THE EQUITY.

No. 40, 34TH YEAR. SHAWVILLE, PONTIAC COUNTY, QUE., THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1917. $1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874.

Head Office: Ottawa, Canada.

Capital Paid Up - - -	$ 4,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits -	4,868,179
Total Assets over - - -	55,000,000

Board of Directors:

HON. GEORGE BRYSON, President. JOHN B. FRASER, Vice-President.
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The Merchants Bank of Canada

Established 1864

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT .. .. SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN.
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MANAGING DIRECTOR .. E. F. HEBDEN.
GEN. MANAGER .. .. D. C. MACAROW.

Paid up Capital	$7,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ..	7,250,984
Total Assets Nov. 30, 16, ...	108,956,996

228 Branches and Agencies in Canada.

—GOOD TIMES AND BAD TIMES—

GOOD TIMES are here today, and what are you laying aside for BAD TIMES which may follow and find you wanting? Provide against this by SAVING, not SPENDING. One dollar ($) starts an account with us. Special attention is paid to deposits by mail which are acknowledged upon the day of receipt.

Branches at Shawville and Quyon.

W. F. DRUM .. .. Manager, Shawville
A. A. REID .. .. Manager, Quyon.

THE HARDWARE STORE

EVERYONE PAINTS

During House Cleaning Time there is always more or less Painting to do--The question is what Paint to use.

.. We unhesitatingly recommend ..

Sherwin Williams

It costs just as much as a Good Paint aught to cost, not a cent more. If you pay more you pay too much. If you pay less you don't get as good a Paint.

Best Paint is always most economical to use.

A PAINT FOR EVERY PURPOSE.

Ask for Color Cards.

J. H. SHAW.

Featured in This Issue

Doings of the Duffs.
A humorous story in picture form.

The Fashions.
Newest ideas in Women's Wear.

Farm Crop Queries.
Questions answered by Prof. Henry G. Bell.

Housewife's Corner.
Tested Recipes and Helpful Hints for the busy Housewife.

Serial Story.

Your Problems.
A Question and Answer Department for Women.

A WORD TO THE LADIES ABOUT MILLINERY.—As I purpose holding my annual Spring Millinery Opening, commencing Friday and Saturday, March 30th and 31st—(over Mr. J. H. Shaw's store)—I therefore extend to the ladies of Shawville and vicinity a cordial invitation to call and inspect my large and assorted display of millinery, in the very latest styles and patterns. I trust to be favored with a fair share of your esteemed patronage, assuring you that I will put forth every effort to give the best service I can possibly render.

Respectfully yours,
MRS L. KELLEY.

J. J. Turner has a sale of stock, implements, etc., at Robert B. Lothian's, near Elmside, Bristol, on Wednesday, April 11th.

Your family have been pleading with you for years. Why not have that family group made to-day?
H. IMISON, Photo Artist.

I wish to announce to the public that I will have my Spring opening of Millinery, March 28–29th and following days at Bristol Corners. All are cordially invited. MISS E. H. MACDONALD, Bristol Corners.

AGAIN WOUNDED—Monday's casualty lists, which give an unusual number of killed, includes among the wounded the name of Pte E. G. Amy, whose wife resides in this village. Pte. Amy was slightly wounded several months ago.

A letter from Pte W. H. Elliott, Bramshott, England, acknowledges with thanks and gratitude to the Red Cross Soc'y, Shawville, the Christmas parcel which he received March 8th in fairly good condition.

PONTIACKERS WOUNDED.—Last week's casualty lists included the names of Pte. Ernest G. Allen, of Morehead, and Pte. Paul Landry, of Fort Coulonge, who were recorded as wounded. Pte Allen is son-in-law of Mr. Wm. Metcalfe, of Morehead Station, and went overseas with the 77th Battalion.

Taking a Mean Advantage

THE EQUITY regrets the appearance of an item in last week's Murrell notes which while quite innocent-looking on the surface, was nevertheless untrue, and grossly insulting to the parties referred to, because of that fact. We have frequently cautioned contributors to these columns, not to send anything for publication of an offensive character, in case detection of it should be missed in the rush of setting up the type. But our experience is that these requests have been systematically ignored; and we have discovered that some people who essay to fill the role of correspondents, are not above forging the names of other parties, in order to screen their own identity when they want to get a crack at somebody over the head of the publisher. This is both cowardly and vicious. The remedy we purpose adopting to overcome this evil is that no correspondence will be published unless we are fully satisfied of the author's good faith and identity. The waste basket for all suspicious stuff henceforward.

Amateurs: Now is the time to bring in your choice negatives and have enlargements made from them.
H. IMISON, Photo Artist.

Millinery Opening.

Miss M. Prendergast wishes to inform the ladies of Shawville and vicinity that she will have her fine new range of Spring Millinery ready for their inspection on Friday and Saturday of this week, over J. D. Horner's Meat Shop.

Personal.

Miss Leah Prendergast left for the West on Thursday last. She goes to her brother Chester at Bow Island, Alberta.

Mr. Arthur Phillips accompaied his mother from Montreal on Saturday on a short visit to his brother, Rev. A. T. Phillips.

Mr. S. A. Mackay was in Montreal last week to see his youngest son Karl start for overseas with an artillery draft.

Mr. John H. Findlay was in town over Friday night visiting his father who is slowly recovering from his long, severe illness.

Mr. Phelps, of Ottawa, father of Mrs. R. A. Hodgins, accompanied by Miss Phelps, visited the former this week, and were present at the memorial service on Sunday morning.

Lieut. Reid, of the 235th Battalion, Ottawa, and Lieut. Manning, of the 240th Renfrew, and also representing a Forestry draft under Capt. Kenny, arrived here last week on a recruiting mission. Previous to this visit Lt. Manning had secured some recruits in other sections of the county.

THE EQUITY was pleased to have a call on Saturday from Mr. A. J. McDonald, a young Montrealer, who has opened a law office at Campbell's Bay, and intends visiting Shawville every Saturday, and probably twice a week later on. His card appears in this issue. We bespeak for Mr. McD. a successful practice.

The work meeting of the Shawville H. M. Club will be held on Thursday evening of this week, at the home of Mrs. W. J. Dagg.

You undoubtedly have a few new pictures you would like framed. Call and see samples. Picture framing a specialty. H. IMISON.

Several shanty boys who went upthe line to work for the George Gordon Co., arrived home last week with their foreman, James McCord.

Another Dollar for Smokes for the soldiers has been handed THE EQUITY by Mr. George Smith of Greer Mount, for which he has our thanks, on behalf of the boys.

The Bristol and Clarendon H. M. Club, will hold their monthly meeting in the hall, at Bristol, on April 5th, at 2 o'clock. Program: Experience in vegetable gardening by the members. Roll call—Your favorite vegetable and how to cook it.

OLD VETERAN SENDS $2.00.—Mr. Malcolm LeRoy, of Calumet Island, who wears the late Queen's medal for service during the Fenian raids, has forwarded two dollars for smokes for "Tommies" at the front. Our good friend has had some experience in soldiering, and knows that there is considerable solace in a good smoke under trying conditions.

To Organize County Motor League.

A meeting will be held at Fort Coulonge, on Friday night of this week, with the object of organizing a Motor League in this county. The co-operation of the car-owners is needed to promote the good roads scheme in this county, so it is to be hoped everybody interested in this matter will be present.

HENRY'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL

Ottawa, Ont.

Our instruction being individual you may start at any time.

We are HEADQUARTERS for Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Spelling, English, Correspondence, Punctuation, Paragraphing, Transcription, and Office Work.

Since January, 1913, more than 265 students from other local colleges have joined our classes.

Students are assisted to positions. More than 115 were placed during the past year—most of them in the Government. Send for circular.

D. E. HENRY, PRESIDENT.
Cor. Bank and Sparks Sts.

Births

At 241 N. Harold St., Fort William, Ont., on March 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Angus, a son.

Deaths

Mr. Peter Moyle, a well-known and much respected farmer, of Bristol, passed away at the Water Street (Ottawa) hospital on Tuesday morning of last week, to which institution he had been taken the day previously by Dr. Dan Smith. The late Mr. Moyle's illness—which was only of a few days' duration—was of a nature which puzzled the doctors, but it turned out to be typhoid fever of a very malignant form. This was established by analyses of some of the patient's blood, sent to Montreal for the purpose. Before the report came back, however, the victim of the disease had passed away. The remains were brought to Bristol for interment, the latter taking place on Thursday.

There passed away on March 11, at her home at Notre Dame de Grace, Montreal, after a long illness, Sarah Elizabeth, third daughter of Mr. Jas. T. and Mrs. Pattison, (formerly of Bryson and Bristol) and beloved wife of Mr. T. I. Pollock. Interment at Mount Royal cemetery on 14th inst.

Robert R. Gamey, "the man from Manitoulin," who contributed largely to the defeat of the Ross administration in Ontario, died in Toronto on Monday of last week.

Memorial Service.

A large congregation attended the memorial service to the late Pte Loren P. Hodgins, at St. Paul's church on Sunday morning last, the occasion being the eighth service of a memorial character held in this village during the past fifteen months.

The late Pte Hodgins, a reference to whose death on the far flung battle line in France has already been made in these columns, and who was the second son of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Hodgins of Clarendon, has been paid a worthy tribute by the Chaplain of the regiment to which he belonged, in a letter of condolence from that officer to the bereaved parents. This letter was read to the congregation by Rural Dean Phillips, at the opening of a most impressive and touching address, based upon the passage from St. John's Gospel XV: 13—"Greater love hath no man," etc.

The church was adorned with the customary decorations used at such events, and the hymns, prayers and other features of the service were appropriate to the solemn occasion.

The offertory collected was for Patriotic purposes, and was taken up by Lieut. Reid and Lieut. Manning, who were here on a recruiting mission.

"Canada's Best"

GOWLING Business College
OTTAWA, ONT.

Has proved itself to be Canada's Best Business, Shorthand and Civil Service School by taking the SIX highest places in open competition with all business and shorthand schools in Canada on the Civil Service Examinations of May last.

Write for catalogue and copy of Gowlings Advocate.

W. E. GOWLING, President. H. G. W. BRAITHWAIT, Principal

FOR SALE—The Pontiac House Livery—Reason for selling, wish to go west. ALF DRAPER, Proprietor.

FORD FOR SALE—On account of going away, I offer for sale my Ford Car, in good running shape. HERBERT DEAN, R. R. No. 2, Shawville.

WANTED—A young Protestant girl to assist with household duties, in a thoroughly modern home. Experience unnecessary, but character references essential.
Address MRS. CHARLES FORTH, 195 Carling Ave., Ottawa.

FOR SALE—A quantity of good, sound Green Mountain Potatoes, suitable for Seed. $2.25 per 80 lb. bag. HAROLD H. HODGINS, Westview Farm. R. R. No. 2.

ROOSTERS FOR SALE—Five Plymouth Rock (pure-bred) Roosters for sale at $2.25 each. Apply to PETER THOMPSON, R. M. D. No. 3, Shawville.

WANTED—A steady, reliable man, with good knowledge of book-keeping. Apply in writing, SHAWVILLE MOTOR CO.

FOR SALE—One frame house, summer kitchen, and woodshed combined on Patterson St., Campbells Bay, close to station—on easy terms. For further particulars apply to JAMES ROONEY, Campbells Bay.

FOR SALE—Two comfortable dwelling houses, situated on King St., on easy terms. For information apply to THE EQUITY.

CONCRETE CULVERTS, PIPES AND curbings for wells sold at Works Contracts made with Municipalities to manufacture Pipes in their own localities. H. T McDOWELL & SON, Shawville Que.

BULL FOR SALE—We are now offering for sale, our fine Shorthorn Herd Bull, Heather King [91401]. He is a big thick-fleshed roan, rising four years old. His breeding is the very best and he has proved himself an extra good sire. For particulars apply to E. L. HODGINS, Elmhurst Farm, Portage du Fort, or WM. HODGINS, Shawville.

A big element of uncertainty is removed when you have a photograph made by H. IMISON, Photo Artist.

Practice of Displaying Eggs in Windows Bad.

With no commodity is waste so apparent as it is in the handling of eggs. It is a common practice at this season of the year for many retailers to advertise the increasing egg supply and the rapidly falling prices, by displaying piles of eggs in their store windows.

The eggs thus exposed in many cases come under the direct rays of the sun and are subjected to a temperature behind the plate glass window of about 100 degrees. The excessive heat resulting causes serious deterioration through evaporation accompanied by loss of flavor.

Further at this time of the year a large percentage of the eggs marketed are fertilized, and as it is common knowledge that a temperature of 70 degrees is sufficient to start incubation, the possibility of serious deterioration will be readily seen.

W. A. HODGINS

SHAWVILLE

SILKS

for Spring Dresses

See our new 36 inch Silks in all the popular shades

at $1.00 and $1.35 per yd.

Considering the extremely high prices of all Wool and Cotton Fabrics Silks are now the most economical Dress Materials you can buy.

New Crepe Voiles

Shades Grey, Copen, Navy and Black

Real Dainty Material for Dainty Dresses.

It seems like forcing the season, but we are told that goods of this kind will be extremely scarce later on, hence we advise your selection at once.

W. A. HODGINS

SEEDS will be our next ad.

GREAT HOSPITAL WORK BY BRITISH

DESCRIPTION OF HOSPITALS ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

Wonderful Organization at the Large Casualty Clearing Stations.

A correspondent of a London newspaper sends the following description of British hospital work on the western front:

When a man is wounded at the front it is the work of the battalion stretcher-bearers to get him down to the battalion dressing station; and the heroism with which the stretcher-bearers have worked has become a commonplace. From the dressing station he is passed on as quickly as possible, receiving only such immediate attention as the nature of his injury requires, to the field ambulance, and thence to the casualty clearing station, which is, in fact, a hospital of considerable size.

Such hospital may have had at the beginning of a battle a permanent staff of about 100 persons, including, besides the executive officers, six or eight doctors, officers of the R. A. M. C., as many nurses, and 80 orderlies. On to this staff were thrown during a period of 14 days, in the case of one hospital, and with some others it was the same, over 12,000 cases, which included, of course, many Germans. It is true that before the 14 days were up new doctors had arrived, and the number of officers attached has now been more than doubled. But in the first few days of the rush it can be guessed what the work was. The doctors, the nurses, the orderlies worked until literally they fell asleep in the few seconds of waiting between one case and another.

The hospital nominally has 200 beds, being "capable of expansion." It had 800 beds in use for a night, but only for a night; and the day that I was there it had 122. It is in tents, which accounts for its capacity for "expansion," and is situated near a railway, where there is a train of Red Cross carriages constantly in waiting. And the object kept always in view is to evacuate the patients as rapidly as possible.

