

# THE EQUITY.

No. 39, 34TH YEAR.

SHAWVILLE, PONTIAC COUNTY, QUE., THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1917. \$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

## THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874.

Head Office: Ottawa, Canada.

Capital Paid Up . . . . . \$ 4,000,000  
 Rest and Undivided Profits . . . . . 4,808,170  
 Total Assets over . . . . . 55,000,000

### Board of Directors:

HON. GEORGE BRYSON, President.  
 JOHN B. FRASER, Vice-President.  
 SIR HENRY N. BATE, RUSSELL BLACKBURN, GEORGE BURN, SIR HENRY K. EGAN, D. M. FINNIE, General Manager.  
 ALEXANDER McLAREN, DENIS MURPHY, HON. SIR GEORGE H. PERLEY, E. C. WHITNEY, W. DUTHIE, Chief Inspector.

FORT COULONGE BRANCH, CAMPBELLS BAY BRANCH, PORTAGE DU FORT BRANCH, J. A. McLACHIE, Manager, R. LEGER, Manager, G. M. COLQUHOUN, Acting M'gr.

## The Merchants Bank of Canada

Established 1864

### OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT . . . . . SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN.  
 VICE-PRESIDENT . . . . . K. W. BLACKWELL.  
 MANAGING DIRECTOR . . . . . E. F. HEBDEN.  
 GEN. MANAGER . . . . . D. C. MACAROW.

Paid up Capital . . . . . \$7,000,000  
 Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits . . . . . 7,250,984  
 Total Assets Nov. 30, 16, . . . . . 108,956,996

228 Branches and Agencies in Canada.

—GOOD TIMES AND BAD TIMES—

GOOD TIMES are here today, and what are you laying aside for BAD TIMES which may follow and find you wanting? Provide against this by SAVING, not SPENDING. One dollar (\$1) starts an account with us. Special attention is paid to deposits by mail which are acknowledged upon the day of receipt.

Branches at Shawville and Quyon.

W. F. DRUM . . . . . Manager, Shawville  
 A. A. REID . . . . . Manager, Quyon.

## THE HARDWARE STORE

### Campbell's Varnish Stain

Is there any Old and Dingy Furniture in your home?

If there is you can make it look like new; give it a rich material wood finish with Campbell's Varnish Stain.

Fine for Wood Work too, not a new "fad" product, but one that has been made and sold widely for years. It correctly imitates all the hardwoods. It spreads easily, and anyone can apply it. A small can goes a long way—try one. We'll be glad to show you color cards.

J. H. SHAW.

The weather that Old Probs handed out on St. Patrick's Day was hard to beat—for variety.

The regular work meeting of the Shawville H. M. Club will be held on Thursday evening of this week, at the home of Mrs. W. E. Maitland.

I wish to announce to the public that I will have my Spring opening of Millinery, March 28—29th and following days at Bristol Corners. All are cordially invited.

Word reached here on Saturday evening that Pte Willie Crick, who went overseas with the 38th has been seriously wounded during the recent severe fighting in which the Canadian troops were engaged.

FOR SMOKES—Mr. John Moore, of Dunraven, Calumet Island, while in town a few days ago, dropped in to pay his subscription, and at the same time handed over 50 cents for the Tobacco Fund. A couple of John's neighbors are overseas, and he naturally takes an interest in the soldiers' comforts.

Mr. E. B. Gayler, merchant, of Portage du Fort, has something new and novel which should interest and appeal to the good housekeepers and lovers of well equipped homes, in the shape of a very handsome mahogany cabinet containing fifty pieces of Rogers' well known silverware. A padlock is attached to the cabinet, and each person making a cash purchase to the extent of one dollar, a sealed envelope containing a key is given, and the party holding the key that will open the padlock gets the cabinet and contents. A one dollar purchase means one key; two dollars, two keys, etc.

This is an attractive and expensive article and well worth the effort to secure. When all the envelopes are disposed of the day to try the keys will be advertised. Mr. Herb L. Reid is agent for this district.

### Slow Sale of Seed Oats

Thus far only sixty odd thousand bushels of No. 1 Canada Western seed oats have been ordered for all points in Eastern Canada. Flour and Feed merchants are somewhat averse to purchasing car lots without assurance as to its being wanted for seed. As a matter of fact this seed oats should be worth the extra price for feed, because the light grain and weed seeds have been removed in cleaning.

Farmers desiring No. 1 C. W. seed oats should order promptly through their dealers or club together and purchase in car lots. These seed oats are of the Banner and Abundance varieties and the germination is much superior to Eastern grown oats of the 1916 crop.—Seed Branch, Ottawa.

### Father once Resides in Clarendon.

Mr. Byron Horner, of Blaine Lake, Sask., who came from the West a few days ago to pick up some horses, called on THE EQUITY while here and produced a copy of the Saskatoon Daily Star, which contains a half-tone engraving of three Saskatchewan boys, who enlisted in the Navy (R. N. C. V. R.) in the month of February, and by this time are probably on board some warship. The boys are:—Austin H., Alfred J. and Gordon B., son of Mr. James Smith, who resides in Avebury, Sask., and is reeve of R. M. No. 465. What should make this item of more than passing interest to some of our Clarendon readers, is the fact that the gentleman referred to was formerly a resident of Starks Corners neighborhood, who removed from there to Michigan in 1884, and subsequently went to Saskatchewan. He was a son of the late Robert Smith, one time implement agent, who will be remembered by elder residents of the Front, some of whom, it is learned are relatives, of the Smith (or Smyth) family.

### Births

At Clarendon, on Thursday, March 15th, to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hodgins, a daughter.

Rain fell here for the first time this winter on Wednesday afternoon last.

Auctioneer Turner has a sale of stock, implements, etc., listed for March 28, at the Noble Armstrong Farm. See posters for full information.

Amateurs: Now is the time to bring in your choice negatives and have enlargements made from them. H. IMISON, Photo Artist.

Mr. J. L. Shaw, who has been confined to the house during most of the winter, is considerably improved.

MEMORIAL SERVICE—A memorial service to the late Pte Loren P. Hodgins will be held at St. Paul's Church on Sunday morning next—March 25th, at 10.30.

A recent letter to his father from Pte Clifton Woodley, who has been a prisoner in Germany since last June, stated that conditions under which the prisoners were living had improved somewhat.

Your family have been pleading with you for years. Why not have that family group made to-day? H. IMISON, Photo Artist.

Pte Henry Howard—the first of our invalided soldier boys to reach home—arrived here on Saturday evening, and was met at the station by a committee from the council, and a number of other friends, including the members of his family. As he emerged from the railway coach he was seized by two stalwart citizens and carried to the sleigh containing the family, and was then driven home, the crowd meanwhile giving vent to lusty cheers.

Just before the conveyance was driven off, however, Coun. Shore made a short address of welcome, and presented Pte. Howard with a cheque for \$25.00 on behalf of the council, intimating that all returning soldiers belonging to the town would be similarly treated.

Shortly after reaching the front Henry suffered the misfortune of having one leg badly fractured through an accident which incapacitated him from further service. After spending a long season in hospital he was released from duty, which enabled him to return home.

### County Council Notes.

The County Council at the first session of the year, held on Wednesday last, put through business of more than ordinary importance. One item which should meet with general approval was the granting of \$5,000.00 for Patriotic and Red Cross purposes. Pontiac, comparatively, like a good many other rural municipalities in Quebec—has thus far done very little to aid Patriotic work; and as the need is daily becoming more pressing, and the tax on the resources of the Association is momentarily increasing, it is gratifying to see any move that has in it the object of assisting to bear the country's common burden.

Another matter of importance dealt with was the local prohibition question. In order to give effect to the desire to cut out the traffic in the county, two by-laws had to be passed through council—one to rescind that on which the electors voted last year (No. 52) and which was annulled by the courts, and another to bring in to force on the first day of May next the prohibitory clauses of the Canada Temperance Act. It is rumored that the validity of this by-law will again be attacked by those who are opposed to "a Dry Pontiac." Both by-laws will be found in this issue.

## HENRY'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL

Ottawa, Ont.

Our instruction being individual you may start at any time. We are HEADQUARTERS for Short-hand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Spelling, English, Correspondence, Punctuation, Paragraphing, Transcription, and Office Work.

Since January, 1913, more than 265 students from other local colleges have joined our classes.

Students are assisted to positions. More than 115 were placed during the past year—most of them in the Government. Send for circular.

D. E. HENRY, PRESIDENT.  
 Cor. Bank and Sparks Sts.

## Milk Drawing Tenders.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for drawing milk to the Lily Cheese Factors for season 1917, on the following routes:

Lewis Hodgins' and Ed. Dagg's, same as 1915.  
 Clifford Workman's and McKee's, same as 1914.

McLarnon's same as 1916, and Drapers to include the front road.

Tenders to state price per cwt.; also price per trip; to be marked "tender" and in the hands of the Secretary not later than April 9th.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Directors will meet 7 p. m., April 10th.  
 E. T. HODGINS,  
 Secretary.

### Personal

Miss M. Prendergast, who arrived Saturday from visiting her sister at Gloversville, N. Y., is indisposed from a bad cold.

Mr. Armen Hodgins left for the West Tuesday morning. It is expected that Mrs. Hodgins and children will follow later on.

Rev. Mr. Wm and Mrs. Hamilton and children, of Hillsdale, Pa., who had been visiting their relatives in Clarendon for some weeks, left for home last Wednesday.

Dr. Armstrong arrived Saturday evening from Montreal to visit his family, who with many other town-folk have been victims of the measles epidemic.

### Prevention of Coal Shortage

This winter we have had a coal famine and that suffering has accompanied the shortage of this necessity is undeniable. The average citizen has a notoriously short memory, but now is the time to impress upon him that, in many cases, the suffering was due to lack of foresight. In Canada many people buy in small quantities—often only one ton. If, for any cause, there is a shortage of coal, improvident householders demand that the coal dealers do the impossible, namely, that they supply fuel that is unobtainable. Whereas, had they purchased their coal in the summer or autumn, there would be ample supplies available.

While some large consumers, such as manufacturers, cannot store a six months' supply, most householders can, with their present bins or with enlarged bins, store coal to meet their requirements till March or April.

In recent years, we have had two coal famines, first in 1901-02, the year of the coal miners' strike, and second, this year, when the severity of the weather and the extraordinary prosperity in the United States caused an unprecedented congestion of freight. A survey of conditions in the United States demonstrates that in the future there will be more coal famines than in the past and that they will occur at shorter intervals. For this there is only one remedy: Buy your coal in the Summer. If you have not sufficient storage, enlarge your coal bin.

## "Canada's Best"

GOWLING Business College  
 OTTAWA, ONT.

Has proved itself to be Canada's Best Business, Shorthand and Civil Service School by taking the SIX highest places in open competition with all business and shorthand schools in Canada on the Civil Service Examinations of May last.

Write for catalogue and copy of Gowling's Advocate.

W. E. GOWLING, H. C. W. BRAITHWAIT,  
 President. Principal

FORD FOR SALE—On account of going away, I offer for sale my Ford Car, in good running shape. HERBERT DEAN, R. R. No. 2, Shawville.

WANTED—A young Protestant girl to assist with household duties, in a thoroughly modern home. Experience unnecessary, but character references essential. Address Mrs. CHARLES FORTH, 195 Carlisle Ave., Ottawa.

A big element of uncertainty is removed when you have a photograph made by H. IMISON, Photo Artist.

FOR SALE—A quantity of good, sound Green Mountain Potatoes, suitable for seed, \$2.25 per 80 lb. bag. HAROLD H. HODGINS, Westview Farm, R. R. No. 2.

ROOSTERS FOR SALE—Five Plymouth Rock (pure-bred) Roosters for sale at \$2.25 each. Apply to PETER THOMPSON, R. M. D. No. 3, Shawville.

WANTED—A steady, reliable man, with good knowledge of book-keeping. Apply in writing, SHAWVILLE MOTOR CO.

FOR SALE—A Chest of Carpenter's Tools, complete, and in good order. Will be sold reasonable. Apply to Mrs. R. G. LITTLE, Shawville.

FOR SALE—One frame house, summer kitchen, and woodshed combined on Patterson St., Campbells Bay, close to station—on easy terms. For further particulars apply to JAMES ROONEY, Campbells Bay.

FOR SALE—Two comfortable dwelling houses, situated on King St., on easy terms. For information apply to THE EQUITY.

CONCRETE CULVERTS, PIPES AND CURBINGS for wells sold at Works Contracts made with Municipalities to manufacture Pipes in their own localities. H. T. McDOWELL & SON, Shawville Que.

You undoubtedly have a few new pictures you would like framed. Call and see samples. Picture framing a specialty. H. IMISON.

### Deaths

At Brantford Hospital, on March 12th, of typhoid pneumonia, Miss Mable Chapman, beloved daughter of Mrs. R. Chapman, of Murrells, at the age of 23 years, after an illness of three weeks. Her remains were brought to Shawville Wednesday night by train and thence conveyed to her late home. From there the funeral took place to Lower Litchfield cemetery. Service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Robertson. The deceased leaves to mourn her loss her mother, three sisters and two brothers. Her two sister Lill and Pearl, accompanied the remains of their sister from Brantford, where they had been working in the woolen mills. Two wreaths accompanied the remains—one from her class in Sunday School, and one from her church which she attended.—COM.

Mr. Denis Murphy, one of the most prominent and highly respected citizens of Ottawa, passed away last week, deeply regretted by all who knew him.

## W. A. HODGINS

SHAWVILLE

# SILKS

for Spring Dresses

See our new 36 inch Silks in all the popular shades

at \$1.00 and \$1.35 per yd.

Considering the extremely high prices of all Wool and Cotton Fabrics Silks are now the most economical Dress Materials you can buy.

## New Crepe Voiles

Shades Grey, Copen, Navy and Black

Real Dainty Material for Dainty Dresses.

It seems like foraging the season, but we are told that goods of this kind will be extremely scarce later on, hence we advise your selection at once.

## W. A. HODGINS

SEEDS will be our next ad.

# FIVE ROSES FLOUR

for Breads-Cakes  
Puddings-Pastries



THRIVING children prefer the bread you make with Five Roses Flour. It is stored with the flavor, vitality and easily-digested nourishment of prime Manitoba wheat.

Nutritious : Wholesome  
Keeps Well

## THROUGH THE DARK SHADOWS

Or The Sunlight of Love

### CHAPTER XXIII.—(Cont'd)

Suddenly she determined to seek Lord Barminster, and had risen to do so, when she heard not only the voices of Adrien and Vermont, but another also, a strange one, talking not loudly but very sternly. Hardly knowing what to do, she was about to return to the terrace to ascertain what was happening, when fortunately her uncle approached with Mortimer Shelton. She went quickly to meet them, and told them her fears.

Much surprised, both Lord Barminster and Mr. Shelton accompanied her; and they found the voices were issuing from one of the small ante-rooms adjoining the terrace. Within this room, which was far removed from where the dancing was going on, they discovered Adrien Leroy, unmasked, and very pale, staring at a blue paper which had evidently been given to him by the man standing at his side—an inspector of Police.

"What is the matter, Adrien?" asked his father; and seeing that Jasper Vermont was also present, he turned his eyes to him inquiringly. But Jasper seemed wishful to avoid his glance, and only shook his head.

Adrien handed back the blue paper, still without speaking, then turned, as if to address his father, who was looking sternly from one troubled face to the other, while behind him stood Lady Constance and Mortimer Shelton. But before anyone could utter a word, the inspector came forward, and addressing Lord Barminster, said quietly:

"Sorry, my lord, to have to do this at such a time, but I am here in the performance of my duty. I should be glad if we could go to a more private room, where I could explain to your lordship without your guests being informed of the matter."

