with specific lines of manufac-
ture the report says the large steel
works at Sydney and Sydney Mines
were exceptionally busy in all de-
partments. Farm implement factories
at Hamilton reported a heavy
year, with a big demand for their
manufactures. Stock was entirely
sold out in some lines, and with a
shortage of labor it was found diffi-
cult to fill new orders promptly.
One foundry company at St. Thomas
reported that employment could be
given to twenty-five men if available.
At Windsor all factories were active
with the exception of the Ford Motor
Company, which, on account of the
taking of the annual inventory, laid
off a number of men for a few
weeks. Brockville reported unusual
activity in steel, iron, and brass in-
dustries. At Victoria work in ship-
yards was brisk, with good prospects
for the future. Progress was being
made in the establishment of new
shipyards for building lumber-
carrying vessels, and the number of
employees was increased.

Furniture and wood-working fac-
tories in some localities were re-
ported active, with a demand for
some trades reported at Woodstock
and Berlin. Boot and shoe and
clothing manufacturers were busy
at Montreal and Berlin. Shirt and
collar factories in the latter city
were very busy, with a shortage of
female labor. Tanners at Montreal
complained that a shortage of labor
was seriously affecting outputs.

Factories engaged in the prepara-
tion of food reported continued ac-
tivity, and biscuit factories in a
number of instances advertised for
help. Flour and cereal mills were
very busy. Other miscellaneous fac-
tories reported a fair amount of
activity.

There was marked quiet in the
manufacture of flint glass, and mem-
bers of the trades engaged in this
work at Montreal, not having worked
at their trade since February, 1914,
were obliged to seek employment at
other points or engage in some other
occupation.

Textile and woollen factories were
reported busy from most centres. At
Truro and Moncton underwear and
textile factories advertised for addi-
tional female labor and other help.
At Montreal manufacturers of tex-
tiles had orders ahead and were lay-
ing the foundation for a continu-
ance of activity after the war. Galt
also reported textile and woollen fac-
tories very busy.

STATUE TO FIRST SLAIN.

Frenchmen Are Raising Funds for a
Monument.

From the Mayor of Montbelliard,
Doubs, France, Canadian papers
have received an appeal to give pub-
licity to a public subscription now
being taken up in France and all the
allied countries for a monument to
Corporal Instructor Jules Andre
Peugeot, of the 44th French Infantry,
who was murdered by Lieut.
Mayer, commandant of a reconnoit-
ring party of the 5th Mulhouse Cas-
sals, thirty hours before his Govern-
ment had declared war on France.
The murder was committed at Jonch-
erey, Canton de Delle, Haute-Rhin,
France, at 10 o'clock on the morning
of August 2. The German detach-
ment had penetrated French terri-
tory by order of the German Govern-
ment.

Corporal Peugeot was in com-
mand of an outpost at Joncherey.
When the Huns approached he made
the usual challenge. Mayer drew
his service revolver and fired three
times into the Frenchman's body.
Mortally wounded, Peugeot managed
to lift his rifle and slay his mur-
derer. He was but 21 years of age,
and a grandson of a former colonel
in the French army. His body was
removed to his native village and in-
terred beside that of his soldier
forefather.

It is the intention of the Peugeot
Monument Committee, which is com-
posed of a number of illustrious
Frenchmen among whom are the
Minister of War, and many Cabinet
Ministers and Senators and Parlia-
mentarians, to raise a magnificent
monument to the memory of the
first soldier to fall on the western
front. The subscription has been
opened in all the allied countries.

New Tax Means Big Revenue.

The new amusement tax provided
for by the Legislature last session is
expected to produce considerably
more than the estimate of \$600,000
made by Hon. T. W. McGarry. The
Provincial Treasurer stated recently
that the revenue from the sale of tax
tickets had averaged about \$50,000 a
month and would probably go above
that mark from now on with the
theatrical season in full swing.

The large sum being secured from
the tax means that the Provincial
Government, by tapping only one
source of revenue open to them, will
be able to make up two-thirds or
more of the income surrendered by
the adoption of war-time prohibition.
Hon. Mr. McGarry intimated that
the Government had several plans
under consideration for the expendi-
ture of the two millions to be raised
this year by the mill on the dollar
war tax. This year, however, the
Government has not resorted to the
plan of borrowing against the tax, as
was done last year. It will not,
therefore, have the war tax revenue
at hand until the end of the present
year.

Impossibility.
"I see the new stylish costumes
from Paris are sensible."
"That's impossible."
"Why?"
"If sensible they couldn't be stylish."

"Improving" Mother Goose.
We all know how far the idea of
Mother Goose as an unmoral book has
obtained. In a modern abridged edi-
tion "There was an old woman who
lived in a shoe" ends, "She gave them
some broth and plenty of bread and
kissed them all fondly and sent them
to bed."

Why should the modern child be
brought up with the wholly unnatural
situation of the heavily burdened
mother who behaves just as if nothing
unusual had occurred? Their literary
taste will be ruined if pursued on these
lines. "Spanked them all soundly and
sent them to bed" is the only possible
logical course.—Atlantic Monthly.

Marine Tonnage.
Displacement tonnage is the weight
of the whole ship and everything
aboard her. It is found by computing
the exact cubic space under water, in-
cluding the rudder and propellers and
dividing the total by thirty-five, since
thirty-five cubic feet of sea water
weigh a ton. Displacement tonnage is
now used only in rating warships.

A ship's gross tonnage is the cubical
measurement or contents below decks,
and includes, in the case of passenger
vessels, all the cabin space. The net
tonnage is the gross tonnage less de-
ductions fixed by law. Net tonnage
excludes cabin space and machinery
space.—New York Sun.

Origin of Dukes.
The word "duke" is from the Latin
"dux," a leader. In early Saxon times
the commanders of armies were called
dukes—i. e., the leaders of the soldiery.
In other words, the first duke was the
first best fighting man. No regard was
had to ancestry or present attainments
or any other sort of thing beyond the
simple matter of warlike efficiency.
Naturally the leader of the fighting
would, when the fighting was over,
come in for the lion's share of the
spoils and "honors," and naturally
again the rest of the folks would "look
up" to him, and by degrees his superi-
ority would be imparted to his family,
and a "nobility" would spring into be-
ing. It all rested, to start with, on
brute force and animal courage com-
bined with cunning in clubbing and
thrusting.

Cruel Science.
The unfortunate farm laborer was a
pessimist, with reason. He had been
thrown out of several jobs by the in-
troduction of farm machinery, conse-
quently he distrusted everything that
smacked of conservation of energy.
Now he stood by the kitchen table
reading the labels on parcels his wife
had brought home from town.
"Self raising flour," he said, "Ah,
they'll be inventing self raising wheat
next to throw us poor devils out of an-
other job!"—New York Times.



New Prices, August 1st, 1916

The following prices for Ford Cars will be
effective on and after August 1st, 1916:

Chassis	- - -	\$450.00
Runabout	- - -	475.00
Touring Car	- - -	495.00
Coupelet	- - -	695.00
Town Car	- - -	780.00
Sedan	- - -	890.00

f. o. b. Ford, Ontario

Call and see our New Model

These prices are positively guaranteed against any reduction before
August 1st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in
price at any time.

SHAWVILLE MOTOR CO.

REGISTERED

SHAWVILLE - - QUEBEC.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Province of Quebec,
Municipality of Shawville.
Public Notice is hereby given by the
undersigned Sec.-Treasurer of the Mu-
nicipality of Shawville, in the County of
Pontiac, that the Collection Roll of the
said Municipality is now made and
completed for the current year, 1916.
The said Collection Roll is deposited in
the office of the undersigned Secretary-
Treasurer. All parties whose names
appear thereon as liable for the payment
of any assessment are required to pay
the amount thereof to me, the under-
signed, at my office within twenty days
following the date of this notice.
Given at Shawville, this 12th day of
Sept., 1916.

S. E. HODGINS,
Sec.-Treas.

Trespass Notice

All parties are hereby strictly cau-
tioned against hunting, trapping, setting
poison, or trespassing in any manner
whatsoever on Lots Nos. 1 and 2 in the
First Range of Litchfield; also Lot No.
6 in the East Range of Thorne. Parties
who disregard this notice will be
dealt with as the law directs.

