THE EQUITY.

No. 36, 34TH YEAR. SHAWVILLE, PONTIAC COUNTY, QUE., THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1917. $1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874.

Head Office: Ottawa, Canada.

Capital Paid Up - - -	$ 4,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits -	4,868,179
Total Assets over - - -	55,000,000

Board of Directors:

HON. GEORGE BRYSON, President. JOHN B. FRASER, Vice-President.
SIR HENRY N. BATE, ALEXANDER McLAREN,
RUSSELL BLACKBURN, DENIS MURPHY,
GEORGE BURN, HON. SIR GEORGE H. PERLEY,
SIR HENRY K. EGAN, E. C. WHITNEY,
D. M. FINNIE, General Manager. W. DUTHIE, Chief Inspector.

FORT COULONGE BRANCH, J. A. McLATCHIE, Manager.
CAMPBELLS BAY BRANCH, R. LEGER, Manager.
PORTAGE DU FORT BRANCH, G. M. COLQUHOUN, Acting M'gr.

The Merchants Bank of Canada

Established 1864

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT .. .. SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN.
VICE-PRESIDENT .. .. K. W. BLACKWELL.
MANAGING DIRECTOR .. E. F. HEBDEN.
GEN. MANAGER .. .. D. C. MACAROW.

Paid up Capital	$7,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ..	7,250,984
Total Assets Nov. 30, 16, ...	108,956,996

217 Branches and Agencies in Canada.

NEW YEAR'S RESOLUTIONS.

How are YOU starting off the New Year? By saving a little monthly from your income? If not, why not? Let 1918 find you with a bank balance, no matter how small. $1.00 starts it, then BUILD.

Branches at Shawville and Quyon.

W. F. DRUM .. .. Manager, Shawville
A. A. REID .. .. Manager, Quyon.

THE HARDWARE STORE

Campbell's Varnish Stain

Is there any Old and Dingy Furniture in your home?

If there is you can make it look like new; give it a rich material wood finish with Campbell's Varnish Stain.

Fine for Wood Work too, not a new "fad" product, but one that has been made and sold widely for years. It correctly imitates all the hardwoods. It spreads easily, and anyone can apply it. A small can goes a long way—try one. We'll be glad to show you color cards.

J. H. SHAW.

Your family have been pleading with you for years. Why not have that family group made to-day?
H. IMISON, Photo Artist.

R. J. Hamilton, left for the West on Tuesday morning for Meyronne, Sask., with a carload of horses.

A number of the members of Shawville Lodge I. O. O. F. attended a degree meeting of the Order at Renfrew on Monday.

AUCTION—On Friday afternoon, March 2nd, J. J. Turner will auction off the stock, implements, etc, of Wm. S. Smith,—lot 12, range 8, Clarendon, Mr. Smith having disposed of his farm and removed to this village several months ago.

Come out and see the hockey match between the Shawville junior and senior hockey teams on Friday evening of this week and thereby help the Patriotic Fund which requires every dollar people can afford. You will see a good game and at the same time contribute to a National cause which deserves your assistance.

Successful Event

The entertainment given under the auspices of the young people of the Methodist Church on Thursday evening last, was one of the most successful events of the kind held here for some time, the program being both well rendered and entertaining, whilst the attendance was large and appreciative. Rev. Mr. Tripp very efficiently fulfilled the duties of chairman. The following program was rendered, interspersed with several Phonola selections:—

Phonola selection.
Quartette—Mrs. P. E. Smiley; Misses Thomson, Smith, Eades.
Recitation—Miss Ida Davis.
Dialogue—The Arrival of the New Minister.
Instrumental Duet—Misses Shaw and Cowan.
Solo—Miss Belle Caldwell.
Dialogue—Bridget's Investment.
Solo—Mrs. A. McLean.
Recitation—Miss Beryle Davis.
Dialogue—Sir Peter and Lady Teasle.
Duet—When You and I were Young, Maggie—Mr. H. Imison, Mrs. R. C. Woodley.
Dialogue—Going to the Dentist.
Duet — Silver Threads among the Gold—Mr. H. Imison, Mrs. R. C. Woodley.
Quartette—Mrs. P. E. Smiley; Misses Thomson, Smith, Eades.
Instrumental Duet—Misses Shaw and Cowan.
God Save the King.

Feed Oat Grades Unfit for Seed.

Flour and feed dealers who offer the Feed grades of Western oats should be very careful to warn farmer purchasers against using them for seed. The Feed grades contain oats which are frozen or otherwise unsound and not suitable for milling purposes. They usually give a very low percentage of germination which results in serious crop failure. The sowing of these frozen oats in past years has given the general impression that all Western oats will not do well in Eastern Canada the first year. Home grown seed oats of good quality is so scarce this year that farmers should be specially warned against using the Feed grades for seed.

Eastern Canada farmers are advised to procure local grown oats of the best quality and clean them to thirty pounds per bushel or better if possible. Thus far not more than 100,000 bushels of No 1 Canada Western seed oats free from wild oats are available in storage. It may be found necessary to make a grade for No. 2 seed oats containing not more than eight wild oats to the pound. This would be very much superior to the Milling for Feed grades which are foul with noxious and other weed seeds.—Seed Branch, Ottawa.

Farmers, if you have any good sound potatoes to offer, come in and see us before Saturday, March 3rd. A. DOVER.

The S. M. C. of Stark's Corners intend holding a Bazaar in the afternoon of Friday, March 9th, with an entertainment in the evening, commencing at 7.30 sharp. Admission 15 and 20 cents.

Personal.

Miss Florence Boland, of Russell, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Thos. Findlay, in town.

Mr. Sam Ralph, arrived in town from N. Temiscamingue on Friday to spend a few days. He reports that the winter has been very severe up in that district.

Mrs. W. F. Caldwell, of Ottawa, is able to be out again after being confined to the house since Xmas, the result of pleurisy and tonsilitis.

Miss Margaret Phillips left for Montreal on Tuesday morning, with a view to enter as nurse-in-training at Royal Victoria Hospital. Miss Phillips was accompanied by her mother.

THE EQUITY had a call from Rev. Mr. Harris of Bristol on Friday, who left an order for printing in connection with the "Forward Step" services which are to be held at the Brick Church next week and to which reference is made elsewhere in this issue.

"We note with pleasure," says the Beloit Gazette, "that a gentleman in an adjoining city who continues to overlook a little bill of eighty cents due this paper for advertising, passed through Beloit on his way to a religious convention. If there is any man on earth that needs the consolation of religion at this time, with print paper at six cents a pound, it is the man who owes a newspaper and refuses or neglects to pay."

Advertise Seed Oats.

A large number of inquiries are being received from Ontario and Quebec farmers asking where they can purchase seeds oats. There was a good oat crop last year in some districts, particularly on tile-drained land. Farmers having seed oats for sale should advertise them in at least one farm paper. Some have reported the kinds, quantities and prices of seeds for sale direct to the Seed Branch and this information is being supplied in answer to the inquiries received.—Seed Branch, Ottawa.

Education of Soldiers Discussed

A recent number of the Regina Daily Post contains the report of a meeting of soldiers and citizens, held in the city hall of Regina, at which the subject was considered of holding evening classes for the instruction of soldiers, on certain subjects, a knowledge of which would be of much benefit to them, not only in the capacity of defenders of the nation, but also to fit them for successfully grappling with the after-war conditions with which the country will sooner or later be confronted. The report says the meeting was presided over by Mayor Cowan, and was addressed by Capt. (Rev.) J. A. Macfarlane, Chaplain of the 217th Battalion, Premier Martin, W. B. Willoughby, leader of the Opposition; Mr. Blacklock, deputy minister of education; Dr. Black, principal of the Collegiate Institute and others.

The task of outlining and explaining the scheme under consideration, was assigned to Capt. Macfarlane, who performed it in a manner, which seemed to enlist the interest and sympathy of the other speakers, who at once fell into line with his views. The result was the adoption, without dissent, of a resolution, embodying the main feature of the educational plan proposed, and the appointment of a committee to take the steps necessary to carry it out as speedily is possible.

HENRY'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL

Ottawa, Ont.

Our instruction being individual you may start at any time.

We are HEADQUARTERS for Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Spelling, English, Correspondence, Punctuation, Paragraphing, Transcription, and Office Work.

Since January, 1913, more than 265 students from other local colleges have joined our classes.

Students are assisted to positions. More than 115 were placed during the past year—most of them in the Government. Send for circular.

D. E. HENRY, PRESIDENT.
Cor. Bank and Sparks Sts.

We have been informed by a couple of ladies that they have made up bales of old clothing for the Northern fire sufferers, and would like to know if there are others who have contributions of this sort to offer, so that the whole may be shipped at once?

The Official Board of the Shawville Methodist Church at its February meeting, was unanimous in extending an invitation to Rev. Fred Tripp to remain on this circuit another year.

Mrs. R. W. Hodgins will entertain the Shawville H. M. Club, on Thursday evening of this week, the occasion being a combination of the regular monthly meeting of the Club with the work-night meeting of the ladies for Red Cross purposes. A good attendance is hoped for.

Marriages.

The Pontiac House was the scene of an early morning marriage on Monday, when Miss J. L., (Lena) eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Caldwell, was united to Mr. David S. Kelly, the Rev. Rural Dean Phillips performing the ceremony in presence of a few friends. After the wedding breakfast was partaken of the young couple took the east-bound train with the object of spending their honeymoon at Toronto and other points in Ontario.

Births

At 166 Arthur St., Ottawa, on Feby 15th, to Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Caldwell, a son.

At Radford, February 18th, to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Horner, a daughter.

Deaths

Mr. James Kennedy, formerly of Charteris, died at the home of George Cone, Dinsmore, Sask., on Feb. 19th, 1917, aged 71 years and seven months.

THE EQUITY expresses the sincere regret of the community this week, in having to record the death of Mrs. John A. Beckett, of this village, which sad event occurred on Sunday morning, the 25th ultimo, after an illness extending over several months, the last stage of which set in only a day or two before the end came.

The deceased was just 47 years of age. She was a daughter of the late Christie McNeil of Bristol, and besides a sorrowing husband is survived by one daughter—Miss Matilda—and four sons, namely: Percy, Harold, Raymond and Donavan, all of whom, except Percy, the eldest, were present when their mother passed away.

The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon to St. Paul's Church, and was largely attended by relatives and sympathetic friends of the family.

"Canada's Best"

GOWLING Business College. OTTAWA, ONT.

Has proved itself to be Canada's Best Business, Shorthand and Civil Service School by taking the SIX highest places in open competition with all business and shorthand schools in Canada on the Civil Service Examinations of May last.

Write for catalogue and copy of Gowlings Advocate.

W. E. GOWLING, President. H. G. W. BRAITHWAIT, Principal

A big element of uncertainty is removed when you have a photograph made by H. IMISON, Photo Artist.

FOR SALE—One hundred bushels good, clean Twentieth Century Oats. Also one milk Cow.
ALEX. MELDRUM, Wyman, Que.

FOR SALE—A quantity of good Seed Oats—"Granary Filler" variety; also some "Marquis" Wheat. Price on application to HUGH A. HORNER, 5th Line Clarendon, or Shawville P. O.

WANTED—A number of young calves. Parties having such to dispose of, please communicate with Shawville Egg Circle.
W. E. N. HODGINS.

WANTED — Wood in exchange for Straw. Apply to MRS. R. STRUTT, Shawville.

WANTED—Teams to haul from Campbells Bay up to Gillies' depot, on the Coulonge. Apply to JOS. LAWN, Campbells Bay, or WM. LABELLE, Waltham.

FOR SALE—One horse, weight 1450 lbs. color black. Also for sale, a quantity of good "Filler" Seed Oats at 75c. a bushel. CHARLES A. SMILEY, R. R. No. 1, Shawville, Que.

LOST—On Monday between Shawville and Wm. Cameron's, Clarendon, a Leather Music Roll, containing music. Finder please phone VERA CAMERON, R. R. No. 2 or leave at Pontiac House.

FOR SALE—One frame house, summer kitchen, and woodshed combined on Patterson St., Campbells Bay, close to station—on easy terms. For further particulars apply to JAMES ROONEY, Campbells Bay.

FOR SALE—On Main St., Shawville, brick dwelling, with store or office room in front. Outbuildings and good yard. Apply to MRS. G. M. DONALDSON, 63, 3rd Avenue, Ottawa.

FOR SALE—Two comfortable dwelling houses, situated on King St., on easy terms. For information apply to THE EQUITY.

APPRENTICE WANTED—A smart intelligent boy to learn the jewellery business. Must have good references. Apply to HANS SHADEL, Jeweller, Shawville, Que.

CONCRETE CULVERTS, PIPES AND curbings for wells sold at Works Contracts made with Municipalities to manufacture Pipes in their own localities. H. T McDOWELL & SON, Shawville Que.

Carleton Place, Feb. 11.—The death occurred here suddenly this morning of Rev. Alexander A. Scott, formerly pastor of Zion Presbyterian church, who was stricken while waiting in his library for his wife and daughter to accompany him to service. The deceased had been ill for a few days but it was not thought to be serious and his death came as a great shock.

The death was announced last week of Canon Grout, clerical secretary and registrar of the Anglican diocese of Ontario, in his 80th year.

W. A. HODGINS

SHAWVILLE

TEAS

Teas have been steadily going up for three months and the recent advances have been serious.

We have been loading up with

JAPANS

and we can give our customers almost as good values as ever

for 35c.

We have a splendid Bulk Tea and our old line of Boquet pound packages

for 30c.

Our Leader, a nice sweet drawing, old fashioned Japan Tea

We have this line also put up in 25 lb. Chests, specially priced for $7.25

for 20c.

A Splendid Coarse Leaf Fannings.

BLACKS

We can only get one month's supply and prices are up 10 cents per pound.

W. A. HODGINS

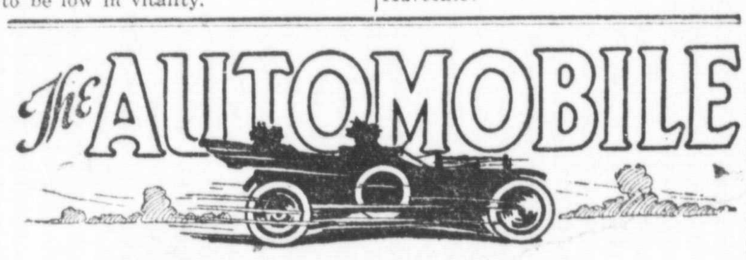
The Best Method to Exercise a Brood Mare.