Smooth, Quick Work.

Only necessary operations are performed. Roughly it may be said that these include all cases of severe abdominal injuries. Wounds in the chest are generally kept here, dressed and put to bed, until the wound settles down before being sent forward for operation. A few head wounds only have surgical treatment, the doctrine being that it is after the operation that rest and quiet are essential, and there is less risk, except in the case of very severe injuries, in sending the patient on by barge to the place where he can finally rest than there is in operating at once and having to move him afterwards.

For the rest, the first essential is to have an abundance of dressing tents, all clustered round the operating rooms. I was at one of these stations on a day when the stream of wounded was at its worst, and it was an impressive thing to see the rapidity and smoothness with which the work went on, the patients being laid, screened as well as could be from the sun, on stretchers on the ground before each dressing tent, having only a short wait before their turn came to pass into the silent interior, to be examined and dressed and to pass out at the other side. They are cleaned and comforted and fed, all their belongings and equipment are taken from them, and within, generally, two or three hours of their arrival they are borne, dressed only in pyjamas or in their shirts and trousers, as their wounds may permit, to the train or the barge to be taken with all possible care to the base.

There is a complete system of records and of labelling each case, on cards fastened to the patient's clothing, which begins at the regimental dressing station and is continued and elaborated at each stopping place on the way down. All the things which are taken from the men, not, of course, including their valuables and small personal properties, which travel with them, are turned into the "pack store," and are also systematically evacuated and sent down to headquarters.

System is Ingenious.

An ingenious plan has been adopted of establishing these hospitals, as far as possible, in pairs close together, so that each in time of stress can relieve the other. In "peace" times, such as prevail in the lulls between a great advance, each hospital of a pair takes patients on alternate days only, so that on every second day neither has any new cases coming in. At first they take their cases in alternate batches of 400, orderlies being stationed down the road to deflect the motor ambulances as they come, to one hospital or the other. So one would be clearing out its batch of 400 while the other was receiving, and in this way neither becomes impossibly congested.

The station's responsibility for a patient ends when he is duly delivered on the railway platform or at the barge. There the Evacuating Medical Officer steps in and sees that all are properly entrained and started for a base, where they are distributed to their appropriate destination, whethey they go to England or are held at the Base Hospital in France, as "A," "T.B.," or "P.B.," which letters mean that a man is fit to be returned to active service as speedily as possible, or that he must remain temporarily at the base, to be examined once a week, till adjudged fit for service, or permanently at the base, when he will be examined only once a month.

With our own wounded are, of course, a number of Germans, who, it is needless to say, receive precisely the same treatment and the same care as our own men.

SCHOOL LIFE AND SCHOOLS.

Greater Attention Must be Paid To Making Schools Attractive.

Impressions made upon the young mind are lasting. This is especially the case in school life. Psychologists agree that, until about twelve years old, boys are entirely taken up with their own interests and have not begun to recognize the need of group efforts. It is, therefore, in the early age that the child forms his individual opinion of the school and teacher. In later life his interests become more associated with his school fellows and this memory offsets any deleterious effect which an unattractive school may have caused.

According to a recent survey of educational conditions in the county of Dundas, Ont., by the Commission of Conservation, 98 per cent. of 400 farmers and 92 per cent. of their wives attended public school only. Their education, therefore, must have been completed at an early age. Thus the impression created by their public school surroundings must be indelibly written upon their minds and remain there during life. Every consideration, civic and individual, renders it essential, therefore, that school conditions be made agreeable and that the teacher be suitable to the work. Greater attention must be paid to making our schools attractive, to bring the scholars to them, and make life pleasant for them while there. We are continually urging greater and higher educational facilities for our children, but are we making the best use of existing opportunities? A prime requisite to this end is initiative on the part of the teacher. In his or her hands much needed improvement can be made in building and grounds. Any expense entailed can readily be secured, if not by direct collection from the parents, through the medium of some form of entertainment, and it is not hard to arouse the enthusiasm of the pupils in such undertakings.

In most country schools there is the nucleus of a good school. With a progressive teacher, the necessary improvement to the surroundings could be made at minimum cost, and conditions created which would provide memories of his school and his teacher throughout the pupil's later life.

Measuring the Wind.

The speed of the wind is measured by means of an ingenious instrument called the anemometer. It is like a weather vane, with cups instead of letters at the ends of its arms. The cups, catching the wind, spin round, and thus turn the central shaft. This passes down into a box in which are several dials. The indicators of those dials are connected with the shaft, and move according to its revolutions. Thus the number of revolutions of the cup in a certain time gives the exact speed in miles an hour.

EFFICIENT SYSTEM OF THE RED CROSS

CENTRAL OFFICE IN LONDON A WONDERFUL STOREHOUSE.

How the Great Red Cross Society Deals Effectively With a Vast and Complete Task.

There is, to the ordinary mind, but little romance connected with the collection and despatch of stores to the various hospitals run by the Red Cross Society, yet a walk through the long corridor of their stores department, in the heart of Pall Mall, London, opens up vistas alluring in the extreme, says London Answers.

Here, from all parts of the Empire, come the gifts of large-hearted and grateful people for the wounded, and it is here that they are sorted, packed, and valued, and sent out to the places where they are most needed.

Every article received, be it a bed-sock or an X-ray outfit, is classified, and a value placed upon it, so that accounts may be kept orderly, and the amount required for the complete maintenance of a hospital of so many beds arrived at in a systematic way.

Universal Providers.

In the basement of the Pall Mall offices—which are the Red Cross headquarters—ladies may be seen every day making up consignments of drugs and bandages, or counting socks and hospital suits, slippers, and shirts, in order that there may be written across each and every requisition at the shortest possible notice the words: "These goods have been despatched."

An idea of the urgent orders which have been dealt with in two weeks recently will be gained if you will try to comprehend what the following list comprises: 1,200 stretchers, 2,500 pairs of slippers, 10,000 handkerchiefs, 500 X-ray outfits, 5,000 pairs pyjamas, 5,000 wool helmets, 12,000 pairs heel-pads, 500 operating gowns, 1,200 bed-rests, and thousands of shirts specially constructed for helpless cases; toothbrushes and tooth-powders, enamelled drinking mugs, shaving sticks, rubber gloves (all of one particular size), hairbrushes, feeding-cups, and a host of other things.

Fabulous Figures.

And these huge numbers are by no means representative of the enormous amount of stuff sent out from London. They are simply the articles asked for by urgent telegram only, and in all cases they have been despatched the same day as they were asked for.

Only once has the Red Cross been caught napping, and that was when a requisition for 10,000 "comfort bags"—which are the small receptacles for Tommy's personal belongings, supplied to each patient—came in. But within thirty-six hours these had been collected and sent off to the Continent.

Mere figures cannot tell the romantic story of this aspect of Red Cross work, but over $1,000,000 has been spent in stores, and about $2,500,000 is the value of the gifts received. One hundred thousand cases of goods have been despatched to hospitals both at home and abroad, and over two million garments supplied.

Here are just a few instances of the universal character of Red Cross stores.

Puddings and Pianolas.

One hospital asked for a kitchen outfit to feed 100 men; the apparatus was despatched in eight hours. An order received late in the evening—after the staff were supposed to have departed—for a complete outfit for an emergency hospital was completed before dawn next morning. Four hours was all the time taken to collect and despatch a complete plumber's shop to Calais.

Last Christmas a demand for 800 Christmas-puddings and 120 turkeys was received at midnight, and, although the turkeys had to be purchased and the puddings made, the order was completed during the following afternoon.

Queer jumbles come in on the requisitions, and it is quite a romance to read through the cables that are being constantly received. One in particular, recently received from East Africa, asked for pillows, pencils, playing-cards, calves'-foot jelly, music-rolls for pianolas, an ice-making plant, and a soda-water machine.

At Saloniki the troops of the Allies have but little to assist them in the way of recreation, and games are sent out in thousands. Two dozen portable harmoniums have been sent out in answer to an appeal made by Army chaplains for music for their services—a gift which, while not strictly within the scope of the Red Cross, is greatly appreciated by the Tommies.

Egypt is a peculiar country, and peculiar demands come from it at times. For instance, silent punkas to keep the air moving in the hospital wards, toothsticks dear to the hearts of our gallant Indian troops, "sparklets" and soda-water machines for making cooling drinks—all these are asked for and sent.

There are some hospital launches at work on the Tigris, and difficulty was found in getting fuel for their use. Pall Mall immediately rose to the emergency, and sent out 200 tons of patent fuel in blocks, thus enabling the launches to carry on their merciful work at full speed.

Gardening Tools for Flanders.

An aspect of this work that has not as yet come to the notice of the public is the supply of weed-killer for clearing the graves of our heroes who have fallen "out yonder." Not only did the Red Cross Society send out weed-killer to Flanders, but they also improved on the order, and added a complete set of garden tools—rakes, hoes, spades and forks—so that the last resting-places of the gallant dead should not be neglected.

Latterly, too, 50,000 young vegetable plants have been supplied to the Continent. These are planted around the various rest camps, hospitals, and convalescent stations, and not only do they provide a constant supply of fresh vegetables for the sick and wounded, but they provide a means of recreation for those patients who are able to get about, and upon whose hands time hangs all too heavily after their strenuous labors in the firing-line.

Mesopotamia demanded 20,000 yards of wire gauze-netting to keep the sand flies and mosquitoes from further adding to the misery of wounded men. As newspaper readers will know, these flies are a terrible pest out in that far country. In order to fill this order, it was necessary to scour all England, and it speaks volumes for the efficient organization of the Red Cross stores department that this quantity was discovered, bought, and despatched within two days. As a matter of fact, they purchased every inch of the netting they could, and left England completely out of stock.

But the sick and the wounded are not the whole of the Red Cross' care; they look after the welfare of our prisoners also. This part of their work originally commenced by the sending of Christmas parcels, but it was soon realized that Christmas was not the only time parcels were required, and that the prisoners of war were short of many things which were sheer necessaries.

Bread, tinned meat, jam, tea, milk, sugar, cheese, dripping, even soap, were all needed, and many are the letters of appreciation and thanks for parcels received daily from men who had been unfortunate enough to fall into enemy hands.

Good Advice.

The grammar school principal went from room to room explaining what to do in case of fire. The pupils listened with respectful attention until he came to his final instructions, then smiles and giggles disturbed the principal's serenity.

"Above all things," he said, "if your clothing catches fire, remain cool."

As a substitute for the door mat there has been invented a device provided with horizontal brushes to remove dust from the soles and tops of shoes and the bottom of trousers as well.

NEW CANADIAN WAR LOAN

The Safest and Best Investment Possible to Obtain.

These securities are always saleable and we are ready to purchase at any time.

Without charge we give best attention to all applications placed through us.

Full particulars and Subscription Forms furnished on Application

Write, Telegraph or Telephone us at our expense.

W. A. Mackenzie & Co.

TORONTO WINNIPEG

The Doings of the Duffs.

Farm Crop Queries

Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell.

The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the advice of an acknowledged authority on all subjects pertaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailed direct.

Henry G. Bell.

Question—W. K.: — I have a meadow seeded down last spring, but, owing to the extreme wet, followed by a drought, there is only half a catch. The clover mostly lived but the timothy is nearly all dead. Should I plow them up in the Spring, or would it be advisable to go over the ground with a drag harrow and sow timothy by hand?

Answer:—If the clover has lived through the winter in sufficient quantities I would advise re-sowing timothy seed in the spring and at the same time top-dressing the seeding with well-rotted manure or about 200 pounds of fertilizer. The fertilizer should be high in ammonia. I think you would do well also to add three pounds of meadow fescue grass per acre. This is a rapid-growing grass and should make a valuable addition to your meadow. After this has been applied I believe it would be advisable to harrow the seeding lightly, making sure to harrow it with the grain drill rows instead of across it. If the spring is normal this should get you a good catch and make a satisfactory seeding.

Question — M. L. S.:—I purchased a farm on which only 6 acres were plowed and part of this was done two years ago and left to grow to weeds. A small part of the field was planted to potatoes, but it also is very weedy. The land has had very little manure in the last five years. Plowing for spring crops must be done this spring as we were unable to do any plowing last fall. We purpose sowing barley and oats, and would like to know whether it is advisable to seed this land with clover this spring or plow the stubble after the grain is harvested and seed to rye, and then sow the clover a year from this spring. We have no barn-yard manure to apply to the land.

Answer:—In my opinion it would be well to seed your barley and oats with clover this spring. The soil is evidently run down and you should, as soon as possible, establish a system of cropping where you could plow under a second crop of clover. This will add organic matter, or humus, to the soil and will also make some addition of nitrogen. In order to make sure of a satisfactory catch of clover and at the same time greatly assist your barley and oats seeding it would be well to apply 200 to 300 pounds of fertilizer to the acre at the time of seeding the crop, since you have no barn-yard manure to apply to your land. This fertilizer should carry at least two to four per cent. ammonia and from six to eight per cent. available phosphoric acid. It will not only help the grain crop but will do a great deal to insure a satisfactory stand of clover.

From PHOTOGRAPH © UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

Their Fathers are Fighting For Right, SHALL THEY STARVE?

Here are two little Belgian refugees two of thousands upon thousands whose fathers have answered the call of duty and are fighting with their Allies for the liberty of peaceful nations. Those fathers did not wait to count the cost or to find out how much help they were going to receive from outside their borders. They perhaps believed that great nations like Britain and France would not stand by and see them crushed, and that the people of these wealthy and friendly countries would not allow their children and their wives to starve while they were away. But all that they really knew was that they heard the call of duty and rallied to their King.

Of course their faith in the nations who guaranteed their neutrality was not misplaced unless they had faith in Germany. Great Britain and France did rally to their side and with them are putting an end to the Teuton dream of World conquest. And their children and their wives have not been allowed to starve. The two shown in the picture, healthy and happy enough, are in England, at Stretham. So are many others, and it is comparatively a simple matter to care for them.

But there are left in Belgium more than have been or can be taken to England.

What of them? The Belgian Relief Committee has answered that question most efficiently. It has fed them ever since they were driven from their homes to shift for themselves. It has been enabled to do this through the response of Canadians, with the people of the Motherland and the United States, to the call of the Belgians' need.

The Committee's needs grow greater rather than less as long as Germany rules the occupied parts of Belgium, and so long as the need lasts the friends of freedom-loving Belgium are asked to open their hearts and loosen their purse-strings. Contributions should be sent direct to the Central Beligan Relief Committee, 59 St. Peter Street, Montreal, or to the branches in each locality.

Your Problems

Conducted by Mrs Helen Law

Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification, but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed.

Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 75 Castle Frank Road, Toronto.

E. F. A.:—1. Vegetables are more wholesome and better flavored when steamed than they are when boiled or fried. Besides, there is much less waste than in boiling, as much of the nutrition of the vegetables is thrown away with the water in which they are boiled. The water should be saved and used in soups. 2. If linen is moistened along the line the threat is to be pulled, the task of pulling threads is easier. 3. A large pair of scissors is a convenient kitchen tool, especially in preparing lettuce and other vegetables. Of course, they must be thoroughly washed, as are other utensils, after every using. 4. When plaster cracks, add enough vinegar to plaster of paris to make a mixture like thick putty, fill the crack, and smooth off with a knife. If water is used the plaster hardens too quickly. 5. Before storing a stovepipe away for the summer, rub it well with coal oil, stuff the ends with newspaper to keep out any moisture, and there will be no rust in the autumn.

R. S.:—1. There is a clear amber shade between yellow and brown that would be excellent for the walls of your living-room with the Northern exposure. Have the ceiling of a deep ivory tone, dropped down to meet the picture molding which should also be deep ivory. Plain oatmeal paper is best for walls which are to serve as a background for pictures. With plain walls one may have figured madras curtains, but hemstitched scrim in ecru or cream would make very suitable curtains for this room, and scrim wears and launders better than madras. Dip the ecru curtains in strong tea and dry in the shade. A suitable rug would have the amber shade of the walls mingled with blue and terra cotta. 2. Subdued colors are always most restful. I would not advise papering any room in red as it is considered by physicians to be very trying on the nerves. 3. Yes, Nottingham curtains are satisfactory, especially if you possess curtain stretchers. They do not iron well. 4. The tendency is towards simplicity in house furnishings now; as few draperies, cushions and ornaments as possible, and all articles are intended for use and not merely for show. It certainly lessens the housewife's task of cleaning, and is conducive to the family health.

H. D.:—1. The trenches on the western front extend about 750 miles. 2. Probably "The New Housekeeping," by Mrs. C. Frederick, will supply the information you require in household matters. 3. The Provincial Board of Health of Ontario will furnish you gratis a booklet, by Dr. Helen MacMurchy, entitled "A Little Talk About the Baby", which you will find valuable.

W. W.:—1. The new collars are nearly all of the sailor variety and of very sheer materials such as ninen, and georgette crepe. They are hemstitched or edged with lace or silk braid, and some have tucks or insertion set in. 2. Handbags are seldom of leather, but are elaborate affairs of silk, or beads, or are knitted or crocheted in bright hues of crochet silk. You might make a round bag of a strip of silk like your dress with a circle of cardboard covered with silk of form the bottom, and then crochet on a top of a contrasting color about an inch wide, through which to run a silk cord.

D. V. C.:—When your time is limited, it is best to plant flowering shrubs rather than annuals. Once carefully planted in good soil, the shrubs require little attention and are beautiful and permanent additions to the home grounds. Some of the best shrubs are: Spirea vau Houeeti, Flowering Almond, Japan Quince, Tartarian Honeysuckle, Syringa, Lilac, Snowball, Hydrangra, Rose of Sharon. 4 These will give you a succession of bloom from May to October. Flowering vines, such as Clematis, Wistaria, Dutchman's Pipe, Trumpet Flower, and Climbing Roses, are easily cared for. It is best to buy large three-year-old plants.

Horse Sense

Chronic swellings, puffs, etc., which are usually a sequel to some acute disease or injury, have their beginning in enlargement, either hard or soft, without pain or heat.

The remedy is either repeated blistering or the use of absorbents, as the daily application with smart friction of a little of a liniment made of 4 drams each of iodine and iodide of potassuim and 4 oz. each of alcohol and glycerine.

Begin fitting the work horses for the heavy spring tasks before the work begins.

After a winter of comparative idleness it is unwise and unprofitable to put a team in heavy work without preparation.

Now that heavy plowing is about to start, remember that prevention is the best cure for sore shoulders in horses.

If it doesn't do the horse any good to have you say a kind word to him as you pass, it does you good.

Plenty of sunlight and abundance of fresh air are two prime requisites in any stabling proposition.

The horse's feet should be washed occasionally with soap and water.

Bone spavin can often be traced to working the colt at too tender an age, or fast driving over roads that are slippery, or too suddenly stopping or jerking the colt.

For growing colts there is no better grain ration than equal parts of corn and oats ground together. This feed supplies the elements required for the production of fat, bone and muscle.

Hogs

Bowels in good working order lead to a good time at farrowing.

Pigs have short legs and not much strength. They can't wallow around in long straw. Run the straw through the cutting box and then scatter it about the pen, good and deep.

A sow that has just brought her pigs to town doesn't need much, if anything, to eat for a while. When she acts as if she was getting hungry, make her a nice soup of wheat middlings, bran and oats. But we need to be careful not to give too much at once; better to feed often.

Bad results sometimes come when pigs are due, because of disturbances in the vicinity of the sow's quarters. So far as possible give her a chance to be quiet.

Hogs fill a very important place in the economic world, and will doubtless long continue to do so, the more especially when we succeed in reducing the death rate in the hog kingdom to a reasonable figure.

Poultry

The hen that gets cold feet through exposure these raw days is apt to give her master cold feet when it comes to marketing her eggs. Keep the hens in till the ground is warmer.

When you turn chickens out for a run during mild days, throw some meat scraps, which are too large for them to swallow, within their reach. The ones that are lucky (?) enough to secure a morsel will be chased by the others, thus affording abundant exercise for all.

The egg-laying season among geese practically begins in March, although frequently eggs will be dropped in January and February—much depending upon the age of the geese and the condition of the weather.

An abdominal pouch of great size indicates great age, a pointer well worth remembering in purchasing breeding birds.

If you want to know what hen manure will do for fruit, plant some plum trees in the yard where hens run. Trees that bore very few plums, and none that were sound, have been made to bear bushels of fruit, just by letting hens run around them at will.

The Dairy

A pound of meal before the cow freshens is worth as much as three pounds after she freshens.

Water basins, with a supply of water always before the cows, means less labor in milking and a greater quantity of milk in the pail.

Cows fed a ration composed largely of silage produced 17 per cent. more milk and 28 per cent. more butter fat than those given a ration consisting mainly of grain.

Let your cows know you and study their wants. A finely bred dairy cow is a sensitive and high-strung animal and quick to respond to kind and considerate treatment.

So far as possible turn the water out of your barn-yard, so that the cows may not slip and bring on trouble.

A wire barn-yard fence is pretty cold comfort for a cow on a raw March day. Cold and comfort are not on speaking terms in the dairy.

The sire which has brought you good calves is worthy of the best care you can give him.

Sheep Notes

If a ewe loses her lamb, keep her milking as a foster-mother.

If she objects to mother a strange lamb, put her in a narrow stall, specially prepared, until she becomes reconciled. With gentleness, a ewe will soon take kindly to the situation.

One night out in a cold March storm may cost you several lambs and perhaps take the vigor out of a nice ewe.

Are the droppings hard and like bullets? A little more laxative food and not quite so much timothy hay will correct this. The best physic for sheep is wheat bran, with frequent rations of vegetables.

The humble sheep is getting a great deal of attention just now. Scarcity of wool means higher-priced clothing.

Famous Triplets.

Wine, women and song.
Battle, murder and sudden death.
Bell, book and candle.
Readin', 'ritin' and 'rithmetic.
He, she and it.
Bailey, Banks, and Biddle.
Faith, hope and charity.
Wynken, Blynken and Nod.
Hop, skip and jump.
Time, place and the girl.
Bread and cheese and kisses.

The woman who refers to her husband as "my old man" isn't showing him proper respect.

History of the War.

The French Division of Archives at the front has gathered more than 7,000 big cases of documents for the use of historians of the war. The final classification adopted covers 5,000 different subjects, and it is done with such fastidious pains that all the future historian will have to do will be to name the subject or the part of the line where occurred the operations he is studying to get a complete record. Besides these archives to the military operations, red tape methods have required the different units in the French army to furnish something like 25 million written documents since the beginning of the war. A single division of cavalry was called upon for 368,000 reports and statistical documents in two years; not one of them referred to the action of the division in battle or at the front.

Inadequate ventilation and inattention to the accumulation of gas-forming rubbish was responsible for a large percentage of the destruction of farm properties by fire.

POTATO SEED SELECTION AND DISEASE CONTROL

The Fourth of a Series of Five Special Articles by Henry G. Bell, Agronomist.

To the British nation potatoes constitute one of the great articles of diet. History records the disaster of the great potato crop in Ireland, and the present shortage gives the Britisher of to-day an idea of the importance of this common but very valuable crop.

Few Canadians realize that almost one acre in 40 under tillage in this province is normally planted to potatoes. The value of the 1914 crop totalled nearly $12,000,000.

When the Canadian potato grower considers the yield per acre he is obtaining as compared with yields in England, Scotland, Holland, Northeastern United States and other parts of the world, he must be impressed with the opportunity he has in increasing yields.

The average yield for Ontario is less than 160 bus. per acre, while England is growing over 300 bus. per acre, Holland 290 bus., and Maine over 250 bus. per acre.

One of the reasons that these other parts of the world are exceeding Canadian yields is that they are selecting good potato seed, and not relying on small nondescript stock.

There are three grades of seed selection in potatoes. Field choice is first. By field selection I mean simply watching the growing crop to see that it is a pure variety. First start by planting a pure variety and then save seed from all the plants having the same colored flowers and the same characteristic spread of potato vines. Dig the pure stock first and cull out the small inferior potatoes. Discard these and do not plant them for seed potatoes. You don't save the calves of the small, weakly heifers in order to build up your herd. Don't plant small inferior stock and expect to get good, strong, heavy yielding crops.

Plant selection is the second step in potato improvement. While the crop of pure variety potatoes is growing, go through the field and mark off the strongest best plants by putting a stick in beside the growing hill. When the crop is ripe dig the marked potatoes separately. Save for seed only those which have the largest number of well-formed tubers. Keep these for next spring's seed. Plant only the best potatoes from these.

Individual tuber selection is the most effective means of improving and purifying potato seed. Tuber selection starts with seed of a good variety if possible. Choose a number of potatoes of good marketable size. Cut each of these tubers into four pieces and plant each four pieces from one potato in a hill, or plant the four pieces of the same potato in a row. When the crop is ripe, dig these sister hills or plants in groups of four. Save only the potato "families" that yield the largest number of good marketable stock. Keep the "families" separate and plant a drill of each the second year. Choose again the best yielding, good quality stock and a good selection is started. A Michigan potato grower found a difference of 110 bus. per acre in the crop from selected stock compared with the crop from mixed seed grown on the same ground. The selected crop yielded 360 bus. per acre and the mixed stock produced 250 bus. per acre.

The methods of seed improvement outlined apply equally to early and late varieties. The Ontario Experimental Union has tested a great number of varieties throughout the province. Prof. Zavitz reports that as an average of 40 tests with two leading varieties he finds Davies Warrior to yield 131.95 bus. per acre and Extra Early Eureka 126.59 bus. per acre.

Before planting the selected seed, it should be dipped in a mixture of one pound formalin and 20 gals. water for 20 minutes. This treatment will kill scab spores or seeds which may be attached to the seed tuber. After this treatment if the selected stock is planted on ground where potatoes have not been grown for some time, it is likely no scab will appear on the product.

Special seed stock should always be grown on good, well-prepared ground, and should receive careful attention while the crop is developing.

Much can be done to protect the growing crop from blight and other diseases, but this subject of disease control must be treated in a succeeding article.

HENRY G. BELL.

ROMANCES OF SOME BACHELORS

RECALLING THE LOVE AFFAIRS OF FAMOUS MEN.

The Pathetic Story of Washington Irving's Early Love Affair.

Probably no man of fame has gone to a bachelor grave without one or more narrow escapes from Cupid's darts, however indifferently he may have professed to regard love.

Pitt always vowed that he had turned his back on the altar because he was "wedded to his country." Yet this cold-blooded statesman hovered more than once on the brink of matrimony, and was so infatuated with Miss W—, a Devonshire beauty, that on one occasion he drank her health out of one of her dainty shoes, says London Answers.

Theodore Hook, though he died a celibate, had his share of love adventures, and it was only lack of courage at the last moment that once kept him from the altar. He had actually posted a letter of proposal when his heart failed him, and he recovered the missive just as it was starting on its fateful journey.

Washington Irving's heart was buried in the grave of the beautiful girl to whom he had given it, when consumption took her from him in her seventeenth year.

Two Great Passions.

"She died in the beauty of her youth," he wrote, "and in my memory she will ever be young and beautiful." For fifty years he pillowed his head on her Bible and Prayer Book, and he died with her name on his lips.

The first moment Keats set eyes on Miss Fanny Brawne's beauty he was undone, and every later meeting plunged him deeper in her toils. When his broken health compelled him to leave England, the pain of parting from her was "beyond everything horrible," and in his last hours he cried in his agony.

"I cannot bear to die, and leave her! Oh, God! God! God! Everything I have that reminds me of her goes through me like a spear!" How unworthy she was of such a passionate devotion was proved when, a few years after Keats' death, she wrote to a friend, "The kindest act would be to let him rest for ever in the obscurity to which circumstances have condemned him."

Even Alexander Pope, with all his grotesque deformity, was as vulnerable as any amorous Adonis of his day. He lost his heart a dozen times to as many women—from Martha Blount, his boyhood's sweetheart, to Lady Mary Wortley Montague, until that vixenish beauty once referred to him as that "baboon."

David Hume made one, and only one, offer of marriage, and resigned himself to a life of bachelordom when it was rejected. Gibbon would have found happiness in Susanna Curchod, a lovely and gifted Swiss girl, if his autocratic father had not frowned on the match.

And Buckle might have been a Benedick, had he thought wedded life possible on a paltry £3,000 a year.

Newton's Fatal Slip.

Charles Lamb resolutely turned his back on wedlock, even when he knew that Anna Simmons' heart and hand were his for the asking, because his sister Mary required his undivided care; and Horace Walpole's affection was distributed among so many fair women, from my Lady Ossory to the charming and talented Berry sisters, that he could never make up his mind to a definite choice.

Sir Isaac Newton's one romance came to a tragic termination when, in a moment of abstraction, while holding the hand of his lady-love, he used one of her fingers as a pipe-stopper.

Beau Brummel would probably never have ended his days in a pauper lunatic asylum, had that perfumed dandy been less fastidious. Once, at least, he was on the verge of marriage, when he unaccountably broke off the engagement.

"Why did you do it?" a friend questioned him later.

"Well, my dear fellow," was the answer, "what else could I do? I discovered that Lady Mary actually ate cabbage!"