Lord Barminster was about to sharply retort when Shelton, who seemed to realise the seriousness of the affair, touched him lightly on the arm.

"I think, sir," he said earnestly, "it would be as well to hear what this man has to say—quietly, as he suggests."

Lord Barminster controlled his feelings, recognising the good sense of the suggestion, and turning coldly to the inspector, said:

"Perhaps it would be best, Inspector. Kindly come this way."

At the end of a small passage outside the ante-room, which at one time had been used as a study, and was noted for its impenetrability as to sound. Here they entered; and Lord Barminster, asking all to be seated, bade the inspector proceed with such explanations as he had to offer.

"My lord," he said respectfully, "the explanation is a very simple one, and in deference to your lordship, to make it as private as possible, I have left my men outside the castle. I, unfortunately, hold a warrant for the arrest of Mr. Adrien Leroy on a charge of forgery."

An exclamation of horror burst from all, except Adrien and Jasper; but the speaker continued:

"In performance of my duty, I arrest him, in the King's name." He touched Adrien lightly on the arm as he spoke.

Lord Barminster drew a long breath, but still hoping against his better judgment that the affair was what its originators considered, a practical joke, he restrained all appearance of anger.

"Come," he said, "this may be an excellent jest; but whoever is responsible for it must surely realise that it has gone far enough."

"This is no jest, sir," said Adrien, and he looked at Mortimer Shelton, who sat, white and bewildered, opposite to him.

"I am arrested on a charge of forging Shelton's signature to a bill for ten thousand pounds."

"Good Heavens!" exclaimed his friend, starting up in horror. "But it is impossible that they should think you—"

"Shelton," continued Adrien steadily, "has written a letter saying that the signature is a forgery."

"I wrote last week, not knowing; but, of course—he laughed scornfully—"it is all a mistake, which can soon be rectified. The idea of coming to you for such a thing! I hope you don't believe, my dear Adrien, that I had any hand in this monstrous accusation?"

"Of course, I know that," replied his friend, holding out his hand. "But the writing has a distinct resemblance to mine, I admit; and two witnesses are ready to prove, so the inspector tells me, that they saw me enter the office of a certain—'Harkers,' I think it is where the bill was signed, and also that my motor was standing at the door. While a third witness, a clerk at the office, has filed an affidavit that he actually saw me writing on the bill, there. All this, father—turning once more to the old man—"passes a jest."

"Yes, indeed," replied Lord Barminster sarcastically; "for a Leroy, who can command a hundred thousand pounds by a stroke of his pen, to forge a bill for ten thousand pounds is not a jest, but simple madness. The charge is some insolent conspiracy."

Almost unconsciously, he fixed his glance on Jasper Vermont, who, during the whole time, had sat motionless and silent. It seemed as if he guessed, intuitively, that that smooth individual was at the bottom of it all. Then he turned his grey eyes to Adrien's calm face, and from his to the white one of Lady Constance, whose eyes were flashing with anger at the mere idea of anyone doubting Adrien's honor.

There was a moment's silence, broken by Shelton, who rose and grasped his friend's hand.

"Adrien," he said, in a voice charged with emotion, "Adrien, I can bear this no longer. Give this foul accusation the lie. I know, my dear fellow, as surely as I know that I did not write it myself, that you had nothing to do with the accursed signature. But, for Heaven's sake, tell the others so too."

Adrien returned the friendly clasp with a smile that lit up his whole face; then looking round, he said quietly:

"I did not write it; I know nothing of it."

Lord Barminster rose from his seat at the sound of his son's voice, and put his hand on Adrien's shoulder; then, as if half ashamed of his pardonable emotion, he turned to the inspector.

"You hear, sir, Mr. Leroy knows nothing of the matter."

"That, my lord," returned the inspector respectfully, "would not justify me in leaving her without him; I fear he must accompany me; my instructions under the warrant are too strict. Mere denial is, of course, a common matter, and a usual one—begging your pardon, my lord—for the old man had started indignantly."

"I should suggest, my lord," continued the inspector hurriedly, "that an alibi would be of the most service. I do not say for one moment that Mr. Leroy did commit the forgery; but, of course, he will be able to prove

# The Housewife's Corner

## Cooking Potatoes.

Now that potatoes are high and the price still soaring, it is important to many families that they be cooked in the most economical manner possible. Paring and cooking is the most wasteful method, and added to this some cooks soak the potatoes in water after they are pared. Starting to cook them in cold water also adds to the amount of waste.

Twice as much untrifling matter is lost if paring is done before boiling as there is if it is done after boiling, not figuring the waste in cutting away the potato. The juices of the potato contain 85 p.c. of the protein and 85 per cent. of the ash, and these substances are easily extracted when the protection of the skin has been removed.

A pared potato soaked from three to five hours loses about three times as much of its mineral matter and seven times as much of its protein as one that is pared and immediately cooked.

In the most wasteful method of cooking, paring, soaking and starting to cook in cold water, the loss of protein is 51 per cent. and 89 per cent. of ash. When cooked with the skins on potatoes not soaked and dropped into boiling water lose only 1.6 per cent. of protein and only 4.9 per cent. of ash.

Baking and steaming are the most economical methods of cooking potatoes when fuel is considered. Potatoes cannot be baked well in a slow oven.

## each curtain dry thoroughly before hanging it.

To keep the ironing-board in good condition, cover the board, before putting it away, with a gingham bag drawn up and tied with tapes. Then when ironing day comes you will have a clean board.

Sometimes when the house becomes cold and it seems impossible to heat the rooms, the trouble comes because the air is dead. Throw open doors and windows for a few minutes; then you will find that the rooms heat readily.

I have found it a very good thing to have a mitten made of good stout ticking (with a ring to hang it up by) to slip on the hand when putting wood in the stove or handling hot dishes. It is easily made and easily laundered.

Never put away the clean clothes without examining every piece to see if it is in any way out of order. All garments, and stockings especially, should be mended neatly. Be sure to replace every missing button. The life of many an article has been lessened by half for lack of a button.

## Two Good Puddings.

**Cottage Pudding With Orange Cream.**—Break an egg into a measuring cup, fill three-quarters full of sweet cream, beat well. Add three-fourth cup sugar, one and one-fourth cup flour, sifted with one and one-fourth teaspoonful baking powder, pinch of salt and one tablespoonful vanilla. Bake in a moderate oven. Sauce: Mix three tablespoonfuls flour with one cup sugar, add one cup boiling water and cook until thick. Remove from the fire and add one-fourth cup butter, juice and grated rind of one large orange, and a pinch of grated nutmeg. This pudding and sauce will serve six.

**Steamed Poor Man's Pudding.**—Take two cupfuls of Graham flour, half a cupful of white flour, one cupful of molasses, three tablespoonfuls of melted shortening, three tablespoonfuls of brown sugar, one teaspoonful of grated nutmeg, half a teaspoonful of ground cinnamon, and one cupful of thick, sour milk in which has been dissolved one teaspoonful of baking soda. Beat the batter vigorously, add one cupful of stoned and chopped dates, and turn into a well greased pudding mould. Steam for two hours and a half and then set the steamer in a hot oven for about fifteen minutes. Serve unmoulded, accompanied by a stirred, hard sauce.

## From a Farm Wife's Experiences.

Label children's hats and wraps with the name and address, so if lost they may be easily restored.

If you wash new stockings before they are worn they will last much longer, for the threads shrink and become tight.

To insure good lights, change your wicks often, as they soon become clogged and do not permit free passage of oil.

Never put cold water in a granite kettle that has been dry on the stove, for it will injure it and cause it to crack and scale off.

To renew oil window-shades, give them a coat of paint the color of the shades. Use tube oil paint and let

## Three Fish Dishes.

**Mexican Codfish.**—One small onion chopped fine, three tablespoons butter, two tablespoons flour, one-half finely chopped green pepper, one cupful stewed and strained tomatoes, one-half pound codfish. Freshen the codfish in cold water, then parboil. When partly done drain the water and flake. Melt the butter in a saucepan, add the finely chopped onion and cook it until a delicate brown, then stir in the flour until smooth, then the green pepper and stew the strained tomato. Cook for five minutes, then add the flaked codfish and cook slowly for ten minutes. Serve hot, garnished with triangles of fried bread.

**Baked Cod With Oysters.**—Boned cod, one cupful of oysters, one and one-half cupfuls of breadcrumbs, two teaspoonfuls of butter, one-quarter teaspoonful of pepper, one egg, one-half chopped onion, sliced pork. Carefully remove the bones from the cod so that the fish can be stuffed easily. Put the bones of the fish to boil in two cupfuls of water while preparing this dish. Mix the oysters, breadcrumbs, pepper, onion, butter and egg and parsley, and stuff the fish with this dressing. Place a few slices of pork in the bottom of the baking dish, then lay in the fish and pour the liquor from the bones of the cod over all. Place a few slices of pork on top and then bake for about one hour in a moderate oven, basting occasionally with butter or some of the fish liquor. Serve hot.

**Broiled Halibut.**—Slice the fish and season with salt and pepper, then

where he was on the twenty-second of last month, at three o'clock."

Shelton's face brightened. He wheeled round on his friend.

"Adrien," he exclaimed, "tell us where you were on that day; not to satisfy me, you know that, but to get this folly over."

Leroy gazed sadly at him, but remained silent; and Shelton grew hotter, and then white with irritation, at this inexplicable silence.

"Think, my dear Adrien," he said in a quick, impatient voice. "Were you at the Club, or your chambers, or Park Lane—where were you? Come, you can't have forgotten."

He stamped his foot in his impatience; for although he would have laughed to scorn any assertion of his friend's guilt, it annoyed him that a shadow should remain on Adrien's name for a single instant, and especially when a few words from Leroy himself would end the matter.

But Adrien made no indignant protest, such as might have been expected.

"No," he said at length, "I have not forgotten where I spent the day of the twenty-second."

"Then, for Heaven's sake, man, speak out," exclaimed Shelton in excitement.

"I cannot," answered Adrien with a sigh. "I gave my word to keep secret certain events that happened on that day. They took place far away from the city, but I cannot reveal where. Those who say they saw me in London are lying, and I could easily disprove their statements; but you would not have me break my word?"

There was an awful silence, as he finished speaking. Not one present but realised the gravity of the situation, and the futility of putting further questions.

At this point the inspector turned to Lord Barminster.

"My Lord," he said almost gently, "I'm afraid I must ask Mr. Leroy to come back with me—and at once; but for the sake of all here, it can be arranged so that your guests shall remain ignorant. There are not many hours before the morning now"—this was indeed true, for time waits for no man, be it spent in pleasure or in crime—"I would suggest that Mr. Leroy and myself return to London; and if he will give me his word of honor not to attempt any escape, I will dismiss my men, who were sent down with me altogether against my will."

"Certainly, you may rely on my not offering any resistance," was Leroy's reply, with a faint smile at the idea called up by the inspector's words. "I should like to change my things to something more suitable." He glanced down at the velvet and lace of his King Charles costume; all this seemed like a dream from which he must awake to find himself back in the ball-room.

"Certainly, sir," agreed the inspector, who seemed honestly reluctant to make the business any more unpleasant than necessary.

"I will come with you," put in Lord Barminster suddenly.

"I, also," said Mortimer Shelton. "I will come up with you, and change into something more fitted for the journey."

(To be continued).

Then shall the King say unto them on his right hand.....

"I was an hungered, and ye gave me meat; I was thirsty, and ye gave me drink..... naked, and ye clothed me....."

Then shall they answer him, saying—  
"Lord, when saw we thee an hungered, and fed thee? or thirsty, and gave thee drink? ....or naked, and clothed thee?"

And the King shall answer.....  
"Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my-brethren, ye have done it unto me".

Overseas, in ravaged Belgium, more than 3,000,000 of "the least of these" are hungry, thirsty, thinly clad—looking to us! Have you done what you could for any of them?

Whatever you can give, send your subscription weekly, monthly or in one lump sum to Local or Provincial Committees or

SEND CHEQUES PAYABLE TO TREASURER

## Belgian Relief Fund

59 St. Peter Street, Montreal

The Greatest Relief Work in History.

When you think of

# Cleaning and Dyeing

Think of PARKER'S

Let us restore to seeming newness your Lace Curtains, Carpets, Blankets and other household and personal effects. The Parker process is thorough; the charge is very moderate, and we pay carriage one way.

Send for our Catalogue on Cleaning and Dyeing.

## PARKER'S DYE WORKS LIMITED

791 Yonge Street - Toronto

# AN IDEAL TONIC

When your head is dull and heavy, your tongue furred, and you feel done-up and good for nothing, without knowing what is really the matter with you, probably all that is needed to restore you to health and vigour is a few doses of a reliable digestive tonic and stomachic remedy such as Mother Seigel's Syrup. Take it after each meal for a few days and note how beneficial is its action upon the stomach, liver and bowels—how it restores tone and healthy activity to these important organs, and by so doing enables you to gain new stores of vigour, vitality and health!

FOR THE  
STOMACH AND LIVER

## MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

The new 1.00 size contains three times as much as the trial size sold at 50c per bottle.

### The Peerless Perfection Fence

Divides your stock and they stay where you put them. The fence that serves you for life-time. Can't rust, sag or break down. Stands any weather. Each joint securely held with the Peerless lock, all parts heavily galvanized, the strongest, most serviceable farm fence made and fully guaranteed.

SEND FOR CATALOG of all kinds of fencing for farms, ranches, parks, cemeteries, lawns, poultry yards, ornamental fencing and gates. See the Peerless line at your local dealers. Agents wanted in open territory.

THE BANWELL-HOXIE WIRE FENCE COMPANY, Ltd.  
Winnipeg, Manitoba Hamilton, Ontario

place the fish in a dish of melted butter for about half an hour. Then remove, dust well (allowing three tablespoonfuls of flour and broil for about twelve minutes. Serve hot, garnished with them remain in the butter for about lemon slices.

# PEDLAR'S GEORGE'S SHINGLES

Everywhere facts prove the menace of lightning. Once you realize that the danger of lightning lies in its concentrated action on a single spot in your roof, you will appreciate the safety and protection of a Pedlarized roof. Pedlar's "George" Shingles lock together on all four sides, forming a single sheet of metal from eave to ridge. Lightning cannot concentrate on any single spot, for Pedlar Shingles spread it over the whole surface of your roof. When properly grounded, a Pedlarized roof is practically indestructible. This summer know the saving and peace of mind of a safe, steel roof by Pedlarizing now with "George" Shingles. Write for the "Right Roof" Booklet W W

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE, LIMITED  
(Established 1861)  
Executive Office and Factories:  
Oshawa, Ont.  
Branches: Montreal, Ottawa,  
Toronto, London,  
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The Lock that Holds

# Redpath SUGAR

has sweetened half a century with the same crystal purity that makes it the favorite to-day. Buy it in original packages and be sure of the genuine.

"Let Redpath Sweeten it."

2 and 5 lb. Cartons—  
10, 20, 50 and 100 lb. Bags.

Made in one grade only—the highest!

**Open up a Health Account** by eating foods that make you fit for the day's work without overtaxing the stomach, kidneys or liver. The continued eating of indigestible foods with large percentage of waste means diseased livers and poisoned intestines. Keep your stomach sweet and clean and your bowels healthy and active by eating **Shredded Wheat Biscuit**. It is easily digested. It contains all the material needed for the nourishment of the human body. Open a health account for you to draw upon. For breakfast or any meal with milk or cream. Made in Canada.

## MANY FRENCH ARE HELD IN BONDAGE

BARBAROUS CRUELTY AND IMPRISONMENT OF CHILDREN.