The winter season brings its difficulties in the horse barn. It is no easy matter to so regulate feeding and exercise with the different horse stock as to keep all the stock in the healthiest, most vigorous condition, with the least feed and work. The in-foal brood more probably gives more trouble on the average farm than does any of the other horses. Colts may be turned out together and allowed to remain out, on fine days, for several hours at a time, and, as a general thing, their vitality is such that they take plenty of exercise. It is rather dangerous to turn the brood mare out with them at times, because she may be cross and may kick some of them, or they may be playful and may kick her.

There are three places in which to exercise the brood mare, or at least three methods used. Some depend upon the box stall; others upon the open yard; and still others upon light work in the team. We agree that every in-foal, brood mare should, if possible, have a box stall. Narrow stalls, often insufficiently supplied with bedding, which may be the case on many farms this year, owing to the short straw crop, are none too comfortable and very often the mare paws the straw back behind and is forced to get up and down on a slippery floor. But the exercise the average brood mare will take in the box stall is not sufficient for her general welfare. She will take some in moving about the stall, but unless she gets light work, or exercise for several hours each day in the open yard, her legs are liable to stock, her digestive system to get out of order, her foetus to be low in vitality.

If the box stall is not enough, what of the open yard? Some mares will take sufficient exercise with very little attention if allowed out in a protected yard; others, however, will stand about the door of their stall moving very little, and always looking for the attendant to come and let them in. A yard for exercise should not adjoin the mare's stall if she is to take the maximum amount. A well-bedded barnyard is about the best place for the mare, and if there is a straw-stack in it so much the better. But she should not be let out with the cattle or she may get injured, and she should not be in a yard where sheep are kept or they may get injured. The farmyard as a place for exercising the brood mare has its disadvantages. She cannot be allowed to monopolize it, keeping all the other stock inside, nor is it safe to allow her to run with all the other stock.

The only method left, is light work, preferably in the team. There is generally some running to mill to do; some wood to draw from the woods; and light team work around the farm. In fact, every well-managed farm has considerable of this, even in the winter. Where the mare is used in the woods, care must be taken to keep her out of deep snow and to keep her on her feet. This latter point is important at all times. She should be sharp shod, at least in front, and if used in the team she should be shod all round. Falls mean foal losses. Keep the mare on her feet if you would have living colts. In fact, we believe that exercising in the team is so important that it would pay to regularly hitch up the one or more brood mares on the farm and drive them a few miles each day.—Farmer's Advocate.



Care of Machine.

Your car is a piece of machinery, and as such is entitled to care and attention. For the moment regard it as a horse. As a horse needs care and attention regularly, so does an automobile need proper care and attention. The fair man treats his car with consideration. You would not expect a horse to go forty-eight hours without food and expect him to do good work, and you should not demand proper performance of your automobile without due attention.

Do not expect results if your motor has no oil or if you have neglected lubrication. Always remember that your automobile is a piece of machinery and that it needs care and attention.

Attention on your part guarantees long life to your car and will reduce repair bills. Do not abuse it at any time. It is a good rule to go over your machine once a day. See to it that you have plenty of gasoline, oil, and water. If you will do these things your car will reward you with faithful, consistent service.

Your car is giving good service when you can forget about it in travel. It must be free from noise. It should give the maximum mileage per gallon. It should be free from unusual "knocks" or noises in the motor. It should give the utmost comfort and ease in riding.

Requirements of Auto Owner.

A good automobile should be able to do the following things according to the head of the engineering department of one of the large motor car manufacturers:

To run steadily and pleasingly on high gear at speeds from five to fifty miles per hour over smooth roads.

To carry them over the rougher roads as fast as they can ride with any degree of comfort.

To pull through deep sand, mud, or snow easily and without overheating.

To climb any ordinary hill where there are traveled roads, on high.

To get away fram a standstill about as quickly as their neighbors' cars.

To do all these things as cheaply as possible, and without skilled care and constant attention.

Gas Dangers in Garages.

There is great danger of being asphyxiated through breathing the exhaust gases from automobile engines in garages, which has caused a number of deaths recently. The danger is increased in winter when doors and windows are closed.

ANOTHER RECORD SET.

Sun Life of Canada Makes Splendid Showing.

To hold first place amongst Canadian life insurance companies in amount of insurance in force, assets, surplus and income is the distinction of the Sun Life of Canada. New business to the amount of over $42,700,000 was written during the last year, bringing the assurance in force up to a total of over $281,000,000, which amount is three times as large as that in force twelve years ago.

It is to be noted that assets now total practically $83,000,000, an increase of over $8,500,000 for the year. The net surplus over all liabilities and capital also show an increase for the year of close on $1,000,000. $7,578,000 were paid to policy holders during the twelve months period just closed. Further details of this company's business for the past year will be found elsewhere in this issue.

CANADA'S DISABLED SOLDIERS.

Military Hospital Commission's Care of Tuberculosis Patients.

For a specific and typical case take that of Corporal Jones, wounded at Ypres, suffering from shell-shock and tuberculosis, who, after three months in an English hospital, is sent home to Canada, and recommended for six months' treatment at the Laurentide Inn, Ste. Agathe, under Dr. J. R. Byers.

As a Class A patient, Corporal Jones has two weeks' complete rest in bed, with three hearty meals and three pints of milk per day. Then he becomes a Class B patient and trades his bed for a comfortable canvas chair on a verandah, where he lies all day breathing the health-giving Laurentian air.

At the end of two months he has gained 16 pounds, and partly recovered from shell-shock. After another examination, Dr. Byers prescribes fifteen minutes' exercise morning and afternoon. So now every day Corporal Jones puts on his puttees, grips his cane, and walks leisurely up and down and around the gloriously-garmented hills. Every week his exercise is prolonged by fifteen minutes, until at last he has four hours daily.

Whilst Corporal Jones lay in his chair, a Class B patient, he was taught reed-basketry. As a Class C patient, considerably hardened by exercise, he joins a workshop class for an hour each day and learns woodwork. He begins on a tie and collar rack and then evolves a lamp-stand.

Cabinet-making, art metal work, picture-frame making, illuminating, engraving and stencilling are the crafts first to be taught in this little workshop.

Telegraphy, stenography, typewriting, mechanical and industrial drawing will follow. Horticulture, chicken raising, beekeeping are pursuits that will also figure in the vocational curriculum.

At the end of six months, Corporal Jones has got a very fair grip on good health again. His weight has increased by 23 pounds; symptoms of shock have almost entirely disappeared; his lungs are healed; pleuritic pains have gone. He has had no temperature and no cough for two months. But Dr. Byers decides that another six months in the mountains will make trebly unlikely the danger of a relapse at some future date.

The richer by his full pay and allowances for six months, Corporal Jones is now discharged from the Army and re-admitted to the Inn for a further six months' treatment. At the end of that time he is given a pension, the amount being according to his disability.

By the aid of private citizens in every part of the country, Canada has created a wonderful fabric of institutions under the authority of the Military Hospitals Commission, and has elevated the care of her soldiers into a science. It must be conceded to Canada that she shows her gratitude to her warriors in a practical way, and if her face wears a military mask necessary to the times, her heart is none the less solicitous of their welfare.

STOMACH MEDICINES ARE DANGEROUS

DOCTORS NOW ADVISE MAGNESIA

Just how dangerous it is to indiscriminately dose the stomach with drugs and medicines is often not realized until too late. It seems so simple to swallow a dose of some special mixture or take tablets of soda, pepsin, bismuth, etc., after meals, and the folly of this drugging is not apparent until, perhaps years afterward, when it is found that gastric ulcers have almost eaten their way through the stomach walls. Regrets are then unavailing; it is in the early stages when indigestion, dyspepsia, heartburn, flatulence, etc., indicates excessive acidity of the stomach and fermentation of food contents that precaution should be taken. Drugs and medicines are unsuitable and often dangerous—they have little or no influence upon the harmful acid, and that is why doctors are discarding them and advising sufferers from indigestion and stomach trouble to get rid of the dangerous acid and keep the food contents bland and sweet by taking a little pure bisurated magnesia instead. Bisurated Magnesia is an absolutely pure anti-acid which can be readily obtained from any drug store. It is absolutely harmless, is practically tasteless and a teaspoonful taken in a little warm or cold water after meals, will usually be found quite sufficient to instantly neutralize excessive acidity of the stomach and prevent all possibility of the food fermenting.

Lime-sulphur spray gets peach leaf curl; apply in fall or winter or any time the leaves are off.

MURAD CIGARETTES

Everywhere Why?

The blending is exceptional

S. Anargyros

Sun Life of Canada Sets New Records

RESULTS secured during the year 1916 re-affirm the position of the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada as the leading life assurance organization in the Dominion. Once more it leads the field among Canadian Companies in each of the following respects:

Largest New Business. Largest Business in Force. Largest Assets.
Largest Surplus Earnings. Largest Net Surplus. Largest Income.
Largest Distribution of Life Assurance Benefits.

THE YEAR'S RESULTS

The following large and uniform increases registered during the year 1916 clearly demonstrate the strength of the Company's position and the confidence and prestige it enjoys in the public mind:

	1916	1915	INCREASE	
Assets as at December 31st	$82,948,996	$74,326,423	$8,622,573	(11.6%)
Cash Income	18,499,131	15,972,672	2,526,459	(15.8%)
Surplus paid or allotted to Policyholders	1,110,900	985,487	125,413	(12.7%)
Net Surplus as at December 31st	8,509,865	7,545,591	964,274	(12.8%)
Total Payments to Policyholders	7,578,016	7,129,479	448,537	(6.3%)
Assurances Issued and Paid for in Cash	42,772,296	34,873,851	7,898,445	(22.6%)
Assurances in Force	281,434,700	257,404,160	24,030,540	(9.3%)

Coincident with the above increases, the Company succeeded during the year in effecting a substantial and important reduction in the ratio of expense, a feature which favourably affects earnings on policyholders' account.

THE COMPANY'S GROWTH

YEAR	INCOME	ASSETS	LIFE ASSURANCES IN FORCE
1872	$ 43,210.73	96,461.95	1,064,350.00
1886	373,500.31	1,573,027.10	9,413,358.07
1896	1,886,258.00	6,388,144.66	38,196,890.92
1906	6,212,615.02	24,292,692.65	102,566,398.10
1916	**18,499,131.62**	**82,948,996.06**	**281,434,699.94**

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

1871 HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL 1917

T. B. MACAULAY, President.

FEED THE BIRDS IN WINTER.

Encourage the Children to Preserve Bird Life of the Neighborhood.

Feeding birds in winter is a delightful and inexpensive recreation, as it costs little in time, food or equipment, and children particularly enjoy the benefit from this form of applied nature study. It attracts birds all winter to flit and chirp around the dooryard and is one of the important means of preserving bird life.

An increase in the number of birds means that more of them will nest in the trees next spring and become our summer companions. They will sing their thanks and contribute to the beauty and charm of the neighborhood.

Every bird kept from starving when cold weather, ice and snow shut off its natural food supply will destroy hundreds of caterpillars, grubs, borers, beetles and insects that would prey on flowers, vegetables, fruit, foliage or field crops. It is far better to feed birds now than to grow crops for insects to devour later.

The best foods for birds in winter are suet or other fat, pork rinds, bones with shreds of meat, cooked meats, cut up apples, birdseed, buckwheat, crackers, crumbs, cocoanut meat, cracked corn, broken dog biscuits or other bread, hempseed, millet, nut meats of all kinds, especially peanuts, whole or rolled oats, peppers, popcorn, pumpkin or squash seeds, raw or boiled rice, sunflower seeds and wheat.

Food houses can be made with solid roof and glass on three sides to permit observation and at the same time to protect the food and the birds. If mounted on a pivot and supplied with a vane, the wind will revolve it so the open side will always be sheltered.

Birds appreciate a supply of water in winter. This should be given daily in a clean dish.

Keep a pot of water in the garden at nesting season. Swallows, robins and phoebes will wall their nests with the mud gathered from a wet spot of this kind—other birds will make use of feathers, bits of wool, twine and straws.

The cat is the greatest enemy of the bird. Homeless cats should be destroyed and pet cats should be kept in the house.

Genuine.

The hard-working shopkeeper, according to London Opinion, had vainly ransacked his stock in his efforts to please an old lady who wanted to purchase a present for her granddaughter. For the fifteenth time she picked up and critically examined a neat little purse.

"Are you quite sure that this is a genuine alligator skin?" she inquired.

"Positive, madam," quoth the dealer. "I shot the alligator myself."

"It looks rather soiled," said the lady.

"That, madam, is where it struck the ground when it fell off the tree."

How Did He Know?

Dolly: What's the matter?
Freddy: Got somepin in me eye.
Dolly: What is it?
Freddy: Don't know; can't see it.

An automobile engine should not be operated in a small garage unless doors and windows are wide open. The air in the garage is decidedly dangerous after the engine had been running about fifteen minutes. The first effect is smarting and watering of the eyes.

The Doings of the Duffs.

Farm Crop Queries

Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell.

Henry G. Bell.

The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the advice of an acknowledged authority on all subjects pretaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailsd direct.

Question—H. C.—Would it be profitable to put a piece of land into spring wheat this spring, and would it be alright to use artificial fertilizer if no manure is used? What are the best varieties of seed? The soil is gravelly loam?

Answer.—If the price of wheat remains anything near what it is at present, spring wheat should be a very profitable crop in 1917. Prof. Zavitz of Ontario Agricultural College advises using from 1½ bushels of seed per acre. He recommends the Marquis wheat which has done best of its type in tests throughout the various parts of the province. Another good spring wheat is Wild Goose, which produces an exceedingly hard kernel but one not of very high quality. Early Java spring wheat is another variety which is also successfully grown.

I believe it would be advisable to apply at least 250 lbs. of fertilizer per acre in order to insure a good vigorous start of this money-crop. For a gravelly loam, I would apply a fertilizer carrying from 2 to 3% ammonia, at least 8% phosphoric acid and 1 to 2% potash. This can be broadcasted with a lime spreader, but is better applied through the fertilizer dropping attachment of the grain drill.

W. H. H.—The Maples—I have 500 acres pasture land and 700 acres meadow. Am carrying a little over 100 head of beef cattle, 100 hogs and 85 sheep at present. Am anxious to make my land carry more. What can you suggest?

Answer—If water stands on your meadows or pastures late in spring, obviously drainage is necessary. See that surface drains are kept open, and add tile drains as you are able until all the land drains freely. Valuable pasture and meadow grasses and clovers will not thrive in water-logged soil.

If clover is scarce in the sod and sheep sorrel grows freely, it is likely your meadow or pasture land is sour. Apply two to four tons of finely ground limestone per acre, or its equivalent of burnt lime or marl. This can be spread on the land as soon as it is dry enough to drive over it in spring. A broadcast limesower is best to use in spreading the lime.