ASHES AS AN ASSET.

Mineral Constituents of Tobacco Valuable to the Soil.

It appears that smokers are throwing away annually about 8,000 tons of valuable material, the same being the ashes of the tobacco that they consume.

The ash left on burning tobacco is considerable and, as a matter of fact, the mineral matter of the tobacco leaf frequently amounts to as much as a fifth part of its weight. Thus a ton of tobacco leaf would yield four hundredweights of ash, which represent valuable mineral constituents withdrawn from the soil which have to be replaced by abundant manuring.

It has been calculated that a ton of tobacco withdraws more than a hundredweight of mineral constituents per acre of land. This would appear to be an astounding waste of material, which must be of enormous value to the soil, considering that 75 per cent. consists of calcium and potassium salts and 15 per cent. of magnesium and sodium salts, including nearly 5 per cent. of the essential constituent to all plants—phosphoric acid.

On the face of it there would seem to be a fortune in store for that individual who could devise a successful means for the collection of tobacco ash.—Washington Star.

THE EQUITY.

SHAWVILLE, MAR, 29, 1917.

It is reported that the Liberals of this province are organizing for a Dominion election during the early summer, which is an indication that their intention is to force the Government to go to the country before the war is over.

The Dominion Government has decided to expropriate the Ross Rifle factory at Quebec, and, as soon as the necessary changes in the plant can be made will commence the manufacture of the improved Lee-Endfield rifle, which as a service arm, is recognized as superior to any other in use in the Empire.

Is there anything significant in the fact that the Conservatives, though defeated in New. Brunswick, have a majority of the English-speaking representatives in the Legislature? A solid representation of eleven members from the Acadian constituencies gives the Liberals their majority of six in the province.

All the Lucien Cannons are not confined to the Liberal party in Quebec. Down in the Acadian counties of New Brunswick in the recent election Liberal speakers told the people that the late Murray Government's land settlement policy for returned soldiers was a scheme to oust the French in favor of English Protestants. And this base appeal had the intended effect.

The amazing swiftness and success of the recent revolution in Russia, seems to have an awakening influence on the long repressed passions and ambitions of numerous malcontents in Germany, which may ere long result in the destruction of Kaiserism and much of the evil that it stands for. The example of how an emancipated Russia was brought about, no doubt affords a strong incentive to repeat the trick in a country whose needs for a change equally radical have long been apparent.

The war news from Mesopotamia retains its encouraging tone, while the great events that are transpiring in Northern France, are daily becoming more intensely interesting and significant. Near St. Quentin a great battle is reported to be raging, the Germans offering a desparate resistance to the steadily forward movement of the French army, which is gradually getting into a position to batter a hole through the "Hindenburg line," regarded some time ago as invulnerable.

The United States Congress has been summoned to meet in special session on Monday next April 2nd. In his last message to that body President Wilson intimated that this course would be taken, if he considered the situation sufficiently grave to warrant it. There can hardly be any doubt as to the outcome. The view is freely expressed by numerous U. S. citizens that a state of war now practically exists between their country and Germany. The onslaught of Hun submarines against U. S. trading vessels without warning, and the loss of American lives involved in their destruction, puts the matter fairly and squarely before the people's representatives. Their action will be watched with world-wide interest.

Hon. P. E. Blondin, who became Postmaster General a short time ago, has tendered his resignation as such for the purpose of joining the overseas forces, his ambition being to raise a French-Canadian battalion at once and take it to the front, as soon as the men acquire the necessary military training and efficiency. It is intimated, however, that while the Premier has agreed to the minister carrying out his plans in respect of serving the Empire, he has declined to accept Mr. Blondin's resignation, and has appointed Hon. Mr. Patenaude, Secretary of State, as acting head of the P. O. department, during the absence of the former on service. Mr. Blondin has good hopes of raising a battalion of his compatriots in a short time.

Presentation at Campbells Bay

The home of Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Lunam was the scene of a very pleasant event on Friday evening, March 16th, when the members of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church assembled to present Mrs. Lunam, their organist, with a 10-dollar gold piece. The address appended hereto was read by Mr A. Stevenson and the gold piece was presented by Rev. A. Robertson. Mrs. Lunam, although taken by surprise, thanked the members in a few well chosen words.

Music and games helped to pass a pleasant evening for all. Refreshments were served by the ladies, after which God Save the King was sung, and the gathering then dispersed.

THE ADDRESS.

"With a feeling of gratitude as well as a sense of duty, we, the members and adherents of Campbells Bay Presbyterian Church, eagerly grasp this opportunity of voicing the thanks of the whole congregation to one who has for years unselfishly and without material reward devoted so much of her time to the betterment of the choir service. Our members are few and our resources are not large, yet we cannot let this occasion pass without offering a small tangible token of our thanks, trusting that the spirit in which the offering is given, will more than offset the small financial value of the token.

Your faithfulness to duty has set an example that your successor will have difficulty in equalling. In the calm reflection of after years you will be able to say, 'I have done my duty,' in the manner exemplified by the Master when he said 'Insomuch as ye have done it unto the least of these, ye have done it unto Me.'"

NOTES.

Mr. Hyman Holstein, who for the past two weeks has been very ill, is now on the way to recovery.

Mr. John Stevenson visited his sister at Waltham on Friday last.

Mr. Earl Cotie, of Starks Corners, has taken a position as barber with Mr. Doyle.

Miss Amm visited her parents in Quyon on Saturday last.

Harold Stevenson left on Tuesday morning for the West. KHAKI.

HILLCREST

March 19.—A number of the young people around here were invited to spend the evening, Monday, March 12, with Mr. Holly Corrigan, before he left for Sault Ste Marie.

S. E. and Mrs. Hodgins spent Tuesday at the home of Mr. W. Hodgins.

Mr. Wm. Orr is hauling lumber for the erection of a new house.

Mr. Leonard Mee and sister Lola, were guests of Mr. W. A. Hodgins Thursday evening.

Miss Bernice Hodgins and little sister Madge spent the past week at North Onslow, guests of Mrs. J. J. Turner.

Miss Pearl Wilson was the week-end guest of her cousin, Miss Inez Wilson.

Miss Hester Hodgins spent the week end at Radford, guest of Miss Lola Mee.

We are pleased to report that the children of Mr. J. B. Corrigan have recovered from the measles.

Mrs. Alex. Armstrong is at present visiting her sister, Mrs. F. F. Corrigan.

A few of our young people were entertained at the home of Mr. Leonard Mee Monday evening before his leaving for Swift Current next morning.

Spring is coming; even the crows think so 15—40.

Horses for Sale

One span dark Browns—mare and horse—good general use team; weight about 2600 lbs. Also mare colt coming 3 years old; good, stout plug.

ANSON MURPHY,
Shawville R. R. No. 2.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside six months each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement wil not be paid for

FENCING TENDERS EXTENDED

The time for receiving tenders for the fencing of No. 2 and No. 12-B School Grounds, Clarendon, has been extended to 31st March, at 1, p. m.

M. A. McKINLEY,
Asst. Sec.-Treas.

SHAWVILLE SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

R. G. HODGINS, Prop.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Doors, Sash, Dressed Lumber, etc.

Custom Sawing.

AVIS PUBLIC.

Aux Habitants du Comte de Pontiac.

Avis Public est par le présent donné par le soussigné, H. T. Hurdman, Secrétaire-Trésorier du Conseil Municipal du Comté de Pontiac, que le dit conseil a sa session trimestrièlle et régulière tenue le quatorzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept, a passe son règlement No. 55 comme suivant.

Donne au village de Bryson ce quinzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept.

H. T. HURDMAN,
Sec.-Trés. Co. Pontiac.

Reglement No. 55.

Province of Québec,
Municipalité de comté de Pontiac.

A une session trimestrièlle, génerale, et régulière du conseil municipal du comté de Pontiac, tenue au village de Campbells Bay, le quatorzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-cept, a laquelle session sont présents le Prefet, Paul McNally, Ecr., maire du village de Campbells Bay, et les conseillers suivants: Michael Dunn, Ecr., maire du canton de Chichester; W. R. McDonald, Ecr., maire du village de Chapeau; Wm. Labelle, Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Waltham et Bryson; Charles Belec, jr., Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Mansfield et Pontefract; James Ward, Ecr., maire du village de Fort Coulonge; Thomas Sloan, Ecr., maire du canton de Leitchfield; C. McNally, Ecr., maire du canton de l'ile du Grand Calumet; H. A. Saint Pierre, pro-maire du village de Bryson; George Dagg, Ecr., maire du village de Portage du Fort; Joseph Gilpin, Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Leslie, Clapham et Huddersfield; Wm. McCleary, Ecr., maire du canton de Thorne; F. W. Thomas, Ecr., maire du canton de Clarendon; John G. Elliott, Ecr., pro-maire du village de Shawville; Duncan Campbell, Ecr., maire du canton de Bristol; Wm. Burden, Ecr., maire du canton d'Onslow-sud; F. A Davis, Ecr., maire du village de Quyon; Patrick O'Reilley, Ecr., maire du canton d'Onslow-nord, formant quorum du conseil sous la présidence du Préfet;

Il est ordonne et statue par règlement de ce conseil comme suit:

"Un règlement pour réscinder le règlement No. 52 de ce conseil, passe le neuvième jour de Décembre, 1915, intitule 'Un reglement pour prohibiter la vente des liqueurs enivrantes, et l'emission de licenses en consequence, dans les limites de la mnnicipalité de comté de Pontiac'," et aussi de rescinder la resolution passe par ce conseil cette même date ordonnant le dit règlement No. 52 a etre soumis aux électeurs municipaux de ce comté pour leur approbation."

Le règlement No. 52 de ce conseil, passe le neuvième jour de Décembre, mil neuf cent quinze, intitule "Un règlement pour prohibiter la vente des liqueurs enivrantes, et l'emission de licenses en consequence, dans les limites de la municipalité du comté de Pontiac," est par ce présent rescinder, ainsi que la résolution de ce conseil passe a cette même date, ordonnant le dit règlement N.o 52 a etre soumis aux électeurs municipaux de ce comté pour leur approbation.

(Signé) H. T. HURDMAN, Secrétaire-Trésorier. (Signé) PAUL McNALLY, Préfet.

Vraie copie.

PUBLIC NOTICE

To the Inhabitants of the County of Pontiac:

Public Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, H. T. Hurdman, Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the County of Pontiac, that the said council at its regular, quarterly session, held on the fourteenth day of March, nineteen hundred and seventeen, passed its By-Law No. 55, as follows below.

Given at the village of Bryson this fifteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

H. T. HURDMAN,
Sec.-Treas. Co. Pontiac.

By-Law No. 55.

Province of Quebec,
Municipality of the County of Pontiac.

At a regular, general, quarterly session of the municipal council of the county of Pontiac, held in the village of Campbells Bay, on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of March, nineteen hundred and seventeen, at which session are present the Warden, Paul McNally, Esq., mayor of the village of Campbells Bay, and the following county councillors, viz: Michael Dunn, Esq., mayor of the township of Chichester; W. R. McDonald, Esq., mayor of the village of Chapeau; William Labelle, Esq., mayor of the united townships of Waltham and Bryson; Charles Belec, jr., Esq., mayor of the united townships of Mansfield and Pontefract; James Ward, Esq., mayor of the village of Fort Coulonge; Thomas Sloan, Esq., mayor of the township of Leitchfield; C. McNally, Esq., mayor of the township of Grand Calumet Island; H. A. Saint Pierre, Esq., pro-mayor of the village of Bryson; George Dagg, Esq., mayor of the village of Portage du Fort; Joseph Gilpin, Esq., mayor of the united townships of Leslie, Clapham and Huddersfield; William McCleary, Esq., mayor of the township of Thorne; Fred W. Thomas, Esq., mayor of the township of Clarendon; John G. Elliott, Esq., pro-mayor of the village of Shawville; Duncan Campbell, Esq., mayor of the township of Bristol; William Burden, Esq., mayor of the township of South Onslow; F. A. Davis, Esq., mayor of the village of Quyon; and Patrick O'Reilley, Esq., mayor of the township of Onslow North, forming a quorum of the council under the presidency of the Warden;

It is enacted and ordained by By-law of this council as follows:—

"A By-lay to repeal By-law No. 52 of this council, passed on the ninth day of December, 1915, entitled 'A By-law to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, and the issuing of licenses therefor, within the limits of the County Municipality of Pontiac'", and also to repeal the resolution passed by this council on the same date, ordering the said By-law No. 52 to be submitted to the municipal electors of this county for their approval.

By-law No. 52 of this council, passed on the ninth day of December, nineteen hundred and fifteen, entitled "A By-law to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, and the issuing of licenses therefor, within the limits of the County Municipality of Pontiac" is hereby repealed, as well as the resolution of this council, passed on the same date, ordering the said By-law No. 52 to be submitted to the municipal electors of this county for their approval.

(Signed) H. T. HURDMAN, Secretary-Treasurer. (Signed) Paul McNALLY, Warden.

True copy.

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AVIS PUBLIC.

Aux Habitants du Comte de Pontiac:

Avis Public est par le présent donné par le soussigné, H. T. Hurdman, Secétaire-Trésorier du Conseil Municipal du Comté de Pontiac, que le dit conseil a sa session trimestrièlle et régulière tenue le quatorzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept, a passe son règlement No. 56 comme suivant.

Donne au village de Bryson ce quinzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept.

H. T. HURDMAN,
Sec.-Trés. Co. Pontiac.

Reglement No. 56.

Province de Québec,
Municipalité du comté de Pontiac.

A une session trimestrièlle, génerale, et régulière du conseil municipal du comté de Pontiac, tenue au village de Campbells Bay le quatorzième jour de Mars, mil neuf cent dix-sept, a laquelle session sont présents le Préfet, Paul McNally, Ecr., maire du village de Campbells Bay, et les conseillers suivante: Michael Dunn, Ecr., maire du canton de Chichester; W. R. McDonald, Ecr., maire du village de Chapeau; Wm Labelle, Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Waltham et Bryson; Charles Belec, jr., Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Mansfield et Pontefract; James Ward, Ecr., maire du village de Fort Coulonge; Thomas Sloan, Ecr., maire du canton de Leitchfield; C. McNally, Ecr., maire du canton de l'ile du Grand Calumet; H. A. Saint Pierre, Ecr., pro-maire du village de Bryson; George Dagg, Ecr., maire du village de Portage du Fort; Joseph Gilpin, Ecr., maire des cantons unis de Leslie, Clapham et Huddersfield; Wm McCleary, Ecr., maire de canton de Thorne; F. W. Thomas, Ecr., maire du canton de Clarendon; John G. Elliott, Ecr., pro-maire du village de Shawville; Duncan Campbell, Ecr., maire du canton de Bristol; Wm Burden, Ecr., maire du canton d'Onslow-sud; F. A. Davis, Ecr., maire du village de Quyon; et Patrick O'Reilley, Ecr., maire du canton d'Onslow-nord, formant quorum du conseil sous présidence du Préfet;

Il est ordonné et statue par règlement de ce conseil comme suit: "Un règlement prohibitant la vente des liqueurs enivrantes, et l'emission de licenses en consequence, dans les limites de la municipalité du comté de Pontiac," a savoir:

La vente des liqueurs enivrantes, et l'emission des licenses en consequence et pour cet objet, sont par le présent règlement prohibées dans la Municipalité du comté de Pontiac, en vertu et en exécution de la section quinzième, du chapitre cinquième, du titre quatrième, des Status Refondus de Quebec, 1909.