People in Territory Occupied by the Germans Are Treated Like Slaves.

Little by little the world is beginning to realize the sense in which Germany understands and uses such phrases as "humane treatment" and "humanitarian objects."

It should, therefore, be a matter of little surprise to us to learn from the lips of those who have just escaped from a two years' thralldom, the bitterer because it has had to be endured in their own homes, that probably nothing can exceed the tyranny even now being exercised over the unfortunate inhabitants of Belgium and Northern France by the German invader, whose "desire to stem the flood of blood and to bring the horrors of war to an end" has recently been announced to an incredulous world.

Some eighteen months ago evidence was collected from some of these poor exiles on their return to France, and their stories of suffering and misery belong to the category of tragedies that "lie too deep for tears." Now, for the past few weeks, another sad procession of some 20,000 refugees from Northern France has been wending its way back "home" in a series of convoys at the rate of about 1,000 persons a day. Once more the warm-hearted and hospitable people of Switzerland have given them of their best; they have housed, fed, and clothed them, and sent them on their way rejoicing.

**Terrible Conditions.** Once more neutral ears have been pained to listen to grim narratives of harsh treatment and starvation and worse, which appear to be inseparable from German domination in time of war. Some of these stories are told by an English correspondent as follows:

It matters little from which Province of invaded France the refugees are being repatriated, their condition is practically the same—broken in body and mind, but unconquerable in spirit. Some convoys say that they have not tasted meat for two years, others have had it in small quantities as lately as fifteen months ago; the most fortunate of all tell us that meat rations came to an end a fortnight before their departure. All food is at famine prices; candles cost 12 francs for a packet of eight; petrol is prohibitive. Yet, in spite of all this physical impoverishment, forced labor is the rule in town and village alike;

**Foods Are Increasing In Price** But you can still buy **Grape-Nuts** at the same price.

This staple cereal in its air-tight, wax-protected package will keep indefinitely, yet is ready to eat at a moment's notice.

Grape-Nuts is full of compact nourishment with a delightful wheat and barley flavor.

The Most Economical of Prepared Cereals

the old men and women up to any age, and children as young as 13, are compelled to work in factories and fields, their wages varying from two to three francs a day, out of which they have to pay for their food about 50 per cent. of their total takings.

### Driven Like Slaves.

To this rule there is no exception; one person in every household is allowed to stop at home to perform domestic duties, which include the washing of the German soldiers' dirty linen.

The discipline imposed scarcely differs from slave-driving in its palmiest days. At harvest-time work is obligatory all the week round, Sundays and feast days included; no one may stop work to go to mass. Two girls who went to church one Sunday morning were in prison the same afternoon; a child of 14 in the same village got four days' imprisonment for not doing a full day's work; a woman who gave an apple to a Belgian prisoner was condemned to 10 days' imprisonment; another woman's sentence was 42 days with hard labor for straying 20 yards beyond the boundary limit, and yet another, aged 77, received a fortnight's cells for going to see her sick daughter, who lived a short distance out of bounds. These are but a very few cases, typical of hundreds, which illustrate the bitter complaints against the behavior of the German troops and officials in occupation of French territory.

## AN INVITATION TO SICKNESS

Impure Blood Means a Break-Down in Your Health.

Impure blood is an invitation to sickness. The blood is at work day and night to maintain the health, and any lack of strength or purity in the blood is a weakness in the defense against disease. Anemia is the doctor's name for lack of blood. There may be an actual loss in the quantity of the blood, or one or more of its constituents may be lacking. Its surest symptom is pallor. Anemia is particularly common in young girls. It is not, however, confined to them alone, for it is this same lack of blood that prevents full recovery after la grippe, fevers, malaria and operations. It is also present in old age and in persons who have been under unusual mental or physical strain. If you are suffering from this trouble take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They make pure, new blood with every dose and this new blood means health and strength. Thousands have proved the truth of these statements, among them Mrs. John Hyatt, Metiskow, Alta., who says:—"About a year ago I was in a badly run down condition, my blood was watery, I was very nervous, slept badly at night; suffered from frequent headaches and found my housework an almost intolerable burden, my appetite was poor, and I did not seem to assimilate the food I took, altogether my condition seemed serious. As there was no doctor in our neighborhood I decided to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial, and I have much cause to be thankful that I did so, as in a few weeks I could feel a great change for the better. I continued the use of the pills for some time longer, and found a complete cure. I feel better than I have for years and can therefore cheerfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all who are weak and run down."

You can get these pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### BRITAIN'S WAR BREAD.

Tests Show That New Loaf Is Much More Nourishing.

Extensive experiments have preceded the settlement of the regulation for the future dilution of flour in England.

The new loaf must either contain at least 5 per cent. of the wheat "offals," or else there must be added to it at least 5 per cent., and it may be 10 per cent., of another substance, milled from rice, barley, maize or oats.

When the order comes into force on March 12 the browner loaves will be all wheat, while the whiter ones will contain from 5 to 10 per cent. of other cereals.

After counsel with expert advisers, the Food Controller, to decide the practicability of the scheme, had exhaustive tests carried out by a well-known firm of millers; and he has personally examined and tasted all bread made from the different varieties of the new flour. It was put to the proof still further. One of the largest army commands in the country was provided for a series of days with the new bread, and a leading London catering house also supplied it to numerous customers. The general verdict was that the bread was excellent, and that its dietetic value was higher than that of pre-war days.

In the official view the order may be said to have accomplished the desired objectives, namely, a wider area of selection for breadstuffs, with a consequent diminution of wheat; and a corresponding release of shipping tonnage. Also a more nutritious loaf is produced.

## CHILDHOOD AILMENTS

The ills of childhood come swiftly and too often before a doctor can be called in or medicine obtained the little one is beyond aid. The wise mother will always safeguard her little one by keeping Baby's Own Tablets in the home. This medicine always does good—it can never do harm. Concerning it Mrs. Napoleon Lambert, St. Ignace, Que., writes:—"Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent medicine for childhood ailments and I am well pleased with their use." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### CHILDREN AT WAR FRONT.

They Are Apparently Care-free Amid Danger and Carnage.

One wonders if Canadian school-children have any conception of the lot of French boys and girls in the towns and villages along the battle-front, writes a Canadian soldier. Poor youngsters, in some places they and their parents have been obliged to live in the cellars of places under shell-fire. At one Belgian village Canadian ladies assisted in the care of such cellar waifs. Nowadays, though villages in close proximity to the lines have been denuded of their inhabitants, civilians still dwell in towns which the Hun does not scruple to bombard on occasion.

French boys and girls, during the past two and a half years of war, have grown accustomed to the rumble of cannon, and the crash of shells. The sight of ruined buildings in their native villages is a commonplace. At some towns along the Canadian front children after school hours take long walks into the fields, and on more than one occasion have had to be shooed away from the gun-pits. Forsooth, the guns were going into action! What memories of the war will not these war zone kiddies have, living right on the edge of it—practically at the front with the troops!

And yet, for all their acquaintance with war's dread realities, and the daily chances of being "blotted" by a shell, these youngsters are just care-free children after all, like boys and girls of their own age in Canada. I saw some of them, just out from school, singing at the tops of their voices, saw others feasting their eyes on the toy horses, trumpets, drums and other attractions which hung in festoons in the quaint market square booths, presided over by Frenchwomen in hoods of black knitted wool.

It was some two hundred urchins just like these that Senator Mason of Toronto, visiting the front on Red Cross duty, helped to delight on Christmas Day, when he and other Canadian officers presented gifts from a tree. The joy of those children under that shell-smitten roof within loud sound of the guns is an experience the Canadian donors will never forget.

### BECAUSE AND BECAUSE.

Give the Boys and Girls Accurate Answers to Their Inquiries.

It may seem to you an easy way out of a tight place when the little chaps at your house ask you hard questions, to answer: "Because." But really, it is hardly fair to them or to you. They want to know, and "because" sheds no light on the question. The little folks are hungry for the truth, so take the trouble to tell them the truth. If you don't know, say so, but make it your business to find out and let them know as soon as possible.

Boys and girls pass on to their little neighbors what father and mother tell them. Be sure you are right before you give them any information. The little fellows are just now storing up things for the days to come, and need every bit of help they can get; don't turn them off with a feeble "because." Give them something worth while, something which will make them better and more intelligent.

It does you good to think and study until you can answer the thousand-and-one questions your boys and girls ask you, so have the patience and the goodness of heart to make good and accurate answers to every inquiry.

### LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS

How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain.

Let folks step on a size feller hereafter; wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding tissue. A small bottle of freezone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's foot.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezone for you from his wholesale drug house.

### MAKING BIG CHAINS.

Method is the Same as That Used in Olden Times.

In this day of machine manufacture it will perhaps surprise some to learn that the making of big chains is largely, if not entirely, confined to methods dependent on hand labor, says the Scientific American. There are probably no big chains being made by the use of machinery. There are various appliances employed, but these are hand operated or personally controlled. This situation appears to be due to two things. First, as the proverbial expression has it, "a chain is no stronger than the weakest of its links." A handmade chain is naturally made link by link. If the workmen are not only careful, but conscientious as to details, there is a considerable opportunity for attention equivalent to continuous inspection. The making of big chains is largely an old-time blacksmith's job.

## Took Friend's Advice And Got Results

How M. C. Lindos Found a Cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

One of the Reasons Why Dodd's Kidney Pills Have Had a Phenomenal Growth of Popularity in the West.

The growth of popularity of Dodd's Kidney Pills in this section of the Great West has been phenomenal. They cure kidney disease. That much has been proved again and again. One of the latest proofs comes from M. C. Lindos, well known and highly respected here.

"Thanking Dodd's Kidney Pills seems a small way of expressing my gratitude," M. C. Lindos states. "I suffered from headaches and dizziness and was unable to find anything that would do me any good. I tried several medicines that were advertised to cure my trouble, but they did not. Dodd's Kidney Pills were recommended to me by a friend and I sent for a box and gave them a trial. The result is that I am feeling fine now. I shall always keep a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills handy."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cured M. C. Lindos because the trouble came from the kidneys. Lumbago, rheumatism, dropsy, heart disease, diabetes and Bright's Disease are other troubles that come from sick kidneys. To cure them cure the kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills.

### Just Boys.

The trait in a mother that all boys most admire is that which prompts her to proceed with the packing of a lunch basket for a picnic, although anyone can see that the clouds are gathering for a storm. There is one complaint that the neighbors of a family of boys never make, and that is that there is nothing going on in their neighborhood. A boy likes best the game that involves the most hard work, and the work that requires the least exertion. During a boy's career he encounters almost everything in the way of ailments except insomnia. There is not much hope for the boy who pleases his mother to the extent of keeping a pair of white stockings clean all day. If a boy had half the pride in the baby that his mother feels, he would shut it in the barn and charge three pins for admission.

## Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by **Murine Eye Remedy**. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. **Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Freckle Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago**

He Did It. The class in history had been called and the teacher asked her young pupils how many wars England had fought with Spain.

"Six," one little boy promptly replied. "Six!" repeated the teacher "Enumerate them, please." "One, two, three, four, five, six," said the little boy with cheerful confidence.

### Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

A Matter of Fractions. "If I cut a beefsteak in two," asked the teacher, "then cut the halves in two, what do I get?" "Quarters," returned the boy. "Good. And then again?" "Eighths." "Correct. Again?" "Sixteenths." "Exactly. And what then?" "Thirty-seconds." "And once more?" "Hamburg!" cried the boy impatiently.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Largest Watch. Built for advertising purposes, the largest watch in the world is seventeen inches in diameter and weighs 115 pounds, while the smallest is only seven-tenths of an inch across and weighs less than an eighth of a troy ounce.

The Edmonton Library Board spent \$272.89 on books during February. ED. 7. ISSUE 11-17.



**MAGIC BAKING POWDER** CONTAINS NO ALUM. The only well known medium priced baking powder made in Canada that does not contain alum and which has all its ingredients plainly stated on the label. E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

Measures Fatigue. The French inventor of a machine to measure fatigue says that 95 per cent. of corpulent persons are so because they have given in when they felt tired, and that it is practically impossible to tire out a fat person in good health.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff. Real Carefulness. "What is your idea of a careful automobile driver?" "One that not only avoids accidents that he would be responsible for, but also keeps out of those that wouldn't be his fault if they happened."

We have been using MINARD'S LINIMENT in our home for a number of years and use no other Liniment but MINARD'S, and we can recommend it highly for sprains, bruises, pains or tightness of the chest, soreness of the throat, headache or anything of that sort. We will not be without it one single day, for we get a new bottle before the other is all used. I can recommend it highly to anyone. JOHN WALKFIELD. LaHave Islands, Lunenburg Co., N. S.

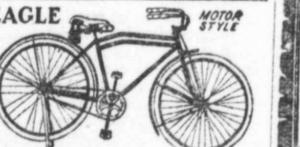
Nora Doesn't Mind. "Nora," began Mrs. Newlived timidly, "I don't suppose—er—that you would object to my getting an alarm clock?" "Not at all, mem," replied the sleepy one, "them clocks never disturb me!"

MONEY ORDERS. SEND A Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

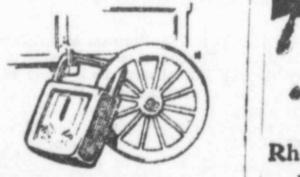
Wanted to be Pious. It was the grammar class, and the teacher had asked for words ending with "ous." "Can anyone," she said, "give me a word like 'dangerous,' meaning full of danger; 'hazardous,' full of hazard?" A boy in the back row put up his hand. "Please, miss," he said, "'pious,' full of pie!"

**PILES** You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? All Druggists and Stores—50c box.

**Zam-Buk**



**EAGLE MOTOR STYLE** Write to-day for our big FREE CATALOGUE showing our full line of Bicycles for Men and Women, Boys and Girls—Tires, Comber Drakes, Wheels, Inner Tubes, Lamps, Bells, Cylometers, Saddles, Equipment and Parts for Bicycles. You can buy your supplies from us at wholesale prices. T. W. BOYD & SON, 27 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal.



Prevent locked wheels and hot boxes by the use of **MICA AXLE GREASE**. Mica forms a smooth coating on the axle spindle—keeps it cool and well lubricated. THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY Limited BRANCHES THROUGHOUT CANADA



**Sloan's Liniment** KILLS PAIN. Shipping Fever. Influenza, Pinkeye, Epistaxis, Diphtheria, and all nose and throat diseases cured, and all others, no matter how "skipped," kept from having any of these diseases with SPOHN'S SLOAN'S SHIP-FEVER COMPOUND. Three to six doses often cure. Best thing for broad mares; acts on the blood. Druggists and harness shops or manufacturers sell it. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Cross Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

A Circle Defined. A pupil in the junior department surprised his teacher recently by describing a circle as "a straight line that is crooked all the way round."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere. FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—GOOD BOARDING HOUSE in Owen Sound. In good repair, good location. Send for special price list. Varsity Cycle Works, 418 Snadina Ave., Toronto.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE. PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB OFFICES for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 78 West Adelaide Street, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS. BICYCLES, NEW AND SECOND HAND. \$12.99 up. Send for special price list. Varsity Cycle Works, 418 Snadina Ave., Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION.

MONEY MAKING STRAIN. Money in the commercial poultry business? Yes! If you have a laying strain. We admit ours to be the greatest Poultry success in Canada. Circular of facts Free. Hatching Eggs 100 per cent. fertility guaranteed. Stock for Sale. BIRCHCLIFFE POLTRY FARM Box F BIRCHCLIFF, ONT.

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed. Mailed free to any address by the Author H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc. 118 West 31st Street, New York.