GEO. SOMERVILLE.
Sept. 30, 1916.

LIVE POULTRY WANTED.

Now is the time to dispose of
your OLD HENS before the
young stock comes on the market,
and the price drops. The Shaw-
ville Egg Circle is in a position to
handle Live Fowl on Tuesday of
each week.
Bring us your fowl and we will
try and give you satisfaction.
W. E. N. HODGINS.

When you want the best value for your
money in

SHINGLES

at \$1.65 per M. and up
Also Laths, Dry Lumber, Clapboards,
Flooring, End Matched Hardwood Floor-
ing Mouldings Doors etc., try

A. F. CAMPBELL.

BOX 455

Arnprior, Ont.

HOMEMAKERS' CLUBS.

TIME OF MEETING:

Austin - First Tuesday,
Murrells - Third Wednesday,
Elmside - Second Wednesday,
Bristol - - First Thursday,
Starks Corners, Second Thurs.
Wyman, - - First Friday,
Shawville - First Saturday,
Yarm - Last Monday,
of each month.

FOR SALE

West half of 13-a, 4th range, Bristol,
containing 100 acres (more or less),
known as "The Old Graham Farm,"
situated 1½ miles from Maryland station
(C. P. R.); also convenient to churches
and school.

Also S. W. quarter of 14-a, range 5,
containing 50 acres (more or less), 25
acres under cultivation; balance bush
land.
For terms and particulars apply to
Mrs. A. P. SMITH, R. R. No. 1, Mary-
land, Que., or to the undersigned at
Foxwarren, Manitoba.

A. P. SMITH.

FOR SALE

Two Village Lots situate on Main
Street, Shawville, opposite the Metho-
dist Church.

Farm Property of 53 acres, situate
north of Shawville Cemetery—35 acres
in hay, 18 acres good bush. All well
fenced with wire. A good well dug,
and also a frame barn erected in 1915.

A comfortable Brick Residence on
Centre Street, with kitchen, summer
kitchen, woodshed and all necessary out-
buildings.

R. W. HODGINS,
Shawville, Que.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male
over 18 years old, may homestead a
quarter section of available Dominion
land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Al-
berta. Applicant must appear in person
at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-
Agency for the District. Entry by proxy
may be made at any Dominion Lands
Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on cer-
tain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon
and cultivation of the land in each of
three years. A homesteader may live
within nine miles of his homestead on a
farm of at least 80 acres, on certain con-
ditions. A habitable house is required
except where residence is performed in
the vicinity.

Live stock may be substituted for
cultivation under certain conditions.
In certain districts a homesteader in
good standing may pre-empt a quarter
section alongside his homestead. Price
\$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each
of three years after earning homestead
patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation.
Pre-emption patent may be obtained as
soon as homestead patent, on certain
conditions.
A settler who has exhausted his home-
stead right may take a purchased home-
stead in certain districts. Price \$3.00
per acre.

Duties—Must reside six months
each of three years, cultivate 50 acres
and erect a house worth \$300.
W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of
this advertisement will not be paid for.

Marjory's Soldier

"All tickets, please!"

Marjory Moore made the time-worn words ring with a new note as she stood by the station gate to collect the tickets. In her trim blue uniform, with a cap perched on her glossy hair at a smart angle, she looked charming enough to win a smile from even the most pessimistic of travellers.

"Good morning, miss!" said more than one of would-be clever youths who handed their little squares of pasteboard to her.

But there was a look in Marjory's eyes, as she returned the greeting, which put a full stop to their attempted familiarity.

Somehow this particular morning Marjory felt happy, although there was a chilly wind blowing, and the cemented platform struck cold through her stout shoes. She found herself now and then humming gently under her breath, while her eyes glanced quickly here and there.

Then suddenly her humming died away on a soft little minor key, and for a moment a tender light shone in her eyes. For coming down the platform towards her was a wounded soldier, in the well-known blue hospital uniform.

He was moving awkwardly along, evidently still uncertain of his crutch, while the big soft shoe on his right foot told of a bandaged wound inside.

As he reached the gate he paused for a moment, and then began to fumble for his ticket.

"I've got one somewhere," he said to Marjory, "but—"

"Never mind," said the girl, with a smile in which was a hint of tears. The wounded soldier smiled back at her.

"Not used to this contraption yet," he said, with a grin, as he pointed to his crutch. "The doctor says that perhaps I'll be able to do without, but it seems to me that I might as well practise, in case I can't."

Marjory stepped well clear of the gate as he passed through, and, with another grin, he was gone.

The uniformed girl watched the man hobbling away with a sad look on her face. There were so many of them about, she thought, but all of them were cheery.

Ah, well, if they could smile at their fate, so must she.

She was just turning away towards the little room where she waited and sorted her tickets between the trains, when something made her look again at the soldier.

Then a quick pang ran through her heart, and with an effort she choked back a scream.

The wounded man was going along slowly, handicapped by the crutch, while just behind him a heavy luggage-trolley was beginning to slide down the platform. It had been carelessly left unfastened, where there was just enough slope on the platform to make it roll, and the helpless man was right in its path and quite unconscious of the danger.

A moment later Marjory was rushing across to the rescue, in her heart a great hope that she might be in time. There were few people about, and her path was fortunately clear. She was thankful then of the fact that she had always been good at running.

Just as the front of the trolley was about to touch the soldier, Marjory had reached it. With a great effort, she swung it round and brought it to a standstill. But the force with which she did this threw the girl herself to the dusty platform, where she lay for a moment breathless and shaken.

The wounded soldier had only become aware of his danger as it passed him by. Now he stood staring in amazement at Marjory, who presently rose slowly to her feet, and, with a shaky laugh, leaned against the trolley.

"That was a narrow shave!" she said, with a quiver in her voice.

"But—but—" began the soldier in amazement. "What happened?"

"The trolley was just behind you, and you would have knocked you down," explained the girl briefly.

"Then I have to thank you for saving me from a nasty tumble," said the man, comprehending at last. "By Jove, it was plucky of you!"

"Pooh! There was no risk to me," laughed Marjory, bending to dust her skirt.

"Perhaps there wasn't," replied the man, gazing with admiring eyes at her slight figure and flushed face, "but there aren't many girls, or men either, who would have thought of such a neat way of tackling that thing."

Marjory felt that she must get back to her post now; or, rather, to the little room. The sudden rush, with its consequent tumble, had shaken her more than she liked to own to before the little crowd which had collected.

"Shall I see you again?" asked the wounded soldier in a low voice, as she held out her hand and turned away.

"I'm always on duty somewhere in the station during the day," replied Marjory, striving to speak casually. But somehow the touch of those strong fingers on her own thrilled her.

With another word of thanks they parted, and the soldier stood watch-

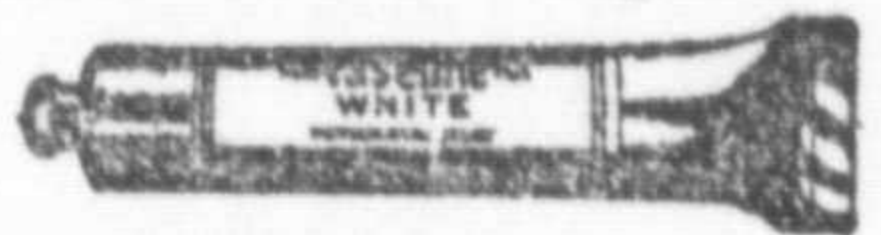
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ing her as she walked away across the platform.

Here was a girl to admire! She was doing a man's work, truly, and she was such a slip of a thing, too! Just the sort of girl a fellow could like—just the sort—

Then, suddenly aware where his thoughts were taking him, he flushed crimson under his tan and hobbled away out of the station.

Many times after that they met, and always there was a little chat between them. Each time they met the soldier seemed able to handle the crutch more easily, until there came a time when he walked towards the girl with only a stick.

"How splendid!" said Marjory gladly, as she noted the change. "You will never need that horrid crutch thing again, will you?"

"No, I hope not," said the man as gladly.