It may be the plantfood of your grass land is getting scarce or inactive. If so, spread from 5 to 10 loads of manure on your meadow next spring just as grass growth is starting.

Finally, the kinds of grasses growing in your meadow may be naturally low yielders. If so, let your next seeding be of high-grade seed of good varieties. Prof. Zavitz of Ontario Agricultural College, after 10 years' tests, recommends the following mixture.

Grasses.	Lbs. per A.
Orchard	4
Meadow Fescue	4
Tall oats	3
Timothy	2
Meadow Foxtail	2

The average 10-yr. yield was 5.09 tons per acre.

Legumes.	Lbs. per A.
Alfalfa	5
Alsike Clover	2
White Clover	1
Yellow Trefoil	1

Total 24 lbs.

POTATOES FOR ONTARIO

The Third of a Series of Five Special Articles by Prof. Henry G. Bell.

If Ontario produced in 1917 300 bus. per acre of potatoes on the acreage devoted to potatoes last year, she could provide one pound of potatoes a day for a whole year for a population of 8,250,000 people. Can she do it? I believe she can. Such an accomplishment is but the result of applying methods which have "proven out" no further removed from Ontario than Aroostock Co., Maine. The yield per acre obtained in this county has frequently exceeded 300 bus. for areas not of 5 or 10 acres but on whole farms of 75 to 150 acres.

Ontario for the most part has a good potato soil. The range of temperature and rainfall during the growing season is usually such as favors good yields of potatoes. Labor is very scarce, and potatoes probably require more labor than most farm crops. Nevertheless, if Ontario farmers would individually or co-operatively equip themselves with modern potato machinery, a great deal of hand labor could be avoided, and large areas handled with little more labor than it now takes to work the common 3 to 5 a. potato patches. There are at least five great essentials in growing this crop, each of which must be carefully observed if big yields or first quality are to be harvested:

1st—Potato soil must be fairly open, friable, and must be well drained.

Potatoes will not thrive in water-logged soil. See that the open drains are clear and the tile drains are doing their work. Plant your crop on sod land that was deeply plowed. The tubers swell rapidly in July. They must not be constricted by heavy, closely packed soil. Disk and harrow the seedbed till it is mellow.

2nd—Potatoes must have an abundance of moisture, especially when the tubers are filling.

"Ah, yes!" you say, "that is just where we cannot control conditions."

Are you sure you cannot control the moisture supply, at least to a considerable extent?

Is your soil deeply fall plowed, so that it can catch and retain the great amount of water that falls upon it in the shape of snow and rain during winter and early spring?

Is your soil well stocked with decaying plant material—stubble, second crop clover, strawy manure—humus? It acts like a sponge, catching and holding the moisture till it is needed.

3rd—Suitable well-bred varieties always outyield mongrel stock. Seed stock, whether early or late, should be pure, otherwise there will be unequal ripening, and frequently a variation in size and quality which greatly discounts the product when it is ready for market.

4th—Potatoes require an abundance of well-balanced plant food. Remember, potatoes have to be fed just like your hogs, or calves, or poultry, if you are to get largest yields of best quality.

Manure is the great farm plant food supply. It will supply much necessary food to potatoes as well as to other farm crops. However, in many of the large potato growing sections, the growers prefer to put the manure on land set apart for other crops such as wheat or meadow, and to give the potatoes their additional food in the form of fertilizers. Stock manure, especially if fresh, forms a splendid lodging place for the spores or tiny seeds of the potato scab diseases. A good fertilizer for potatoes should carry from 2 to 4 per cent. of ammonia. It is the nitrogen which forms 82 per cent. of the ammonia, which greatly aids the rapid and sturdy growth of the potato vine. The potato fertilizer should also supply from 8 to 10 per cent. of available phosphoric acid. It is the phos. acid which causes the plant to ripen and form its tubers. Before the war potato growers were using from 3 to 10 per cent. of potash in their potato plant food. It is this important food which aids the starch to form and fill out the tuber. Under present conditions potato fertilizers had best carry 1 to 3 per cent. of potash.

If you have a quantity of wood ashes you will do exceedingly well to scatter it on your potato seedbed and to work it into the soil. Well-stored wood ashes carries from 2 to 3 per cent. potash.

How much shall you use?

Prof. Zavitz at the recent convention of the Ontario Experimental Union reported that as a result of 95 tests of potato fertilizers throughout the province during the last 5 years, the experimenters obtained an average yield of 122.4 bus. per acre without fertilizers, and 141.3 bus. per acre where 320 lbs. of fertilizer was applied, and 161.9 bus. per acre where 960 lbs. of fertilizer was added.

Dir. Woods of Maine Exp. Sta. began a special fertilizer experiment in 1915 testing low potato fertilizers for Maine potatoes. On one test where potatoes followed sod he applied 1500 lbs. of fertilizer to the acre, and harvested the following:

Per A.	Plot Treatment	Yield Bush. per A.
1500 lbs.	fertilizer supplying nitrogen and available phosphoric acid, but no potash	286
1500 lbs.	fertilizer analysing 5% Ammonia 8% Available Phos. Acid 3% Potash	424

In applying fertilizers, as a rule not more than 400 lbs. should be sown in the potato drill or furrow. Amounts in excess of this should be sown broadcast over the potato seedbed and carefully harrowed or disked into the soil before the potato drills are "struck" or the crop is planted. Of course the potato planter, with fertilizer dropping attachment deposits the fertilizer in the row, to best advantage.

Proper potato fertilization is undoubtedly the secret of big yields. It is the measure that British agriculturists are so strongly advocating at this moment. As long as they were able to obtain available phosphoric acid, potato fertilization was what made it possible for Britain's enemy to produce such quantities of potato food for man and beast.

5th—Control potato disease.

This is the great perquisite that together with the foregoing means largest yields and best quality potatoes. This paper is already long, hence we shall delay discussion of this large subject for a subsequent article.

Remember that well drained land, plentifully supplied with humus, enriched with suitable available fertilizer produces largest crops of best quality potatoes, if good seed is planted and care is taken to control disease and insect pests.

Horse Sense

If a horse shows uneasiness, paws a little, looks around to the flank, has an irregular appetite, with evacuation of small quantities of dry fæces, or little or no motion of the bowels, he is suffering from constipation.

Administer a moderate purgative as 7 drams aloes and 2 drams ginger. Feed on bran only until bowels act freely. Give 2 drams nux vomica 3 times daily, and give rectal injections of warm, soapy water every 5 or 6 hours.

The principal object in grooming a horse should be to stimulate the surface of the body by friction.

If you have a fall colt, get it to eating ground oats in a little manger by itself as soon as possible.

Keep the colts well bedded and clean. A manure-laden colt is a rebuke to its owner.

Never close the stable at night until the mud and ice are all cleaned off the horses' legs.

I am wintering a mare and a three-year-old colt on the stubs left from the sheep and a small grain ration at noon.

A set of chains for use in an unexpected icy time or to get a smooth-shod horse to the shop, is a good investment.

The idle work horses should not be fed so much grain as when at work, but they should have a small ration.

Poultry

This is the time of the year that colds are most prevalent. Keep the front of the house open, but see that there are no openings in the back or side walls to cause draughts.

Everybody too busy to give the hens a fresh drink, yet there is no other little chore about the farm more important than watering the chickens.

Fix up a sheltered corner for the early broody. A newspaper in the bottom of the nest helps to keep the eggs warm.

A dry atmosphere is a pretty good insurance against canker and roup. Shun low, damp, foggy places for the poultry business.

Growing birds need mineral matter in their feed a good deal more than do those that have gained their full growth. Old birds are not making bone and muscle as much as they did once. But it stunts chicks and young hens to get short of grit and shells.

The hen never lays an egg until all the ingredients necessary for the complete development of a chick are present. Since the egg contains protein as well as carbohydrates, any amount of carbohydrates fed in the form of grain will not offset the necessity of protein. Milk given to the birds, either as a drink or in the form of wet mash, will double egg yields. Commercial meat scrap is of equal value, and may be substituted when milk cannot be obtained.

Glass is now made so as to be practically unbreakable.

Sheep Notes

Certain breeds of sheep are distinctly more fertile than others.

Not a bit of the droppings of a flock should be wasted, and a flock wintered in roomy quarters under cover will give an increased profit.

The litter will absorb all the liquids, and the flock will keep the mass packed down so it will not heat. Sprinkle land-plaster over the pen frequently to keep down any odors.

Keep the pens well littered with clean bright straw, and keep them perfectly level.

Keep the ewes very thrifty by watchful, careful feeding.

Be sure that your ewes do not crowd though narrow doors. Crowding or jamming may kill an unborn lamb, and possibly the ewe.

Hogs

Many losses in pig breeding can be avoided by proper care of the sow during the gestation period.

If a pig has a cough give it some oil-meal in its feed. Oil-meal is laxative and it will often help a slight cold.

Wheat middlings made in a thick slop is one of the best foods for growing pigs. Never feed meal dry to pigs; make a thick slop always.

Don't forget to give the pigs lots of bright clover hay or alfalfa. They will eat it and it is the best thing in the world for them in connection with other feed.

Don't overfeed the brood sows and get them too fat. A fat sow never has a good litter of pigs. Keep the brood sows active.

The Dairy

If farmers were determined to raise as much of their feed as possible, perhaps dairying would not look so down in the mouth.

"Animal heat" is a term loosely used, but it means something when it comes to maintaining stock in midwinter. It will never do to let the fire go down, however hard it may be upon the feed bin.

The best way to bring cream to the right temperature for churning in cold weather is to put the pail in a tub of very warm water.

Stir the cream constantly so it will get warm evenly. If it is overheated the butter will be greasy and cheesy.

The Cost of His Vote.

The candidate was giving the first speech of the campaign in a country district. The hall at first was pretty well filled, but the audience was not long in finding out that they did not like the speaker's style of oratory and began to leave. At last only one man remained. Still, he represented one vote, and as he listened with close attention the candidate felt encouraged to continue. At the end of fifteen minutes the speaker stopped and politely asked:

"I beg your pardon. I hope I am not trespassing on your kindness. I shall have finished in ten minutes."

"Ten minutes?" said the listener. "You can go on as long as you like, for all I care, only don't forget that you engaged me by the hour."

Then the candidate found that his earnest audience was the cabman who had driven him to the hall.

To enable automobile drivers to signal to following vehicles an electric lamp to be worn on the back of the hand has been invented.

The Peacemaker.

The Nootral: "Why don't you let him go—he says he has had enough?"
The Ally: "Yes, but he's such an infernal liar."—London Opinion.

Your Problems

Conducted by Mrs Helen Law.

Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed.

Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 75 Castle Frank Road, Toronto.

Business Girl:—1. It is impossible to mix business with pleasure successfully. All day in an office and all evening at the social game burns the candle at both ends, and spells disaster. An occasional dissipation is stimulating to all of us, and the temporary loss of sleep it entails can be made up; it is the constant drain that tells. 2. If a girl who is entertaining another girl at her home receives an invitation to a party, she may with perfect propriety ask the hostess for permission to bring her guest.

Violet:—1. A cup of hot water or cocoa taken before retiring will sooth the nerves, and induce sleep. 2. For a sallow skin, eliminate sweets, pastries, rich gravies, fried foods, fat meats, and use fruits and green vegetables as much as possible. Drink two glasses of water (hot) on rising, two more about 11 o'clock, two in the early evening and two before retiring.

Mrs. L. H.:—1. Probably lack of flavor in the meat is due to the manner of cooking. Have the oven very hot at first, then the meat will be seared on the outside, and this will keep the juices in. After twenty minutes the temperature of the oven can be considerably lowered. Steaks and chops should be put into very hot pans, and turned quickly, then temperature lowered. Meat should be seasoned just before it has finished cooking. 2. Scrambled eggs become watery when they are allowed to cook too long.

Teacher:—The "Teutonic" territory occupied by the Allies is about 748,860 square miles, including captured colonies. The "Allied" territory occupied by the Central Powers is about 125,000 square miles.

Mrs. B. K.:—An emery wheel on a sewing machine is most useful for sharpening knives and lead pencils. Get a roll of half-inch adhesive tape from the drug store, cut off a strip just long enough to reach around the small wheel of the machine and press it firmly to the metal. Next, cut a strip of fine emery cloth the same length and width and glue to the tape, then wind the wheel all around with a strip of tape or muslin to hold in place until the glue is dry, which will take a day or so, when it may be removed. When worn out another strip of emery cloth can be glued over the first. When using the emery wheel adjust as for filling a bobbin.

Miss G. L. B.:—The colors for spring are putty, navy blue, and all shades of grey, a new green called spruce green, and Copenhagen blue. Wool and silk embroidery in bright tones of gold yellow, Chinese blue, Persian pink, and jade green are used on hats and dresses. Pockets are large and appear in pairs, one at either side of the skirt or coat. Pleats and tucks are in favor. Skirts no longer flare but take an inward curve around the ankles.

SUBMARINES AND NEUTRALS.

By Chas. M. Bice, Denver, Colo.

The recent announcement by the Kaiser of his insane intention to blockade the ports of the allies, and to starve Great Britain by destroying indiscriminately the commerce of the world, is only what might have been expected from a man dead to all sense of human feeling and responsibility. It is in keeping with German methods, though hitherto disguised under false colors. The mask of pretence and fraud has been removed at last, and the world [illegible] see [illegible] veal cussedness and innate depravity that [illegible] along have marked every move of the Hohenzollerns since the war began.

The duplicity and deceit inherent in the real German character is not different now in this last drastic move than formerly, only the disguise has been removed, and all attempts to cover up have been abandoned.

But it is only the flickering of the expiring flash of national extinction that is sure to come, indeed is already almost here. Germany dreads the fate that awaits her soldiery when England's two millions of braves cross over and are gathered upon French soil for the grand final assault. It was expected that she would do something drastic, for necessity knows no law, especially with Germany. She began by an outrageous act of perfidy when she invaded the neutral soil of Belgium, which she had sworn to protect; and she has kept up the pace ever since with increasing acceleration until the final climax of submarine warfare upon the commerce of the whole world.

She has now transferred the issue of the great world war from the land to the seas, and purposes an indiscriminate assault upon all commerce, not excepting even hospital ships or neutral vessels.

International law has always provided for and permitted the blockade of an enemy's ports, search and seizure, for the safety of passengers and noncombatants, but this was before the submarine was thought of.