PATRIOTISM AND PRODUCTION Greater production per acre is urgent whether for peace needs or war necessities. It is a matter of national concern that this year's crops be fertilized to increase yields and maintain fertility. Fertilizers have an important place in farming every year—a double place this year. Prices and demands for farm products have doubled. Fertilize your corn and other spring crops to get larger yields and profits. Let us help you with your soils and crop problems. Write for our free Soil Profit Bulletins. Soil Improvement Committee.

**Sloan's Liniment** Is My Weather Prophet. I can tell stormy weather days off by the twinges in my shoulders and knees. But here's an old friend that soon drives out the pains and aches. Sloan's Liniment is so easy to apply, no rubbing at all, it sinks right in and fixes the pain. Cleaner than musky plasters and ointments. Try it for gout, lumbago, neuralgia, bruises and sprains. At your druggist, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

**Sloan's Liniment** KILLS PAIN.

**SPOHN'S KIDNEY COMPOUND** Shipping Fever. Influenza, Pinkeye, Epistaxis, Diphtheria, and all nose and throat diseases cured, and all others, no matter how "skipped," kept from having any of these diseases with SPOHN'S SLOAN'S SHIP-FEVER COMPOUND. Three to six doses often cure. Best thing for broad mares; acts on the blood. Druggists and harness shops or manufacturers sell it. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Cross Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

## THE EQUITY.

SHAWVILLE, MAR. 22, 1917.

The well fortified city of Bapaume, in Northern France, which has been a main objective point of the British army since the Somme drive began last summer, was captured from the enemy last Saturday, and since then it is reported a large area, embracing a number of villages and small towns, have fallen into the hands of British and French forces.

German subs got three unarmed American ships on Saturday and Sunday—torpedoed without warning, it is reported, and some American lives have been lost. It is thought President Wilson will respond to this outrage by ordering out the American fleet to look after the U-boats. War is not far off, unless all indications go wrong.

Among the sad events of the past week one which grieved many hearts throughout Canada, as well as in the mother land, was the passing of the Duchess of Cornwall, the devoted wife of our late Governor-General, whose death, after a short illness, was due to pneumonia, with a recurrence of the malady which four years ago brought Her Royal Highness very near to death's door.

China, as was foreshadowed some time ago, has severed diplomatic relations with Germany, and following that action promptly seized all German ships lying at anchor in Chinese ports. One by one the neutrals are swinging to the side which affords the brightest prospect of final success, and the indications are that the time is not far distant when the Kaiser will be experiencing if not enjoying that position of "splendid isolation" which is the logical goal of his mad-dog course.

In the short, decisive and eminently successful revolution which burst out in the Czar's domains last week, Germany's band of intriguers at the Russian Court—whose influence with the Czar's ministers has hampered the operations of the army in the field—must have experienced the surprise of their lives. No doubt, sooner or later they expected an uprising of some kind, but they did not anticipate the existing order of things being attacked and overthrown in so summary a fashion. That the Czar should be ordered to get out, that his advisers should be dumped on the scrap heap, and that a new government, created by the people and backed up by the army, should be the record of a few days, was not in the program planned by the emissaries of Prussian Kultur. And yet this is practically what happened. Russia with astounding quickness has burst the shackles of a despotism which for centuries has strangled her energies, and at last breathing the air of freedom, is determined to pursue the fight till the enemies of liberty are crushed.

## BRISTOL

The "Forward Step" meetings are over, so far as gathering might by night is concerned, but we believe the work and the influence is just begun. After three weeks of successful "cottage" prayer meetings in the various elders' districts night after night, the short series of meetings with Rev. R. B. Nelles, Toronto, was carried out completely.

The elders' prayer meetings were well attended, an average of 29 for the three weeks; a wonderful interest was created, and a prepared people ready for a prepared message. These homelike gatherings were informal, prayerful and earnest, where numbers led who had never prayed in public before, and consequently these meetings were very helpful to all. The "Forward Step" series with Mr. Nelles were successful beyond our expectations and the end is not yet—seen or known. The Lord favored us with glorious winter weather and roads, and the people came. The six services averaged 178.

We can safely say, Rev. Mr. Nelles was at his best (though handicapped slightly by a cold) and his messages will never be forgotten. If one should choose the best, it was Thursday—"The Gospel of the Second Mile"—in time, in work, in home (Matt. 5: 41). His final message, though much briefer, rang true—"High Ideals in Christian Service" (Phil. 4: 8), a call for decision, forward steps, and a fitting climax to a splendid series. Tuesday's appeal might be chosen by some as his best—"Come—take my Yoke" (Matt. II: 28, 29). Mr. Nelles' power of illustration was wonderfully used in all his addresses—the tender home touches, appealing to all our hearts. Friday afternoon in his address to the children, he spoke from John 21: 32—"I, if I be lifted up will draw all men unto me"—this was illustrated by the magnet and nails, in a most telling and dramatic manner.

The music was conducted by the

## Horses for Sale

One span dark Browns—mare and horse—good general use team; weight about 2800 lbs. Also mare colt coming 3 years old; good, stout plug.  
ANSON MURPHY,  
Shawville R. R. No. 2.



## SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions. In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside six months each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

minister, Rev. F. W. K. Harris. Special hymn sheets were prepared and new hymns learned and old ones revived. The singing was grand, over half an hour of music. Several duets, quartets, choruses and solos by different members of the choir were splendidly rendered. Thanks to the faithful work of the choir the music was an inspiration and a success. On the hymn sheets, the minister issued his pastoral letter explaining the aim and desire of the meetings. All there, and all there making a forward step.

The results as obtained from the cards (printed) so far (several not returned yet)—total cards returned 186—total decisions or forward steps—612. Several of the forward steps result might be interesting. Accept Jesus Christ as my Saviour and Leader—87, (not all for the first time but some were re-consecrations.) Unite with the Church—46, (here to some from other churches.) To teach a S. S. Class—22. Give up some habit—46, (usually stated.) Tithes the Income—37. Pray in public who asked—26. These cards are all signed and confidential. Other very interesting steps and totals were made. But seeing the apparent results we made no apology for our belief in sane revival services. There was no excitement, hysteria or coercion, but a plain, powerful gospel appeal, backed with preparation and prayer.

The children's service was interesting—130 children attended. Sleighs were gathered at each school at an appointed hour and each teacher, accompanied by her scholars was driven to the Church at 2.30. Each school sat in an appointed place, and at the roll call, each school rose and sang a verse of a hymn. It was unique, and it was a splendid tribute to our teachers and their pupils.

We could write considerable more of the services, the sermons, the man and his message, and the splendid and kindly tributes from those attending. Some decisions are results of prayerful years. We wish to thank all the many kind friends who have helped make the meetings a success, especially to many outside our own congregation, who were so faithful and interested. Not the least, The Equity, for its advertising and the splendid cards and posters.

On Thursday afternoon at Mr. James Jamieson's one of the unique events of Sunday School work took place, when under the auspices of the Y. M. B. C. of Bristol church, there was held a very successful stock-judging contest, through the kind and efficient co-operation of Mr. Hodge, Shawville, and Mr. McMillan, Macdonald College. This was made a very profitable and enjoyable afternoon. Over 40 men, members of the class and visitors, gathered, and after a few preliminary remarks and instructions, teams having been chosen by Thomas Graham, president, and Milton Russell, vice-president, the contest began. Interest ran high when the award was made to the vice-president's team. In each class—cattle and sheep—there were four animals; in the cattle five made correct placings; in the sheep two were correct, Jim Campbell being successful in both classes as correct. In the sheep class the president's team won. Mr. McMillan was judge; he also gave two splendid talks on each class. Mr. R. Hodgins was on hand to give his test results on the cattle. He was very kind in his remarks on the success of the class and its competition. Mr. Hodge also spoke warmly of the class program. Altogether it was an interesting and profitable afternoon. We hope the class is working along right, though pioneer lines. More anon. Com.

## SHAWVILLE SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

R. G. HODGINS, Prop.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Doors, Sash, Dressed Lumber, etc.

Custom Sawing.

## AVIS PUBLIC.

Aux Habitants du Comte de Pontiac.

Avis Public est par le présent donné par le sousigné, H. T. Hurdman, Secrétaire-Trésorier du Conseil Municipal du Comté de Pontiac, que le dit conseil a sa session trimestrielle et régulière tenue le quatorzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept, a passé son règlement No. 55 comme suivant.

Donne au village de Bryson ce quinzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept.

H. T. HURDMAN,  
Sec.-Trés. Co. Pontiac.

## Reglement No. 55.

Province of Québec,  
Municipalité de comté de Pontiac.

A une session trimestrielle, générale, et régulière du conseil municipal du comté de Pontiac, tenue au village de Campbells Bay, le quatorzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept, a laquelle session sont présents le Préfet, Paul McNally, Ecr., maire du village de Campbells Bay, et les conseillers suivants: Michael Dunn, Ecr., maire du canton de Chichester; W. R. McDonald, Ecr., maire du village de Chapeau; Wm. Labelle, Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Waltham et Bryson; Charles Belec, jr., Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Mansfield et Pontefract; James Ward, Ecr., maire du village de Fort Coulonge; Thomas Sloan, Ecr., maire du canton de Leitchfield; C. McNally, Ecr., maire du canton de l'île du Grand Calumet; H. A. Saint Pierre, pro-maire du village de Bryson; George Dagg, Ecr., maire du village de Portage du Fort; Joseph Gilpin, Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Leslie, Clapham et Huddersfield; Wm. McCleary, Ecr., maire du canton de Thorne; F. W. Thomas, Ecr., maire du canton de Clarendon; John G. Elliott, Ecr., pro-maire du village de Shawville; Duncan Campbell, Ecr., maire du canton de Bristol; Wm. Burden, Ecr., maire du canton d'Onslow-sud; F. A. Davis, Ecr., maire du village de Quyon; Patrick O'Reilly, Ecr., maire du canton d'Onslow-nord, formant quorum du conseil sous la présidence du Préfet.

Il est ordonné et statue par règlement de ce conseil comme suit:

"Un règlement pour rescinder le règlement No. 52 de ce conseil, passé le neuvième jour de Décembre, 1915, intitulé "Un règlement pour prohiber la vente des liqueurs enivrantes, et l'émission de licences en conséquence, dans les limites de la municipalité de comté de Pontiac", et aussi de rescinder la résolution de ce conseil cette même date ordonnant le dit règlement No. 52 à être soumis aux électeurs municipaux de ce comté pour leur approbation."

Le règlement No. 52 de ce conseil, passé le neuvième jour de Décembre, mil neuf cent quinze, intitulé "Un règlement pour prohiber la vente des liqueurs enivrantes, et l'émission de licences en conséquence, dans les limites de la municipalité de comté de Pontiac", est par ce présent rescinder, ainsi que la résolution de ce conseil passée à cette même date, ordonnant le dit règlement No. 52 à être soumis aux électeurs municipaux de ce comté pour leur approbation.

(Signé) H. T. HURDMAN, Secrétaire-Trésorier. (Signé) PAUL McNALLY, Préfet.

Vraie copie.

## PUBLIC NOTICE

To the Inhabitants of the County of Pontiac:

Public Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, H. T. Hurdman, Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the County of Pontiac, that the said council at its regular, quarterly session, held on the fourteenth day of March, nineteen hundred and seventeen, passed its By-Law No. 55, as follows below.

Given at the village of Bryson this fifteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

H. T. HURDMAN,  
Sec.-Treas. Co. Pontiac.

## By-Law No. 55.

Province of Québec,  
Municipality of the County of Pontiac.

At a regular, general, quarterly session of the municipal council of the county of Pontiac, held in the village of Campbells Bay, on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of March, nineteen hundred and seventeen, at which session are present the Warden, Paul McNally, Esq., mayor of the village of Campbells Bay, and the following county councillors, viz: Michael Dunn, Esq., mayor of the township of Chichester; W. R. McDonald, Esq., mayor of the village of Chapeau; William Labelle, Esq., mayor of the united townships of Waltham and Bryson; Charles Belec, jr., Esq., mayor of the united townships of Mansfield and Pontefract; James Ward, Esq., mayor of the village of Fort Coulonge; Thomas Sloan, Esq., mayor of the township of Leitchfield; C. McNally, Esq., mayor of the township of Grand Calumet Island; H. A. Saint Pierre, Esq., pro-mayor of the village of Bryson; George Dagg, Esq., mayor of the village of Portage du Fort; Joseph Gilpin, Esq., mayor of the united townships of Leslie, Clapham and Huddersfield; William McCleary, Esq., mayor of the township of Thorne; Fred W. Thomas, Esq., mayor of the township of Clarendon; John G. Elliott, Esq., pro-mayor of the village of Shawville; Duncan Campbell, Esq., mayor of the township of Bristol; William Burden, Esq., mayor of the township of South Onslow; F. A. Davis, Esq., mayor of the village of Quyon; and Patrick O'Reilly, Esq., mayor of the township of Onslow North, forming a quorum of the council under the presidency of the Warden.

It is enacted and ordained by By-law of this council as follows:—

"A By-law to repeal By-law No. 52 of this council, passed on the ninth day of December, 1915, entitled "A By-law to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, and the issuing of licenses therefor, within the limits of the County Municipality of Pontiac", and also to repeal the resolution passed by this council on the same date, ordering the said By-law No. 52 to be submitted to the municipal electors of this county for their approval.

By-law No. 52 of this council, passed on the ninth day of December, nineteen hundred and fifteen, entitled "A By-law to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, and the issuing of licenses therefor, within the limits of the County Municipality of Pontiac" is hereby repealed, as well as the resolution of this council, passed on the same date, ordering the said By-law No. 52 to be submitted to the municipal electors of this county for their approval.

(Signed) H. T. HURDMAN, Secretary-Treasurer. (Signed) PAUL McNALLY, Warden.

True copy.

## TAILORING



We keep a good line of Serges of fancy patterns always in stock.

Also Overcoats, Caps, Sweatercoats, Underwear and Heavy Pants.

MURRAY BROS., SHAWVILLE.

## AVIS PUBLIC.

Aux Habitants du Comte de Pontiac:

Avis Public est par le présent donné par le sousigné, H. T. Hurdman, Secrétaire-Trésorier du Conseil Municipal du Comté de Pontiac, que le dit conseil a sa session trimestrielle et régulière tenue le quatorzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept, a passé son règlement No. 56 comme suivant.

Donne au village de Bryson ce quinzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept.

H. T. HURDMAN,  
Sec.-Trés. Co. Pontiac.

## Reglement No. 56.

Province of Québec,  
Municipalité du comté de Pontiac.

A une session trimestrielle, générale, et régulière du conseil municipal du comté de Pontiac, tenue au village de Campbells Bay le quatorzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept, a laquelle session sont présents le Préfet, Paul McNally, Ecr., maire du village de Campbells Bay, et les conseillers suivants: Michael Dunn, Ecr., maire du canton de Chichester; W. R. McDonald, Ecr., maire du village de Chapeau; Wm. Labelle, Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Waltham et Bryson; Charles Belec, jr., Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Mansfield et Pontefract; James Ward, Ecr., maire du village de Fort Coulonge; Thomas Sloan, Ecr., maire du canton de Leitchfield; C. McNally, Ecr., maire du canton de l'île du Grand Calumet; H. A. Saint Pierre, Ecr., pro-maire du village de Bryson; George Dagg, Ecr., maire du village de Portage du Fort; Joseph Gilpin, Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Leslie, Clapham et Huddersfield; Wm. McCleary, Ecr., maire du canton de Thorne; F. W. Thomas, Ecr., maire du canton de Clarendon; John G. Elliott, Ecr., pro-maire du village de Shawville; Duncan Campbell, Ecr., maire du canton de Bristol; Wm. Burden, Ecr., maire du canton d'Onslow-sud; F. A. Davis, Ecr., maire du village de Quyon; et Patrick O'Reilly, Ecr., maire du canton d'Onslow-nord, formant quorum du conseil sous présidence du Préfet.