(Signé) H. T. HURDMAN, Secrétaire-Trésorier. (Signé) PAUL McNALLY, Préfet.

Vraie copie.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

To the Inhabitants of the County of Pontiac:

Public Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, H. T. Hurdman, Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the County of Pontiac, that the said council at its regular, quarterly session, held on the fourteenth of March, nineteen hundred and seventeen, passed its By-Law No. 56 as follows below.

Given at the village of Bryson this fifteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

H. T. HURDMAN,
Sec.-Treas. Co. Pontiac.

By-Law No. 56.

Province of Quebec,
Municipality of the county of Pontiac.

At a regular, general, quarterly session of the municipal council of the county of Pontiac, held in the village of Campbell's Bay on the fourteenth day of March, nineteen hundred and seventeen, at which session are present the Warden, Paul McNally, Esq., mayor of the village of Campbell's Bay, and the following county councillors, viz:—Michael Dunn, Esq., mayor of the township of Chichester; W. R. McDonald, Esq., mayor of the village of Chapeau; Wm. Labelle, Esq., mayor of the united townships of Waltham and Bryson; Charles Belec, Jr. Esq., mayor of the united townships of Mansfield and Pontefract; James Ward, Esq., mayor of the village of Fort Coulonge; Thomas Sloan, Esq., mayor of the township of Leitchfield; H. A. Saint Pierre, Esq., pro-mayor of the village of Bryson; George Dagg, Esq., mayor of the village of Portage du Fort; Joseph Gilpin, Esq., mayor of the united townships of Leslie, Clapham and Huddersfield; Wm. McCleary, Esq., mayor of the township of Thorne; F. W. Thomas, Esq., mayor of the township of Clarendon; John G. Elliott, Esq., pro-mayor of the village of Shawville; Duncan Campbell, Esq., mayor of the township of Bristol; Wm. Burden, Esq., mayor of the township of South Onslow; F. A. Davis, Esq., mayor of the village of Quyon; and Patrick O'Reilley, Esq., mayor of the township of Onslow North, forming a quorum of the council under the presidency of the Warden;

It is enacted and ordained by By-law of this council as follows:—

"A By-law to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, and the issuing of licenses therefor, within the limits of the County Municipality of Pontiac," to wit:—

The sale of intoxicating liquors, and the issuing of licenses therefor, are by the present By-law prohibited within the County Municipality of Pontiac, under the authority, and for the enforcement of section fifteenth, of chapter fifth, of title fourth, of the Revised Statutes of Quebec, 1909.

(Signed) H. T. HURDMAN, Secretary-Treasurer. (Signed) PAUL McNALLY, Warden.

True copy.

THE EQUITY,

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NOTICE OF MEETINGS

ORANGE HALL, SHAWVILLE :

O. Y. B. LODGE, No. 304, meets 2nd Wednesday of each month at 8 p. m.

G. G. McDOWELL, W. M. — W. E. N. HODGINS, Rec.-Secy.

L. O. L. No. 27, meets 1st Tuesday of each month.

EDWARD DALE, W. M. — REG. HODGINS, Secy.

ROYAL SCARLET CHAPTER meets on the 14th of each month.

H. N. HODGINS, W. Comp. in Com. — REG. HODGINS, Com. Scribe.

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S. A. MACKAY

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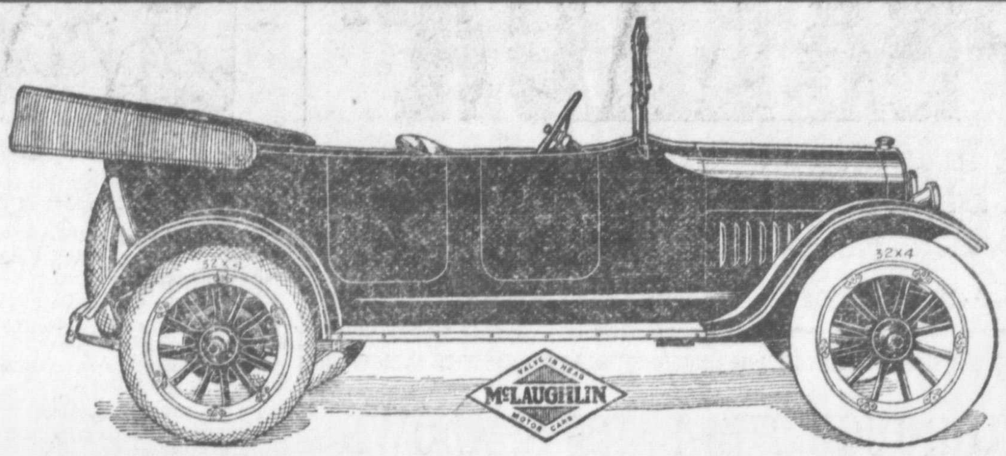

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Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

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For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA,
OCTOBER 7th, 1916.

Minutes of County Council

Regular quarterly session, held at Campbells Bay on Wednesday, the 14th March, 1917.

Members present : The Warden, Paul McNally, Esq., and Councillors Dunn, McDonald, Labelle, Belec, Ward, Thomas, Sloan, C. McNally, Saint Pierre, Dagg, Gilpin. McCleary, Elliott, Campbell, Burden, Davis, and O'Reilley.

All the councillors subscribed to their oath of office.

Councillors Paul McNally was re-elected Warden on motion of couns. Belec and Dagg.

Thi Warden elect subscribed to his oath of office.

Minutes of last session were adopted without amendment on motion of couns. McDonald and C. McNally.

Moved by couns. Belec and Ward that the By-law re. road in range A, Mansfield, notice of which was given at last session, be deferred till the next June session.—Carried.

Couns. O'Reilley and Dunn, in conjunction with the Warden, were appointed County Delegates, on motion of couns. McCleary and Burden.

Messrs. Howard Smith of Campbells Bay and Martin J. Griffin of Calumet Island were appointed Auditors on motion of couns. O'Reilley and Dunn.

H. T. Hurdman of Bryson was re-appointed Secretary-Treasurer, with an annual salary of $500.00 on motion of couns. McCleary and Ward.

William Boland of Bryson was re-appointed Special County Constable, with a remuneration of $3.00 for each regular or special session attended, on motion of couns. Gilpin and C. McNally.

The Sec.-Treas. informed the council that owing to the very small cash balance in hand at the end of 1916, he had, after consulting the Warden, paid nothing to the Canadian Patriotic Fund on the grant of $1200.00 made by this council for 1916.

The Sec.-Treas. submitted his financial statement and the auditors' report for 1916, shewing $98840.77 in the county's sinking fund, $240.96 bank balance in county rate account, $3314.08 unpaid arrears of sinking fund, and $371.58 unpaid arrears of county rate, all on 31st Dec., 1916.

The financial statement and auditors' report for 1916 were adopted on motion of couns. O'Reilley and McCleary.

$100 was voted to each of the two county Agricultural Societies—$200 in all—on motion of couns. C. McNally and Belec.

Mr. R. W. Hodgins, Sec.-Treas. of Agricultural Society No. 1, thanked the council for their grant.

Couns. Ward and Belec moved that that the Pembroke General, Pembroke Cottage, Ottawa Co. Carleton, and Ottawa Water Street Hospitals be each granted $75 ; the Ville Marie General, and Renfrew Victoria Hospitals each $20 —$340 in all.

Couns. Gilpin and Dagg moved in amendment that the first four hospitals mentioned above be each granted $50, and the last two $20 each—$240 in all.

For the amendment — Councillors Thomas, O'Reilley, McCleary, Burden, Elliott, Sloan, Gilpin, Dagg, C. McNally Campbell—10.

For the main motion—Councillors Davis McDonald, Saint Pierre, Labelle, Belec, Ward, Dunn—7.

The amendment was declared carried.

The Provincial Secretary's bill for maintenance of insane for 1916, amounting to $1798.93 was presented to council.

Couns. McCleary and Thomas moved that the Sec.-Treas. be authorized to pay the bill for maintenance of insane as soon as funds are available ; that he be instructed to send to each local secretary a list of insane patients who have been domiciled in his municipality with the amount charged for their maintenance for 1916, and the local councils and secretaries collect as much as possible of the amounts from the responsible relatives of such insane and deposit any amounts so collected to the credit of the county's county rate account in the Merchants Bank of Canada at Shawville, Que.—Carried.

A circular letter from H. B. Ames, Secretary of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, and a telegram from the Lieut.-Governor of Quebec, re. grant to Canadian Patriotic and Red Cross Funds, were read.

Moved by couns. Saint Pierre and McDonald that this council grant $3000 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund, and $2000 to the Red Cross Society for the current year, in addition to any amounts previously voted to the said Funds.—Carried.

The Secretary read correspondence with the Provincial Secretary, the Minister of Militia and Defence, the Minister of Justice, and G. H. Brabazon, M. P., re. the German vagrant known as "Barney," and informed the council that up to the present he and the Warden had been unable to secure his admission to any charitable institution.

A bill from Alphonse Mignault, Esq., of Bryson. for $41.25, for board and clothing to "Barney" from 1st of January to 13th March, 1917, was presented, and its payment authorized on motion of couns. Saint Pierre and Gilpin.

A bill from Mr. P. Mullin. of Ottawa, for stenographic services in the case of Proudfoot vs. Laporte and County of Pontiac mis-en-cause, for $5.00 was presented, but left over for future attention.

Couns. C. McNally and Ward moved that the Sec.-Treas. secure the necessary blank forms for new valuation rolls in duplicate for all the local municipalities and pay for same from county funds.—Carried.

The council now adjourned to 2, p.m., on motion of couns. McNally and Dagg.

At 2, p. m. council re-assembled, same members present.

The Warden inquired if it was the intention of council to take any steps towards the erection of a Registry Office in Campbells Bay, and it was moved by couns. McDonald and Ward that the Warden secure information as to the size, material and probable cost of a suitable building, and if the Quebec Government would furnish plans and specifications for such office, and report at next session.—Carried.

Couns. O'Reilley and Labelle moved that By-Law No. 54, levying by assessment the sum of $9058.17 by a rate of .0024 on the dollar, for the expenses of the current year, be now introduced and read a first time. This was carried and By-law No. 54 was read a first, second and third time and passed.

Couns. Labelle and Dagg moved that the Sec.-Treas. be authorized to collect the $9058.17 levied by By-law No. 54 as soon as it comes into force.—Carried.

Couns. C. McNally and Sloan moved that the Sec.-Treas. be authorized to collect the sum of $12248.96, required to meet the payments of interest and sinking fund on the railway debentures during 1917, one half in June next, and the other half in December next.—Carried.

A report on the Onslow-Masham town line from Michael O'Mally, special superintendent, with a copy of a notarial agreement between the municipalities of Onslow and Masham re. a bridge and road on said line, were read and laid before the council.

Moved by couns. C. McNally and Labelle that the Warden be authorized to secure legal advice as to who is responsible for the maintenance of the Onslow-Masham inter-county line, and to what steps this council should take to get the matter established on a legal basis, that it may be lawfully dealt with ; and in the event of it being found that this council is responsible for its maintenance in common with the county of Wright, John Hickey, Esq., of South Onslow, be appointed a special superintendent to represent this council and act in co-operation with another special superintendent from the county of Wright, to prepare a proces-verbal of this road and report to this council.—Carried.

Couns. Ward and Belec moved that By-law No. 55, to repeal By-law No. 52, be now introduced and read a first time. —Carried.

By-law No. 55 was introduced, read a first, second and third time, and passed.

Couns. Thomas and Ward moved that By-law No. 56, to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, and the issuing of licenses therefor, within the limits of the county of Pontiac, be now introduced and read a first time.

Yeas — Couns. Thomas, McCleary, Burden, Elliott, Sloan, Gilpin, Dagg, Labelle, C. McNally, Belec, Campbell, Ward—12.

Nays—Couns. O'Reilley, Davis, McDonald, Saint Pierre, Dunn—5.

The resolution was declared carried, and By-law No. 56 was read a first, second and third time and passed.

Mr. Robert Carswell of Bryson appeared and requested establishment of the Clarendon-Litchfield line from its intersection with the Calumet Road near the C. P. R. to the rear of lot 28, range 7, Clarendon, and the opening of a road thereon. Deferred by general consent.

Mr. Wm. J. Clarke of Litchfield, appeared and requested some action of the council re. securing a road for him from his property through the property of the Hon. George and James W. Bryson, in the village of Bryson. No action was taken.

Couns. Belec and Ward moved that the Sec.-Treas. be authorized to appoint an Assistant or Deputy Secretary-Treasurer to attend to the proper publication of notices of By-laws No. 55 and 56, promptly and legally, in multiple municipalities, and to remunerate him for his services under the authorization of the Warden.—Carried.

Moved by couns. Dagg and Elliott that this council do now adjourn.—Carried.

H. T. HURDMAN,
Sec.-Treas. Co. Pontiac.

Bryson, Que., March 17, 1917.

NOTICE

The people in this section are probably the "best pay" of any in our country. Yet, a few accounts are outstanding. These may be settled at the office.

J. W ARMSTRONG, M. D.

Shawville, March 17, 1917.

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TIME OF MEETING :

Austin - First Tuesday,
Murrells - Third Wednesday,
Elmside - Second Wednesday,
Bristol, - - First Thursday,
Starks Corners, Second Thurs.
Wyman, - - First Friday,
Shawville - First Saturday,
Yarm - Last Monday,
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THROUGH THE DARK SHADOWS

Or The Sunlight of Love

CHAPTER XXIII.—(Cont'd).

Turning to Lady Constance, her uncle besought her to return to the ball-room, and thus prevent any remarks being made as to the absence of himself and Adrien. Bravely, as was to be expected of her, she turned obediently; and with a few whispered, loving words to Adrien, left the room, followed, almost unnoticed, by Jasper Vermont. He was quite satisfied with the success of his plot, but had no desire to come into contact with Lord Barminster, if he could avoid it.