But he did not add that the stick must be his companion through life. The injury to his foot would leave him with a lifelong limp, but he would not grieve about that. After all, his fate was miles better than that of many of his pals.

"I'm getting discharged from the hospital soon, I hope," he went on. "Then I expect I'll be off home."

"Home!" repeated Marjory, trying to keep her voice calm and merely friendly, although her heart was beating wildly under her blue serge jacket. "Where's home?"

"Away in the country, down West," was the reply, while the speaker's eyes grew soft. "We've a little farm down there, just enough to keep mother, dad, and me."

And to himself he added the words, "And a little wife!"

"Then we shall be saying a real good-bye soon," said Marjory.

And, in spite of her efforts, a note of sadness crept into her voice.

"Perhaps not," was the man's reply.

Then he drew himself up. The doctor's report on his foot was not yet complete. There was just a chance that, after all, it might prove worse than expected, and in that case he could not ask a girl to tie herself to him, a cripple.

And a sudden rush of passengers from a train stopped their conversation at that point, and the soldier had to make way for them.

The days passed, and Marjory did not again see her soldier. "Her soldier" he had indeed become, although as yet she did not even know his name. But in her innermost heart she realized that the stalwart figure with the limp, which was a badge of honor, had taken possession of her whole being. She loved this man in

the badly-fitting blue hospital uniform—her soldier.

Then she found herself unconsciously looking for him and wishing she could hear again his cheery greeting. She missed his voice and the look in his dark eyes.

But he never came. The days grew into weeks and the weeks into months and still she looked in vain.

There had been a heavy rush of work at the station, and Marjory was feeling worn out one evening as she prepared to collect the tickets on her last train—for she did not work in the late evening hours.

She gave her usual warning of "All tickets, please!" and prepared to take her stand by the gate just as the rush of passengers came along.

How it happened she was never to know, but perhaps she turned giddy from the long hours she had worked. In any case, as the train drew to a standstill, she reeled and swayed. A shout went up from the crowd, and one or two men dashed forward towards her as she staggered back a step or two, right to the edge of the platform.

In another moment she would have been on the metals and under the wheels of the still slow-moving train, when a man's figure hurled itself quickly forward and grasped her firmly, drawing her back to safety.

There was at once a crowd round them—the tall man with the fainting girl in his arms—and a superintendant came bustling forward.

"Fainted?" he asked quickly. "Bring her in here, sir!" And he led the way to the little room where Marjory had so often sorted her tickets and from the doorway of which she had looked so long and so vainly for her soldier.

The door was shut on them, and the crowd passed on.

"My little girl!" the man whispered tenderly, as he laid her down on the dusty floor, with her own overcoat as a pillow.

"Now then, Jack," said a motherly-looking woman, pushing him aside, "that's no way to bring the lass round. Let me see to her."

But as he drew aside Marjory opened her eyes, and as they rested on him a great glory shone in them.

"Then you did come again?" she said, in so soft a murmur that he had to stoop to hear the words.

"Ay, I did, sweetheart!" he replied, bending his lips close to hers. "And this time I shan't go away again—until you come with me."

"Come with you?" replied the girl. "What—what do you mean?"

The motherly-looking woman interposed.

"There! Just like a man!" she snorted, but her eyes were wet and her lips trembled. "My son always was like that—everything at once, like. Look here, dearie, Jack and I have come to see about taking you back with us. He says, if you'll marry a man with a limp, he'll try to be a good husband to you."

"And"—her hearty voice faltered—"if he's anything like as good a husband as he's been as a son, you'll have naught to complain of."

But the man and the girl did not pay much heed to her words, and the woman turned aside as their lips met. Away in that little country home was the grey-headed man who had once spoken to her as Jack was speaking to this little slip of a thing.

And Jack's mother prided herself on being able to mind her own affairs.—London Answers.

Vindicated Self-Esteem.

"The Wogges seem to have a high opinion of themselves."

"Yes. You see the same cook has consented to remain in their employ for three or four years. So they feel entitled to think that they are rather nice people."



Making Crosses to Mark the Graves of the Gallant Dead

AFTER an advance on the Western front, everything that can possibly be done to identify the fallen is done, and little wooden crosses are erected over each grave to mark the place of interment. The soldier seen in the above picture is shaping one of these crosses, which will later be erected over the grave of a gallant soldier. The French Government has made the kindly and thoughtful announcement that the little graveyards where British soldiers sleep their last sleep shall be free of all rent-charges after the war.

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FAMOUS "ONE CENT" STAMP OF
BRITISH GUIANA.

It Was Sold By a Youthful Collector
Who Was Short of
Funds.

There are in existence several stamps that can claim to be absolutely unique—the sole specimens of their kind, says Leonard E. Goldsmith in Chums. If we accept the word "rarest" at its dictionary value, all of these must be placed level. Only one of them, however, is a classic, a real old issue from "way back," the others being in the nature of errors in surcharging, while in certain instances only one copy of a stamp has been prepared in order that a fictitious value might be placed upon it. The 20s surcharge in black on the 1s Oil Rivers Protectorate is an example of this, while only five stamps surcharged in violet and two in red were prepared.

World's Classic Rarity.

This is undoubtedly the One Cent British Guiana of 1856. This stamp, with its fellow, the four cents, was somewhat in the nature of a provisional, prepared during a shortage of the one and four cent values of the current issue. The design is very simple, the stamps being prepared at the office of the Official Gazette, Georgetown. The central design is a small three-masted sailing ship, with the words "Damus Petimus—Que Viciamus" above and below it. The block of the ship was obtained from the head of the shipping column of the Gazette and this central portion is inclosed by a frame of printer's rules, round which are the words, in capitals, "Postage—British—Four Cents—Guiana." The Four Cent Value, both on magenta and blue paper, had been known to philatelists for many years before the sole copy of the One Cent made its appearance.

The Find.

One day in 1873 a youthful collector, Vernon Vaughan, of British Guiana, was turning over a mass of old family papers and letters with a view to adding to his collection. Among other stamps he unearthed a large stamp printed in black on a glazed and rather dingy red paper. Mr. Vaughan was interviewed some years back, and stated that he thought very little of his find, as it was in very poor condition, having the corners cut off. About a year after he sent to a firm of English stamp dealers for approval sheets, and on their arrival was seized by that insatiable desire to possess them that is a common symptom of philatelists, young and old. Being short of money at the time he decided to sell some stamps out of his album, and among those chosen for sacrifice was the uninviting One Cent of 1856. Mr. Vaughan says that though this was the only specimen he possessed he thought he would easily be able to replace it.

Travels of the One Cent.

He took his stamps to an old collector in the colony, who bought several, but who would at first have nothing to do with the One Cent; its bad preservation and octagonal shape prejudicing him against it. Eventually he was persuaded to "risk" six shillings on it, but impressed on the youngster the fact that he was buying it as a "favor." The stamp remained in his possession for 10 years, and was sold in 1883 to a London dealer for £25. The stamp was again heard of in a letter from the greatest of Victorian stamp dealers to Judge Philbrick, a great collector and president of the Royal Philatelic Society. It was offered to him, together with four other stamps, for £110; and although he fully intended to purchase it he delayed until too late, and the stamp was sold to the great French collector, Baron la Renotiere von Ferrary, for a price that has never been made public.

A philatelist remarks: "Lots contained a one cent, red, 1856! as genuine as anything ever was * * * It was a dreadfully poor copy!"

Must Be Worth \$5,000.

It is a strange fact that, in spite of a great find of the early issues of this colony that was made some years ago, no second copy of the rarity has turned up. A very limited printing must have been made, or possibly the word "One" was a printer's error for "Four," which was immediately corrected. Various prices have been assigned to this tiny piece of paper, one catalogue placing it as low as £400 and another at £5,000, which, by the way, is much nearer the mark. The 1914 catalogue of Whitfield, King and Co. prices it at £2,000, but these quotations cannot mean much, as the gentlemen who have assigned them are not sellers. There are over a dozen specimens of the Postoffice Mauritius known, and this is priced at £1,200. If relative rarity had anything to do with the price, it is evident that the One Cent must be worth £15,000, but this is not an accurate guide, as the unique Oil Rivers stamp, previously mentioned, hung about a long while at £250 before it found a purchaser. The only limit to the price of this classic is the depth of pocket of the intending purchasers, and there is little doubt that should a second copy come into the market all records for a single stamp would go by the board.