Il est ordonné et statue par règlement de ce conseil comme suit: "Un règlement prohibant la vente des liqueurs enivrantes, et l'émission de licences en conséquence, dans les limites de la municipalité du comté de Pontiac," à savoir:

La vente des liqueurs enivrantes, et l'émission des licences en conséquence et pour cet objet, sont par le présent règlement prohibées dans la Municipalité du comté de Pontiac, en vertu et en exécution de la section quinzième, du chapitre cinquième, du titre quatrième, des Statuts Refondus de Québec, 1909.

(Signé) H. T. HURDMAN, Secrétaire-Trésorier. (Signé) PAUL McNALLY, Préfet.

Vraie copie.

## PUBLIC NOTICE

To the Inhabitants of the County of Pontiac:

Public Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, H. T. Hurdman, Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the County of Pontiac, that the said council at its regular, quarterly session, held on the fourteenth day of March, nineteen hundred and seventeen, passed its By-Law No. 56 as follows below.

Given at the village of Bryson this fifteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

H. T. HURDMAN,  
Sec.-Treas. Co. Pontiac.

## By-Law No. 56.

Province of Québec,  
Municipality of the county of Pontiac.

At a regular, general, quarterly session of the municipal council of the county of Pontiac, held in the village of Campbells Bay on the fourteenth day of March, nineteen hundred and seventeen, at which session are present the Warden, Paul McNally, Esq., mayor of the village of Campbells Bay, and the following county councillors, viz:—Michael Dunn, Esq., mayor of the township of Chichester; W. R. McDonald, Esq., mayor of the village of Chapeau; Wm. Labelle, Esq., mayor of the united townships of Waltham and Bryson; Charles Belec, jr., Esq., mayor of the united townships of Mansfield and Pontefract; James Ward, Esq., mayor of the village of Fort Coulonge; Thomas Sloan, Esq., mayor of the township of Leitchfield; H. A. Saint Pierre, Esq., pro-mayor of the village of Bryson; George Dagg, Esq., mayor of the village of Portage du Fort; Joseph Gilpin, Esq., mayor of the united townships of Leslie, Clapham and Huddersfield; Wm. McCleary, Esq., mayor of the township of Thorne; F. W. Thomas, Esq., mayor of the township of Clarendon; John G. Elliott, Esq., pro-mayor of the village of Shawville; Duncan Campbell, Esq., mayor of the township of Bristol; Wm. Burden, Esq., mayor of the township of South Onslow; F. A. Davis, Esq., mayor of the village of Quyon; and Patrick O'Reilly, Esq., mayor of the township of Onslow North, forming a quorum of the council under the presidency of the Warden.

It is enacted and ordained by By-law of this council as follows:—

"A By-law to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, and the issuing of licenses therefor, within the limits of the County Municipality of Pontiac," to wit:—

The sale of intoxicating liquors, and the issuing of licenses therefor, are by the present By-law prohibited within the County Municipality of Pontiac, under the authority, and for the enforcement of section fifteenth, of chapter fifth, of title fourth, of the Revised Statutes of Québec, 1909.

(Signed) H. T. HURDMAN, Secretary-Treasurer. (Signed) PAUL McNALLY, Warden.

True copy.

# THE EQUITY,

A Weekly Journal devoted to Local Interests.  
Published every Thursday  
At Shawville, County Pontiac, Que.

Subscription, \$1 a Year in Advance.  
All arrears must be paid up before any paper is discontinued.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

Legal advertising, 10 cents per line for 1st insertion and 5 cents per line or each subsequent insertion.  
Business cards not exceeding one inch inserted at \$5.00 per year.

Local announcements inserted at the rate of 8 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents for subsequent insertions.  
Commerical advertising by the month or for longer periods inserted at low rates which will be given on application.

Advertisements received without instructions accompanying them will be inserted until forbidden and charged for accordingly.  
Birth, marriage and death notices published free of charge. Obituary poetry declined.

## JOB PRINTING.

All kinds of Job Printing neatly and cheaply executed. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

JOHN A. COWAN,  
Publisher.

## NOTICE OF MEETINGS

ORANGE HALL, SHAWVILLE :

O. Y. B. LODGE, No. 304, meets 2nd Wednesday of each month at 8 p. m.

G. G. McDOWELL, W. E. N. HODGINS, W. M. Rec.-Secy.

L. O. L. No. 27, meets 1st Tuesday of each month.

EDWARD DALE, REG. HODGINS, W. M. Secy.

ROYAL SCARLET CHAPTER meets on the 14th of each month.

H. N. HODGINS, REG. HODGINS, W. Comp. in Com. Com. Scribe.

## Professional Cards.

### DENTAL.

**DR. A. H. BEERS**

SURGEON DENTIST

CAMPBELLS BAY - QUE.

Doctor of Medicine and Master of Surgery McGill University.  
Doctor of Dental Surgery, University of Pennsylvania.  
Licentiate of Dental Surgery, Quebec.

## LEGAL.

**S. A. MACKAY**

NOTARY PUBLIC

Shawville, - - - Que.

**R. MILLAR, L. L. L.**

ADVOCATE,

Campbells Bay, Que.

Will visit Shawville every Saturday.

**D. R. BARRY, K. C.**

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, & C.

Office and Residence

Campbells Bay, Que.

Visits Shawville every Saturday.

**GEO. C. WRIGHT, K. C.**

ADVOCATE, BARRISTER, & C.

196 Main St. - Hull.

PHONE BELL

**J. ERNEST GABOURY, LL. B.**

ADVOCATE

BARRISTER & SOLICITOR

CAMPBELLS BAY, QUE.

Will be in Fort Coulonge every Wednesday and Shawville every Saturday.

**GEORGE HYNES**

UNDERTAKER

Embalmer and Funeral Director

Main Street, Shawville.

Personal attention. Open all hours.

**UNDERTAKING**

and EMBALMING

HAYES & FINDLAY

MAIN STREET - SHAWVILLE

(opposite J. H. Shaw's.)

All calls will receive prompt personal attention

W. J. HAYES. J. V. FINDLAY

**PATENTS**  
PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.  
MARION & MARION,  
364 University St., Montreal.

# The New Springtime

## TOGGERY

**MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING.**

We are now ready to show you a large range of Men's and Boys' Clothing in New Spring Models.

### Men's Suits

We have Suits for Men and Young Men in different styles, \$12.50 to 25.

### Navy Blue Serge Suits

We still have some Navy Blue Serge Suits which will not fade and are guaranteed.

### Boys' Suits

A nicely assorted lot of Boys' Suits in Plain and Norfolk Styles.

New Spring Shirts.

**G. F. HODGINS CO.**

# FORD McLAUGHLIN



To the Car Owners of Pontiac :

We have the pleasure of introducing one of the most complete lines of

**Automobile Accessories, Tires, Tubes,**

etc., ever shown in this district.

We buy in large quantities and Sell for Cash

Which enables us to give the customer a much better deal than he can secure elsewhere

.. We have also in stock ..

**A full line of Ford Parts.**

**SHAWVILLE MOTOR COMPANY, Reg.**

P. S.—Gasoline, Oils and Greases of all kinds and of the BEST QUALITY.

## We Can Supply You

.. WITH ALL KINDS OF ..

**Tinware, Agateware, Stoves, Furnaces, Roofing Material, Eavetroughing and Repairing.**

Your patronage solicited.

**G. W. DALE PRACTICAL TINSMITH**  
Shawville, Que.

# TO INVESTORS

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

## DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA,  
OCTOBER 7th, 1918.

## Incubators for Sale

Prairie State Incubators for sale (new). Also for sale two second-hand machines.

Apply to E. T. HODGINS,  
Agent, Shawville.

## PUBLIC NOTICE

### Collection of Dog Tax.

In pursuance of By-law No. 58, of the Records of the Municipality of Clarendon respecting the Collection of Taxes on all dogs owned within the limits of said Municipality, public notice is hereby given that all owners of dogs are required to make a declaration to the undersigned Sec.-Treasurer as to the number of such animals owned by them; also to pay the amount of Taxes due on same on or before the 30th day of April, otherwise they will be liable to the penalties prescribed by the By-law aforesaid.

Dated at Shawville the 10th day of March, 1917.

E. T. HODGINS,  
SEC.-TREASURER,  
Municipality of Clarendon.

## FENCING TENDERS EXTENDED

The time for receiving tenders for the fencing of No. 2 and No. 13-B School Grounds, Clarendon, has been extended to 31st March, at 1 p. m.

M. A. MCKINLEY,  
Asst. Sec.-Treas.

## CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION

EST. 1871.

THE CONFEDERATION LIFE is in its 46th year of business, an old established Life Company, with great strength. Big Dividends to Policyholders, and absolutely fair treatment.

Before placing your Life Insurance secure Rates and Plans from

**B. G. ANDERSON, Agent,**  
SHAWVILLE, QUE.

## Household Articles for Sale

As I intend removing from Shawville shortly, I am offering the following articles for sale :

1 Range, 1 Heater,  
1 Table, 1 Parlor Suit,  
1 Bedroom Suit,  
1 Bedstead—Spring Mattress,  
Also a number of small articles.  
ROBERT YOUNG.

## HOMEMAKERS' CLUBS.

### TIME OF MEETING :

Austin - First Tuesday,  
Murrells - Third Wednesday,  
Elmside - Second Wednesday,  
Bristol, - - First Thursday,  
Starks Corners, Second Thurs.  
Wyman, - - First Friday,  
Shawville - First Saturday,  
Yarm - Last Monday,  
of each month.

## Bristol Council Minutes.

Bristol, March 5, 1917:

Bristol Municipal Council met on the above date. Present: Mayor Campbell and Councillors Henderson, Lucas, Graham, McLellan and Killoran.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

Motion—Henderson and Killoran—That Wm Beattie be appointed a special superintendent to inspect and divide Road Div. No. 48.

Motion—Graham and Henderson—That we rescind that part of a motion putting one-half of Edwd. S. Stanton's labor into Div. No. 48, and that it be returned to Div. No. 56.

Motion—Lucas and Graham—That Dan Doherty's labor be all applied in Div. No. 48.

Motion—Lucas and Graham—That the mayor take the necessary steps to have a judicial adviser appointed to look after Thomas Black and his property.

Motion—Henderson and Graham—That the following bills be paid :

S. Smith, B. and J. Fund, \$12.00  
J. E. Gaboury, advice re. gravel pits, 5.00

W. Beattie, material and repairs pits, 9.23  
Pritchard & Andrews, dog tags and express, 10.85

Motion—Graham and Lucas—That coun. Henderson buy what cedars John O'Brien has 8 inches at top end, 200 feet delivered on 5th line and balance at town hall.

Motion—Graham and McLellan—That the request of John Lucas for 200 6-inch tile for Bristol-Clarendon town line be granted.

Motion—McLellan and Lucas—That coun. Graham buy one acre from James Dods for a gravel pit.

Moved in amendment by Henderson and Killoran that coun. Graham secure two acres if possible from James Dods. Amendment carried.

A letter was read from Messrs. Walsh and Conlin asking this Council to put glance beams on the bridges on the Quyon river and dam creek.

Motion—Graham and McLellan—That the Secretary notify Walsh and Conlin that they will be held responsible for any damages done to any bridges in our municipality while taking their drive down this Spring.

Motion—Killoran and Henderson—That that the following officers be appointed for the next two years :

Valuators—M. D. Allen, T. P. Graham, W. Armstrong.  
Board of Health—S. Smiley, W. Russell, sr.; Dr. Powles.

Sheep Valuators—W. J. Drummond, W. C. Young, John Lucas, P. J. Cooney.  
Auditors—E. Hodgins and W. E. Pritchard.

Rural Inspectors—Wm Beattie, John Caldwell, John McCriston, W. J. Drummond, Jas. Henderson, Jas. Smith.  
Pound Keepers—S. Smith Bell, Arthur Meldrum, R. J. Wiggins, Frank Armitage, Robert Fitzsimmons, P. J. Cooney, J. A. Bennett, Ralph Horner,

Robert W. Lucas, John Jones, Archie McGillis, Sam Smiley, James McKay, Peter Davis, Harry Roy, J. H. McKillop, PATHMASTERS.

Div. 1 W. J. Armstrong, 7 Patk Lynn,  
2 Alex McLeod, 8 Hilliard Bronson  
3 W. C. Young, 9 John Stewart,  
4 Wm Baird, 10 Andrew Milks,  
5 Art. Meldrum, 11 Jas C. Glenn,  
6 Geo. Fleming, 12 Robt. Laird,  
13 Milton Russell, 37 Harry Creighton  
14 Jas Sylvester, 38 Jas Marks,  
15 M. Sullivan, 39 Wm Ross,  
16 Louis Wiggins, 40 Geo Lucas,  
17 Archie Stewart, 41 W. J. Tubman,  
18 John McNeill, 42 R. McCaffrey, sr.  
19 John Gordon, 43 Sam Smiley,  
20 Jas Henderson, 44 Peter Doherty,  
21 T. J. Trudeau, 45 Hugh Ross,  
22 Sam Knox, 46 W. N. Emmerson  
23 Jas Campbell, 47 John Lucas,  
24 Jas Fraser, 48 W. D. Dagg,  
25 John Roy, 49 Con Houlihan,  
26 Jas Nicholson, 50 Patk Allen,  
27 Jas Graham, 51 Jas Smith,  
28 Norman Dods, 52 Austin Gibbons,  
29 Wm Woods, 53 J. A. Bennett,  
30 Andrew Dumas, 54 Wm Beattie,  
31 J. B. Duff, 55 Wm Hodgins,  
32 John Farrell, 56 Frank Murdoch,  
33 Sam Horner, 57 Thos Telford,  
34 Joseph Bean, 58 M. J. Allen,  
35 S. Ste. Smith, 59 P. J. Cooney,  
36 John Manary, 60 Wallace Craig,  
61 John Labra, 62 Hiram Beattie,  
Motion—Killoran and Graham—That Martin Stanton's labor be changed from Div. 54 to 58.

Motion—McLellan and Henderson—That the property of Dr. Switzer & Co. of Norway Bay be taken from Div. 3 and the road tax collected as town property.

Motion—Killoran and McLellan—That the Secretary proceed at once to force collection of all outstanding dog taxes with costs of one dollar on each dog not already paid for, and in the event of the tax and costs not being paid at once, that he proceed to impose and collect the fine and tax of ten dollars prescribed by the by-law covering the matter.

Motion—Lucas and McLellan—That the Secretary hand the bill of all outstanding taxes to D. R. Barry for immediate collection together with interest and costs.

Motion—Henderson and Lucas—That the request of coun. Graham to have his labor taken from Div. 12 and added to Div. 13 be granted; also that the eastern boundary of Div. 12 be the dividing line between lots 8-a and 8-b.

Motion—Killoran and Henderson—That John Field's request for a snow fence on Bristol-Onslow town line, R. 11, be granted, provided Onslow Council pay one-half of the cost of same.

Motion—McLellan and Killoran—That the mayor take steps at the Co. Council to have the Bristol-Onslow town line divided for road purposes.

Motion—Lucas and Killoran—That we do now adjourn.  
GEO. T. DRUMMOND,  
Sec.-Treas.

## Shawville Council Minutes.

Regular meeting held Monday, March 6th, 1917. Present:—Mayor Howard; Councillors Woodley, Dagg, Elliott, Shore, Morrison and Hodgins.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted on motion of couns. Dagg and Woodley.