Meanwhile, having ordered refreshments for the inspector, Lord Barminster prepared to accompany his son to London. The arrangements took but a short time; and when the three men, accompanied by the inspector, silently entered the car which had been brought round, the ball was drawing to an end. Carriages and motors were driving away, filled with tired, but happy guests, who little guessed that their host and his son were also being driven away—but to a police-station.

Outside the Castle gates, the inspector stopped to dismiss two or three plain-clothes officers who were awaiting him, telling them to return to London by the first train.

"I would suggest," he said quietly, as the car rolled through the quiet country lanes, "that we wait together in London until the court opens; and when I have delivered up my charge, you can go before the magistrate, and obtain bail, in whatever amounts are required. Mr. Leroy would then be able to return to Barminster until the actual trial—if, of course, such should be necessary."

"A very sensible idea," agreed Shelton. "Thank you, inspector. When this matter is satisfactorily cleared up, you will not lose by your sympathy, nor by the way you have conducted the business."

Lord Barminster was also pleased at this suggestion, and, on their arrival in London, the whole party went straight to Barminster House for breakfast, after which, the four walked down to the court, where application for bail was made and accepted in two sureties of ten thousand pounds each from Lord Barminster and Mortimer Shelton; then Adrien found himself free until the day of trial.

They returned to their town house, where his father telephoned to the family solicitors. Within half an hour the head of the firm arrived, and was put in possession of such meagre details as Adrien could furnish, without disclosing his doings on the fateful date, the twenty-second. The lawyer's face was very grave as he listened.

"It will not be an easy task, my lord," he ventured to say to Lord Barminster as he took his departure, "but I will do my best, and will have opinion of the highest counsel obtainable."

They were soon ready to undertake the return journey, and before parting with the kindly inspector, Lord Barminster very warmly thanked him. All felt that they had been spared a great deal of humiliation by the way he had so far conducted the case. At the Castle, they found that nothing was known of the affair. Miss Penelope had retired to her own rooms to recover from the fatigue of the ball, while Constance was quite serene, strong in her loving faith in Adrien and content to ask no questions.

Jasper Vermont had also left Barminster, but had sent a note in which he stated that he was working in his friend's interest, and hoped to unearth the mystery of the conspiracy. This sounded plausible and meant nothing—which was thoroughly characteristic of Mr. Vermont.

The cases at the Central Criminal Court were fortunately light ones, and did not take long to settle, so that the interval between the acceptance of bail, and the date of the trial was a short one. There was, of course, great excitement in the fashionable world over Adrien's sensational arrest, but this the young man wisely ignored; taking refuge at Barminster Castle from the curiosity and sympathy of friends and reporters alike, and resolutely refusing to be interviewed.

One thing—so characteristic of him—Adrien did at once. Notwithstanding his own cares, he remembered his promise to Ada Lester at the ball, and instructed the solicitors to prepare a deed by which the money and the rights of the Casket theatre should be made over to her, and settled on her at once; at the same time, ordering that the papers should be handed to her personally, thus providing against any mistakes or interference on the part of Jasper.

This kindly thought completely turned the scale of Ada's gratitude in his favor. Rejoicing at the blow which she knew this would be to Mr. Vermont, and in ignorance of his last treachery to Adrien, she determined to show him up in his true colors at the first opportunity.

Meanwhile, as the day of the trial approached, Lord Barminster and Mortimer Shelton became more and more anxious.

The solicitors had briefed the finest and best known barristers for the defence; but one and all agreed that unless Adrien could prove an alibi, only a miracle could save him from conviction.

On the actual day Adrien Leroy took his place in the dock, listening through the day with unwearied calm to the long speeches made by the counsel on both sides.

Witness after witness was called; but none could shake the evidence of Harker's clerk, who swore to seeing Leroy actually sign the bill in question, on the twenty-second of the preceding month.

Towards the end of the case when both judge, jury and counsel were tired out by the conflicting statements, a note was sent to the barrister for the defence by a veiled lady, who had sat in the back of the court during the whole day's proceedings.

He opened it carelessly, but after a swift glance at the few lines which it contained, his face brightened. Resuming his usual confident tones, he desired that a new witness might be called, namely Lady Merivale.

At the name Adrien started forward, but it was too late. A lady in black, pale but composed, entered the witness box and was duly sworn. Calmly she gave her evidence, stating that she had visited her aunt, Lady Rose Challoner, at Hampton Court on the twenty-second of the previous months, and while there had met Mr. Adrien Leroy. He had rowed her up the river, and as an additional witness she could produce one of the boatmen to whom she had spoken while at Hampton, and who had watched them start.

After this there was little more to be said. The miracle had indeed happened. It was clearly a case of perjury on the part of Harker's clerk, for whose arrest the judge ordered a warrant to be issued.

On the delivery of the verdict in Adrien's favor, Lady Merivale left the court. She did not glance at Leroy, nor indeed anyone present, but walked blindly out. She knew that not only had she restored the man she loved to freedom and to honor, but in all probability ruined her own social position. For Jasper Vermont's veiled threats at the Barminster fancy dress ball could not be ignored, and now that she had deliberately gone contrary to his wishes in disclosing where Adrien had spent the fateful twenty-second of May, she could not but doubt that Vermont would make use of the mysterious power which he had hinted he held over her. What this power was she could only surmise, for, of course, she was in ignorance of Jasper's connection with "Harker's Ltd." But she had an uncomfortable feeling that Adrien's freedom had been purchased at considerable danger to herself, and the thought haunted her unpleasantly.

CHAPTER XXIV.

Mr. Harker, having arranged things to his liking at Lawrence Lane, returned to Miss Lester and reminded her of her promise to assist him to unmask Jasper Vermont. He found her more than willing to accompany him to Barminster, and accordingly it was arranged that they should travel down together on the following day, accompanied also by Jessica. Upon the rare occasions that Vermont and Harker had met during the past week the latter had made no sign of his recently acquired emancipation from Jasper's rule, and that gentleman was in blissful unconsciousness of the sword hanging over him.

Arrived at Windleham, the nearest station to Barminster, Mr. Harker left the two women at the little hotel facing the railway, there to await his return or instructions to come on to the castle. Then he made his way to Barminster. Here, he delivered a note into the care of the footman, bidding him to take it to his master without delay. In it, he had begged Lord Barminster to grant him an interview on important personal business, hinting that by so doing, he might avert future peril for Adrien and himself.

In a very short time the man returned, with the message that Lord Barminster would see him at once; and Mr. Harker was shown into the blue room, in which Adrien Leroy had been arrested little more than a week before.

"His lordship will be with you in a few moments," said the man as he left the room.

(To be continued).

FOR

Indigestion and Biliousness

Indigestion, biliousness, headaches, flatulence, pains after eating, constipation, are all common symptoms of stomach and liver troubles. And the more you neglect them the more you suffer. Take Mother Seigel's Syrup if your stomach, liver, or bowels are slightly deranged or

MOTHER

SEIGEL'S

SYRUP

have lost tone. Mother Seigel's Syrup is made from the curative extracts of certain roots, barks, and leaves, which have a remarkable tonic and strengthening effect on all the organs of digestion. The distressing symptoms of indigestion or liver troubles soon disappear under its beneficial action. Buy a bottle to-day, but be sure you get the genuine Mother Seigel's Syrup. There are many imitations, but not one that gives the same health benefits. 1015

is the

Best Remedy

NOW SOLD IN TWO SIZES ONLY.
FULL SIZE, Price 1.00 TRIAL SIZE, Price 50c

The Housewife's Corner

The Principal Elements of Food.

The chief constituents of food are: Proteins, Carbohydrates, Fats, Mineral salts, water.

Proteins are found in meat, milk, cheese, butter, eggs, fish, grains and legumes (beans and peas).

Carbohydrates are starches and sugars and are found chiefly in grains, fruits and green vegetables.

Fats are found in beef, chicken, lard, and other animal compounds, and in olives and corn.

Mineral salts are found in green vegetables, milk, meats, eggs, fish, and grains.

The chief use of proteins is in blood and muscle making, tissue building and repairing waste. The carbohydrates also build tissue, to a small extent. They furnish heat and supply energy or power to do work. By the process of digestion starch is changed into sugar. Fats furnish a greater amount of heat than starches; they also build tissue. During cold weather a larger amount of fats must be used than in summer. Mineral salts are used to regulate the body; they build tissue, and are necessary for teeth and bone structure.

Water is the most necessary of all foods and few people drink enough water. It carries nourishment to the blood and regulates the digestive processes. Two quarts daily is the least amount that a healthy body can perform its duties on. This amount may be taken either plain or in beverage. A glass of hot water acts as a tonic if taken upon rising in the morning. Drinking a glass of water before meals stimulates the digestive juices and prepares the stomach to receive food. Drinking water with the meal is injurious to some persons, but does little harm to others; it has the tendency to increase the weight of stout persons. Drinking a glass of water after meals will help the process of digestion. The temperature of the water should be from 45 to 55 degrees Fahrenheit.

Does It Pay To Mend?

Three years ago a woman who was addicted to overcareful and continual darnings and patchings of her clothes began to realize that instead of being thrifty she was probably wasting time. Like many other women, once she began to mend she never knew when to stop, for a misguided conscience nagged her into going on and on as long as there was a hole or a thin place in sight. The idea came to her of trying to copy the methods of the efficiency experts. She decided, therefore, to "standardize" her mending.

First, she made a list of the garments in common use that needed most frequent repairing; then she estimated the length of time each article could be worn without need of repair, and the average yearly cost. Following is a copy of the list, revised after three years' experience; but as no two women's experiences would furnish statistics that would be exactly alike, the list is given merely for illustration:

Garments in Common Use	Original Cost	Length of Wear	Average Yearly Cost
Apron, kitchen overall	$ .60	18 mos.	$ .40
Apron, "tea"	.50	24 "	.25
Combination garment, muslin	.50	8 "	.75
Corsets	3.50	12 "	3.50
House dress, wash	5.00	12 "	5.00
Kimono	2.50	24 "	1.25
Nightgown, muslin	1.00	8 "	1.50
Nightgown, flannelette	1.50	8 "	2.25
Petticoat, muslin	1.00	12 "	1.00
Stockings, lisle or balbriggan	.35	1 "	4.20
Stockings, cashmere	.50	1 "	6.00
Union suit, summer	.50	6 "	1.00
Union suit, winter	2.00	6 "	4.00
Waist, lingerie	1.50	6 "	3.00

As a guide to mending, such a list will serve in the following way: You will see that the "life expectation," so to speak, of a kitchen apron is eighteen months, and its average yearly cost is forty cents. If by one hour of mending you can lengthen the life of the apron six months, you have spent the hour well, provided that you could not earn more during the time by doing something else. But if by an hour of mending you can lengthen the life of the apron only one month, even if you estimate your time as worth only six cents an hour, you are paying more for the apron than it cost in the first place.

It may sometimes be necessary to take that course, just as it is sometimes necessary to borrow money at a high rate of interest, but it is false economy to do it unless there is no other way.

Food Value of Potatoes.

The potato is at present the most-advertised vegetable we have. Its consumption far exceeds any other vegetable made up of a large proportion of starch. Let us consider the claims of the potato to the high dignity that has suddenly been thrust upon it.

The human digestive system is limited in its power to digest properly large quantities of starch. Canadians have made general use of starchy foods, and this practice is playing its part in checking the natural growth of our people, both in mind and in body.

The excessive eating of potatoes, so often taken at a meal simply as a matter of habit when there are other starchy foods and sugar in the meal to supply the same want, causes a catarrhal condition of the digestive system, thereby preventing the normal working of the glands of digestion. Gradually a diseased condition of the organs of digestion results, and this prevents nature's process of preparing food for assimilation. Consequently, the system has to absorb the waste products, and a gradual starvation and poisoning is the result. The catarrhal patient, in addition, gradually loses resistance to germ diseases.

From babyhood and childhood up we Canadians indulge in an excess of starchy foods. A well-rounded diet demands starch along with meat and fat, of course, but we indulge in an excess of starch, and the habit often continues through adult life.

Raw potatoes contain about eighty per cent. of water, and in skinning and eyeing we lose on an average about ten per cent. of the raw potato. The baking of potatoes causes less loss and produces the most wholesome preparation for human consumption that can be made of the vegetable.

What does this suggest with the potato in the limelight and its cost out of all proportion to its real value? The answer is that its use can not only be cut down to a normal proportion of the diet for those who like its taste, but it can be entirely replaced by other foodstuffs which would supply starch in even greater quantities.

Potatoes have eighteen parts to the hundred of starch and sugar (carbohydrates); jellies and marmalades, 60 to 90 parts; rice, 79; buckwheat and barley, 77; hominy, 76; cracked wheat, 75; macaroni and spaghetti, 74; raisins, 68; oatmeal, 67; toast, 66; beans 60; bread, 50 to 60; chocolate, 30; canned peas, 9; dried peas, 62.

In raisins the carbohydrates are mosty of the soluble variety known as sugars. In all the other foods mentioned the carbohydrates present are mainly starch.

With these things in mind it is not hard to think of the potato being knocked off its pedestal.

A Homemade Baby Tender.

A useful baby tender for a child over eight months old is a strong dry-goods box four feet long, two feet deep and two feet wide. Pad the edges and the bottom, and cover the whole box with bright cretonne. Put casters under each corner, so that the box can be moved to the veranda in warm weather. For winter use nail legs a foot high to the corners. The elevation will lessen the danger from drafts, and will enable the child to look out of the window.

Fillings for Meat.

Veal Stuffing.—Three cups stale bread crumbs, three onions chopped fine, one teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoon white pepper, two tablespoons chopped parsley, one-half cup melted butter or suet.

Stuffing for Pork.—Three large onions, parboiled and chopped; two cups fine bread crumbs, two tablespoons powdered sage, two tablespoons melted butter or pork fat, salt and pepper to taste. Mix the ingredients in the order given in each recipe.

Write for Free copy of Furniture and Household Furnishing Catalogue now ready.
EASY TERMS FOR ALL.
645-647 Queen St. W., Toronto, Ont.

You will like its Fine Granulation

Buy your sugar in these neat 2 or 5-lb. cartons, which you can place directly on your pantry shelves.
Just cut off the corner and pour out the sugar as you need it.

Lantic Sugar

comes also in 10 and 20-lb bags for housewives who like to buy in larger quantities

"The All-Purpose Sugar"

2 and 5-lb Cartons
10 and 20-lb Bags

The Guide to True Economy

This year, instead of buying new clothing and household effects, let Parker restore those you have already. You will gain in every way. We are specialists in

DYEING and CLEANING

Gloves, Gowns, Feathers, Lace Curtains, Blankets, Carpets, Gent's Clothing. We are known throughout the Dominion for our thorough work.