Manifestly this cannot be done by submarine boats as they have no means to take a captured vessel into the nearest port or to save the passengers. They can only destroy a vessel and repeat the murderous operation, regardless of human life, though noncombatant.

The submarine has to be a fugitive on the ocean and cannot give succor to friend or foe, so that internationally it is an outlaw and on the same footing as the Vikings of Norse days.

For a long time, under protest from a powerful party in the empire, Germany held in leash the submarine for fear of offending the U.S. To-day she has thrown off the mask, and comes out in her true colors, defiant not only of her enemies but of the civilized world.

The desperateness and extremity of her situation can be imagined from this, the latest move to defy every human sentiment, feeling and dictate of moral law, characteristic of civilized man.

It is an exceedingly grave step for even Germany to take, and it is only natural to assume that she takes it in the last despairing extremity. Her recent proposals for peace were no doubt purposely couched in impossible terms, to give her the semblance of an excuse for submarine depredations in case of refusal. In her recent move she has violated every pledge given to this country after the sink[illegible] Lusitania, but that is a small matter with a nation notorious for violating her treaties. The rights of neutrals must give way when the war lord sees, or thinks he sees, the hand of a relentless necessity.

I think we can be safely assured that the final struggle has come at last; for the situation of a nation must be grave, indeed, when she is willing to resort to such measures in defiance of the whole world, and thus publish herself as a debased outlaw among mankind. But this declaration of Germany has brought our own national executive, Pres. Wilson, from his empyrean soarings to earth once more, and rather suddenly with a dis[illegible]

American rights upon the seas are contracted and restricted by this latest move of Germany to such an extent that no self-respecting nation will submit to it.

The people here show a determination to uphold the hands of the president though war should result, and the same feeling seems to permeate all neutral countries.

Verily this bids fair to be a world war in stern reality.

AIRMAN'S DARING FEAT.

Climbed Out on Damaged Wing to Balance Machine.

One of the most thrilling flying episodes of the war was recorded when the British observer in a two-seated machine which had been damaged by shell fire climbed out on one of the wings and steadied the aeroplane while the pilot brought it safely to earth.

A high explosive shell burst just behind the right lower wing of the aeroplane. The machine was completely riddled. Three of the stay booms were cut, one blade of the propeller was blown away, and all the controls except the elevators were put out of action. The machine was further smashed by the broken propeller blade. The observer climbed out three-quarters of the way on the right wing tip in order to balance the machine. The aircraft continued to fall in spirals until it was about 2,000 feet above the earth. Here the observer succeeded in balancing it and the machin glided down evenly. When about 200 feet from the earth a slight movement by the man on the wing caused the machine to spin again, but the pilot was able to control it when just ten feet above the ground.

A Bad Name Sticks.

The very sentimental young lady inquired gushingly:

"Oh, Colonel, don't you love Longfellow's poems?"

"Can't say I do," replied the old campaigner. "Never read them, in fact. Consider all poetry absolute drivel."

"But," she persisted, "surely you cannot help admiring this verse of his, out of 'The Day is Done,' you know:

"'And the nights shall be filled with music,
And the cares that infest the day
Shall fold their tents, like the Arabs,
And as silently steal away.'"

"By Jove!" he exclaimed. "There is something in that. I know those Arab beggars—they would simply steal anything.

Hang lumps of suet in the trees for the birds to feed on while the ground is frozen and food scarce. Fasten the suet securely or the blue jays will take the whole lump. Sparrows and [illegible] like ordinary bird seed. This must be scattered over feeding shelves.

THE EQUITY.

SHAWVILLE, MAR. 1, 1917.

President Wilson has asked Congress for power to arm merchant ships and take any other means to protect American lives and interests on the high seas. Another step forward. The next—war!

The British forces in Mesopotamia have recaptured Kut-el-Amara from the Turks, where a year ago General Townshend was obliged to capitulate to save his troops from starvation.

The German forces at Bapaume, are retiring before the British troops who are now reported to be within four miles of that very important point, towards which they have been pounding for many months.

The Hun subs got the big Cunard liner Laconia off the coast of Ireland on Sunday night. She had ten Americans on board. 278 survivors are reported.

Men who do little but find fault with others who do much say the Government has not gone far enough in its conduct of the war. Perhaps. But in two years the United States will have an army of five million men if it keeps up with Canada's pace.

When you hear stories of petty graft or of petty complaints against the administration of our military affairs remember that nearly all the stories of a similar sort you formerly heard have been proven untrue. Ascertain the facts first and get excited afterwards if the facts justify the excitement.

The most unkind criticism of the Prime Minister of Canada is that which represents him as desirous of an extension of the parliamentary term so that he may the longer hang on to office. Those who know him best know that nothing would suit him better than a release from the cares and worries of office, and that nothing but a stern sense of duty keeps him at his post. Canada under his guidance entered into an ambitious programme in connection with the war. He desires to see it through and is not sure that his successor would be so disposed. Honors and a high place up in Imperial councils, no doubt, await his retirement from the Premiership of Canada, but his duty is here. They have a curious bent of mind who think that the task of a Prime Minister in war time is one which Sir Robert would hold from any other reason than a sense of duty.

Canada and the High Cost of Living

A British Board of Trade report shows that since the beginning of the war the cost of living has increased in Canada to a lesser extent than in any of the other belligerent countries. In Britain, France, Italy Germany, Austria, where abnormal conditions, imposed by the war, exist, the increase in the price of the necessaries of life has been in some cases four times as great as in Canada. In Denmark, Holland, Sweden and Norway, countries not at war, the increase in the cost of living has been as great as in Canada. In the United States, whose economic and geographic conditions are almost identical with Canada's, the growth of the cost of living, notwithstanding peace conditions, has more than kept pace with the upward tendency of food prices in Canada. The truth seems to be that notwithstanding world conditions over which the statesmen of no one country can possibly exercise control, Canada has fared and is faring better in respect to food prices than most other nations. Yet cheapjack politicians continue to shriek that the Borden Government should be turned out of office because the cost of living in Canada is high.

Prizes Won at Shawville Seed Fair, Feb. 16

Red and White Fife Wheat—W. T. Barber 1.

Spring Wheat—W. H. Corrigan I, R. J. Wilson 2, Percy Dagg 3, Rexford Wilson 4.

Oats (Banner)—W. H. Corrigan 1, Thomas McDowell 2, Rexford Wilson 3, August Rose 4.

Oats (other varieties)—Jas. Carswell 1, Walter Hodgins 2, W. C. Belsher 3.

Pease—August Rose 1, W. T. Barber 2, H. T. Argue 3.

Barley (6-rowed)—Percy Dagg 1.

Red Clover—L. A. Smart 1, Thomas McDowell 2.

Potatoes (white) Rexford Wilson 1.

Potatoes (red)—Rexford Wilson 1.

RADFORD

Feb. 23.—A number of cases of la grippe and measles are reported in this district at present.

Miss L. Wilson of Starks Corners spent the past week the guest of her cousin, Miss Nellie Smiley.

The regular monthly meeting of the Willing Workers of Radford will be held at the home of Mrs. Sam Sinclair on Thursday, March 1st.

Mr. William Caldwell, while cutting wood some days ago had the misfortune of cutting his foot badly.

Albert and Mrs. Horner were the guests of the parents of the latter, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Chamberlin on Monday last.

Mr. H. Horner is engaged drawing gravel from T. Eades', pit, in preparation for the ereceion of an up-to-date barn and shed in the Spring.

Mrs. Alf Browniee was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Fred Smart on Wednesday last.

Mrs. Silas Armstrong, who has been confined to her bed with lagrippe is able to be around again. BLUEBELL.

BRISTOL MINES

Feb. 22.—The drawing of the ore from the Mines has left us with good roads around here; but about two weeks more will finish the job.

Misses Mary Roy and Mary Kilroy have returned from spending a few weeks in the city.

Mrs. C. McNeill took seriously ill at her daughter's, Mrs. Andrew Milks.

Misses Kit Twolan and Miss Luella Heron were Arnprior guests last week.

A number of our boys have returned home from Iroquois Falls.

M. A. Mahony and R. Dogherty spent Sunday in town.

William and Mrs. Elliott were Sunday guests of Mrs. Joe Roy.

We were all glad to see Miss Geraldine Milks able to be out again on Sunday after her illness from pneumonia.

Thomas Murrell has returned home from Porcupine

Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Angus have settled in their new home at Elmside, and we all join in wishing them a happy and prosperous journey through life.

SNOWDROP.

DUNRAVEN.

Feb. 17—A number of the farmers are drawing their hay and oats to market at Davidson's Mills and other places up river.

Mr. and Mrs. James Carswell have returned from McKee where they were guests of Mrs. S. Woods.

Mrs. Jack Hollinger, who has been visiting her parents, John and Mrs. O'Hare, returned home on Friday.

A number of the Dunraven sports were over at Campbells Bay enjoying a skate recently.

The Red Cross Workers held their weekly meeting on Friday evening at the home of Mrs. H. Cahill.

Miss Etta Ostrom has returned from visiting her sister in Mansfield.

The pupils of Schools Nos. 1 and 2 are interesting themselves in the planning of a School Fair in the Fall at Campbells Bay, and have entered their names for seeds, vegetables, eggs, etc. We wish them all success.

Mrs. J. J. Moore, accompanied by Miss Edith and Master Harry, have arrived home from a visit to friends in Vermont. BLACKBIRD.

LA RAWLS.

Feb. 18. Mrs. Christopher Shea visited friends in Almonte, accompanied by Mrs. David Pigeon last week; returning by way of the capital, they reached home Tuesday night. They speak highly of their trip.

Mrs. Charles Moore, of Gowaska, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dunn, of Calumet Island, and together they visited their friends at Otter Lake, accompanied by Miss Annie Narlock.

The widow of the late James Shea visited friends in Vinton, returning home on Friday and unfortunately had her ears frozen.

Mr. Sylvester Dunn gave the young ladies and gentlemen of Calumet Island an entertainment on Thursday night.

Mr. William Donnelly is busy hauling produce to the lumber camps and speaks of the roads being very bad. Mr. Jerry Shea is also busy hauling supplies to the Coulonge depot. JIM DANDY.

LADYSMITH.

PRESENTATION.—On Friday evening, February 16th, about thirty couples—the friends and well-wishers of Mr. and Mrs. John McNally of Ladysmith, gathered quite unexpectedly at their home and presented the popular couple with two beautiful wicker chairs accompanied by a nicely worded address as tokens of their high regard and expressive of their good wishes and hopes that happiness and prosperity would follow them to their prospective new home in the West, the intention of Mr. McNally and family being to remove to Caron, Sask., in the course of a few weeks.

Following the above-described proceedings, the balance of the evening was spent in music and dancing, and before the guests left for their respective homes, they all joined hands and sang Auld Lang Syne and God Saye the King.

The residents of Ladysmith and the surrounding country will be glad to learn that Mr. Fred Schoen has just about completed his new sawmill and factory, which takes the place of that unfortunately destroyed by fire last summer, incurring a heavy loss to the owner and the village as well as causing a great inconvenience to the public. The new factory is being well equipped with machinery of an improved type, and when Mr. Schoen gets the wheels again in motion it is safe to predict he will soon enjoy a good run of business, as his pluck and energy deserves.

Mr. John Nolan, one of the pioneer settlers of Thorne East, passed away on Tuesday morning, February 20th, at an age well beyond life's allotted span. Up to three weeks before his death, the deceased was in fairly good health and was enabled to perform light work around the place He is survived by three daughters and one son; he had been a widower for 24 years. The funeral took place on Thursday to Otter Lake R. C. cemetery. X

STARKS

Feb. 19—Skating is the order of the evenings around here. A load from Murrells came down on Saturday night to skate and some of the girls had their feet frost-bitten.

We are pleased to report that W. Wharry is recovering from a misfortune resulting in the fracturing of three ribs.

Little Miss Amy Dean and Master Alton Stark have been suffering from pneumonia; but we are glad to say they are recovering.

The hockey match held on February 9th—Starks Corners vs. Austin—was a great success, the score being 6—2 in favor of the home team.

The hockey match held here on Feb. 16th—Starks Corners vs. Portage du Fort—was also a success, the score being 12—7 in favor of the home team. Supper was served by the Homemakers' Club.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cunningham and little daughter Helen of Kendal, Sask, who have been visiting friends here for the past two months, intend reiurning shortly.

Mrs. T. Fraser, of Cobden, is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Fulford.

Misses Annie and Laura Stark were the guests of Miss Maudie Harris on Sunday evening.

Robert and Mrs. Cartman and children were the guests of Harvey and Mrs. Wilson on Thursday.

Miss Jennie Wharry was the guest of Mrs. James Fulford on Monday.

We are pleased to report that Private Willie Crick and Private S. Harris are getting along well.

The Sunshine Mission Class met at the home of Mrs. James Fulford on Saturday and a very enjoyable afternoon was spent, tying their quilt.

The week-end visitors around here were; Messrs. Rupert Smiley, Fred Cotie, Jack Strvenson, Miss L. L. Hyde.

The Homemakers' Club met at the home of Mrs. S. S. Stark this month and a very enjoyable time was spent in knitting, etc.

We are sorry to hear that Miss Maud Harris intends going West in a short time.

Misses Duffy and Hume were the guests of Mrs. W. H. Cotie on Sunday evening, and of Mrs. W. Barr on Friday night.

Mr. M. C. Foster and Frank are renewing acquaintances around the Corners. COM.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 30th March, 1917, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract of four years, six times per week on the route

Sheenborough Rural Route No. 1,

from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Sheenborough and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, Ottawa.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Ottawa, February 14th, 1917.

P. T. COOLICAN,
Post Office Inspector

PUBLIC NOTICE

Collection of Dog Tax.

In pursuance of By-law No. 81, of the Records of the Municipality of Bristol, respecting the Collection of Taxes on all dogs owned within the limits of the said Municipality, public notice is hereby given that all owners of dogs are required to make a declaration to the undersigned Sec.-Treasurer as to the number of such animals owned by them; also to pay the amount of Taxes due on same within ten days from this notice, otherwise they will be liable to the penalties prescribed by the By-law aforesaid.

Dated at Bristol this 21st day of February, 1917.

G. T. DRUMMOND,
SEC.-TREASURER,
Municipality of Bristol.

Public Notice

Is hereby given that the undersigned has taken the quality of heir under benefit of inventory to the estate and succession of his son, the late ZOTIQTE ABRAHAM ELISEE LAFOND, during his lifetime, notary, of Ville-Marie, in the district of Pontiac.

Claims must be filed with my attornies, J. A. Guay and J. D. Pellerin, notaries, at Ville Marie, P. Q.

Bryson, January 24th, 1917.