Report of Electric Light Committee read and accepted.

Moved by Morrison and Shore that bill of W. A. Hodgins for electric fixtures of \$19.80 be paid.—Carried.

Moved by Hodgins and Elliott that Donald McCredie be paid at the rate of \$80 per month, commencing on the 15th of March.

Moved by Shore and Dagg that R. G. Hodgins, J. F. Dale and S. E. Hodgins be appointed assessors for the year 1917-18.—Carried.

Moved by Shore and Morrison that L. Cuthbertson be appointed Rural Inspector and collector of dog tax for year 1917-18.—Carried.

Moved by Morrison and Shore that this Council impose a tax on all dogs owned within the municipality as follows: On each male \$2.00; on each female \$4.00.—Carried.

Moved by Dagg and Woodley that Dr. Powles, Wm. Hayes, Wm. Chisnell and C. H. Wainman be appointed health officers for 1917-18.—Carried.

Moved by Dagg and Hodgins that this Council appoint Coun. J. G. Elliott pro-mayor.—Carried.

Moved by Shore and Dagg that this Council levy a tax of one dollar on every mail person twenty-one years of age residing in this municipality and not otherwise taxed, under this Code.—Carried.

Moved by Hodgins and Morrison that this Council present the sum of twenty-five dollars to returned soldiers.—Carried.

Moved by Elliott and Dagg that Couns. Shore, Hodgins and Morrison be a reception committee to meet returned soldiers.—Carried.

Moved by Elliott and Shore that this Council now adjourn.—Carried.  
S. E. HODGINS,  
Sec.-Treas.

## TEACHER WANTED

Qualified Protestant Teacher wanted for No. 12-B, Clarendon. Applicants state experience, grade of diploma, church of choice and salary expected. Duties to begin immediately.

M. A. MCKINLEY,  
Asst. Sec.-Treas.,  
Shawville, Que.

I wish all who owe me would call at my office in Shawville and settle accounts immediately.

# The AUTOMOBILE



## The Spring Overhaul.

Tires may be bruised or cut, in which case proper care should be given them before it becomes too late for repairs. The smallest cut will allow water to enter and rot the fabric, and if the cut is into the fabric, sand will work under the rubber and loosen the tread. The edges of small cuts should be smoothed with a sharp knife, then roughed with sandpaper, after which the cut should be thoroughly washed out with gasoline and a patching cement applied. After the cement has dried, the hole should be filled with a compound which the tire companies furnish for this purpose. In case of a large cut or blowout the casing should be vulcanized.

Rust should not be allowed to accumulate on the rims, and painting with a preserver, such as ordinary stove polish, will prevent that condition. The front axle and steering assembly should receive a careful inspection. Excessive play in the front axle assembly can be easily detected by grasping one of the wheels and jerking the axle back and forth. If play has developed in any of the sockets or connections, the turning of the steering wheel will not have immediate effect. If there is play in the radius rods the studs should be tightened and the ball cap filed if necessary.

If inspection shows that the bushings, which constitute the bearing surfaces of the steering post bracket, spindle arm, spindle bodies, and spring perches, are worn to such an extent that play has developed, it is advisable to replace them. If the steering gear has become loose it can be tightened by disconnecting the two halves of the ball sockets which surround the ball arm at the lower end of the steering post and filing off their surfaces until they fit snugly around the ball. If the ball is badly worn it is best to replace it with a new one. The sockets on the steering gear connecting rod should also be filed down if it is found that the ball has any play in the socket. In replacing the nuts be sure to put back the cotter pins, otherwise the nuts may work off the bolts and cause considerable trouble. It is advisable to go over the chassis frequently in order to see that these adjustments are maintained.

The wheels should be removed and the balls and cones inspected. If the bearing surfaces of the cones are rough or considerably worn or if any of the balls are chipped they should be replaced, as the cost will be slight compared to the possibility of trouble developing on the road. The old grease should be removed from the hubs and replaced with new. In replacing the wheel see that it has no side play whatsoever and tighten the adjusting cone as much as possible without causing the wheel to bind. This can be determined by spinning the wheel, and if it comes to rest with the tire valves directly underneath the hub it is obvious that the ball bearings are not binding. The rear wheels should be tightened by setting up the lock-nuts on the axle shafts as close as possible without stripping the

threads, so that the wheel hubs will be tightly wedged on the tapered ends of the axle shafts. It is advisable to remove the hub caps occasionally throughout the season to see that these adjustments are maintained. If this is not done, play may develop which will in time cause trouble.

It is well to pry the spring leaves apart near the ends with a screwdriver and force lubricating oil or graphite between them. This has a tendency to make the springs more flexible. The nuts on the spring clips, spring perches, spring tie bolts, spindle arms, and spindle bolts should be tightened and cotter pins put in so that the nuts cannot work loose. In fact, it is a good idea that the entire car be gone over at this season and all bolts and nuts tightened.

The circulating system should be flushed out by disconnecting the inlet and outlet water connections and allowing water under ordinary pressure to enter the filler neck, flowing down through the tubes into the bottom tank and out of the radiator. The water passages in the cylinder castings may be cleaned out in like manner by a flow of water from the cylinder head to the side inlet connection.

The carbon should be removed and the valves ground, as after a season's use there is no question but what the efficiency of your engine can be improved by cleaning the carbon and grinding valves.

The dirty oil should be drained from the crank case and the case cleaned by the following operations: Remove plug and drain off oil. Replace the plug and pour in a gallon of kerosene oil through the breather pipe. Turn the engine over by hand fifteen or twenty times so that the splash from the oil will thoroughly cleanse the engine and transmission parts. Remove the plug and drain off the oil. In order to get all the kerosene out of the depressions in the crank case the car should be pushed up a little incline about the height of an ordinary street curbing. This operation should be repeated approximately every 1,000 miles.

The spark plugs should be removed and the points cleaned with gasoline. After cleaning, the points should be adjusted so that the gap between them is one-thirty-second of an inch, that is, about the thickness of a smooth dime. Examine the commutator and replace the case and fibre assembly if the contacts do not appear in good condition. If the roller is badly worn, that part should also be replaced. If the commutator is dirty, or if there is congealed oil on the parts, it may be cleaned with gasoline.

The wiring should be carefully inspected to see that insulation is not badly worn and that there are good connections at all the terminals. If the wiring does not appear to be in proper condition it is best to replace it. The sediment bulb underneath the gas tank should be drained to remove any water or foreign matter that may have accumulated.

If the engine is in such condition as to require extensive adjustments it will be advisable that such work be left to an experienced mechanic.

trouble with their shoes. A Japanese on entering a house always leaves his shoes at the door; so when these ladies got aboard they politely left their clogs on the station platform. Great was their consternation later to find that their shoes had been left miles behind.

### Life Preserver.

A new style of life preserver, recently patented, is designed to keep the wearer in an upright position in the water under all circumstances. It consists of an ordinary cork life belt, to which is attached a combination breast piece and chin rest. These, like the belt, are made of cork, in sections, covered and hinged by canvas. The chin piece is so attached to the upper part of the breast piece that it serves as a head rest and at the same time allows the wearer to bend forward or backward. It can be seen that in cases of extreme exhaustion such a life preserver would keep the person wearing it in an erect position without effort on his part.

## GREAT MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

Among the Wonders of War Surgery Is Method of Irrigating Wounds.

There have been many surgical triumphs achieved since the outbreak of war, especially in hospitals near to the trenches in France. In The World's Work several of these cures are discussed under a general title, "Wonders of War Surgery." Perhaps the most remarkable is the method for the intermittent irrigation of wounds perfected by Dr. Carrel, the famous French surgeon, who formerly carried on his investigations at the Rockefeller Institute in New York.

Before going out to the Carrel Hospital behind the trenches, the writer of the article, Mr. Lewis R. Freeman, was taken to see a cinema film showing the workings of the famous method. As the clicking of the machine began the picture of an operating room appeared on the screen, or perhaps it was only a bed in a hospital ward. I had no eyes or mind for anything but a great, raw, gaping wound—literally a foot or more of churned, angry flesh—which covered the whole side of one thigh of the inert body of a man, a soldier (as the caption informed us) who had been struck by a fragment of shell.

Presently two black-gloved hands appeared—those swiftly deft and gently cruel hands that one who has even once had experience of them always afterwards associates with surgeons and surgical nurses—and began to thrust a wriggling sheaf of rubber tubes into the wound, kneading and manipulating the raw riven flesh as a butcher skewers up a roast for the oven.

"No nerves, no sense of feeling" at that depth, explained my companion, in response to my involuntary start and exclamation. "Although that poor chap has had no anesthetic he probably feels almost no pain at all."

Suddenly another pair of black-gloved hands—hands which, in spite of the fact that the face of their owner was not visible, fairly radiated personality and force—flashed into view, whereupon the first pair instantly relinquished the leading role and "stood by" as auxiliary.

"Dr. Carrel's hands!" exclaimed my companion, leaning forward with quickening attention. "There is not another such pair of hands in all of France; perhaps in all the world." Fairly twinkling in their swiftness, the deft fingers distributed the little tubes evenly through the soft mass of the torn flesh. Then a stop-cock was turned which, releasing a flow of some healing liquid to permeate every corner of the great wound, washed it as one would wash a sponge by holding it under a tap of running water.

That was about all there was to the main operation of "La Methode d'Irrigation Intermittente Carrel," perhaps the one most valuable discovery (from the standpoint of humanity) that has eventuated during, and incidentally as a direct consequence of the war. Several subsequent views merely showed the astonishing progress in healing of a wound which, under the most approved practice of a year ago, if it had not resulted fatally, would at least have left the unfortunate soldier who received it a life-long cripple.

## Drink Hot Water With Meals To Stop Stomach Disorders

**A Physician's Advice**  
Thousands of unfortunate people suffer almost daily from dyspepsia, indigestion, fermentation, sour acid stomach, flatulence, gases or distress after eating. If they would only form the agreeable habit of slowly drinking with each meal a glassful of hot water containing a half teaspoonful of pure bisaturated magnesia they would soon find their stomachs strengthened and improved that they could eat the richest and most satisfying meals without the least symptom of indigestion.

Nearly all so-called digestive troubles are caused by an excess of acid and an insufficient blood supply in the stomach causing the food to ferment and sour before digestion can take place. A glass of hot water will draw the blood to the stomach and the bisaturated magnesia will neutralize the stomach acids and make the food contents bland and sweet. Easy, natural digestion without distress of any kind is the result. Bisaturated Magnesia is not a laxative, is harmless, pleasant and easy to take and can be obtained from any local druggist. Do not confuse Bisaturated Magnesia with other forms of magnesia—milk, citrate, etc., but get it in the pure bisaturated form (powder or tablets) especially prepared for this purpose.

British scientists are studying a mineral found in Wales that emits a faint light in its natural state.



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*Everywhere Why?*

*The blending is exceptional*



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### NOT USED TO THE RAILWAY.

#### Curious Mistakes Made By Japanese On First Train Ride.

Of course everyone rides on the trains in Japan nowadays, for there are seven thousand miles of railways in the country, and every considerable town is at least connected with the railway by electric car or automobile. Not so very long ago, however, the train was a curiosity, and many ludicrous incidents occurred with persons taking their first rides.

On third-class cars in country districts there is still a broad white line painted across the middle of each car window. That was done originally to keep the country folk who had never seen a glass window from bumping their heads against the glass in the effort to look out. In the early days there were many serious accidents from that cause; hence the white lines.

A party of ladies who were taking their first ride on the train once had

trouble with their shoes. A Japanese on entering a house always leaves his shoes at the door; so when these ladies got aboard they politely left their clogs on the station platform. Great was their consternation later to find that their shoes had been left miles behind.

### Life Preserver.

A new style of life preserver, recently patented, is designed to keep the wearer in an upright position in the water under all circumstances. It consists of an ordinary cork life belt, to which is attached a combination breast piece and chin rest. These, like the belt, are made of cork, in sections, covered and hinged by canvas. The chin piece is so attached to the upper part of the breast piece that it serves as a head rest and at the same time allows the wearer to bend forward or backward. It can be seen that in cases of extreme exhaustion such a life preserver would keep the person wearing it in an erect position without effort on his part.

### A ROYAL REGIMENT OF BOYS.

#### Incidents in Boyhood of a One Time Heir to British Throne.

In the great war in Europe boys are playing an important part. Lads in their teens, often in their early teens, are serving as soldiers in the field; not a few as officers. Outside the fighting lines in most of the belligerent countries, the Boy Scouts are giving valuable service of varied kinds, often arduous and responsible. They are a body of recent origin; but more than two centuries ago there was a drilled and organized company of boys, less serviceable and more military, who were taken seriously by their commander and themselves, if not by the nation at large. They were the boy soldiers of Prince William, the little Duke of Gloucester.

He was the only one to survive boyhood of the seventeen children of Princess Anne—later Queen Anne—and her consort, Prince George of Denmark. King William and Queen Mary, having no children of their own, looked on him from the first as the heir to the throne, and the greatest pains were taken to educate him as befitted a sovereign and commander. He was a frail and sickly child, but he was loyal, generous and spirited, and very proud of his company of boy sol-

diers, organized for him as soon as he was old enough to walk. Boy sentinels were posted at his door; tattoos beaten on the drum signaled the summons to various drills and exercises in the long court corridors; toy fortifications were erected, stormed and demolished,—sometimes even at his bedside,—and mock fights and manoeuvres occasionally became real fisticuffs, in which his tutor had to interfere. Once, when King William paid a state flying visit to his young namesake, he was amused and gratified to be received with full military honors.

"Have you any horses yet?" he inquired politely of the youthful commander.

"Yes," replied the little duke promptly, "I have one live one and two dead ones." The dead horses were, of course, wooden ones.

"But soldiers always bury their dead horses out of sight," said King William, laughing.

That was enough. No sooner had he gone than a burying squad was ordered out to inter the "dead" wooden horses in the garden. They were buried deep, and their bereaved little master only so far relented as to compose for them a highly eulogistic epitaph—which commanders in the field usually do not pause to do. Somewhat later, when there were rumors

of a plot against King William's life, young William sent him an address of fealty, signed by himself and every one of his boy soldiers. It began:

"We, Your Majesty's subjects, will stand by you while we have a drop of blood—"

Poor little duke! He died at eleven. He had the spirit, if not the stamina, that makes a good soldier; whether he would have made a good king is less easily guessed. But in the college libraries at Oxford there exists a faded, yellowed, childish composition in his careful handwriting, which at least shows that he knew what a constitutional monarch ought not to be. It is on tyrants:

"A Tyrant is a savage hideous beast. Imagine that you saw a certain monster armed on all sides with 500 horns on all sides dreadful fatted with humane intrails drunken with humane blood this is the fatal mischief whom they call a Tyrant."

Ethel—I was taken in to dinner by that western gentleman you introduced to me. He was quite gallant and remarked upon my birdlike appetite. Her Friend—Well, he should be a good judge on that point, dear; he runs an ostrich farm in South Africa.

## The Doings of the Duffs.

**PANEL 1:** A man in a top hat and suit walks towards a man in a bowler hat and suit who is standing next to a vintage car. The man in the top hat says: "GUESS I'LL TAKE A LITTLE STROLL FOR MYSELF WHILE HELEN IS DOLLING UP."

**PANEL 2:** The man in the bowler hat looks at the man in the top hat and says: "PRETTY NICE CAR YOU'VE GOT HERE—THIS YEAR'S MODEL ISN'T IT?"