Send for our Catalogue on Cleaning and Dyeing.

PARKER'S DYE WORKS, LIMITED
791 Yonge Street - - - Toronto

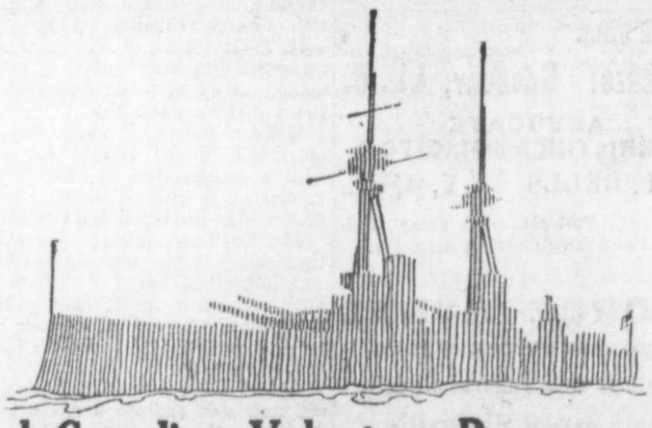
Doctor Tells How To Strengthen Eyesight 50 per cent In One Week's Time In Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

London.—Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye strain or other eye weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eye two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: Another prominent Physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good druggist and is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." The Valmar Drug Co., Store 4, Toronto, will fill your orders if your druggist cannot.

For immediate overseas service, join



The Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve

Overseas Division.

The Navy must be kept supreme—more men are needed to man the fleets which are sweeping the seas of commerce-raiders and submarines. Canadians joining the R. N. C. V. R., Overseas Division, are sent at once to England for training.

PAY $1.10 a day and upwards—Free Kit—Separation allowance as in C. E. F.

No experience necessary—Candidates must be sons of natural born British subjects—Ages 18 to 38.

Experienced men from 18 to 45 may enlist for service in the Canadian Naval Patrols to guard Canadian Coasts. Pay from $1.05 a day and separation allowance.

For particulars apply to COMMODORE ÆMILIUS JARVIS, Naval Recruiting Officer, Ontario Area, 103 Bay Street, TORONTO, or to the Naval Recruiting Secretary, Ottawa.

2-3-17

SAWYERS, BOX MAKERS & LABORERS WANTED

FIRSTBROOK BROS., Limited
283 King Street East, Toronto

New Spring Models

It has been a matter of conjecture whether coat suits would return to favor with the spring, or whether the long coats by which women have stood firm and steadfast all through the winter would continue to satisfy their needs in spring.

One would naturally conclude that a coat suit in spring would be welcomed by most women after the heavy, long coats of winter. But the question is still to be settled. In all probability there will be as many coat suits as separate coats worn when spring comes. Some very jaunty models are being shown now, and many of them have coats in Norfolk or semi-Norfolk effects with plain or pleated skirts.

The dressier suits are made of silk and satin with touches of embroidery in the same or some contrasting color. The coats are generally midway between the hips and knees in length.

For sports wear there is no doubt that hip-length coats with contrasting skirts will be very smart, and there will be more interest in sports clothes this spring and summer than in any other styles, if one may judge from the present demand for them. Plaid skirts with coats of a solid color having the collar and cuffs trimmed with the plaid are considered exceedingly chic. The striped and checked materials are employed in the same way with coats of one color.

7651—7627

Smart Spring Model Developed in Jersey Cloth

Besides the Norfolk coats, the loose, straight-hanging box coat is one of the models that promises to be very much favored. Some of these are quite short. They are very stunning made up in velvet and worn with white serge skirts. Dark blue or old-rose velvet, with large white pearl buttons for contrast, is used for these coats.

Not strictly Norfolk, but resembling this style in many points, is the smart model illustrated in the sketch. It is of orange-colored wool jersey and accompanies a skirt of black-and-orange check, making an exceptionally smart costume. The coat is twice belted, part of the lower belt forming straps at the top of the large patch pockets. The belts extend around the sides only and leave a panel effect at the back, which is pleated like the front.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from the McCall Company, 70 Bond St., Toronto, Ont. Dept. W.

Have You Ever Suspected

that the cause of various annoying ills might lie in the daily cup of tea or coffee?

A sure and easy way out of tea and coffee troubles is to shift to

Instant Postum

There's no caffeine nor anything harmful in this delightful, pure food-drink—just the nourishing goodness of wheat.

Postum has put thousands of former tea and coffee drinkers on the Road to Wellville.

"There's a Reason"

NERVOUS CHILDREN

The Trouble is Often Really St. Vitus Dance—Do Not Neglect It.

Many a child has been called awkward, has been punished in school for not keeping still or for dropping things when the trouble was really St. Vitus Dance. This disease may appear at any age, but is most common between the ages of six and fourteen years. It is caused by thin blood which fails to carry sufficient nourishment to the nerves, and the child becomes restless and twitching of the muscles and jerking of the limbs and body follow. In severe cases the child is unable to hold any thing or feed itself. St. Vitus Dance is cured by building up the blood. The most successful treatment is to remove the child from all mental excitement, stop school work and give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills renew the blood supply, strengthen the nerves, and restore the child to perfect health. Here is proof of their power to cure. Mrs. S. Sharpe, Oakville, Ont., says:—"When my daughter was nine years old she was attacked with St. Vitus Dance. She was sent to a sanatorium where she remained for nine weeks, without any benefit. Indeed when we brought her home she was as helpless as a baby. I got a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and continued giving her half a pill after each meal for several months, when she had fully recovered and has never had a symptom of the trouble since."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Now And Then.

Great Britain is now turning out more heavy shells every forty-eight hours than she did in the first whole year of the war, and is manufacturing guns at a correspondingly rapid rate. This gives a hint of the power which will be behind the next offensive at all fronts.

After the Movies

Two Eyes for a Lifetime
Murine is for Tired Eyes—Red Eyes—Sore Eyes—Granulated Eyelids, Rests—Refreshes—Restores. Murine is a Favorite Treatment for eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your Eyes as much of your loving care as your Teeth and with the same regularity.

Care for Them. You Cannot Buy New Eyes!

Sold at Drug and Optical Stores or by Mail. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Free Book

World's Rarest Plant.

The world's rarest plant is the silver-sword, a spicies of cactus that grows only on the most inaccessible slopes of volcanoes in Hawaii.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited

Have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for Croup; found nothing equal to it; sure cure.

CHAS. E. SHARP.

Hawkshaw, N. B., Sept. 1st, 1905.

Garden Planning.

Planning the garden consists of more than in measuring of the available space and laying it out in rows so many for this, that and the other thing, with a path here and there. It is when planning the vegetable garden that the fine art of growing two or three crops in the same place is achieved. This is called intensive cropping, but it is not nearly so great an undertaking as it would appear to be. For instance, the space set apart for the first planting of lettuce may later be given over to tomato plants; where green onions have been grown a crop of late beets may be sown. The radish patch will be used in plenty of time to fill the space with cabbage plants, which may be grown in the meantime from seed in a very small corner of the plot. Cauliflower, too, or celery, may occupy the same space that has grown spinach or the like. If early potatoes are grown they will be dug before it is too late to replant the space in late beans, beets, cabbage, etc.

Including All.

Anne had been frequently reprimanded by the heads of her family for her too great eagerness to begin her dinner before grace had been said. It came, however, as a shock to all present when her eldest brother, on whom devolved the duty of asking a blessing, took upon himself to administer a gentle reproof, as follows:

"For what we are about to receive, and for what Anne has already eaten, make us truly thankful."

With but a slight increase in size, a watch has been provided with a dry battery and electric lamp so that it can be read at night.

SHIPS OF STONE.

Ferro-Concrete Extensively Used for Barge-Building.

Concrete holds its own in the construction of our houses, our public buildings, our bridges, our monuments and now even in our ships.

Harbored safely in Norwegian waters is an enormous thousand-ton barge, built entirely of concrete; a seventy-year-old skiff of stone floats merrily on the waters of the River Seine, while a concrete barge is daily towed up and down a certain portion of our own River Thames, says London Answers.

For durability and absolute safety, ferro-concrete—to give it its proper name—is without rival. It is also economical, now that steel is such a vital question to the European Powers. And steel, of course, has hitherto figured largely in shipbuilding of this nature.

A particularly interesting invention recently submitted to the Admiralty suggested a floating ferro-concrete dock for torpedo-destroyers. This same idea has already been taken up by the French, M. Hennebique, of Paris, having designed and completed a similar structure of two storeys, fifty feet in height, seventy-seven feet long, and forty-five wide, the walls being six inches thick.

It was built on a slipway, floated, towed into position in the sea, and sunk to its permanent station. For purposes of instruction, torpedoes are fired from it under water.

In our own colonies, concrete is employed very extensively for barge-building. These barges travel for thousands of miles on the Central African lakes. The expense of steel barges would be very heavy, but concrete barges are quite cheap, and are easily made and moved.

CONSTIPATED CHILDREN

Constipation is one of the most common ailments of childhood and the child suffering from it cannot thrive. To keep the little one well the bowels must be kept regular and the stomach sweet. To do this nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets. Concerning them Mrs. Romain Poirier, Mizonette, N. B., says:—"My baby suffered from constipation but thanks to Baby's Own Tablets he is perfectly well again." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A CONTENTED CITY.

Interesting Features of Adelaide, Large Australian City.

Adelaide's unusual plan—a business section surrounded by a zone of 20,000 acres of park lands, beyond which are the residential sections—seems designed to put business cares, recreation and quiet home life in separate compartments. The organization of city life to allow for leisure—a feeling more prevalent in Adelaide than in Melbourne, or even in Sydney, and almost unknown in American cities—is responsible for the universal impression among visitors that Adelaide ranks high in general culture.

Both climate and the high quality of the South Australian pioneers are also factors which have helped to make Adelaide such a desirable place of residence. Those who are attracted by the climate, people and manner of life of the foothills cities of Southern California, who care for out-of-door life and flowers and fruit, and wish to spend week-ends in nearby mountains or at the seashore, would feel at home in Adelaide.

Most writers on Australia profess to see differences in types and manners in the three leading cities of the Commonwealth, and the natives feel sure that differences exist. Melbourne is "hustling;" Sydney is "easy-going;" Adelaide is "solid" and "contented." On the basis of short acquaintance these characterizations seem as unreal as "dead" Philadelphia or "provincial" Boston would to an Australian traveler. In the American sense, no Australian city is hustling; all are easy-going, and contented; all are doing much business in an orderly, efficient manner. As places for residence they have few competitors among the cities of the United States.—National Geographic Magazine.

WITH THE FINGERS!

SAYS CORNS LIFT OUT WITHOUT ANY PAIN

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

The Biggest Problems in most homes are fuel and service. When the servant leaves and the fuel is low, happy is the housewife who knows **Shredded Wheat Biscuit,** the whole wheat food that is ready-cooked and ready to eat. With these crisp little loaves of baked whole wheat the housewife may prepare in a few moments a delicious, nourishing meal at lowest cost.

Made in Canada.

From the Ocean Shore

BITS OF NEWS FROM THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

Items of Interest From Places Lapped By Waves of the Atlantic.

The woodworking plant of P. N. Leblanc of Moncton was damaged by fire to the extent of $4,000.

The Workmen's Compensation Act in Nova Scotia is making good. The act came into operation Jan. 1.

At the County Council in Fredericton it was decided to assess for deficiency in the Patriotic Fund occurring last year.

April 8th is to be self-denial day in St. John. The proceeds will go to supply the needs of the homeless, starving Belgians.

The boatmen at the Capes went on strike early in February, demanding an increase of 25 per cent. in wages. Car ferries carried the mails.

At the College Anti-Suffrage League meeting, held at St. John, Mrs. Annie Riley Hale of Washington, D.C., made a plea for the "New Woman."

Messrs. Donald MacGregor of Amherst, and Thane Alex Campbell, of P. E. I., both students of Dalhousie University, have been awarded Rhodes Scholarships.

After 37 years' service, Mr. J. A. McLeod of St. John, chief superintendent of branches of the Bank of Nova Scotia, will succeed Mr. D. Waters as assistant general manager of that institution.

St. John's Board of Trade received a communication from the consular agent for Italy, stating that shippers of fish to Italy must include among their shipping documents certificates of health and origin.

IF FOOD DISAGREES DRINK HOT WATER

When food lies like lead in the stomach and you have that uncomfortable, distended feeling, it is because of insufficient blood supply to the stomach combined with acid and food fermentation. In such cases try the plan now followed in many hospitals and advised by many eminent physicians of taking a teaspoonful of pure bisurated magnesia in half a glass of water, as hot as you can comfortably drink it. The hot water draws the blood to the stomach and the bisurated magnesia, as any physician can tell you, instantly neutralizes the acid and stops the food fermentation. Try this simple plan and you will be astonished at the immediate feeling of relief and comfort that always follows the restoration of the normal process of digestion. People who find it inconvenient at times to secure hot water and travelers who are frequently obliged to take hasty meals poorly prepared, should always take two or three five-grain tablets of Bisurated Magnesia after meals to prevent fermentation and neutralize the acid in their stomach.

An Ear For Music.

A little girl five years old was on her way to the beach for the first time. Her numberless questions as to the ocean, the fish, ships, sailors, etc., had embarrassed her mother and amused the passengers. The train finally neared the wharf where we were to take a steamer, and as we glided along very near the shore for a short distance we could plainly hear the swish of the waves. The little girl turned from the window with a beaming face.

"Listen!" she exclaimed, "I think I hear the fishes!"

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

No Peace for Him.

Willie was out walking with his mother when she thought she saw a boy on the other side of the street making faces at her darling.

"Willie," asked mother, "is that horrid boy making faces at you?"

"He is," replied Willie, giving his coat a tug. "Now, mother, don't start any peace talk—you just hold my coat for about five minutes."

The banyan of India, an oranmental fig, throws out aerial roots from the branches; these reach the soil, take root, and form new trunks, and eventually become almost a forest of sometimes thousands of trunks, covering many acres of ground and some of them 15 feet in diameter.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

The Wonder Boy.

He wonders that the little birds
Know how to build a nest;
And why the sun always goes from
The East unto the West.
And wonders why it never shines
At night when nedeed so,
And why we have to wait till spring
To see the blossoms grow.

He often wonders why his name
Is Harold and not Ned;
Or any other one, and why
He has a curly head,
And why his freckles are so thick,
And why his eyes are blue;
And why the toes of all his shoes
So soon are stubbing through.