THE SOLDIER-FARMER'S WIFE.

A Good Training and a Good Partner
Make a Great Combination.

"What makes you think you will succeed as a farmer?"

The question was asked of a returned soldier who had expressed a strong desire to get out on the land. "My wife," he answered.

"Do you mean to say she persuaded you?"

"No, I didn't need any persuading. But she wants to go as much as I do."

"Does she understand what it means?"

"She ought. She was born and brought up on a farm; she is not afraid of hard work; and she prefers to live in the country anyway."

"For the children's sake?"

"We've got none, worse luck. No, she likes it better herself."

That man's battle is half won. He was not a farm boy himself, and he does not imagine that the little experience he possesses is enough. He is therefore taking advantage of the elementary training, in such matters as gardening and poultry-raising, already started by the Military Hospitals Commission at some of its Convalescent Hospitals; and he aims at taking a course of extra instruction later on at one of the agricultural schools.

As announced some time ago, the Government makes special monetary allowances, in addition to the pension, for the maintenance of both the soldier and his family while he is being trained, if he has to learn a new occupation; so no man should have the slightest hesitation about taking full advantage of the training put at his disposal to increase his capacity and better his position.

A trained man, and a wife both experienced and willing, are a team hard to beat.

It is very interesting to see that this fact has been recognized in a most practical way in England. There, the Government decided a few months ago to start, by way of experiment, three pioneer land colonies of ex-soldiers,—or rather "ex-service men," for even the man now ploughing the sea will have his choice of ploughing the soil.

The President of the Board of Agriculture has just announced that in selecting settlers for these colonies "preference will be given, as between men of equal merit and qualifications, to those whose wives or sisters or daughters have acquired proficiency in milking or other farm operations, as the result of their employment on the land either before or during the war."

As a matter of fact, women in the old country have taken a large and even extraordinary share in working the farms, which the war has deprived of so many of their usual laborers. Women of every social rank have volunteered to do this, and have kept their pledge, though many of them were not only quite unaccustomed to manual labor, but free from any necessity to work at all.

Canadian women, the vast majority of them, have never been in that position. Work has always been familiar to them, and a very large number even of the town-dwellers among them were brought up on farms. Many of our returned soldiers, therefore, who think of going "back to the land," will have a great advantage in the experience of their wives as in the special training offered them.

Special training is given, of course, for a variety of other industries. The greatest care is taken to choose the occupation best suited to each man's ability. But, unquestionably, agriculture is the great national industry, and needs the energies of every man qualified to undertake it.

SCIENCE FACTS.

Salted whale meat is considered a great delicacy by the Japanese.

The locust tree was one of the first American trees to be brought to Europe.

The Belgians are looked upon as the greatest potato eaters in the world, and the Irish come second.

Polish women are renowned for the beauty of their hands; they place gracefulness of the hands above all other charms.

The emerald improves in color by exposure to the light. Pearls kept in darkness lose their luster, but regain it on exposure to the sun.

A tree grows in Ashanti and around the woods near Kabba resembling in appearance the English oak, and it is said to furnish excellent butter. A curious fact about this vegetable butter is that it keeps in perfect condition all the year round.

Beer is believed to be one of the most ancient of drinks. Manuscripts written at least 3,000 years before the Christian era show conclusively that even at that primitive period the manufacture of an intoxicating liquor from barley or other grain was extensively carried on in Europe.

OUR STAPLE FOOD SUPPLY.

Does the Modern Flour Mill Breed
Cancers?

That cancer is caused by eating rice flour and other foods which have been robbed by millers of some of their most valuable elements before they reach our mouths is the belief of Dr. Horace Packard of Boston University. Such a demoralized diet, he declares, encourages the development of the parasite or fungus growth whose entrance into the system leads to cancer. "It is a momentous fact," he says, "that the flour mills and the rice mills of the civilized world are busy eliminating every particle of iron, phosphorus, sodium, potassium, silica, calcium, chlorine, magnesium and sulphur (mineral salts), from our staple food supply and sending out food materials rich in heat units but pitifully meager in energizing and immunizing material."

"In a single flour mill, approximately one million tons of wheat are milled each year. Of this about 550,000 tons go to the human family as refined flour (wheat starch) and 450,000 tons of the by-products bearing the energizing immunizing food salts go mainly to feed domestic animals."

PROPOSING WITH A SPLASH.

To Break Jar Over Girl's Head is
Avowal of Love.

The land of the Tarascans lies due west of the city of Mexico, and here the natives retain many of their practices which were well established when the Spaniards first landed at Vera Cruz. Here is the accepted method of courtship, for example: The lover goes to the spring where the object of his affections is accustomed to fill her water jar. He holds her shawl until she accepts him, and then, with a stick, he breaks the jar which she holds on her head and gives her a betrothal baptism of water.

According to Prescott, the Tarascans had a Noah, called Trezpi, who escaped from a great flood in a boat laden with animals. Instead of a dove, Trezpi sent out a vulture first and then a humming bird, according to the legend.

The Tarascans once possessed the secret of tempering copper, an art now lost to the world.

MOTHER LOVE AIDS SON IN TRENCHES

It Brings Relief To Boy Standing
His Watch Deep in
Mud.

Once upon a time, only a few months after this terrible world war had begun, Private Bailey, a soldier in the trenches "somewhere in France," The cold rains soaked him to the skin; the mud was deep. He had had no rest. Weary and aching with rheumatic pains, he recalled the faith his mother had in Sloan's Liniment. He asked for it in his next letter home. A large bottle was immediately sent him and a few applications killed the pain, once more he was able to stand the severe exposure. He shared this wonderful muscle-soother with his comrades, and they all agreed it was the greatest "reinforcement" that had ever come to their rescue. At your druggist, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 a bottle.

Sloan's
Liniment
KILLS PAIN

School-Days are Joy-Days to the boy or girl whose body is properly nourished with foods that are rich in muscle-making, brain-building elements that are easily digested. Youngsters fed on **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** are full of the bounce and buoyancy that belong to youth. The ideal food for growing children because it contains all the material needed for building muscle, bone and brain, prepared in a digestible form. One or two biscuits for breakfast with milk give a boy or girl a good start for the day. Ready-cooked and ready-to-serve.

Made in Canada

MUCH FOUGHT FOR CITY.

History of Trieste is a History of Many Conflicts.

Trieste, the principal seaport of Austria, which figures so prominently in the news of the day, goes back for the beginning of its history into ancient days. It is first mentioned about 100 B.C. as a village, a place of no importance. Some fifty years later, it is recorded that the place was attacked by barbarian tribes from the interior, and about twenty years later still, Trieste makes its definite emergence into history during the Dalmatian wars waged by Augustus.

The Romans, with that sure judgment which characterized their empire building, recognized the importance of the site upon which Trieste now stands. Augustus consequently decided to found a Roman colony there. The little village quickly became a town, and, as a defense against the wild Celtic and Illyrian tribes of the surrounding country, who always gave the Romans so much trouble, the new city was surrounded by a wall and fortified with towers. It was given the name of Tergeste, quickly became a flourishing Roman colony and had a large territory attached to it. In those days, just as to-day, the importance of Trieste lay mainly in its commerce, as the natural outlet for Pannonia and Dalmatia, and in those days, just as to-day, it was a beautiful city.

On the fall of the empire in the west, the history of Trieste merges into the history of Istria. It passed through troublous times. It was pillaged by the Longobardi and the Goths; was annexed to the Frankish kingdom by Pepin in 789; fell into the hands of the dukes of Carinthia about the middle of the tenth century, and from thence it passed successively through the hands of the dukes of Meran, the dukes of Bavaria into the possession of the republic of Venice. For the next 180 years, the history of Trieste is chiefly a record of conflicts with the great city to the south, and in the end Trieste placed herself under the protection of Leopold III, of Austria. Leopold was only too willing to undertake the trust, and so from protection, Austria advanced to overlordship and from overlordship to, actual possession. Twice during the Napoleonic period, namely, from 1797 to 1805, and from 1809 to 1813, Trieste was in the possession of France. In this later year, however, Austria seized the city and the surrounding district of Istria, and it has remained an Austrian possession ever since.