ZATIQUE LAFOND.

Tenders for Fencing

Tenders will be received up to one o'clock, p. m., Saturday, March 3rd, 1917, for fencing No. 2 School Grounds—two sides; also for fencing No. 12-B Grounds. Plans and specifications may be seen at my office.

M. A. McKINLEY,
Asst. Sec.-Treas.

Shawville, Feb 9, 1917.

G. F. Hodgins Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of January, 1917, incorporating George Frederick Hodgins, merchant, Georgina Hodgins, married woman, Samuel Rupert Broadfoot and John Robinson Osborne, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, and Henry Seymour Barnett, general merchant, of the village of Shawville, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:

(A) To buy, sell, import, export, deal and barter in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise, and to carry on the business both retail and wholesale of general merchants;

(B) To take over and continue as a going concern the business at present carried on at the Village of Shawville, in the County of Pontiac, in the Province of Quebec, under the firm name of "G. F. Hodgins Company," or any other concern having the same or similar objects and to pay for the same in shares, debentures or other securities of the company;

(C) To acquire, sell, deal in and dispose of hay, grain, wheat, oats, barley, cereals and agricultural produce of every kind, and to manufacture, sell, deal in and dispose of flour and other foodstuffs manufactured therefrom, and to build, acquire operate, sell or otherwise dispose of mills, elevators, buildings, plants and machinery for the transportation, storing and handling of all kinds of grain, cereals and agricultural produce;

(D) To acquire, erect, maintain, operate and manage warehouses, storehouses, including cold storage warehouses, and similar plant and conveniences and to carry out any transactions necessary for such purposes;

(E) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(F) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(G) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licences, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(H) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(I) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(J) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority, any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such agreements, rights, privileges, and concessions;

(K) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions or allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(L) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(M) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business, and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(N) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof;

(O) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(P) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferrable instruments;

(Q) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(R) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof;

(S) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit;

(T) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations;

(U) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(V) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(W) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(X) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "G. F. Hodgins Company Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into $1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Village of Shawville, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of February, 1917.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

OSBORNE & BROADFOOT,
74 Sparks Street, Otttawa.
Solicitors for Applicants.

TAILORING

We keep a good line of Serges of fancy patterns always in stock.

Also Overcoats, Caps, Sweatercoats, Underwear and Heavy Pants.

MURRAY BROS., SHAWVILLE.

SHAWVILLE SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

R. G. HODGINS, Prop.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Doors, Sash, Dressed Lumber, etc.

Custom Sawing.

We Can Supply You

.. WITH ALL KINDS OF ..

Tinware, Agateware, Stoves, Furnaces, Roofing Material, Eavetroughing and Repairing.

Your patronage solicited.

G. W. DALE PRACTICAL TINSMITH
Shawville, Que.

SHAWVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS

T. SHORE - PROPRIETOR.

MONUMENTS I have on hand the finest stock of Marble and Granite Monuments ever placed before the public of this district. Prices are such that it will be to intending purchasers' interest to consult me before placing their order elsewhere. Nothing too large—nothing too small.

FENCING AND CEMETERY WORK A SPECIALITY

All Work Guaranteed Satisfactory.

THE EQUITY,

A Weekly Journal devoted to Local Interests.

Published every Thursday

At Shawville, County Pontiac, Que.

SUBSCRIPTION, $1 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

☞ All arrears must be paid up before any paper is discontinued.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Legal advertising, 10 cents per line for 1st insertion and 5 cents per line or each subsequent insertion

Business cards not exceeding one inch inserted at $5.00 per year.

Local announcements inserted at the rate of 8 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents for subsequent insertions.

Commercial advertising by the month or for longer periods inserted at low rates which will be given on application.

Advertisements received without instructions accompanying them will be inserted until forbidden and charged for accordingly.

Birth, marriage and death notices published free of charge. Obituary poetry declined.

JOB PRINTING.

All kinds of Job Printing neatly and cheaply executed. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

JOHN A. COWAN, Publisher

NOTICE OF MEETINGS

ORANGE HALL, SHAWVILLE :

O. Y. B. LODGE, No. 304, meets 2nd Wednesday of each month at 8 p. m.

G. G. McDOWELL, W. M. — W. E. N. HODGINS, Rec.-Secy.

L. O. L. No. 27, meets 1st Tuesday of each month.

EDWARD DALE, W. M. — REG. HODGINS, Secy.

ROYAL SCARLET CHAPTER meets on the 14th of each month.

H. N. HODGINS, W. Comp. in Com. — REG. HODGINS, Com. Scribe.

Professional Cards.

DENTAL.

DR. A. H. BEERS

SURGEON DENTIST

CAMPBELLS BAY - - QUE.

Doctor of Medicine and Master of Surgery McGill University.

Doctor of Dental Surgery, University of Pennsylvania.

Licentiate of Dental Surgery, Quebec.

LEGAL.

S. A. MACKAY

NOTARY PUBLIC

Shawville, - - - Que.

R. MILLAR, L. L. L.

ADVOCATE,

Campbells Bay, Que.

Will visit Shawville every Saturday.

D. R. BARRY, K. C.

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &C.

Office and Residence

Campbells Bay, Que.

☞ Visits Shawville every Saturday.

GEO. C. WRIGHT, K. C.

ADVOCATE, BARRISTER, &C.

196 Main St. - Hull.

PHONE BELL

J. ERNEST GABOURY, LL. B.

ADVOCATE

BARRISTER & SOLICITOR

CAMPBELLS BAY, QUE.

Will be in Fort Coulonge every Wednesday and Shawville every Saturday.

GEORGE HYNES

UNDERTAKER

Embalmer and Funeral Director

Main Street, Shawville.

Personal attention. Open all hours.

UNDERTAKING and EMBALMING

HAYES & FINDLAY

MAIN STREET - SHAWVILLE

(opposite J. H. Shaw's.

All calls will receive prompt personal attention

W. J HAYES. J. V. FINDLAY

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.

MARION & MARION,

364 University St., Montréal.

Easter Novelties.

35c. 50c, and 75c.

Bury Very Dainty New Collars.

Exclusive designs in lovely Crepe Neckwear, all daintly trimmed with fine lace or hemstitched, in all the newest shapes. These are surprisingly low prices you will admit when you see the Collars.

Voile Blouses

A good range of Voile Blouses, or Middies, Lingerie and Shirt Waist styles, Lace and Embroidery Trimmed:

New Season's Ginghams

A few pieces of our New Spring Gingham is to hand. These came in **Pink, Blue and Black and White Checks,** with a piece or two of **Plain Blue.** These are excellent goods for Men's and Boys' Shirts, Ladies' and Children's Dresses, Aprons, Blouses, Rompers.

G. F. HODGINS CO.

TO INVESTORS

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF $500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA,
OCTOBER 7th, 1916.

A Grass Trimmer.

A grass trimmer that resembles horse clippers and is operated with both hands has been patented by an Englishman.

There is no cutting of the Gordian knots of life. Each must be smilingly unraveled.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Service in Argentina.

Wherever you find a citizen of Argentina outside of his native land, in a cafe in Paris, on railroads in Chile, in New York hotels, the chances are he can produce a little fellow, leather-covered book. The data inside this little book goes away beyond census statistics, because it is intended at the same time to serve both as census information and military registration. On page 1 you will find the owner's name and the particular military region and subdivisional district to which he belongs. He has a given designating number and is assigned to the class corresponding to the year of his birth. Then follows his parentage, permanent and temporary address, and details of physical identification similar to those which are asked for in issuing passports. In a boxed-in space for that purpose is his thumbprint. On the page opposite appears his photograph such as riding a horse, driving a motor car, speaking foreign languages, etc. The little yellow book also contains blanks for the record of compulsory medical examinations which occur at stated intervals. Thus the Republic may know just how fit each man is to perform his specified job when the need comes for him to perform it.—The World's Work for February.

"I Am a Cat."

The Japanese literary world is mourning the death of Kinnosuke Natsume, better known by his pen name of "Soseki," who was the leading exponent of Anglo-Saxon thought in Japanese literature.

Natsume went to England as Government student in 1900 and soon began to write. A study of how English poets conceived nature established for him a definite place in current Japanese thought. Returning to Japan as a lecturer, Natsume published his first novel under the unusual title, "I Am a Cat." It created a sensation in the conventional world.

Natsume's death mask was taken by the sculptor Taketaro Shinkai. The post-mortem examination by medical experts, which was made at the author's explicit desire, showed that the convolutions of his brain were unusually deep and that the brain weighed 75 grams more than the average Japanese man's, which weighs 1,350 grams.

Count Stephen Tisza

Whose Political Motto Is "All For the State"

COUNT STEPHEN TISZA, Minister-President of Hungary, has been alternately the most hated and the most loved man in his nation. Out in the Balkans, they blame him for what the rest of the world brands the Kaiser. Steeped in Machiavellian lore, "all for the state," he has for years been one of the most fascinating and perhaps sinister Wills in European statecraft.

Eleven years ago, January 5, 1905, after a long political deadlock and an extremely reactionary extra-parliamentary regime of the Tisza Government in Hungary, all the opposition parties united, mobbed the parliament, passed the military guard, and demanded Tisza's resignation. His Ministers resigned hastily. None came to take their places, and until June 17, when King Franz Joseph reluctantly dismissed him, he ruled Hungary iron-handed and alone. Letters by the thousand threatened him, revolution muttered in the streets of Budapest, assassination was several times attempted, he was spit on by the crowds that jeered at him. And yet when he retired, even the Opposition granted he was the most courageous man in the country.

He came back on June 10, 1913, still distrusted and disliked by Liberal and by pro-Russian Magyars, and for the greater part of the time up until August, 1914, his life was not safe on the streets. In August, 1914, students and populace hailed

COUNT STEPHEN TISZA.

him, bands played under his windows, adoring crowds followed him in the town, old Kossuth songs were revived in his honor. The steering-gear of Austria-Hungary was in his hand. Not since Count Andrassy's day, and not even then, had a Hungarian statesman been so dominant in the Dual Monarchy. It was known that his had been the hand to pen the dictatorial note to Serbia, and his popularity continues because it is now known that his were not the changes, but Count Berchtold's and Count Forgach's, which made the note too severe for Serbia's stomaching. For Count Tisza is Bismarckian enough to have cautiously counted the costs.

His father before him, Count Kalman Tisza, led Hungary for eighteen uninterrupted years, and trained his son consistently for statesmanship. Count Stephen Tisza arrived not by accident. He comes near being the only statesman in the Dual Monarchy with courage, experience, resourcefulness, and indomitable health. Garbed always in gloomy black, courteous but abrupt, dry and brief, he is not a come-hither figure. He looks a bit like Martin Luther, and he has the most celebrated racing stables in Hungary. Tall, almost gaunt, his gray hair is cropped criminally close. His eyes are pale gray and far-seeing. His face arrests you, the stern bones of the forehead and cheek, the straight, thin lips, the military carriage of his neck. No one recalls having seen him smile for years. And yet he is witty upon occasion.

A member of the consular corps at Budapest remembers discussing some little affair with him a few years ago. Both gentlemen kept their tempers and both were very much irritated. When he got home from the interview, the consular officer found a huge basket of fruit there before him "to make it up." Another remembers a Tisza sally during the embarrassing salt scandal of 1912, when the then Minister-President Ladislaus de Iukacs, figurehead for Tisza, was being fatally found out for his part in selling the salt monopoly. The Liberal papers called it spending booty when Mr. de Lukacs gave an official dinner to two hundred persons. The Balkan war was in progress, and the table at which Mr. de Lukacs and Count Tisza and the consular corps were seated gave itself over to a neutral discussion of national foods. The French Consul suggested that Hungarian foods were excellent, but perhaps rather piquant. Count Tisza spoke for the first time, glancing at Mr. de Lukacs: "Monsieur finds them perhaps too salty." The hit reached himself, at that, for his own brilliant mind had suggested the Salt Panama largely to provide campaign funds for his party, the National Working party.

On Count Stephen Tisza depends any move that Austria may make for separate peace.

Preacher Monkeys.

The author of the "History of Brazil" tells of a species o. monkey called "preachers," Every morning and evening these monkeys assemble in the woods. One takes a higher position than the rest and makes a signal with his forepaw. At this signal the others sit round him and listen. When they are all seated he begins to utter a series of sounds. When he stops these cries he makes another signal with his paw, and the others cry out until he makes a third signal, on which they become silent again. This author, Mr. Margrove, asserts that he was a witness to these preachings.

Ill-Guided Zeal.

William Wilberforce, the slave-liberator, had a sister who was a hustler. She hustled for William at the hustings and succeeded in getting him elected to Parliament. On one occasion, when she had concluded her stump speech, some enthusiasts in the crowd shouted:

"Miss Wilberforce forever!"

The lady stepped forward.

"Gentlemen, I thank you," she said, "but, believe me, I do not wish to be Miss Wilberforce forever.

When you want the best valu for your money n ..

SHINGLES

at $1.65 per M and up

Also Laths, Dry Lumber, Clapboards Flocring End Matched Hardwood Flooring, Mouldings Doors etc try

A. F. CAMPBELL,

BOX 55

Arnprior, Ont.

FARM FOR SALE.

100 Acres, all arable, the property of the late Noble Armstrong, 8th range, Clarendon.

15 to 20 acres wood, balance improved land, said to be 50 acres ploughed. Fine deep loam, two good dwelling houses with barns and stables. Good water. Five minutes walk to school; two miles to nearest church; two miles to Green Lake, a beautiful summer resort; four miles from thriving village of Shawville. Possession May 1st. Special price for quick sale. For particulars write

MRS. MATHESON, Shawville, or
W. J. SKELTON, Weston, Ont.

NOTICE

All parties having claims against the estate of the late William Hodgins, of North Clarendon, are hereby notified to file the same with me, on or before the 28th day of February, instant. After that date claims still outstanding will not be considered.

JAS. M. HODGINS,
Charteris, R. R. No. 2.

Tenders Wanted

Tenders will be received by the Secretary of the Clarendon Council for the building of a cement culvert over the creek on side line between lots 7 and 8, 5th con. Gravel and stone will be furnished by the Council. Specification can be seen at the Secretary's office. Tenders to be in hands by March 5th, 1917.

E. T. HODGINS,
Secretary.

NOTICE

I wish all who owe me would call at my office in Shawville and settle accounts immediately.

J. W ARMSTRONG, M. D.,
Montreal, Que.

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED

at once for Shawville and District

--FOR—

"CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES"

Spring 1917 list now ready. Splendid list of hardy fruit and ornamental stock suitable for the province of Quebec, including McINTOSH RED APPLE, ST. REGIS EVERBEARING RASPBERRY, and many other leaders.