**PANEL 3:** The man in the top hat replies: "IT'S GOT SWELL LINES—THOSE TIRES ARE WHOPPERS AREN'T THEY?"

**PANEL 4:** The man in the bowler hat says: "YEP."

**PANEL 5:** The man in the top hat says: "I'LL BET THAT BABY CAN GO SOME—A-I'D LIKE TO TAKE A RIDE IN HER ONCE."

**PANEL 6:** The man in the bowler hat says: "GO AHEAD—TAKE A RIDE—IT AIN'T MY CAR."

# Farm Crop Queries

Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell.

The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the advice of an acknowledged authority on all subjects pertaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailed direct.



Henry G. Bell.

Question—H. K.:—I have some thin land which is not producing profitable crops. Can I build it up by growing Soy Beans which I can cut for hay next summer? What variety of beans is best to use?

Answer:—Soy beans belong to the legume family. All legumes under normal conditions have little knots growing on their roots. In these knots there live a very low form of plant life known as bacteria, which draw their food from the growing plant and in return take some of the nitrogen out of the air that circulates in the soil, so that the growing legume benefits materially by their presence, and the ground is richer in nitrogen after the legume has been grown than before, provided that not all of the legume crop has been cut off and removed. Soy beans have frequently been profitably grown where clovers and other legumes killed out. The beans are sowed as soon as the ground is warm in spring. The amount of growth which you will get per acre varies of course with the fertility of the soil and the length of season, as well as with the vigor of the variety of bean used. If you turn the beans under in the fall, you will add not only nitrogen to the soil, but a considerable amount of valuable organic matter and thereby

greatly assist in building up your soil. Speaking generally, if clovers can be grown in the place of soy beans, I believe you would get a larger quantity of organic matter as well as approximately the same amount of nitrogen.

The Purdue Agricultural Experiment Station, in Bulletin 172, reports an average growth of green tops and roots to a depth of 18 inches, determined at the time of the first frost, to have been 3.6 tons per acre, and an average of 89 pounds of nitrogen was contained in the tops and 13.8 pounds of nitrogen in the roots of the soy beans. As to varieties of soy beans, experimental tests have shown that soy beans produced at Guelph, known as O.A.C. No. 81, is the heaviest yielding. Early Yellow and Ito San are also good varieties.

Question—S. P.:—How much buckwheat should be sown to the acre? What time should it be sown? Does it do well on clay loam soil?

Answer:—The usual amount of buckwheat to sow to the acre is a bushel to a bush-and-a-half. The buckwheat crop is not as particular about its time of seeding as some others. Satisfactory stands can be obtained by sowing any time in May or June. This crop should do well on clay loam soil.

## OUR EMPIRE AND ITS DESTINY

WE MUST THINK IMPERIALLY AND ACT IMPERIALLY.

What the Twentieth Century Will Bring to Pass in the Natural Course of Events.

Unless something quite abnormal happens in the history and development of mankind—the end of the world, for instance, another Flood of the Noah type, or a new glacial period—by the middle of the twentieth century the Commonwealth of Australia, the Dominion of Canada, the Dominion of New Zealand, and the Union of South Africa will take rank as Great Powers, says a writer in London Answers.

Thus the British Empire will be itself a group of Great Powers, the resources of which, in men and material, will be enormous.

Now if, by enlightened statesmanship, the fostering of the family spirit, and the remembrance that the greatest lesson of the present war is not that we were unprepared in arms, but that we were surely "prepared" in the love and respect of our scattered sons, these future Great Powers can be kept within the Empire, what an unassailable Empire it will be!

### A Dream of Power.

That's the vision. Will it materialize? If we come well through this war there seems no reason why it should not. Germany saw plainly that it was now or never with her, as far as armed conquest went. Where she made the mistake was to resort to armed conquest at all.

The British Empire was not won by arms, except quite incidentally. It was won by the explorer, the missionary, and the trader. To a very large extent the British Empire just happened.

About fifteen years ago we were advised by a well-known statesman to "think imperially." Well, this war has certainly helped us to do so. It has lifted us all out of our parochial ruts.

It has filled the Strand with fellows from the back-blocks of the globe, from the sheep-runs of New Zealand and the Murray River, with farmers from Saskatchewan, with ranchers from Queensland, with salmon-cannermen from the Fraser, with clerks from Melbourne and Vancouver and Wellington, with stock-riders from the blue grass, and Maoris from Wairarapa.

### Make It a Reality.

Forty years ago the vast majority of dwellers in these British Isles didn't care a straw for the Empire. There was constant talk of the inevitability of the bigger colonies presently "cutting the painter," and nobody seemed to care whether they did or not.

Australia was the place where they dug nuggets, Canada where they mostly snowed, New Zealand the spot we should come out at if we were to dig a hole through the globe and South Africa—well, it simply didn't count! Nobody knew a thing about it.

So there was some sense in the

statesman's advice. We hadn't done much imperial thinking up to then. But things had improved a lot, and self-government had proved a fairly godmother.

But when our statesman was exhorting us to "think imperially" he might have added the warning: "Don't stop at thinking. Get a move on you, and do something to crystallize thinking into action, to bring ideals and hopes into the realm of reality and practical life.

### Live Imperially.

"Don't stand on the top of your Palace of Empire and say, 'Is not this the Great Babylon which I have builded,' and forget that the enemy is sapping the walls and preparing to bring your Babylon about your ears. Learn to act imperially!"

But what are imperial thinking and imperial acting? It's always well to define one's terms.

Well, one way to get at what a thing is is to find out what it is not, and the boys who come back from the Somme and the Marne will want a revision of the Imperial dictionary. They will want a new definition for "Empire," depend upon it.

Seeing that nearly all the world has been in the bath of blood, it knows at last what it means, and it is sick to death of Kaiserism, and all that it means and stands for.

They know now that Kaiserism, like Alexanderism and Napoleonism, with all the other "isms" which depend upon blowing people to bits with high explosives, choking them with gas fumes, and frizzling them with flame projectiles, are ghastly failures, and they are going to see them scrapped.

Doubtless the historic conquerors, like Caesar and Philip and Bonaparte, thought they were thinking imperially, but the wonderful response of the far-flung British Empire to the call of the little Motherland is destined to change for ever and ever the world's conception of what thinking imperially means.

### The New Imperialism.

The world has no more use for the Imperialist who thinks it his first job to terrorize, enslave, uproot, exterminate, nullify other nations—who believes that he is divinely or diabolically ordained to be "top dog."

But what must the new and better Imperialism be for which the British Empire will stand? Will the mottoes it inscribes on its banners be "What's thine is mine and what's mine is my own," and "Everybody for himself and the devil take the hindmost"? Are these mottoes of its heraldry?

If the British Empire has not learned the meaning and worth of that sort of "scripture" from Germany, then the British Empire is not the lasting institution I take it for.

What has the British Empire stood for in the past, and what will it stand for with a deeper conviction and tenacity in the future?

In the past it has stood for the very spirit and letter of freedom, and in the future it will stand for peace and justice, for live and let live, for the golden rule and not the rule of gold, for the independence and manhood of men, for the care of children, for the reverence of women, for telling the truth and shaming the devil, for all things that make men and empires splendid.

### Danger Ahead.

That is to what we must look ahead,



Mother and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed. Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 75 Castle Frank Road, Toronto.

D. S.:—1. The best novel on the war is said to be "Mr. Britling Sees it Through," by the noted English writer, G. H. Wells. A new book, just issued, by the same author, is also highly recommended. It is entitled "France, Italy and Britain at War." A splendid work, "The Children's History of the War," by Sir Edward Parrott, MA, LL.D., is being issued from time to time. Three volumes have already appeared (price, \$1.00 each) and they cover the progress of the war to the end of 1914. They are profusely illustrated with maps and pictures, and more intensely interesting reading it would be hard to find. When finished it will form a complete history of the war, and one which every household should possess. 2. It is said that Tennyson's greatest message and the one he wished most to be remembered is contained in these two lines from "Locksley Hall": "Love took up the harp of life and smote on all the chords with might; Smote the chord of Self, that trembling passed in music out of sight."

This seems to have been Tennyson's prophetic answer to the German "Hymn of Hate."

M. W.:—1. On the inside of your pantry or kitchen door fasten a strip of molding, about six or eight inches long. In this molding fasten five screws from which to hang these labor and time-saving devices: A skewer set, a pair of scissors, a writing tablet with pencil attached ready to jot down articles needed, a small round pin-cushion with a washable cover of cretonne, and a string holder, made of an ordinary tin funnel, painted in white enamel, holding the ball of cord inside, the loose end pulled through

ready for use. 2. Keep hanging beside the stove a long loose linen mitten to slip over the hand and arm when turning or basting anything in the oven. It will save burns, and the spattering of hot fat on the sleeve.

B. B.:—1. It is said that old potatoes if boiled in part water and part milk will not discolor. 2. To clean cane furniture first brush the dust out of the crevices. Made a suds by dissolving white soap in water and adding salt. This will prevent the cane from turning yellow. Apply with a scrubbing brush, first one side, then the other, thoroughly soaking the cane. Place in a shady spot to dry and the cane will be firm and tight. 3. Salt should not be added to a milk dish when it is boiling. If so it will be likely to curdle the milk. 4. When children's stockings wear thin at the knee, clip off the leg just above the heel, turn the back to the front and sew together. 5. In preparing a boiled icing, the sugar and water, while boiling on the stove, should not be stirred. If this is done the mixture will be sugary. 6. Crackers should never be broken into soup. 7. A teaspoonful of alum dissolved in water and snuffed up the nose will stop nose-bleed. 8. Silk waists should be pressed, while still damp, with a cool iron. 9. Table napkins will wear much longer if folded in thirds one week and in fourths the next.

F. D.:—A gift may be sent to a bride at any time after the wedding invitations are issued. 2. Your embroidered centrepiece will make an ideal gift. When finished, lay it face downward on a Turkish towel and over it place a cloth which has been wrung out of boiled starch, and press dry with a hot iron.

## From Erin's Green Isle

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

The railway station at Maryborough and its contents has been completely destroyed by fire.

Emily Clare Boyce, a writer of some distinction, died recently at her home, Bannock House, Wicklow.

Lieut. W. P. Andrews, R.E., a graduate in engineering of University College, Cork, has been awarded the Military Cross.

Major R. G. Kerr has been awarded the Military Cross for gallantry and devotion to duty.

The Wexford Corporation have asked the Government for a standard weight and price for bread and to restrict the manufacture of confectionery.

The farmers of Leitrim and Roscommon, whose crops were injured by the flooding of the Shannon, have petitioned the Government to make good their loss.

Lieut. William Cox, of Bangor, is dead. He was a native of Belfast and had been in command of several steamers of the Straits Steamship Co., of Singapore.

Mr. O'Connell, clerk of Listowel, has offered six acres of land to be let to the poor of the district free, providing the Urban Council plough the land free of cost.

The death of two Irish centenarians was recently reported. Mrs. Cornet, of Newry, aged 103 years, and Mrs. Dunn, of Ballybrittas, at the age of 106 years.

Patrick Sheridan, of the Munster Royal Fusiliers, who lost his sight in the war, has been presented with a pony and cart to enable him to earn a living for himself and wife, as a carter.

### Facts vs. Fancy.

A good story is being told of a reply given by a student to a question set in an examination paper.

"If 20 men reap a field in eight hours," ran the question, "how long will it take 15 men to reap the same field?"

The student thought long and carefully before setting down his answer, and when he handed in his paper this is what the examiner read:

"The field having already been reaped by the 20 men, could not be reaped by the 15."

### Three Days to India.

Lord Montagu of Beaulieu speaking on the subject of aviation, present and future, expressed the firm conviction that mails and passengers between India and England would in ten years' time be covered by air. He calculated that the distance to be covered would be from 3,000 to 5,200 miles, according to route, and that the time taken would be from three to five days.

## Horse Sense

Sprains, whether of muscle, tendon or ligament, are indicated by swelling, heat and tenderness of the part involved, and, if in a limb, lameness.

Give rest, place in position to afford as much ease as possible, apply heat and anodyne lotion as 4 drams acetate of lead, 2 oz. laudanum and 6 oz. water until acute soreness ceases, then apply liniment and bandage.

The stomach of the horse being small, he must be fed at regular hours, three times a day, at all seasons of the year.

Bran or linseed meal to the horse's ration aids in regulating the bowels, avoiding constipation and lessening the liability to disease.

An English veterinarian says careless or improper feeding is the prime cause of colic. The stomach of the horse being small, the digestion is limited, and if the horse is hungry and overfed, or is allowed to gulp down a big feed, colic is the result. Also, if misty hay or musty, sour feed is used, or if fresh-cut grass wet with dew or rain is hastily eaten in large quantities, colic is often the result.

Scratches in horses will never occur when the mud has been allowed to dry and then brushed off without the application of water.

A remedy for scratches is oxide of zinc, 1 dram; vaseline, 1 ounce. Never apply water to the legs.

The brood mare needs liberal, but not excessive, feeding of well-cured hay, oats and bran.

Adopt a system in harnessing and unharnessing the horse so that he'll understand what you are doing.

## The Dairy

Milking by machinery is less expensive in herds of fifteen cows or more. In smaller herds it is more expensive than hand milking.

If it pays to raise calves at all it pays to feed and care for them from the day they are born. Farm sanitation is the all important thing in the care of livestock on the farm.

Keep the cattle stables clean. Contagious abortion and tuberculosis and other diseases can only be kept in check in this way. There is no cure for contagious abortion, and although after cows have aborted three times they are usually immune from the disease they are still carriers of it and may give it to other healthy stock.

Sludge furnishes a juicy food for winter, and thus helps to keep the digestive organs of cattle in good order.

Plenty of exercise and proper ventilation are essential for young and breeding stock.

For warts on cows' teats a good treatment is applying a mixture of two ounces each of tincture of iodine and castor oil. Paint the teats affected twice daily after milking, and about thirty minutes after painting grease with vaseline to keep the skin from getting tender or blistering.

### Easy Method.

"How did Deeds make his reputation as a lawyer?" "He was so well-to-do he could define cases he knew he couldn't win."

Spain is studying its large deposits of peat with a view to utilizing the material for the production of both gas and electricity.

## Poultry

A smooth plumage indicates health. Always practise absolute cleanliness in feeding.

The early-hatched pullet is the one which will lay next winter. You will desire some chickens out in April. It is now time to get the incubator and incubator room in order.

Anyone with a flock of more than 50 hens should have an incubator.

A hard floor on the brooder will cause the feet of the little chicks to "crumble" and make them cripples.

An incubator is less trouble than a dozen hatching hens, and the machine brings the chickens when you want them.

After the eggs begin to hatch in the incubator do not open the door more than once in every two or three hours to remove the chicks, and do it as quickly as possible, as the least draft upon a picked egg may kill the chick within.

Geese only one year old are not mature as breeders. Such females lay fewer eggs, of smaller size, with a greater proportion usually infertile, than is generally the case with females two or three years old.

## Hogs

Where suitable building exists for the proper protection of the sow and her young she should be expected to raise two litters a year.

Do not allow the food to sour in the hog feed trough.

When the little pigs are weaned, put the sow out of their hearing for a while.

Almost any kind of milk is all right so long as it is good, clean milk. The hogs will make good use of it. When you once get your hogs on sweet milk or on sour, keep them there. The changing from one to the other is the way to trouble.

Skim-milk is the hog's natural food. Save it all.

Lack of exercise is one cause of soft pork.

A long pig has the frame-up for a big hog. It is our work to put on the right kind of siding.

## Sheep Notes

At lambing time the ewes require the constant attention of the shepherd, especially if the weather is cold.

The young lamb must have nourishment from the ewe as soon as it is born; the sooner the better.

If a lamb is chilled take it at once to a warm place and plunge it in water as warm as the hand will stand, then rub dry and wrap in warm flannel.