The fellow who gets nothing but money out of his work is poorly paid.



"Another Article Against Tea and Coffee"

In spite of broad publicity, many people do not realize the harm that the drug, caffeine, in tea and coffee does to many users, until they try a 10 days' change to

POSTUM

Postum satisfies the desire for a hot table drink, and its users generally sleep better, feel better, smile oftener and enjoy life more.

A fair trial—off both tea and coffee and on Postum—shows

"There's a Reason"

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

DEADLY DUST.

It Is Most Dangerous to Breath Dust Laden Air.

The workman has no more deadly foe than dust. Not only are there tiny particles floating in the air, which carry germs of deadly disease which he may breathe or become infected with through a cut or scratch, but others that will inflict harm on his tissues.

Just now, when so many thousands of men are turning their hands to the making of munitions, it is timely to warn them against inhaling the flying, minute splinters and dust that are caused by a lathe or file working on metal, says the London Answers.

If a tiny particle of steel be examined under a microscope it will be found to be jagged and sharp as a needle, and when breathed into the lungs in great numbers it sets up all kinds of pulmonary troubles. The workman used to his conditions takes care not to breathe more of this dust than he can help, but the unaccustomed man may lean over his work, or laboring in a dusty atmosphere, the unusual exertion may cause him to inhale deeply through his mouth.

All of us avoid nasty smells, but it is often far more dangerous to breathe dust-laden air which is not so perceptible.

RELIEF FROM INDIGESTION

The Most Common Cause of This Trouble is Poor Blood.

All conditions of depressed vitality tend to disturb the process of digestion. There is not a disturbed condition of life that may not affect digestion. But few causes of the trouble are so common as thin, weak blood. It affects directly and at once the process of nutrition. Not only is the action of the gastric and intestinal glands diminished but the muscular action of the stomach is weakened. Nothing will more promptly restore digestive efficiency than good, red blood. Without it the normal activity of the stomach is impossible.

Thin, pale people who complain of indigestion must improve the condition of their blood to find relief. The most active blood builder in such cases is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They make the rich, red blood which quickly restores the digestive organs to their proper activity, and the dyspeptic who has hated the sight and smell of food now looks forward to meal time with pleasure. As proving the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in curing indigestion Miss Edith M. Smith, R. R. No. 4, Perth, Ont., says: "I can honestly say I owe my present good health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My stomach was terribly weak and I suffered from indigestion and sick headache, and was always very nervous. I was troubled this way for nearly three years, and in that time took a great deal of doctors' medicine, which, however, did not help me. I could not eat anything without experiencing the most agonizing pain. My sick headaches were most violent and I could not rest night or day. I was asked one day by a friend to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and consented to do so. After taking them some time I found they were helping me, and I continued to take them steadily for several months, until I found that I was completely cured. While taking the pills I gained both in strength and weight, and I feel it impossible to praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills too highly."

You can procure these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A SYMPATHETIC COLLIE.

How "Max" Helped His Mistress to Bear a Surgical Operation.

An instance of the striking sagacity and almost human sympathy of her extraordinary collie, Max, is furnished by Mrs. T. P. O'Connor in her book, "Dog Stars." While she was in Germany she was suffering from a closed tear duct. Informed of a doctor in Baden-Baden whose specialty was the treatment of that difficulty, she went there to see him, taking Max along.

The afternoon of my arrival, writes Mrs. O'Connor, anxious to know his opinion, I went at once to his office. "Yes," said Doctor von Hoffman, "there is trouble here that will yield only to an operation; with the help of cocaine, I cut a little passage from the eye to the nose, keep it open with massage while healing, and in a fortnight your eye will be well enough for you to go away. Will you have it done?"

"Yes," I said, "certainly I will." Max, who had been lying quietly in a corner, came forward, whimpered, looked at me anxiously, and laid his paw gently in my lap.

"This gentleman hasn't the same confidence in me that you have," said the doctor, smiling. "Come to-morrow at eleven, and everything will be ready for you."

"If you don't mind," I said, "I would much prefer the operation now."

I am sure Max pressed my knee with his paw.

"Very well," said the doctor. "I'll call my assistant. He has strong hands and will hold your head while I make the incision. Max must go into the other room."

"No," I said, "please let him stay. He will be a comfort to me. Go to

REPAIRS

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your corner, old lad. Don't move till missy calls you."

Max obediently stepped back into shadow. The cocaine did not go very far, and the knife steadily pursued its way and unnerved me, I felt cold and sick; things were rather blurred, but the fear of Max, if I fainted, attacking the doctors, steadied me.

Not liking the look of things, he was gasping out little whines and whimpers. The doctor worked with quick dexterity and the operation was soon over. I called out, "All right, Max, stay where you are!" But he came to the centre of the room and waited. The doctor and his assistant bandaged up my eye. I reached for my hat, and Max bounded forward with greetings of great joy. He licked my hands, stopping between the quick breaths to give an occasional pianissimo bark, and intelligently kept a safe distance from my face.

"Never," said the doctor, "have I had better patients. Max did the crying and you did the sitting still."

"He would do the suffering for me, too, if he could," I said. "I don't doubt it, and I am sure he will make a good nurse," said Doctor von Hoffman. "He seems almost human."

"His unselfishness and fidelity are more than human," I said. While we were going to the hotel, Max kept very close to me, and when nine o'clock came he unobtrusively stretched himself under my bed, although usually he slept on a traveling rug in the corner of the room. But he wanted to be nearer when I was in trouble, and after I got into bed his tail tapped out, "I'm here to take care of you, little missy." And we both fell asleep.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Complicated, But Easy.

"How do you get your husband to do what he doesn't want to do when you want him to do it?"

"That's easy. I make a big fuss over something he has already done which I didn't want him to do or I remind him of something which I have done which he wanted me to do and I didn't want to do and soon he is doing what I want him to do just as though he had wanted to do it all along."

Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

The Way They Don't Suffer.

"Yes," said the suffragette on the platform, "women have been wronged for ages. They have suffered in a thousand ways."

"There is one way in which they have never suffered," said the meek-looking man, standing in the rear of the hall.

"What way is that?" demanded the suffragist.

"They have never suffered in silence."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.

Yours truly,

T. B. LAVERS, St. John.

Insured.