Start now. Terms liberal

STONE and WELLINGTON,
The Fonthill Nurseries
(Established 1837)
TORONTO - - ONT.

HOMEMAKERS' CLUBS.

TIME OF MEETING :

Austin - First Tuesday,
Murrells - Third Wednesday,
Elmside - Second Wednesday,
Bristol, - - First Thursday,
Starks Corners, Second Thurs.
Wyman, - - First Friday,
Shawville - First Saturday,
Yarm - Last Monday,
of each month.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside six months each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for

FOR SALE

1 Chestnut Colt, 2 yrs. old, gelding
1 Black Colt, 1 yr. old, gelding
1 Black mare Colt, 3 yrs. old
1 Holstein Bull (reg.) 2 yrs. old
1 Set Sloops, new, 1½ runner, rack, pole and shafts
6 New Cutters, sell on next year's terms. Several other articles will sell cheap to clean up.

J. L. HODGINS.

FOR SALE

I offer for sale on reasonable terms the following properties, situated on Main street, in the village of Shawville:

1.—Brick Double Tenement House, adjoining St. Paul's Church property; in good order and well adapted for two families.

2.—Old Post Office Building, containing accommodation for two stores or shops, and two dwelling houses.

3.—Butcher Shop—(new building)—fitted with good refrigerator and other necessary equipment; three rooms on second floor suitable for millinery or other similar business.

For terms and further particulars apply to MRS. W. J. CONNELLY,
Cobden, Ont.

VILLAGE PROPERTY FOR SALE

Comfortable six room Frame Dwelling House with Kitchen and Woodshed situated on King St. Shawville. Stable for one span of horses and carriage house. For terms and full particulars apply to the undersigned on the premises.

WM. H. RICHARDSON,
Shawville, Que.

CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION

EST. 1871.

THE CONFEDERATION LIFE is in its 46th year of business, an old established Life Company, with great strength. Big Dividends to Policyholders, and absolutely fair treatment.

Before placing your Life Insurance secure Rates and Plans from

B. G. ANDERSON, Agent,

SHAWVILLE, QUE.

"SALADA"

Every Leaf is of Virgin Quality

Sealed Packets Only. Never in Bulk.

Black, Mixed or Green. E 217

THROUGH THE DARK SHADOWS

Or The Sunlight of Love

CHAPTER XXI.—(Cont'd).

"You ask me why?" he murmured, his forehead damp with the force of his emotion. "You, who know how I love you—worship your very shadow!"

She trembled under the passion of his gaze.

"Adrien!" she exclaimed, in low, reproachful tones. "Why do you speak to me like that, when I know how little your words really mean?"

"Little!" he cried with suppressed passion. "Ah, Constance, why are you so cruel to me? Why do you so misjudge me, when I would gladly die to serve you."

The earnestness in his tones was unmistakeable; but she kept her face turned from him, and he knew only from the quick-drawn breath that she had heard him.

"Constance," he pleaded, "look at me, dear. Give me this one chance. I shall never trouble you again."

"You have no right—" she began tremulously.

"No right to tell you I love you. Do you think I don't know that?" he burst out. "It is just that very knowledge which has burnt itself into me, and seared my very soul."

"What knowledge?" she asked, forgetful, in the suddenness of his attack, the tactics she had adopted with regard to Lord Standon.

"The knowledge of your engagement," he answered hoarsely. "Ah, Constance, be merciful. Surely not even Standon himself would grudge me these last few moments."

"What has Lord Standon to do with me?" she asked, looking him full in the face with steadfast eyes.

He stared at her in amazement.

"Is he not your accepted lover?"

His voice betrayed his agony of spirit; and, hearing this, she relented. Holding up her left hand, the third finger of which was bare of rings, she said quietly, almost indeed, demurely:

"This does not look like it, does it?"

The light of hope, new-born, flashed into his face. He sprang forward eagerly.

"Constance!" he cried. "My darling! You will try to care for me then—?" He would have taken her in his arms; but she held him off at arm's length.

"No! no, Adrien," she interrupted sadly. "Because I am not engaged to Lord Standon, is that any reason why I should love one who treats me so lightly?"

"I treat you lightly, you—the one woman I have ever truly loved? Constance, whatever sins I may have committed, you are my first love, and you will be my last. I am not worthy to touch your hand, as pure as it is white, but will you not forgive me the folly of my past life, and let me live in hope that I may do better? I swear from this day forth to cast off the old life, with all its emptiness and folly, and lay the future at your feet."

As his passionate words ceased, she turned to him.

"Adrien, I do not know what to think," she said in low, troubled tones. "I wrote to you last month—that day we came up to London, believing that perhaps you had learned to care a little for me; but when you deliberately spent the day with another woman, sooner than with me, what am I to think?"

"What do you mean?" he asked hoarsely.

"I saw you," she returned simply, "when we were at the station, auntie and I, on the twenty-second—"

"The twenty-second!" he echoed, through blanched lips.

"Yes, you were at Waterloo Station with someone, I did not see her face. But what does it matter now? If you had cared—" She stopped abruptly.

"I do care," he reiterated passionately. "Heaven above knows that; but I do not hope to make you believe me. Constance, I can give neither you nor any living being the explanation of that awful day. But I swear to you that the meeting was unsought by me. I could not help myself. I do not know how all this has come about. I understood from Standon that—that he was engaged to——"

"Muriel Branton," interrupted Constance softly. "He told me himself."

For a moment, Adrien stared at her in stupefaction.

"If I had known we were at cross-purposes!" he exclaimed. "I see it all now—when it is too late," and sinking down on the stone seat he buried his face in his hands.

For a minute there was silence, broken at last by the rustle of Lady Constance's dress as she came timidly towards him.

"Adrien," she murmured, very low indeed, but not so low that he did not hear.

He looked up, gave one swift glance at her blushing face, then, with an incoherent cry of delight, caught her in his arms.

"My darling!" he cried. "I love you. Believe that, though I failed you so."

No further words were spoken—none were needed; then Adrien said gently.

"Darling, before we return, tell me, just once—let me hear it from your own lips, that you love me· for I can scarcely believe I am awake."

"It is no dream, Adrien," she said, her face flushing and quivering with pent-up emotion. "I love you, dear."

Again he claseped her in his arms and neither heard a step behind them. It was not until a warning cough roused them, that Adrien started, and became aware of the presence of Mr. Jasper Vermont.

CHAPTER XXII.

While the preparations for the ball at Barminster Castle had been going on apace, trouble and confusion reigned in the little village on the banks of the Thames.

No sooner had Mr. Jasper Vermont taken his departure, than poor Lucy Ashford sank on the floor of the shop, and burst into a flood of tears. So great had been the strain that she was completely unnerved, and had quite forgotten the likelihood of her husband's return from Richmond, as well as the mysterious disappearance of Jessica, who had not been seen in the house since the arrival of Adrien Leroy and his unconscious burden.

This sudden realisation of all the presentiment of evil which Lucy Ashford had ever in her mind, had burst on her like a thunderbolt. She had known always that the man, Mr. Jasper Vermont, who knew her secret, was alive; but never before had she been actually threatened with its betrayal, Her father, Mr. Harker, had always stood between her and that dreadful possibility.

Presently, she jumped up and called to Jessica. Then she remembered that the girl had disappeared from the time she had sent her from the room. Fearing that Vermont might yet change his mind and return for the night, she ran to the door, calling out Jessica's name in a paroxysm of nervous terror, which finally, on receiving no reply, ended in a severe attack of hysterics, in the midst of which her husband returned and found her.

With an exclamation of alarm, he raised her from the floor and bore her upstairs to the bed on which Lady Merivale had lain such a short time ago. He was greatly puzzled by the disordered appearance of the room, and his first thought was of burglars. He gave no time to this, however, but hastened to get his wife into bed, then rushed out for a doctor. When he returned with him it was found that Lucy had relapsed into a state of fever, and was talking deliriously of an inn at Canterbury, an individual of the name of Johann Wilfer, and most of all, making plaintive appeals to Jasper Vermont not to betray her.

As the next day Jessica had not returned, Ashford found all his work cut out for him, to see after the shop and the children, as well as his wife. A kindly neighbor came to his rescue; but John insisted on nursing Lucy himself, while the woman remained downstairs.

At first, the husband paid little attention to the wandering, incoherent sentences of his wife; but as the first excitement died down, and they began to take distinct form, he bent over her, and learned the one error of her life. Naturally, poor John recoiled in horror; the whole thing seemed so incredible, so impossible to believe. Yet when he had had time to reflect, he saw that this explained all the little strangenesses in his wife's conduct and manner; her intense nervousness at the sight of any stranger; her reticence as to her youthful days; all this was borne in on his mind, and he realised that he had been deceived. His wife, in whom he had so trusted had loved another before him; and at the bitter truth, John Ashford utterly broke down, and, hiding his face in the caunterpane, sobbed like a child. Tears sometimes are Nature's own medicine, and do more to soften the heart than any words. After the first shock had worn away, Ashford commenced to look back on the happy days he had spent with Lucy; the way she had worked with him, and for him. These thoughts did their healing work, and accordingly, a few days later, when Luck Ashford returned to consciousness, she found her husband's eyes gazing into hers with only pitying tenderness in their depths.

"John," she said faintly, "have I been ill?"

"Yes, dear," he replied gently.

Something in his saddened tones, or perhaps some strange intuition, told Lucy that her secret was no longer hers alone.

"John!" she cried, her voice shaking with terror and weakness. "You know all!" And she hid her face in her hands.

Her husband bent over her tenderly and kissed the thin cheek.

"Yes, dear," he said. "You've told me all. Why didn't you trust me before?"

She looked at him in wonder, hardly believeing the evidence of her own ears. Was this all the reproach and anger he would deal out to her? Could it be possible that, knowing all, the man she had loved, yet feared, solely on this account, would not only forgive but take her into his heart again? As if in answer to her bewildered thoughts, John's arm was around her neck, and his kiss of forgiveness fell upon her lips.

Presently, she looked up, with a look of ineffable peace and pratitude on her face.

"John," she said, "send for poor father; it will be new life to him to know that this dreadful weight is off my heart, and that you, knowing what a bad woman I have been, will still call me your wife. Oh, fetch him to me soon, dear, that he may be happy too."

(To be continued).

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makes the best cake because it creams quickly and thoroughly with the butter which is the hardest part of the mixing. Its purity and extra "*fine*" granulation make it dissolve at once.

2 and 5-lb. Cartons
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Doctor Tells How To Strengthen Eyesight 50 per cent In One Week's Time In Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

London.—Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye strain or other eye weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: Another prominent Physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good druggist and is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." The Valmar Drug Co., Store 4, Toronto, will fill your orders if your druggist cannot.

—GOOD DIGESTION—
When your digestion is faulty, weakness and pain are certain and disease is invited.

Mother Seigel's Syrup corrects and stimulates the digestive organs, and banishes the many ailments which arise from indigestion.

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The Housewife's Corner

Ginger Recipes for Cold Days.

Gingerbread—One cup dark molasses, one cup granulated sugar, one-half cup shortening (half lard and butter), one cup cold water, one teaspoon each of soda, cinnamon and ginger, four cups flour. Stir sugar, shortening, spices and molasses together with water. Then add flour sifted with soda. Beat about ten minutes and bake.

Ginger Pudding—Four ounces of flour; six ounces of molasses; one egg; one teaspoonful ground ginger; rind of lemon; pinch of salt; four ounces of breadcrumbs; four ounces of finely chopped or shredded suet; one teaspoonful baking powder; two tablespoonfuls milk. Having chopped the suet as finely as possible, grate the lemon rind and mix these two with the flour, breadcrumbs, baking powder and ground ginger. Add the molasses and the well-beaten egg. Then with the milk rinse out the bowl in which the egg was beaten and add to the rest. Mix very well and pour into a well-greased pudding mold; steam for three and a half hours. Serve with a sweet or a hard sauce. When measuring the molasses the best method is to dip a tablespoon in flour and then to fill with the molasses, which will easily roll out from the floured measure. One tablespoon (heaped) is roughly one ounce.

Boiled Ginger Pudding—One-half pound of suet; one pound of flour; one-half pound of brown sugar; two heaping teaspoonfuls of ground ginger.

Chop the suet very finely, and mix with the other ingredients. Put all quite dry just as they are into a very well-greased mold and boil for three hours. When cooked turn out on to a hot dish and serve with a hot, sweet sauce poured over.

Ginger Puffs—One-half pound of flour, one teaspoonful of ground ginger, three eggs, one tablespoonful of sugar, preserved ginger. If not sufficiently moist add a little milk. Mix the flour, ginger and sugar together, beat the eggs very thoroughly and stir them into the dry ingredients. Butter some little baking tins, put small pieces of preserved ginger at the bottom; half fill with the mixture and bake in a quick oven. Serve with wine sauce or a little ginger syrup heated and flavored with lemon juice.

Gingerbread Pudding — One-half pound of stale gingerbread, one ounce of molasses, one egg, two ounces of sugar, one-half pound of flour, two ounces of almonds, one-half pint of milk. Crumble the gingerbread and mix with the flour, sugar and blanched and chopped almonds, then stir in the molasses, milk and beaten egg. Mix thoroughly, turn into a well-buttered mould and steam for three hours.

Ginger Rings—One pound of brown sugar, one pound of flour, two tablespoonfuls of ground ginger, six ounces of butter, one egg.

Cream the butter and sugar and add the beaten eggs, flour and ginger. Mix thoroughly and knead lightly. Roll out on a floured board a quarter of an inch thick. Cut into rings, using doughnut cutter. Bake in a moderate oven till they have acquired a deep golden brown color.

Ginger Snaps—Ten ounces of flour, two teaspoonfuls of ground ginger, a pinch of salt, one-half pound of golden syrup, three ounces of butter, a small teaspoonful of baking powder. Mix the flour, ginger, salt and baking powder together. Warm the syrup and melt the butter in it. Stir into the dry ingredients, roll out and cut into rounds. Bake on a greased tin for fifteen minutes in a moderate oven.

If a soft piece of home-made bread is rubbed on a scorch on woollen goods, it will remove the scorch.

It is better to have too much than too little of the mineral substances found in milk and fresh vegetables.

All cereals should first be boiled rapidly for a few minutes and then slowly for hours in a double boiler.

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Experienced men from 38 to 45, and boys from 15 to 18 accepted for service in the CANADIAN NAVAL PATROLS for defence of the Coasts.

Apply to COMMODORE ÆMILIUS JARVIS
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DEPORTATION OF BELGIAN MEN LEAVES WOMEN AND CHILDREN MORE HELPLESS THAN EVER . . . .