He wonders where the nice moon goes
When missing from the sky;
And every hour of every day
He asks us, Why and why?
But, when inventions are in point,
His elders join him there
In wondering at many things
Of sea and earth and air.

He wonders how 'twill seem to be
A man as big as dad,
And why it's hard work to be good,
And easy to be bad.
The world is very full to-day
Of little Wonder-boys,
And grown-ups marvel how they can
Make such a lot of noise.

Teacher Has Not Lost One Day In A Year

Mrs. Roger Gives Credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Before that She Suffered from Sciatica, Neuralgia, Nervousness and Other Troubles Coming from Sick Kidneys, Which Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured.

Elm Tree, Gloucester Co., N. B., Mar. 19th (Special).—Mrs. Jos. Roger, the popular teacher here, is fully recovered from a long siege of sciatica, neuralgia, and other troubles resulting from diseased kidneys and has made a statement in which she gives Dodd's Kidney Pills all the credit for her cure.

"My trouble came from a strain," Mrs. Roger states, "and I suffered for thirteen months. Backache, heart flutterings, sciatica, neuralgia, dizziness and failing memory were among my symptoms. When the doctor I consulted failed to do me any lasting good I decided that my kidneys were the root of my troubles and decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I took twelve boxes in all and you may judge of the results when I tell you that I have not lost a day's work as teacher in the last year.

"I can say that Dodd's Kidney Pills have done all for me that was claimed for them."

Others of Mrs. Roger's symptoms were nervousness, that tired feeling, irritability and a dry harsh skin that itched and burned at night. They all came from diseased kidneys and all vanished when she used Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Music in Siam.

Musical instruments of western types have not yet become popular in Siam. The piano and the small portable organ may be seen occasionally in the homes of the Siamese and Chinese, but they are kept for ornamental rather than musical use.

MONEY ORDERS

BUY your out of town supplies with Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

Of English invention is a new lubricant for cutting screw threads in aluminum more satisfactorily than heretofore possible.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Get any hay that is stacked outdoors into the barn now, that is, if it is to go in at all.

GUARANTEED

The guarantee of a Dominion-wide industry backs

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

It makes all black leather blacker, softer, wear longer.

Dealers everywhere.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited
Branches Throughout Canada

ROYAL

MADE IN CANADA

MAKES PERFECT BREAD

YEAST

Impressing.

First Chauffeur—Bill got the sack for taking out his boss's car without permission.

Second Chauffeur—But how did his boss know he took it?

First Chauffeur—Because Bill ran over him.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

No one goes any higher than his own level, and he climbs up only as he sees visions, and aspires.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—GOOD BOARDing House in Owen Sound. In good repair, good location. Near Depot and Factories. Apply R. McGrath, Executor, Transcona, Man.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide Street, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

BICYCLES, NEW AND SECOND Hand. $12.00 up. Send for special price list. Varsity Cycle Works, 413 Spadina Ave., Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed

Mailed free to any address by the Author

H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc.
118 West 31st Street, New York

When buying your Piano insist on having an "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES

Book "Patent Protection" Free

BABCOCK & SONS

Formerly Patent Office Examiner. Estab. 1877
99 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL
Branches: Ottawa and Washington

YOU CAN'T CUT OUT A Bog Spavin or Thoroughpin but you can clean them off promptly with

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

and you work the horse same time. Does not blister or remove the hair. $2.00 per bottle, delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Book 4 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Varicose Veins, Ruptured Muscles or Ligaments, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Cysts. Allays pain quickly. Price $1 and $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Made in the U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 516 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

Don't Rub It On Bruises or Sore Muscles

Sloan's Liniment quickly penetrates and soothes *without rubbing.* Cleaner than mussy plasters or ointments, does not stain the skin.

Have a bottle handy for emergency, rheumatic aches and pains, neuralgia, lumbago, gout, strains, sprains and lame back, yield to Sloan's Liniment.

At all druggists, 25c. 50c. and $1.00.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

FOR PINK EYE DISTEMPER, CATARRHAL FEVER AND ALL NOSE AND THROAT DISEASES

Cures the sick and acts as a preventative for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy. Sold by all druggists. Booklet, "Distemper, Cause and Cure," Free.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

The Shawville Boot and Shoe Store

HOSIERY.

In Women's we have

Best Quality Cashmere, sizes 8½ to 10	50c. a pair
" " Plain Wool " " "	50
" " Ribbed Worsted, all Wool	75
" " Fleece Lined	25
" " Ribbed Wool	40
" " Cotton Heavy Weight	25
" " Boot Silk	50

In Men's we have

Best Quality Cashmere	60c. a pair
" " " light weight	50
" " Pure Silk	50
" " White Cashmere	50
" " Natural Cashmere	50
" " Fancy Lisle	40
" " Pure Wool Ribbed Worsted	50

CHILDREN'S

"Little Daisy" and "Little Darling"	35c. a pair
Best Quality Lisle	25
Boys' Rock Ribbed	25

Give our stock a look through before buying, as we know our prices and quality are right.

P. E. SMILEY.

Local and District.

APPOINTMENT — The Provincial Treasurer has appointed Mr. J. J. Turner to the position of Issuer of Motor Vehicle Licenses for this county. Hereafter local car-owners will get their "shingles" from Joe.

NOTICE—We again draw the attention of contributors to the fact that "Cards of Thanks" and "Memorial Notices" are chargeable at the rate of 50 cents an insertion, money to accompany the copy of same. In the case of the last mentioned, one verse, not exceeding 6 lines, will be inserted. Please keep this in mind.

The roads throughout the country, owing to the mild weather which set in a few days ago, are reported to be in a very bad condition. On Saturday so bad were the roads in some parts, people who made an effort to reach here by conveyance, were forced to abandon the trip. In view of this condition, the sooner the snow disappears altogether, the better for public convenience and business generally.

When Spring fairly opens up it is said there is going to be great activity in mining development in the neighborhood of the now famous Woods molydenite mine north of Quyon, and at other points in Bristol, Clarendon and Thorne, where outcrops of the mineral have been discovered. It is hoped the interest won't become so fully thought-engrossing as to take our farmers away from looking after what a good many regard as the one thing needful this year. This happened in the pioneer settlement near New Liskeard, Ont., when the Cobalt boom was on, and the settlement got a bad setback in consequence. Better leave these mining stunts to the oldish codgers, who can use the "get rich quick" argument as a good excuse for taking a holiday now and then.

L.-Corp. Allen Wounded.

In a recent casualty list the name of Pte. Ernest Geo. Allen, appeared among the wounded. Pte. Allen enlisted with the 77th Battalion, and was transferred to the Montreal Highland regiment. He has been in the trenches for seven months and received his corporal stripe on the field. His next of kin is his wife at Morehead, Que.

March Rod and Gun.

The March issue of Rod and Gun in Canada, that representative Canadian sportsman's publication is now on sale on the newstands. A glimpse through this issue reveals the fact that the March issue contains much that is of interest to lovers of outdoor life. The regular departments, which are a feature of this magazine, and one that is of interest to its many readers, are as usual well maintained and the devotee of gun, rifle, or rod will find much of interest and value in the perusal of its columns. In addition for the more general reader there are stories of outdoor life to hold the attention and divert it for a time from the current newspaper and magazine recitals of things pertaining to the war. Such stories as "Gentleman Jones" by Jean Stevinson, "The Dwellers of Darkness" by Wm. McMullen, "The Treacherous Snow," "King of the Big Swamp" by F. V. Williams, "A Brother Fisherman" by H. C. Haddon, etc., etc., are all redolent of the out-of-doors. W. J. Taylor, Ltd., Woodstock, Ont., are the publishers.

When you want the best value for your money in ..

SHINGLES

at $1.65 per M and up

Also Laths, Dry Lumber, Clapboards Flooring End Matched Hardwood Flooring, Mouldings Doors etc try

A. F. CAMPBELL,
BOX 55
Arnprior, Ont.

Milk Drawing Tenders.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for drawing milk to the Lily Cheese Factors for season 1917, on the following routes:

Lewis Hodgins' and Ed. Dagg's, same as 1915.

Clifford Workman's and McKee's, same as 1914.

McLarnon's same as 1916, and Drapers to include the front road.

Tenders to state price per cwt.; also price per trip; to be marked "tender" and in the hands of the Secretary not later than April 9th.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Directors will meet 7 p. m., April 10th.

E. T. HODGINS,
Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Collection of Dog Tax.

In pursuance of By-law No. 58, of the Records of the Municipality of Clarendon respecting the Collection of Taxes on all dogs owned within the limits of said Municipality, public notice is hereby given that all owners of dogs are required to make a declaration to the undersigned Sec.-Treasurer as to the number of such animals owned by them; also to pay the amount of Taxes due on same on or before the 30th day of April, otherwise they will be liable to the penalties prescribed by the By-law aforesaid.

Dated at Shawville the 10th day of March, 1917.

E. T. HODGINS,
SEC.-TREASURER,
Municipality of Clarendon.

MURRELLS

March 26.—Mr. Charles Stewart and sister Ella spent a few days last week visiting Bristol friends.

Miss A. McClure spent Sunday the guest of Mrs. L. A. Smart.

Misses Duffy and Hume, teachers of Starks Corners, spent the week end guests of Miss McClure at Mr. Smiley's.

Mr. and Mrs. McGuire were Thursday visitors at H. B. Hodgins', Yarm.

Messrs. Cuthbert Cameron and Jack Lester have returned from spending the winter months at L'Ascension, Que.

Mrs. Storey, of Elmside, spent a few days with Mrs. R. Chapman.

Mr. John Durrell of North Bay, is spending some time visiting his daughter and other friends at Murrells.

Mr. Cruickshanks of Bristol spent a few days visiting his sister, Mrs. A. Pirie.

Robert and Hector Telford left for the West on Tuesday, via the C. N. R. with a carload of horses and machinery to commence farming.

James and David Telford returned from L'Ascension on Saturday. COM.

Serve Save Produce

EVERY ONE CAN do something for his country

Some can bear arms
Some can produce food
Some can make munitions
Some can give money

It is the privilege of all to help.

YOU CAN SERVE by Fighting—Working—Saving—Giving

This is NATIONAL SERVICE

Are YOU doing your part?

ALL EYES turn now to the Canadian Farmer, for he can render the Empire SPECIAL SERVICE in this sternest year of the war.

But—our farms are badly undermanned—25,000 men are needed on the land.

With insufficient help, the Man on the Land fights an uphill fight to meet the pressing need for Food.

CITY and TOWN can help.

Municipal Councils, Churches and Schools, and other organizations, both of men and women, can render National Service by directing all available labour to the Land.

Farmers themselves can exchange labour. School boys can assist.

Were you raised on a farm? Can you drive a team? Can you handle fork or hoe? If you can't fight, you can produce. Spend the Summer working on the Farm.

Let every man, woman and child in the Dominion who has access to Land, no matter how small the plot, make it produce Food in 1917.

For information on any subject relating to the Farm and Garden write:—
INFORMATION BUREAU
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OTTAWA

DOMINION
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OTTAWA, CANADA.
HON. MARTIN BURRELL, MINISTER.

Low Prices . . .

Are the ruling features of our store, while the goods we offer in

Stoves, Ranges, Tinware, &c.

Are the Best Makes and Latest Patterns.

A call will convince you of these facts.

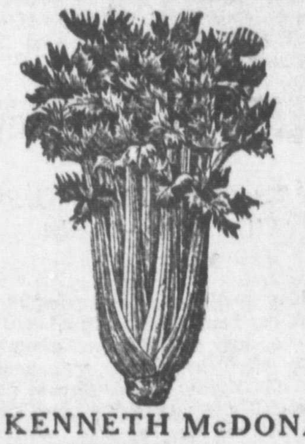
Yours for Spring Trade.

G. W. DALE PRACTICAL TINSMITH
Shawville, Que.

Start Your Hotbed Now

An Early Start means Greater Growth and Greater Yield

For the home garden all that is needed is a little composte or stable manure six to eight inches in depth with about the same depth of good soil. Build your bed with a southernly exposure and cover over with an old window.



The result will be well matured plants at the time you would otherwise be planting the seed. A few hotbed specialties worth while planting are:

McDonald's Everbeat Summer Cabbage.—Handsome rounded shape, short stemmed. **Pkt. 10c.**

Paris Golden Yellow Celery.—Self-blanching, thick, solid, heavy ribbed stocks. Crisp and free from strings. **Pkt. 20c.**

McDonald's "Perfecta" Forcing White Spine Cucumber.—Particularly desirable for its handsome appearance. Uniform in shape and dark green color. **Pkt. 10c.**

Big Boston Lettuce.—Popular with gardeners because of its large saleable heads. **Pkt. 5c.; Oz. 20c.**

Grand Rapids Lettuce.—The market gardener's favorite. A handsome bunch of curled leaves not liable to rot and slow to wilt. **Pkt. 5c.; Oz. 20c.**

Crimson Sparkler Radish.—Flesh melting white, crisp and tender. **Pkt. 5c.; Oz. 20c.**

Bonny Best Tomatoes.—Extra early, scarlet fruited. Strong grower, bountiful yielder. Splendid for market or home garden. **Pkt. 5c.; Oz. 35c.**

When writing kindly mention this paper.

KENNETH McDONALD & SONS, LIMITED
MARKET SQUARE - - - - OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Seed Grain.

Opening the 1st of March, we will be in a position at the Elevator to supply

all kinds of Grain, fit for Seed.

We have installed **A CLIPPER CLEANER,** one of the best on the market, specially designed for the Cleaning of Seed Grain of all kinds.

Cleaning done at 10c. per 100 lbs.

Highest Prices paid for all kinds of Grains.

WM. & THE G. F. HODGINS CO.

SHAWVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS

T. SHORE - PROPRIETOR.

MONUMENTS I have on hand the finest stock of Marble and Granite Monuments ever placed before the public of this district. Prices are such that it will be to intending purchasers' interest to consult me before placing their order elsewhere. Nothing too large—nothing too small.

FENCING AND CEMETERY WORK A SPECIALITY

All Work Guaranteed Satisfactory.

A Message to Mothers and Boys!

We respectfully invite you to come in and look over the beautiful range of

Boys' Clothing

we are showing for Easter and Spring, 1917.

Never before has our stock been so complete. We have every style from

Buster Brown's

up to the very newest in

Pinch Backs

in all sizes and a large assortment of Patterns.

Our prices are as low as ever. We are after the Boys' Clothing Trade of this town and district, and we have spared no pains in collecting the beautiful range we are showing, and we have made the prices right.

All our Boys' Suits have the Governor Fastener.

ARCHIE DOVER