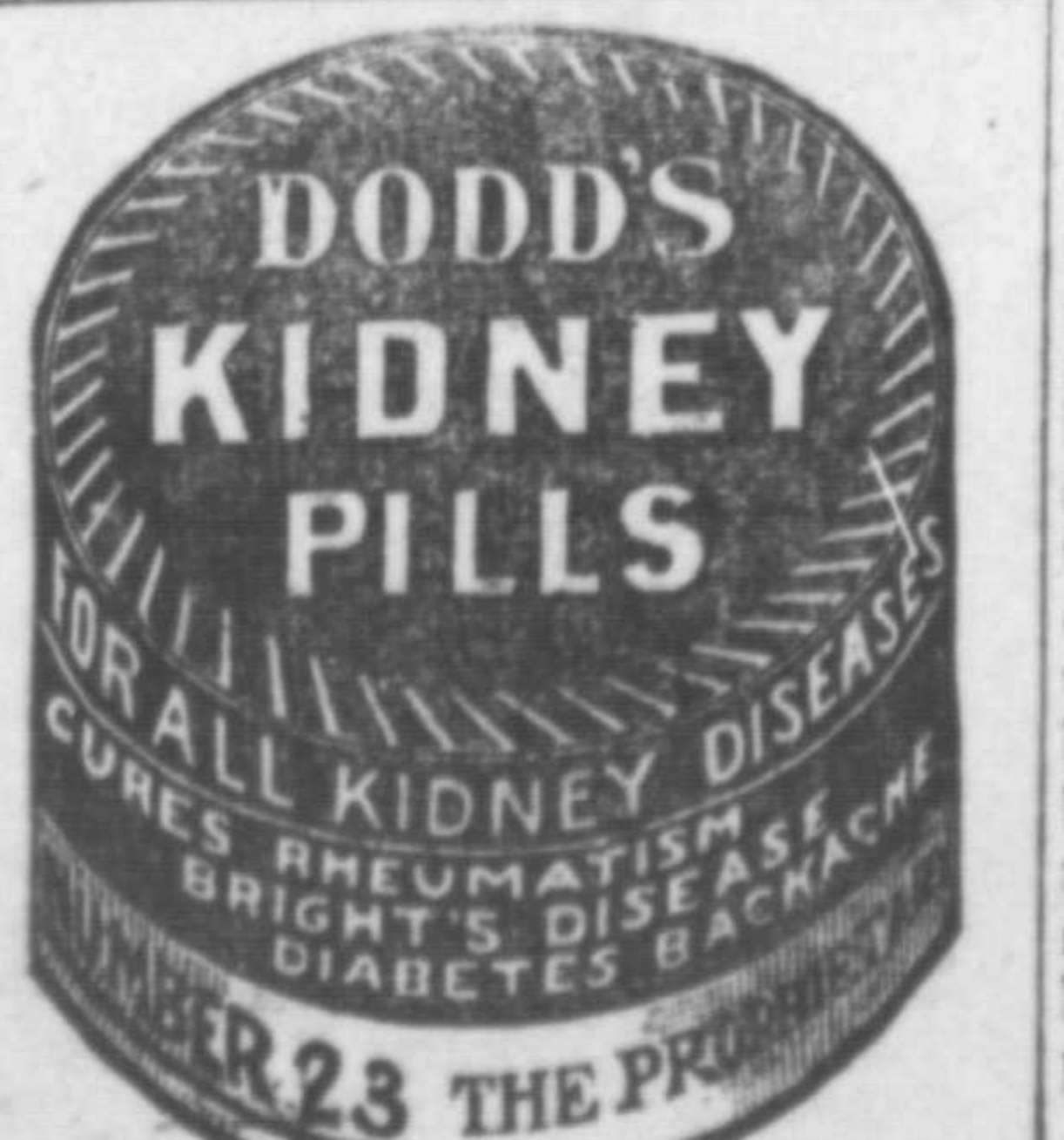
"Do moind yez don't git hurt, Pat," said Bridget. "It's dangerous a' workin' in that quarry."

"That's all roit, Biddy," said Pat. "O'iv'e borrowed two dollars frim th' foreman, and he don't let me do any dangerous work any more."

Expert Diagnosis.

Doctor—Well, and how did you find yourself this morning?

Patient—Oh, I just opened my eyes and there I was.



TRAPPERS!

Send your RAW FURS to JOHN HALLAM

and receive highest cash prices. We send money the same day the furs are received. Charge no commission—and pay all charges. We have paid out millions of dollars to thousands of trappers in Canada who send their furs to be bought by those who get a square deal, and receive more money for their furs. You will also. We buy more furs from trappers for cash than any other five firms in Canada. (Hallam's Trapper Guide 60 pages) (Hallam's Trapper's Catalogue 60 pages) (Hallam's Fur Buyer Book 100 pages) Sent free on request. Address as follows: JOHN HALLAM Limited 202 Hallam Building, Toronto.

CANADIAN ORDER OF CHOSEN FRIENDS

A fraternal and insurance society that protects its members in accordance with the Ontario Government Standard. Sick and funeral benefits optional. Authorized to obtain members and charter lodges in every Province in Canada. Purely Canadian, safe, sound and economical.

If there is no local lodge of Chosen Friends in your district, apply direct to any of the following officers:

Dr. J. W. Edwards, M.P. W. F. Montague, Grand Conciliator, Grand Recorder. W. F. Campbell, J. H. Ball, M.D., Grand Medical Ex. Grand Conciliator, HAMILTON - ONTARIO

WANTED!

Help for Woollen Mill.

Carders, Weavers, Fullers and Napper Tenders.

Good wages paid in all Departments, and steady work assured. We have several openings for experienced help, where energy and ability will bring promotion. Wages paid to apprentices while learning weaving. Special inducement to family workers. Write, stating full experience, if any, age, etc., to

The Shingby Manufacturing Co., LIMITED,

BRANTFORD, — ONTARIO.

LAY WOUNDED ELEVEN DAYS.

British Soldier Exemplifies Never-Say-Die Motto.

Under the title "Eleven Days in a Shell Hole," the following was issued recently by the British official press service:

"In the Seymour Military Hospital at Manchester lies a wounded soldier of the Manchester Regiment, who has accomplished a feat of endurance which the doctors declare exceeds any demonstration the war has revealed of the 'never say die' spirit of the British soldier."

"Sergeant Huddart, formerly an engineer at the great Armstrong Whitworth Works in Manchester, was wounded by machine gun fire during the advance on the Somme. He fell with bullet wounds in his left hand, his thigh and his left leg. For cover he crawled into a shell hole, and there he lay for the incredible period of eleven days and nights."

"Five days after he had been there a stretcher party went by the lip of the shell hole carrying another wounded man, and Huddart hailed them. They said they would send a party for him, but the relief never came, and Huddart says he knew why—the racket of machine gun fire told him. Shells dropped all about him; his legs and feet were buried in earth thrown up by them. He had not a scrap of food, and he lived on sips of water from his flask."

"On the eleventh day he saw an officer looking down into the shell hole, and moved his hand to show he was alive. The officer called a stretcher party, and under fire they carried away the very feeble wounded man. One of the stretcher party was killed while performing the rescue."

"Huddart is recovering his strength. The doctors say it is a case of which the war has revealed many, when the man ought to have died and would have died except that his indomitable spirit refused."

AFTER THE WAR.

Question of Reconstruction is Receiving Attention.

Day by day the question of reconstruction and of preparation for the great development anticipated in all directions after the war occupies a larger share of public attention in many countries. Paris has just held an exhibition of model houses on the terraces of the Jardin de Tuileries, and meetings, dealing with reconstruction and development work, are of frequent occurrence in both France and the United Kingdom. The latest instance of this activity is afforded in a report, recently made to the Birmingham corporation, on the question of rebuilding houses razed for military purposes and of proceeding with building schemes arrested by the outbreak of the war, two years ago. The report advises the expenditure of a sum amounting in all to something like £350,000 on schools and other public buildings.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

A GREAT CONVENIENCE.

What the Canadian Pacific Railway Is Doing For Its Employees.

For the convenience of the employees, of whom there are nearly 2,000 in the Windsor Station buildings, Montreal, the Canadian Pacific Railway has recently set up a cafeteria luncheon at 15 cents in a large apartment which will accommodate 251 persons at a sitting. Judging by the attendances, it is bound to be one of the most popular features the company has put its hand to. There are hundreds of girls, especially, who have not time to go home, or who, if they do go home, are greatly pressed for time. With this service at their disposal they will save car fare; they will get a thoroughly satisfying luncheon; and they can have the comfort of the lounge room in connection on wet or cold days—a lounge room which contains a piano, magazines and papers and in which the employees can rest for the balance of their lunch hour. The arrangement is four to a table; all the appointments are harmonious; there is an air of quiet dignity about the place. Mr. W. A. Cooper, manager of the sleeping and dining car department, said that this was in accordance with the well-known policy of the Canadian Pacific for taking care of its employees. The people in the offices constituted quite a little city in themselves. Many could not go home with convenience. This lunch room would meet the wants of many. Of course, there would still be the 30-cent luncheon upstairs, and the regular dining room in which you could have what you wanted and pay for the same as much as you liked; but this was strictly for the employees, male and female, who would prefer to have their luncheon inside the building to going to restaurants—those of them who were in the habit of going to restaurants.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

A Busy Lady.

Little Ester went to visit her Aunt Harriet for the first time. When she returned she remarked that her aunt was always busy.

"What does she do, dear," queried the mother, "to keep her so very busy?"

"Why," said the little girl, "she spends all day long hiding her silver in fifty different places so the burglars that she is sure are coming can't find it."

"Goodness!" exclaimed the mother. "And," continued Esther, "she spends all night hunting for it and gathering it into one pile in case of fire."