Neutral protests do not prevent the Germans from continuing the deportation and enslavement of the able-bodied men who were left in unhappy Belgium—and we are powerless to stop it until we have won the war.

Meanwhile the Neutral Commission for Relief in Belgium, administered without pay by great-hearted Americans, is saving the women and children from starvation. Here we CAN help promptly and effectively, by giving generously to the Belgian Relief Fund.

More contributions than ever are needed, because the higher prices of foodstuffs, particularly wheat, have seriously increased the cost of feeding these millions of dependent Belgians. How much can you spare the victims of one of the blackest, most cold-blooded crimes?

Send whatever you can give weekly, monthly or in one lump sum to Local or Provincial Committees, or

SEND CHEQUES PAYABLE TO TREASURER

Belgian Relief Fund

59 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 35

The Greatest Relief Work in History.

"Going up on High?" Better try the low gear first. The human engine must have the right kind of fuel-food. Power to do things comes from food that is rich in muscle-building material, that is easily digested. **Shredded Wheat** is a high-power food, the kind that fits a man or woman for the day's work—just enough muscle-making material, just enough heat-making material to keep the body in top-notch condition. Shredded Wheat is ready-cooked, ready-to-eat. Two Biscuits with milk make a nourishing meal at a cost of a few cents. Made in Canada.

GOING TO LAW WITH THE DEAD.

How a Shrewd Chinaman Got Even With a Bad Neighbor.

A cemetery is the one sacred spot in China. To desecrate such a place is the worst of crimes. Some years since there lived in a village on the plain of the Yellow River a man called Tu. His little farm furnished him with a comfortable living, but nothing more. Like all farms in that part of China, there was no fence to separate his fields from those of his neighbors. One of these neighbors was a rascal, who, knowing Mr. Tu to be of mild disposition, resolved to impose upon him by ploughing a few furrows of Mr. Tu's land and thus incorporating it with his own. This act did not pass unobserved, but Mr. Tu was cautious as well as mild. He knew that litigation came high, and was uncertain. "Better," he said to himself, "to endure the wrong than to suffer loss of both land and money."

The next year the neighbor repeated the experiment, and ploughed up a few more furrows. Again Mr. Tu consulted with himself, and determined, as previously, that law was too expensive a luxury for him.

The neighbor, encouraged by this complaisance, continued to add to his own acres at the other's expense. At length he became so bold as to incorporate in this way the family cemetery, where were buried Mr. Tu's ancestors.

Then Mr. Tu saw the chance for which he had been waiting. By ploughing up this cemetery the neighbor had committed sacrilege. The only difficulty was that the punishment was so severe that it might not be possible, unless he was careful, to get his neighbor punished at all. For the law was that, if the magistrate should take notice of the suit, he would have to send up a report to his superiors at the capital of the province and request that proper punishment be inflicted upon himself, seeing that so heinous a crime had been committed in the district for which he was responsible.

Accordingly, Mr. Tu brought the matter before the magistrate in a way that did not involve that official. He brought accusation against his father, who was dead, for having moved his grave off his son's land to that of the encroaching neighbor instead of abiding in the cemetery where he properly belonged.

The Chinese love humor and greatly admire shrewdness. When, therefore, the magistrate read this amazing document, he smiled with genuine appreciation of Mr. Tu's cleverness, called up the offending neighbor, made him restore all the land he had appropriated and punished him with due severity for his robbery.

SPEED

combined with good judgment counts in business now-a-days.

Grape-Nuts FOOD

supplies balanced nourishment for sturdy muscles and active brains.

"There's a Reason"

No change in price, quality, or size of package.

VICTORY WILL COME PROMPTLY.

Entente Allies Each Day Nearer Realization of Their Object.

General Castelnau, chief of the French military delegation at the conference of the Entente allies at Petrograd, is quoted in a despatch to the Temps of Paris from the Russian capital as saying:

"One has only to compare the military situation of the allies in the month of January, 1916, with that of January, 1917, and he will be compelled to admit that the conditions for the forthcoming Spring campaign are much more favorable than they were last year.

"I can say that each day we are coming nearer to the realization of our objects. The brave Russian army, which has assumed a formidable task, the gallant Italian troops, and, finally, the Anglo-French forces, which are increasing in number, constitute the best guarantees of our final victory, which hereafter will come promptly. In the meantime the military power of the allies remains unshakeable. The Germans have procured success only on secondary fronts.

"With regard to the principal fronts, on which decisive action will occur, our enemies have shown themselves powerless to obtain any serious results."

LITTLE WORRIES IN THE HOME

These Bring the Wrinkles and Pallid Faces That Make Women Look Prematurely Old.

Almost every woman at the head of a home meets daily many little worries in her household affairs. The care of her little ones, the work about the house all contribute to these worries. Most of them may be too small to notice an hour afterwards, but they constitute a constant strain that affects the blood and the nerves and make women look prematurely old. The effect of these little worries may be noticed in sick or nervous headaches, fickle appetite, tiredness after slight exertion, and the coming of wrinkles which every woman dreads. To those thus afflicted Dr. Williams' Pink Pills offer a speedy cure; a restoration of color to the cheeks, brightness to the eye, a hearty appetite and a sense of freedom from weariness. Among the many thousands of Canadian women who have found new health and strength through these pills is Mrs. G. Strasser, Acton West, Ont., who says:—"I am the mother of three children and after each birth I became terribly run down. I had weak, thin blood, always felt tired, and unable to do my household work. After the birth of my third child I seemed to be worse, and was very badly run down. I found the greatest benefit from the Pills and soon gained my old time strength. Indeed after taking them I felt as well as in my girlhood, and could take pleasure in my work. I also used Baby's Own Tablets for my little ones and have found them a splendid medicine for childhood ailments."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or you can procure them by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TORTURE OF PRISONERS.

Terrible Cruelty Inflicted on Captives by Germans.

Hideous in the extreme, and only equal in awfulness to the frightful horrors of the Inquisition of the dark ages, is the story told in a semi-official communique of the tortures inflicted upon French and English prisoners in German prison camps, says a Paris correspondent.

Examples are given, as follows:

In reprisal camps of occupied districts of Russia this treatment has been applied with terrible refinements of cruelty. Thus, a mattress was at times placed between the stake and the head of the sufferer to render his position more exhausting. Sometimes the victim was tied bareheaded at midday with his face toward the sun, and with the points of barbed wire arranged so that they penetrated his chin.

At Landshut seventeen Frenchmen were enclosed in a cage four metres long by three metres wide, exposed to all weathers. As a result, several of them went mad.

Punishment of the pit. The victim was forced into a hole in the earth, of an average length of one metre and eighty centimetres deep. The floor was strewn with sharp stones and the walls covered with barbed wire.

In Courland the lashing was administered on the loins of prisoners. At Stargard on Sunday mornings the wives of officers and other persons were invited to witness the bastinado.

The population of the British Empire exceeds one-quarter of the population of the world.

A teacher asked her class of children what a skeleton was. One little fellow, Benny, seven, said:—"I know; it's bones with the people rubbed off."

She Does Her Bit In Patriotic Work

And Tells of Benefit Received From Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. H. A. Standish Strong, Hearty and Enthusiastic at Sixty-two, Advises Others to Use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Ayers Cliff, Stanstead Co., Que., Feb'y 19th (Special.)—One of the most enthusiastic patriotic workers in this district is Mrs. H. A. Standish. Though sixty-two years of age her splendid health enables her to keep house for three hearty men and still have time and strength to devote to the welfare of the boys in the trenches. And Mrs. Standish will tell you she owes that abundant health to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I must say that Dodd's Kidney Pills are very good for sick kidneys," Mrs. Standish states. "I have recommended them many times for rheumatism as they helped me very much for that disease. You can say for me that Dodd's Kidney Pills are beneficial for everyone who is troubled with bad kidneys."

The kidneys are the keystone of woman's health. Keep the kidneys right and the rest will be right. Dodd's Kidney Pills keep the kidneys right.

Advance Spring Styles

Some of the Spring hats combine straw and fine felt, or straw and satin, others are entirely of straw trimmed with flowers or ribbon, and a great many are of crepe. An almost brimless, rather high-crowned little hat was fashioned entirely of narrow ribbon interlaced, giving the impression of straw, at a distance. It was of narrow blue ribbon with a tiny red border on either side. The trimming was a bunch of red cherries placed on the left side of the crown. Another hat with a small up-turned brim was of white silk covered entirely with machine stitching worked in a close allover design. Machine stitching is also very popular just now as a decoration for suits and dresses, therefore it is not surprising to find it on hats.

7604—7599

Box Coat of Green Jersey Cloth with White Pleated Skirt

Some New Suits

Very snappy are the new suits with their hip-length coats. The box coat in the sketch is one of the new models. The pleated pockets and cuffs tell at once that this is a 1917 design, for box coats have never before had such frivolous pockets. Coats of bright colors such as green, rose, marigold, citron or purple accompany white skirts which are either plain, or else spotted or striped with the color of the coat. Some of the skirts are made from bordered material with the border at the lower edge and the top laid in pleats. In some of these, the designs are embroidered instead of printed. The designs are generally large dots or squares worked in two or three striking colors or in a solid color with black or a contrasting shade used to outline the motif.

Jersey, and Still More Jersey

Jersey keeps at the height of popularity and is now combined with other materials. A suit of citron-colored wool jersey was made with a white pique collar. The collar was, of course, detachable so that it could be removed and laundered with ease. In another instance, wool jersey was combined with gabardine very pleasingly. The suit was of purple jersey, and tan gabardine fashioned the large collar and revers that went the length of the coat. The cuffs and pocket-laps were also of the tan gabardine.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Company, 70 Bond St. Toronto. Department W.

Tired aching feet feel refreshed after an application of Sloan's Liniment, *do not rub*, it penetrates and *soothes*.

Cleaner than mussy plasters or ointments, does not stain the skin.

Have a bottle handy for rheumatic pains, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, sprains, strains, toothache, bruises and muscle soreness.

At all druggists, 25c. 50c. and $1.00.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

BABY'S OWN TABLETS OF GREAT HELP

Mrs. Wm. Artlett, Ancaster, Ont., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for three years for my little girl and baby boy. I have found them of the greatest help during the teething period and always keep them in the house." The Tablets aid teething babies because they regulate the stomach and bowels, thus preventing constipation, diarrhoea and convulsions. They promote healthful sleep and keep baby well and happy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Using Waste Places.

The Parks Committee of the London County Council reports that it has not been necessary to exercise the compulsory powers in regard to land for cultivation, the owners cheerfully giving up their land. Lord Derby's deer park at Knowsley has been ploughed up and more than one hundred acres are to be converted into wheat land. Motor tractors which cut from three to six furrows at a time were employed. Forty acres of the racecourse at Northampton, which has been used as a recreation ground since the abolition of racing, will be ploughed up.

TO STOP BAD COUGH

SOOTH DRY, IRRITATED THROAT WITH PARMINT SYRUP. SAYS THIS OLD FASHIONED COUGH MEDICINE IS THE BEST.

We are told that the old time remedies are best and invariably contain less harmful yet better medicine than those which are in use to-day. This being so, undoubtedly the following old fashioned recipe which is quick acting will be welcomed by many as there seems to be a regular epidemic of coughs at the present time. Secure from your druggist 1 ounce Parmint (double strength), take this home and add to it a quarter pint of hot water and 4 ounces of granulated sugar, stir until dissolved. Take 1 tablespoonful four times a day. No more racking your whole body with a cough. Clogged nostrils should open, air passages of your head should clear and your breathing become easy. Parmint syrup is pleasant to take, easy to prepare and costs little. Every person who has a stubborn cough, hard cold or catarrh in any form should give this prescription a trial.

Any druggist can supply you, or a bottle will be sent on receipt of 75c. postal note or money order. Address International Laboratories, 74 St. Antoine St., Montreal, Canada.

How?

"Truly, am I the first girl you ever kissed?"

"You are, my darling, and it makes me happy to hear you say I am the first man who ever kissed you."

"If I am the first how does it happen you do it so expertly?"

"And if I am the first how do you know whether I do it expertly or not?"

Mansonville, June 27, '13.
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Yarmouth, N. S.

Gentlemen,—It affords me great pleasure and must be gratifying to you to know that after using 36 bottles of your Liniment on a case of paralysis which my father was afflicted with, I was able to restore him to normal condition. Hoping other sufferers may be benefited by the use of your Liniment, I am,

Sincerely yours,
GEO. H. HOLMES.

Minerals in Mexico.

The mineral resources of Mexico include gold, silver, copper, coal, platinum, graphite, petroleum, asphalt, sodium and marble.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

All-Pervasive.

The teacher's last question was meant to be a scientific poser.

"What is it that pervades all space," she said, "which no wall or door or other substance can shut out?"

No one had an answer ready but Freddy Sharpe.

"The smell of onions, miss," he said promptly.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Awful Thought.

Favorite foods that mother used to make were the topic of conversation at the boarding-house table. After numerous interchanges came a lull. Then a callow youth whom bashfulness usually kept silent broke it with this bombshell:

"D-d-d-did any of you ever eat sauerkraut with whipped cream on it?"

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Encouraging.

He was one of those young men who never seem to know when to go home. She had tried yawning, but even that failed to get rid of him.

Presently a clock outside in the hall began to strike in low, deep tones the midnight hour.

"Oh, I say, Miss Goldilocks," said the late-stayer brightly, "is that an eight-day clock?"

Miss Goldilocks smiled coldly at him.

"Well," she said, stifling another yawn, "why don't you stay a little longer and find out?"

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

When buying your Piano insist on having an "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies — BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed. Mailed free to any address by the Author. H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc. 118 West 31st Street, New York

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is unexcelled for preserving and lengthening the life of black leather.

This scientifically prepared oil makes harness a rich, inky black—shiny, soft, tough.

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Pulp Trees in Argentina.

Experiments by a Swedish scientist have demonstrated that Argentina produces in abundance a tree that yields a better paper pulp than usually employed in the United States.

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Manure and Moisture.

In addition to plant food contained in well-rotted stable manure, all soils to which it is added will thereafter retain more moisture and retain it for a longer period. All gardens should annually receive barn manures, but in well decayed condition. Very sandy soils so treated have moisture evaporation reduced at least one-half of that formerly prevailing.