As soon as revived, take it to the mother and see that it gets nourishment.

If lambs are due to arrive, the caretaker should visit the flock once or twice during the night. A little assistance at the right time may save a lamb, and oftentimes the ewe.

The ewes welcome the presence of the regular attendant and are grateful for his help.

The fuel value of two pounds of wood is equal to one pound of coal, according to the result of calculations made by the Forest Service Laboratory.

## THE CASH VALUE OF A FARMER

If a number of farmers were asked to name the most valuable asset of the farm, it is probable that each would have a different answer, and equally probable that each would be wrong. For it is not likely that one of them would think of himself in this connection. It is a fact nevertheless that the farmer himself represents the greatest value on the farm even on a purely cash basis.

Actuaries have calculated the present value of annuities of one dollar at all ages and have arrived at the conclusion that an annuity of a dollar at age 40, is worth on the average \$16.51. Now, supposing a farmer, age 40, is able to produce by his thought and labor \$1,000 per annum out of his property in addition to his own maintenance, he would be worth to his family one thousand times the annuity of one dollar or \$16,510. The same values can be ascertained for all other ages.

Now it is strange, in view of the high money value of the farmer, that he frequently neglects to insure his life. The house must be insured, the barn must be insured, and the stock, but the farmer himself is unprotected. This is not fair to him nor to his family. If the head of the house were taken away the farm and stock would be left, it is true, but someone must be found to take charge of the business and work the farm, and adequate insurance would provide the money necessary to engage such a manager. It often happens that, depending on continued health and strength, and good crops, that the farm has been taken with an encumbrance on it, in the shape of a mortgage. Although farmers live a healthful life, yet they are not immortal and death is always a possibility. In the event of death, who will pay the mortgage? The widow with the added burden of providing help to work the farm? It would be impossible and foreclosure would be inevitable. Now let us suppose that this farmer had been wise, and had taken life insurance for the amount of the mortgage. At his death the

liability would be discharged with the insurance money. It is evident then that every farmer should have his life insured.

Probably the most desirable is the Endowment Policy. Under endowment policies the amount is payable to the insured himself if he is living at the end of a certain term of years, say 15, 20, 25 or 30. Should he die during that time the policy is payable to his family. The endowment policy, therefore, is a savings bank account, and an insurance at the same time. It may be that the farmer may wish to accumulate a certain amount of money in order to enlarge his property or to make some notable improvement, perhaps to build a house. The endowment policy provides a means whereby a fund can be accumulated for any such purpose, and it will be available in any case in the event of the death of the policyholder.

Of the endowment policies those on the participating plan are perhaps preferable. There are a number of ways in which an insurance company can "make money". For instance the number of deaths occurring may turn out to be less than the number used in calculating the premiums. Again the rate of interest earned may be higher than the rate used in calculating the premiums, or a sale of securities might be made to the advantage of the company. Participating policies by their terms share in the profits earned by the company. These profits are determined at regular intervals, and are allotted to the different policies. In the case of the participating policies the amount of the profits may be returned in cash, or it may be used to reduce the premiums, or again a substantial addition may be made to the amount of the policy. Policies on the participating plan, although they have higher premiums, in the end usually turn out to be cheaper than policies on the non-participating plan, because the profits earned are usually such that the net cost per \$1,000 of the participating policy falls below that of the non-participating contract.

But we must beware of side-tracks, branch-lines which lead to the Desert of Nowhere, the Gulf of Futility, the Wilderness of Lost Opportunities, or the Terminus of Empire—a terminus at which, with too much cocksureness, by lack of forethought, by failure to grasp the world-trend of these tremendous times, we may all too easily land.

But if the vision of what this glorious family of English-speaking and English-thinking and English-acting nations can become does not nerve us all to the task of bringing its destiny to pass, then it will not come to pass. A nation may miss its obvious destination, as a man can. It may take the wrong turning.

The greatest of all Teachers coupled watching with praying, and put watching first.

The autumn is not here with the fruit of our labor in sowing the seeds of Empire in the ploughed soil of the world, but we are assured that the fruit of freedom is justice and friendship and comradeship and confidence and cheerful service, whilst the fruit of tyranny is hatred and disintegration.

### War-Time Thrift in Hunland.

Many are the instances of German war-time thrift recorded in Herbert Bayard Swope's "Inside the German Empire." Nothing is permitted to be carried off the battlefields as souvenirs, Mr. Swope says. The debris is carefully sorted over, and every article that German ingenuity can bring into usefulness again is sent back to the Quartermaster's depot. Throughout the Empire there are collecting stations for all sorts of old things—old bottles, shoes, pieces of rubber, news and wrapping papers, brass, steel, copper, tin, string, rags—nothing is thrown away. Once a month these articles are gathered up from every city and village and worked over. As to the paternalism of the Government, Mr. Swope says that it has reached the point where even the housewives are instructed at what time they can put up their preserves, and in what quantities, and at what prices they may buy their fruits.

British experts have found that sisal can be profitably grown in South Africa.

## The Shawville Boot and Shoe Store

# HOSIERY.

### In Women's we have

Best Quality Cashmere, sizes 8½ to 10	50c. a pair
" " Plain Wool " " "	50
" " Ribbed Worsted, all Wool	75
" " Fleece Lined	25
" " Ribbed Wool	40
" " Cotton Heavy Weight	25
" " Boot Silk	50

### In Men's we have

Best Quality Cashmere	60c. a pair
" " light weight	50
" " Pure Silk	50
" " White Cashmere	50
" " Natural Cashmere	50
" " Fancy Lisle	40
" " Pure Wool Ribbed Worsted	50

### CHILDREN'S

" Little Daisy " and " Little Darling "	35c. a pair
Best Quality Lisle	25
Boys' Rock Ribbed	25

Give our stock a look through before buying, as we know our prices and quality are right.

**P. E. SMILEY.**

## WE MUST PRODUCE

**MORE** Are You Doing Your Share?



**50c** Buys this Ideal Garden Selection of McDonald's Tested Reliable Seeds.

Sufficient for a small family and a small backyard garden.

Send Post Card for Catalogue

1 oz. Beet.—Extra Early Egyptian.  
1 pkt. Cabbage.—Early Winningstadt.  
1 pkt. Carrot.—Chantenary.  
1 pkt. Cucumber.—Arlington White Spine.  
1 pkt. Lettuce.—Big Reeton.  
1 pkt. Lettuce.—Grand Rapids.  
1 pkt. Onions.—Red Wethersfield.  
1 pkt. Parsley.—Champion Moss Curled.  
1 pkt. Parsnip.—Improved Hollow Crown.  
1 oz. Radish.—Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped.  
1 pkt. Spinach.—Victoria.  
1 pkt. Turnip.—Golden Ball.

Money must be enclosed with order to insure prompt delivery, postpaid.

Mention the name of this Paper when writing

**Kenneth McDonald & Sons, Limited**

Market Square, Ottawa, Can.

When you want the best value for your money in

## SHINGLES

at \$1.65 per M and up  
Also Laths, Dry Lumber, Clapboards  
Flooring End Matched Hardwood Floor  
ing, Mouldings Doors etc try

**A. F. CAMPBELL,**

BOX 55

Arnprior, Ont.

### In Memoriam.

In loving memory of our dear mother, Mrs. Nahem Robinson, who departed this life April 6, 1915.

"Gone beyond the darksome river,  
Only left us by the way;  
Gone beyond the night forever,  
Only gone to endless day,  
Gone to meet the angel faces,  
Where our lovely treasures are,  
Gone awhile from our embraces,  
Gone within the gates ajar."  
—Her daughter.

### Card of Thanks

We wish to thank our many friends and neighbors for the many kindnesses shown to us in our recent bereavement; also to Brantford friends.  
MRS. R. CHAPMAN AND FAMILY.  
March 19, 1917.

# Keep up the Food Supply and Help Make Victory Sure

"I AM assured that my people will respond to every call necessary to the success of our cause—with the same indomitable ardour and devotion that have filled me with pride and gratitude since the war began."

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE

OUR soldiers must be fed; the people at home must be fed. And—in spite of Germany's murderous campaign to cut off the Allies' Food supply, by sinking every ship on the High Seas—an ample and unfailing flow of food to England and France must be maintained.

*This is National Service—  
Not to the Farmer only—  
But to YOU—to everybody—  
This appeal is directed*

WE must unite as a Nation to SERVE—to SAVE and to PRODUCE. Men, women and children; the young, the middle aged and the old—all can help in the Nation's Army of Production.

EVERY pound of FOOD raised, helps reduce the cost of living and adds to the Food Supply for Overseas.

PLANT a garden—small or large. Utilize your own back yard. Cultivate the vacant lots. Make them all yield food.

WOMEN of towns can find no better or more important outlet for their energies than in cultivating a vegetable garden.

*Be patriotic in act as well as in thought.*

*Use every means available—  
Overlook nothing.*

For information on any subject relating to the Farm and Garden, write:  
INFORMATION BUREAU  
Department of Agriculture  
OTTAWA

**Dominion Department of Agriculture**  
OTTAWA, CANADA.

HON. MARTIN BURRELL, Minister.

### NOTICE

The people in this section are probably the "best pay" of any in our country. Yet, a few accounts are outstanding. These may be settled at the office.  
J. W. ARMSTRONG, M. D.  
Shawville, March 17, 1917.

## Seed Grain.

Opening the 1st of March, we will be in a position at the Elevator to supply  
**all kinds of Grain, fit for Seed.**

We have installed **A CLIPPER CLEANER**, one of the best on the market, specially designed for the Cleaning of Seed Grain of all kinds.

Cleaning done at 10c. per 100 lbs.

Highest Prices paid for all kinds of Grains.

**WM. & THE G. F. HODGINS CO.**

## SHAWVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS

**T. SHORE - PROPRIETOR.**

### MONUMENTS

I have on hand the finest stock of Marble and Granite Monuments ever placed before the public of this district. Prices are such that it will be to intending purchasers' interest to consult me before placing their order elsewhere. Nothing too large—nothing too small.

**FENCING AND CEMETERY WORK A SPECIALITY**

All Work Guaranteed Satisfactory.

# A Message to Mothers and Boys!

We respectfully invite you to come in and look over the beautiful range of  
**Boys' Clothing**

we are showing for Easter and Spring, 1917.

Never before has our stock been so complete. We have every style from

**Buster Brown's**

up to the very newest in

**Pinch Backs**

in all sizes and a large assortment of Patterns.

Our prices are as low as ever. We are after the Boys' Clothing Trade of this town and district, and we have spared no pains in collecting the beautiful range we are showing, and we have made the prices right.

All our Boys' Suits have the Governor Fastener.

**ARCHIE DOVER**

### Local and District.

#### HOCKEY

An exhibition of Canada's popular winter sport, the season for which is fast drawing to a close, was given at the local arena on Wednesday evening last, the participants in the contest for honors being the recently organized teams—(this year's fledglings we may call them) which identify themselves with those thriving outlying boroughs known as "Austin" and "Starks Corners," and which, as the crow flies, lie only a few miles apart on the line of the Can. Nor. Railway.

The event featured here on Wednesday night was in the nature of a championship match, each team having previously downed their opponents, on their own respective rinks, the circumscribed nature of which did not admit of much stellar work being pulled off. The boys yearned for greater scope in which to demonstrate their ability as puckchasers, and, of course, the only way of gratifying that ambition was to come to Shawville and try conclusions beneath the lofty dome of our swell rink.

Notwithstanding rather disagreeable weather, it was surprising the number of partisans from the rival districts who lined the sides of the rink when the gong signalled that the time was ripe for hostilities to commence. There was also a fair sprinkling of local fans, who were curious to see how the suburbanites performed when they got out of cramped quarters.

Cy Hodgins was, by agreement of the opposing teams chosen as referee; but the trainer of the "Pets" was at first a little shy about tackling the job, as with an admixture of uniforms of divers colors and sorts to deal with, the task in prospect seemed no easy one. However, he managed to wade through the difficulties of the first period without much loss of prestige, and then secured the assistance of Billy Cowan for the final stages, and the twain had little idle time left on their hands.

The match consisted of three 20-minute periods. Play at the outset was fast and furious, as the saying goes, characterized by numerous jolts and tumbles, but happily nobody was injured. The first goal was notched in about 8 minutes by Starks team, and a few minutes later the Austin boys evened score. The remainder of the period was barren of results. In the second period the Austin team plugged in four and held their opponents scoreless. In the final stage both teams showed evidences of tiring, and play was not so fast nor exciting. In this period Starks team again tallied, but their opponents failed to increase their lead. Thus when the gong heralded the finish, the score stood—Austin 5; Starks 2.

THE EQUITY is not disposed to make any comments as to the personal merits of the players, as it would serve no particular purpose. The boys did all they could to bring their teams out on top, and play was fairly evenly divided. For beginners some of the boys (who are all farmers) showed quite an aptitude for the game, and if they get time and opportunity to practice, will some day make pretty good players.

After the match the players, officials and a few other friends had supper at the Russell House.

Elmside vs. the Pets on Shawville rink Monday night, was ac-

corded the palm for being the snappiest game of the season on local ice, and was witnessed by the largest crowd. The visitors, who were leading at the end of the second period, were nosed out in the final stage by a score of 5-2 in favor of the Pets. Billy Cowan and Bob Wilson handled the match.

#### MURRELLS

March 19.—Thawing out feet is the order of the day around here.

We are glad to report that Mr. John Robitaille is recovering from his illness.

Mrs. Wm Pirie and children were the guests of Mrs. John Stewart Tuesday.

Mrs. Hamilton Stewart is spending a few days in Bristol.

We are glad to report Mrs. Robert Dale has entirely recovered from her illness.

Misses Margaret and Daisy Dale have returned to their schools after spending the winter months at home.

Mr. Roland Wallace was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Pirie Sunday.

Mr. Robert Telford expects to leave for the West shortly.

A young son arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cameron on 17th March.

A very interesting hockey match was to be seen at Campbell's Bay Tuesday between Morehead and Murrells, the score was 8-2 in favor of our team. For particulars ask the boys with the long feet.

#### Minutes Clarendon Schools.

Board of School Commissioners of Clarendon met March 3rd, 1917.

Present: Chairman Draper; Commissioners Tracy, Wallace, Laughren and Harris.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

Motion—Comrs Harris and Laughren—That this Board grant \$75 for Children's Fair, on condition that the Fair be held separately from the Local Fair.—Carried.

Motion—Comrs Wallace and Tracy—That the tenders for fencing school grounds Nos. 2 and 12-B, be extended to one o'clock, p. m., March 31st, 1917.—Carried.

Messrs. R. W. Hodgins, chairman of the Shawville School Board and W. A. Hodgins, commissioner, waited on the Clarendon School Board, stating financial conditions of Shawville Academy.

Motion—Comrs Tracy and Wallace—(There being 46 pupils from the township of Clarendon attending the Academy) this Board grant 6 per cent of the gross revenue of Clarendon Schools (according to Revised Statutes of Quebec), on condition that the County Council take up the matter and help accordingly.—Carried.

This step was taken because of the likelihood of the two Academy rooms being closed, as four teachers would accommodate the Shawville pupils.

Motion—Comrs Wallace and Harris—That the following bills be paid: 26 school desks from Shawville School Board, \$52; Thos. W. Hodgins, \$6.05, two bills supplies and work No. 9 School; John L. Sparling, 50 cents, lock from J. H. Shaw for No. 12-A.

Motion—Comrs Tracy and Laughren that the Asst. Secretary communicate by phone with qualified teacher for No. 12-B and secure her if possible.—Carried.

Next meeting 1, p. m., Saturday, March 31st, 1917.

M. A. MCKINLEY,  
Asst. Sec. Treas.