THE NATION'S FUTURE Depends Upon Healthy Babies

Properly reared children grow up to be strong, healthy citizens

Many diseases to which children are susceptible, first indicate their presence in the bowels. The careful mother should watch her child's bowel movements and use

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

It is a corrective for diarrhoea, colic and other ailments to which children are subject especially during the teething period.

It is absolutely non-narcotic and contains neither opium, morphine nor any of their derivatives.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Makes Cheerful, Chubby Children

Soothes the fretting child during the trying period of its development and thus gives rest and relief to both child and mother.

Buy a bottle today and keep it handy

Sold by all druggists in Canada and throughout the world

"Made in Canada"

DOMINION RAINCOATS

Best for quality, style and value. Guaranteed for all climates.



Ask Your Dealer

One Way.

"How can I make myself agreeable to others?"

"The best way I know is never to talk about the weather."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

A conceited man is unable to see his personal defects.

SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES. IRISH COBBLERS. Delaware, Canada. Order at once. Supply limited. Write for quotations. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

HELP WANTED.

CABINET MAKERS and MACHINE HANDS wanted. Steady work at highest wages. Apply to The Bell Furniture Co., Southampton, Ont.

CRUICIBLES WANTED.

NO. 50, No. 60, No. 70. STATE QUANTITY you have for sale, also Maker's name and best cash price. Apply United Brass & Lead, Ltd., 254 St. Helens Ave., Toronto, Ont.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB OFFICES for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 72 West Adelaide Street, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

When buying your Piano insist on having an "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION



BOOK ON DOG DISEASES

And How to Feed Mailed free to any address by the Author H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc. 118 West 31st Street, New York



ABSORBINE

Reduces Bursal Enlargements, Thickened, Swollen Tissues, Cuts, Filled Tendons, Soreness from Bruises or Strains; stops Spavin Lameness, allays pain. Does not blister, remove the hair or lay up the horse. \$2.00 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Book 1 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind—an antiseptic liniment for bruises, cuts, wounds, strains, painful, swollen veins or glands. It heals and soothes. \$1.00 a bottle at druggists or postpaid. Will tell you more if you write. Made in the U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 510 Lyman Bldg., Montreal, Can. Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr. are made in Canada.

BANDSMEN WANTED

FOR

Kitchener's Own

Apply to Staff Serg't Dawson, Bandmaster K. O. (late Bandmaster Gov. Gen's Bodyguard, Toronto) 197 Peel Street, Montreal.

Machinery For Sale

Wheelock Engine, 150 H.P., 18 x 42, with double main driving belt 24 ins. wide, and Dynamo 30 K. W. belt driven. All in first class condition. Would be sold together or separately; also a lot of shafting at a very great bargain as room is required immediately.

3. Frank Wilson & Sons 73 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.

The Shawville Boot and Shoe Store

It is not a matter of PRICE with us, but rather we try to stock QUALITY, and sell SATISFACTION.

As most people know that on account of the recent great advances in the prices of shoes, that they must pay a fair price to get quality and satisfaction.

But despite the advances we are still selling good shoes at reasonable prices, but our advice is **BUY NOW** as they are bound to go higher.

... COME IN ...
and let us talk it over with you.

P. E. SMILEY.

Miss Hazel Ballantyne

(Graduate Toronto Conservatory of Music)

SHAWVILLE—The Manse.
BRISTOL—McLeod's Hotel.

Local and District.

Your friends can buy anything you can give them—except your photograph. Don't put off until to-morrow, have a sitting to-day. H. IMSON.

Flour took another jump in price last week, the price quoted on Friday being \$9.30 per bbl in bulk and \$9.40 for single barrel. It is predicted that it will reach the \$10 mark.

Red Cross Work at P. D. F.

The Portage Auxiliary of the Renfrew branch of the Red Cross Society has completed a very successful year. The Auxiliary consists of twenty-two members and is ably assisted in the work by other ladies of the village.

The following articles have been made and forwarded to Renfrew for shipment during the past year:

- 127 doz. bandages.
- 95 many-tailed bandages.
- 104 slings.
- 80 surgical kits.
- 4 doz. gauze pads.
- 6 " compresses.
- 4 " laparotomy sponges.
- 6 " gauze sponges.
- 996 gauze wipes.
- 16 shirts.
- 30 prs pyjamas.
- 5 doz. towels.
- 2 " wash cloths.
- 208 prs of socks.
- 2 scarfs.
- 6 prs wristlets.
- 2 " mitts.

The annual meeting will be held during the first week of October and another successful year is anticipated.

Pte J. E. Smart Home

The following item is taken from the Edmonton Journal of Sept. 27:

Private James Ernest Smart, of the 2nd C. M. R., left with the 50th Battalion of Calgary, last October and after a course of bombing instruction, was sent with his regiment to the trenches at Ypres where in the heavy bombardment by the Huns about June 3rd he sustained the loss of his left eye and was otherwise wounded. He received an honorable discharge from the army and returned to Edmonton last Saturday. Before enlisting he was a railway mail clerk and well known athlete. His parents are Mr. and Mrs. Alex S. Smart, of 1306 Athabasca Ave. Private Jason G. Smart, late of the 63rd Battalion and now of the 10th, is, according to a letter received this morning actively engaged on the Somme. T. A. Smart of the Customs and Gordon Smart are brothers.

E. G. Amy at the Front

The Editor has received a short letter from E. G. Amy, "B." Co. 4th Battalion, dated Belgium, Sept. 14, from which the following paragraph is selected:—
"Have some good sport here in the front trenches. The hours are long, but one don't mind it as he is always alert and has his eyes

wide open watching the shells burst. I was hit on Monday last, but only on the leg, and it did not amount to anything, only it was a close call. They sent over a few "rum jars" and they lit pretty close; they sure make a h— of a noise. I will be lucky if I don't lose my hearing. . . . We are resting up to day to go into the support trenches to-night, and I am back at our guns, which are roaring over my head at present, giving old Fritz 30 shells to his one. We have the guns and ammunition now, and as to-morrow is the Kaiser's birthday, he will be sure to get an extra dose."

October Rod and Gun

In "The Outlaw" in the October number of Rod and Gun Magazine which is now on the news-stands, H. C. Haddon gives some intimate details in the life of a family of wolves, which the writer observed at first hand, from the birth of the cubs up till the time when one of their number became a famous hunter and destroyer of cattle on the ranch of a Western farmer. In "A Bull of Triple Creek" A. Ray Giddings gives a dramatic account of a fight between two bull moose, the human element being supplied by the two trappers and a woman, the wife of one of the trappers, who witness the encounter between the two rival bulls, and one of whom is narrowly rescued from death. The Light that Saved, Camp Magic, On the Trail of the Wounded Bull Moose, A Story of Eggs and Skins, and other articles besides the regular departments, constitute an interesting issue for the sportsman whose thoughts at this time of the year are turning to the opening of the big game season. W. J. Taylor, Limited, Woodstock, Ont., are publishers of this representative Canadian publication.

Horses for Sale

Fifteen fine young Horses for sale or exchange. Apply to

J. L. HODGINS,
Shawville, Que.

SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS.

Having leased my house, I have decided to dispose of my household effects by private sale before the 15th of October. Parties who wish to procure anything in the following list are requested to call at once:—

	Cost	Sale
1 Organ	\$120.00	\$65.00
1 Bedroom Suit	20.00	12.00
1 Parlor Table	5.00	3.00
1 large Picture (scenery)	7.50	3.50
3 Stoves—		
1 Cook Stove, worth	12.00	6.50
1 Double " "	10.00	6.00
1 Box " "	7.50	5.00
1 Kitchen Table	2.00	1.00
4 " Chairs (each)	.75	.50
2 Lamps	2.50	1.50
1 Lamp	1.20	.75
2 pieces Oilcloth	9.00	7.50
1 " "	4.00	2.00
1 Chamber Set	4.50	2.00
1 Sideboard, worth	5.00	3.00

And sundry other articles.
MARIA A. HODGINS,
Shawville.

HAY WANTED

I am prepared to buy any quantity of good, well-saved Pressed Hay, delivered at Shawville, or other convenient points on railway. Highest market price paid.

G. A. HOWARD.

P. S.—War Horses and Cattle wanted.

THE MARKETS.