PILES. You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? All Druggists and Stores.—½c box. Zam-Buk

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CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

RABBITS WANTED. 2-3 LBS. Write A. BARBOUR, 243 College St., Toronto

THE NATION'S FUTURE Depends Upon Healthy Babies

Properly reared children grow up to be strong, healthy citizens

Many diseases to which children are susceptible, first indicate their presence in the bowels. The careful mother should watch her child's bowel movements and use

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

It is a corrective for diarrhœa, colic and other ailments to which children are subject especially during the teething period.

It is absolutely non-narcotic and contains neither opium, morphine nor any of their derivatives.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Makes Cheerful, Chubby Children

Soothes the fretting child during the trying period of its development and thus gives rest and relief to both child and mother.

Buy a bottle today and keep it handy

Sold by all druggists in Canada and throughout the world

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In Women's we have

Best Quality Cashmere, sizes 8½ to 10	50c. a pair
" " Plain Wool " " "	50
" " Ribbed Worsted, all Wool	75
" " Fleece Lined	25
" " Ribbed Wool	40
" " Cotton Heavy Weight	25
" " Boot Silk	50

In Men's we have

Best Quality Cashmere	60c. a pair
" " " light weight	50
" " Pure Silk	50
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" " Natural Cashmere	50
" " Fancy Lisle	40
" " Pure Wool Ribbed Worsted	50

CHILDREN'S

"Little Daisy" and "Little Darling"	35c. a pair
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Give our stock a look through before buying, as we know our prices and quality are right.

P. E. SMILEY.

Help Patriotic Fund

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HOCKEY MATCH

Friday Night, Mar. 2

Shawville Rink.

Seniors vs. Juniors

Best Game of season.

Come and see the game, by so doing you are assisting a worthy cause—PATRIOTIC WORK.

Admission : 25c. and 15c.

Horses for Sale

One span dark Browns—mare and horse—good general use team ; weight about 2600 lbs. Also mare colt coming 3 years old ; good, stout plug.

AFSON MURPHY,
Shawville R. R. No. 2.

Incubators for Sale

Praiire State Incubators for sale (new). Also for sale two second-hand machines.

Apply to E. T. HODGINS,
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THE MARKETS.

SHAWVIILE

Flour per barrel $9.50
Wheat, per bushel, $1.50 to 1.60.
Oats, per bushel, 60c.
Beans per bushel, $6.60.
Butter tubs, prints and rolls 35c
Potatoes per bag, 2.25.
Eggs per dozen 40c.
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Hides per 100 lbs. 17.00
Pelts 75c. to 1.75 each
Horse Hides each 6.00
Calfskins each 1.00 to 1.50
Veal Skins, each 90c

Good Enough for Him

An Arnprior report says : Many people in town are feeling keenly the lack of wood and coal. The limit was reached last week when a certain farmer asked ten dollars for a cord of hard wood.

He could not sell it at that price and so decided to remain in town over night, leaving his load of wood in a local livery yard.

In the morning he was surprised to find his sleigh empty. Some unknown persons had carried off the wood during the night and a note was left saying : "That was fine wood. Bring another load at the same price."

The farmer has placed the matter in the hands of Chief Hunt.

FORGETFUL LESCHETIZKY.

The Great Pianist Was One of the Most Absentminded of Men.

That famous pianist and still more famous teacher of music, Theodore Leschetizky, was one of the most absentminded of men.

One day, having experienced a slight symptom he thought he would visit his doctor and provide against a repetition. The day was cloudy, and he started forth umbrella in hand. Before reaching the nearest avenue it began to sprinkle, and he hailed a passing street car. Settled comfortably in a corner, he sank into meditation and was lost to material circumstances until the conductor announced: "End of route. Passengers will please descend."

Obediently the musician descended. He had passed the doctor's house long ago; besides, he had forgotten where he was going. A friend who happened to pass a few moments later, found him standing on the curbstone—his umbrella up, although it was no longer raining—glowering intently at the brimming gutter as he tried to remember his errand. Explanations followed, and the friend laughingly advised him to return home.

"Also, you will have my company all the way," he added genially. "That is to say, if you do not mind stopping a moment at Dr. So-and-so's, where I have promised to call for a prescription for my wife."

"Not at all; not at all!" cried Leschetizky, beaming. "My dear fellow, you have told me my desination. I, too, was going to Dr. So-and-so for a prescription."

The friends proceeded to the doctor's and obtained the two prescriptions. They left together, and on the top step—the sun was now shining brilliantly—the musician paused absentmindedly once more to put up his umbrella.

"But, my good friend, you do not need your umbrella," remonstrated his friend. "The rain ceased an hour ago."

At that moment the spring with which Leschetizky had been fumbling yielded, and the umbrella sprang open. His friend broke into a shout of laughter.

"True, the umbrella you have is more suitable to the weather than your own, but I am afraid the doctor's little daughter might not be satisfied with the exchange. I fear we must go back, Leschetizky, for there will be trouble."

Leschetizky lowered the supposed umbrella and looked at it. It was a blue parasol of dimunitive size, much beruffled and gayly strewn with brocaded pink roses.

"Yes," he agreed, "We must go back and exchange umbrellas. Besides, I must get my prescription. I put it into my purse, but I do not feel any purse in my pocket. I think I must have left it on the doctor's table."

"Leschetizky," inquired his friend, "are you quite sure you did not leave yourself behind in the car and that I am not walking with your twin?"—Youth's Companion.

She Was Right.

"How effusively sweet that Mrs. Blondey is to you, Jonesey," said Witherell. "What's up? Any tender little romance there?"

"No, indeed. Why, that woman hates me," said Jonesey.

"She doesn't show it," said Wetherell.

"No, but she knows that I know how old she is. We were both born on the same day," said Jonesey, "and she's afraid I'll tell somebody."

Feminine Perceptions.

"What shall I do at the meeting when I want to make a speech and some others try to head me off?"

"Why, get the chairman to recognize you."

"Oh, that is easy enough. I was introduced to her last week at Mrs. Pinkie's tea."

TEACHER WANTED

Qualified Protestant Teacher wanted for No. 12-B, Clarendon. Applicants state experience, grade of diploma, church of choice and salary expected. Duties to begin immediately.

M. A. McKINLEY,
Asst. Sec.-Treas.,
Shawville, Que.

VILLAGE PROPERTY FOR SALE

For sale—five acres of land fronting on Main street (east) Shawville, on which are erected a good dwelling house and stable. Soil well adapted for raising small fruits, garden stuff and roots. For terms and particulars write

BOX 46 SHAWVILLE.

A SHORT SERIES OF

"FORWARD STEP" MEETINGS

will be held for five nights

MAR. 5th to 9th,

Bristol (Brick) Presbyterian Church,

CONDUCTED BY

The REV. R. B. NELLES, Toronto.

A BIG MAN WITH A BIG MESSAGE.

Special Music, 7.30, p. m.

Everybody welcome. Do not miss one meeting.

Seed Grain.

Opening the 1st of March, we will be in a position at the Elevator to supply

all kinds of Grain, fit for Seed.

We have installed **A CLIPPER CLEANER,** one of the best on the market, specially designed for the Cleaning of Seed Grain of all kinds.

Cleaning done at 10c. per 100 lbs.

Highest Prices paid for all kinds of Grains.

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FARMERS !

If you have any

Good

Sound Potatoes

to offer

come in and see us before

Saturday, March 3rd.

Prices on application.

ARCHIE DOVER

Local and District.

Amateurs : Now is the time to bring in your choice negatives and have enlargements made from them.

H. IMISON, Photo Artist.

HOCKEY

The second hockey event of the season on the local rink, hurriedly arranged and consequently very meagrely advertised, was pulled off on Friday evening, the participants being Cy's Pets,—who are in fact, the only upholders of the sport in town this winter—and the Elmside team, whom some of the spectators dubbed the "Bristol Heavyweights," on account of their having a decided advantage in weight over their more youthful antagonists. The game consisted of three 15-minute periods and was a rather strenuous exhibition of the sport, although the brand of hockey dished up was not equal to that shown at the match played two weeks previously.

When play first started it looked as if the Pets were in for a pretty stiff trimming, the visitors scoring the first goal in a few minutes ; but it only took the Pets about the same length of time to even up matters, and the score stood thus till the gong rang. In the second stage, the home boys dropped in three to their opponents' one, and this performance was repeated in the final session, leaving victory in the hands of the Pets with a score of 7—3.

Cy handled the game in a very satisfactory manner and looked after most of the rough stuff fairly well, although the exercise of a little more severity would have been well within the limit.

Did Quyon put one Over on Cy's Pets ?

In his last week budget of news, the Fitzroy Harbor correspondent of the Arnprior Chronicle, had the following illuminative item :—

"The skating rink is now in fine shape and hockey practice and skating are in full swing. Our junior team journeyed to Shawville last week, but were defeated 5 to 4, but hope for better luck next time ; we can't always win."

BRISTOL

The prayer meetings which are being held nightly in the different districts by the Session of the Presbyterian Church are maintaining the interest and deepening the earnestness of the congregation in the short series of special services — the "Forward Step" meetings conducted by Rev. R. B. Nelles, Toronto. The topic for the second week was "the Bible." Very helpful, successful meetings were held. The third week's topic is — Service, Sacrifice, Self-surrender. This is the last week of these preparatory services and then the big week, with the big message—Mar. 5th to 9th. A special afternoon meeting on Friday 9th is being arranged for the school children. In connection with these services, it might be well to note, that, since the expenses are for printing and the speaker's travelling expenses only, there will be no collections, though anyone who wishes to give an offering for these, may do so.

The Young Women's Guild held one of the best meetings in its brief but successful career, on Wednesday evening, when over 20 of the ladies gathered at Mrs. Jas Nicholson's. A splendid program was provided Sewing was the order of the night, besides refreshments and pleasure. Mrs. Nicholson is a very kind hostess and the Guild thoroughly enjoyed itself. One regrettable item of business came up in the nature of the resignation of the President, Mrs. H. H. Walsh, and as Mrs. Walsh expects to move in the near future, the resignation was regretfully accepted, for tho' her residence amongst us has been brief, she has endeared herself to the young ladies, who are loathe to let her depart. Miss Amelia Cuthbertson was chosen President.

The Y. M. B.'C. also met on Wednesday night in the Knox district at Mr. Thomas Graham's and a very enjoyable evening was spent by over 20 members. After some important business was transacted and arrangements made for a Stock Judging Competition at the next regular meeting, the first item of an interesting program was a talk on Grain—seed selection, inoculation, etc., by W. D. McCredie. The next item was a prolonged one but interesting every moment—a speech-making contest by every member present, (impromptu) and the judge's report. It was excellent practice for all. It shows the progress the class is making. Refreshments were served and a hearty vote of thanks presented to Mr. and Mrs. Graham for their hospitality. The stock judging contest is at Mr. Jas Jamieson's.

The Choir for the Forward Step meetings is faithfully practicing some special hymns and anthems, and will have something pleasing and helpful when they are needed. The service of song begins at 7.30 each evening, lasting for a half hour. Be sure to hear the singing. The last two practices were held at the Manse and Mrs. Walsh's respectively and after an hour of practice an hour of sociability was spent at each place. Apparently the choir enjoyed themselves.

Visited Shawville, Too

(Arnprior Chronicle.)

Arnpriorites may remember Lottie L. Tillotson, a lady of masculine mein, who came here to lecture on Hawaii. Pakenham will certainly remember her, for there she caused some little disturbance with the committee over the division of the receipts. A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie this week says "Lottie L. Tillotson, alias Mary McLean, alias Melba Costella, billed for a lecturing tour throughout Algoma District, supposedly in the interest of Red Cross Societies, and alleged to be a native of Hawaii, stepped off the train to fill, as she expected, an engagement here at two of the leading churches. But she was taken by surprise when she found herself in the toils of the Immigration Department, which had been quietly waiting her arrival. After examination by the immigration officers she was arraigned before Magistrate Andrew Elliott at the instigation of Crown Attorney Goodwin, on a charge of a breach of the immigration laws, and pleaded guilty. A fine of $50 and costs was imposed, or in default three months in jail. She paid the fine, and was deported to the United States. The woman has served three terms for theft and shop-lifting."

You undoubtedly have a few new pictures you would like framed. Call and see samples. Picture framing a specialty. H. IMISON.

The sum of twenty two thousand dollars was paid in bounties for wolves killed in Saskatchewan last year, according to an official return.

A new military system is being worked out for Canada, and it will be similar to the territorial system of Great Britain. Under it no more individual units will be sent to England, but the men will go as drafts for their territorial battalions.

A shocking accident occurred in the Almonte Knitting Mill at Almonte on Monday, when Master Ross James, the 14-year-old son of Mr. Charles James, met his death while attempting to put a belt on a pulley. He was standing on a step-ladder trying to put the belt on and in some way got caught and whirled around the shaft and literally smashed to death.

Ottawa, Feb. 19.—During the five months ending January 30, Canada shipped to Cuba 250,000 sacks and barrels of potatoes which were sold for $1,400,000. Mr. J. C. Manzer, representing the Department of Trade and Commerce, and the New Brunswick Government, has reported that two shipments of New Brunswick potatoes, totalling 21,508 sacks and barrels, arrived in Havana in one week recently sold for $136,552. Canada is also supplying codfish, hay, malt, and some sardines to Cuba.

Not a Soft Answer.

She (during the spat)—You should have married some stupid, credulous girl. He—Well, my dear, I did the best I could.—Boston Transcript.

Using Artificial Limbs.

Some of the wonders of physical reconstruction that are being achieved in the treatment of disabled soldiers in France are described by Captain Sir Henry Norman, M.P., in a special report to the Secretary for War for Great Britain. Particularly successful is the work of Professor Jules Amar, to whom, as he goes down the street near his hospital in Paris, the women smile, and say: "That's the man that gave my husband his arm back."

On the day of Sir Henry Norman's visit there were in the laboratory three one-armed men, who are earning 6s. 8d. a day as fitters. One of them while waiting amused himself by turning on a lathe little brass shells, as souvenirs, as well as any turner could have done.

Professor Amar offered a cigarette to one man whose arm had been amputated below the shoulder. Sir Henry Norman was about to take a cigarette from his own case in order to hand it to the man, who, saying: "Pardon me, I can help myself," proceeded to take one with his steel hand. Placing the cigarette in his mouth, he selected a match from a box, struck it on the box in his sound hand, and lighted the cigarette, holding the lighted match in his steel hand.

A second man, using his artificial hand, grasped the hand of Sir Henry Norman, and shook it warmly. The third, whose arm was amputated above the elbow, picked up a needle from the table with a small pair of dissecting forceps. Afterwards the men gave an exhibition of turning and filing metal and wood-drilling with a sensitive bit.

The motions of these wonderful artificial limbs are controlled, through straps and cords, by movements of the muscles of the chest and back.