SHAWVILLE

Flour per barrel \$7.50
Wheat, per bushel, 80c to \$1.25.
Oats, per bushel, 50c.
Beans per bushel, \$3.50.
Butter tubs, prints and rolls 30c
Potatoes per bag, 1.10c.
Eggs per dozen 30c.
Wool, washed, 48c.
Hides per 100 lbs. 12.00
Pelts 1.00 to 1.50 each
Horse Hides each 2.50
Calfskins each 1.00 to 1.25
Veal Skins, each 90c.

OTTAWA.

The following are last Saturdays quotations:
Butter, in prints 35c to 37c
Butter in pails 30 to 35c
Eggs, fresh, per dozen 40 to 45c
Potatoes per bag, \$1.50
Pork per 100 lbs \$11.50 to 15.00
Beef, per 100 lbs, \$10 to \$11
Oats per bushel 60c
Hay per ton 10.00 to 13.00

CLEAN UP SALE.

The following articles will be sold at a sacrifice in order to clean up:
1 Doherty Piano—new; also two new Single Buggies and one Express. Primrose Cream Separator—new.
G. A. HOWARD.

For Service.

Berkshire Hog. Service fee \$1 for one, or \$1.50 for two.
FRED RICHARDSON,
R. R. No. 1, Shawville.

For Service

Pure bred Berkshire hog for service. Terms: \$1.00 for one sow, \$1.50 for two.
JAS. McLARNON,
4th Con. Clarendon.

Bull Astray

Strayed from my 7th line property about the last of September, a two-year old Red Bull, with star in face. Information that will lead to his recovery will be thankfully received by

E. H. MEE,
Shawville, P. O.

NOTICE

Creditors and debtors of the Clarendon Dairy Co. will please have all accounts in the hands of the undersigned on or before the 21st of October 1916.

By order of the directors.
T. S. HARRIS, M. R. McGuire,
Secretary, President.

FARM FOR SALE

Being S. E. half of lot 24, all lot 25, 8th range, Clarendon, comprising 350 acres, more or less. This is known as a good grain and dairy farm. 100 acres good hardwood bush. Will be sold en bloc or separately to suit. Terms, cash or to responsible party will arrange terms to suit.

Apply to T. A. EADES, Shawville, Que., or E. S. EADES, owner, Enfield, Sask.

Transmutation of Metals.

"The alchemists vainly sought to change mercury into gold. We now know," writes John Candee Dean in Popular Astronomy, "that mercury might be turned into gold if we could expel from its atoms one alpha particle and a beta particle, or if the metal thallium could be made to expel an alpha particle it would become like atoms of gold. This has not yet been done, but it is possible that it might be done by the application of an electric current of some million volts."

A Narrow Margin.

John Stuart Mill was once dining with two brilliant French talkers who were given to monologue. One had possession of the field, and the other was watching him so intently to strike in that Mill exclaimed aloud, "If he stops to breathe he's gone!"

Not Always.

"They say there's luck in odd numbers."
"I don't believe it. I know a man who got nine years in prison for having three wives."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Probably.

"Some people are so inquisitive."
"Yes, but they are usually stupid."
"Stupid?"
"Yes, if I were as inquisitive as you are I would know everything."

Poetry In Motion.

"What is poetry of motion?"

"The kind that's always going from me editor to another."—Woman's Home Companion.

Carry the radiance of your soul in your face. Let the world have the benefit of it.—Fox.

Girls Study Law.

Out of twenty-nine applicants for admission to the Osgoode Hall Law School, four are young ladies. They are: Miss Aileen Isabel Silk, daughter of T. H. Silk, banker, of Shelburne; Miss Muriel Lee, daughter of Lyman Lee, barrister of Hamilton; Miss Katherine Macdonald, daughter of the late W. Macdonald, formerly a barrister at Guelph; and Miss Edith Grace Gordon, daughter of J. W. Gordon, of Toronto.

No Teacher Shortage.

The supply of school teachers in Ontario is not likely to run short for a year or two to come. The Provincial Normal Schools have, according to officials of the Department of Education, about 1,300 students. This number, while a little less than last year, is considered ample to meet all requirements. It is estimated that the supply of third-class teachers will be added to by about 125.

Has Unloaded 122 Loads.

Daniel Wemp of Emerald, Amherst Island, aged 85 years, has so far this season unloaded 102 loads of hay and 20 loads of grain on his farm, and a record is claimed on his behalf.

Kettle Valley Railway.

Some industrial changes are likely to occur in southern British Columbia as the result of the opening of the Kettle Valley Railway a few days ago. The railway itself connects Nelson with Vancouver. The rate upon coal from Princeton to Vancouver is now \$1.10 per ton as compared with \$2 previously. Possibilities in metal mining are now probabilities. Copper properties but partially developed give every indication of being good "producers." In the Princeton district the British Columbia Copper Company is developing several properties. Hitherto one of the great difficulties has been the high cost of getting in freight and supplies. Now that railway facilities are available the miners as well as the settlers in the territory served will have an opportunity to get their supplies through to markets at a cost that is nearer to a practical level.

1,800 Automobiles Ferried.

A record was established at Windsor on Labor Day, when more than 1,800 automobiles were ferried across Detroit River from the Michigan side. This is the greatest number handled in any single day since the interchange of auto licenses became effective four months ago. The increased traffic was due to the Windsor race meeting and also to the fact that it was a general holiday on both sides of the river.

Two more States, Missouri and Iowa, have been added to the list of States with which Ontario motor licenses are interchangeable. There are now fourteen States of the Union which have agreed to reciprocity in this matter with Ontario.

He Was a Banana Man.

The other night we had a meeting of all Orangemen, attached to the battalion, says a soldier writing from Camp Borden. During the meeting an Armenian strolled in and at once was stopped and asked if he was an Orangeman. "Me, Orangeman?" says he. "No, me no Orangeman, me banana man." Immediately the meeting was in a roar of laughter, at which "Joe" got quite excited and he yelled at the top of his voice: "Why you laugh? me sella banan; Queen west."

A Juvenile Traveller.

Six-year-old Arthur Tapner, son of Private Arthur Tapner of the 186th Battalion, made the trip from London, England, to Chatham, Ont., alone. He left there on August 24th and arrived in Chatham September 4. He was in care of the C. P. R. all the way. The mother had not seen the little fellow in a year, and the father has not seen him for three years.

One of Original Board.

Mr. George Booth is the only living director who was one of the original board of directors of the Toronto Exhibition. He was present on the grounds daily and apparently in as good health as ever, enjoying the growth and the continued prosperity of the institution which he has seen rise from a very modest thing indeed.

Shop Here For

Wedding Gifts.

When you get an invitation to a wedding and you are undecided as to what form the gift will take, please feel free to come into this store to look around; it will help you to make up your mind as well as to give you some idea of the amount of money you wish to spend.

In Table Silver you will find here a wonderfully complete line of Gift Things that are particularly useful and not expensive. If it is Plated Wares you decide upon, W. Rogers will give almost the same service as Sterling.

We will assist you in any way we can, and not urge that you should make a purchase. We feel that this is a matter you can decide for yourself.

PHONE 54.

H. SHADEL,

The Shawville Jewellery Store.

We Can Supply You

.. WITH ALL KINDS OF ..

Tinware, Agateware, Stoves, Furnaces, Roofing Material, Eavetroughing and Repairing.

Your patronage solicited.

G. W. DALE PRACTICAL TINSMITH
Shawville, Que.

SHAWVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS

T. SHORE - PROPRIETOR.

MONUMENTS

I have on hand the finest stock of Marble and Granite Monuments ever placed before the public of this district. Prices are such that it will be to intending purchasers' interest to consult me before placing their order elsewhere. Nothing too large—nothing too small.

FENCING AND CEMETERY WORK A SPECIALITY

All Work Guaranteed Satisfactory.

Ladies' and Men's OVERCOATS

We are now showing a most beautiful full range of

Ladies', Men's, Boys' and Misses' Winter Coats
in the newest styles and patterns.

Prices as low as ever.

Our Fall and Winter Stock is almost complete now and we would be very glad of an opportunity to show our goods to you.

Give us a call.

ARCHIE DOVER