

# THE EQUITY.

Mrs J. H. Bullen -  
725 Capwell St.

No. 38, 36TH YEAR.

SHAWVILLE, PONTIAC COUNTY, QUE., THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1918.

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

## THE BANK OF OTTAWA

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FORT COULONGE BRANCH, W. W. MITCHELL, Acting Mgr.  
CAMBELLS BAY BRANCH, R. LEGER, Manager.  
PORTAGE DU FORT BRANCH, G. M. COLQUHOUN, Acting Mgr.

The Shawville H. M. Club will meet at the home of Mrs. S. E. Hodgins on Thursday evening of this week.

Several young people from town attended the social at Mr. Wm. Cameron's, Murrells, on Wednesday evening of last week, and report having had a good time. The social was held under the auspices of the H. M. club of that place.

The Murrell H. M. Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Andrew Pirie, on Wednesday, March 20th at 7 o'clock p. m. Program: A paper on papering and painting by Mrs. H. Stewart; Recitation by Miss Jean Cameron. Roll call. Hints on food saving.

MILLINERY ANNOUNCEMENT.—Miss M. Foran wishes to announce that she has opened the Millinery Parlors over J. H. Shaw's store (formerly occupied by Mrs. S. D. Kelley) and extends a cordial invitation to the ladies of Shawville and vicinity to call and inspect an up-to-date stock of millinery. Opening dates—March 22nd and 23rd.

On Wednesday evening last a bevy of young people from Shawville and surrounding district—forty-five in all—drove to the home of Mr. Thos. McDowell, "Village View Farm" to enjoy a sociable time, and judging from reports, it is safe to venture in saying that nothing stood in the way of everyone having what might be termed as a "royal good time." Mr. McD's large house offered ample room for the carrying on of the numerous games that were indulged in. Apart from this line of amusement some of the bunch found good sport in tobogganing on a nearby hill. Supper was served and all returned home very much satisfied with their evening's outing.

March Rod and Gun is on the news stands and its contents are of special interest to lovers of the out of doors. Some of the stories most worth reading are, "A Canadian Cousin" by Marvin Leslie Hayward; "Skin for Skin" by Harry W. Langley; "The Catch Thief" by P. W. Parkinson; "A Canadian Wolf Story" by T. S. Scott; "A Big Game Hunt at Brunell Creek" by A. G. Ludwig; "A Week in the Mountains of Quebec" by Martin T. Scott; "Sufficient unto the Day" by H. C. Haddon, etc., etc. The regular departments devoted to Guns and Ammunition, Fishing Notes, Along the Trap Line, Alpine Club of Canada, etc., are well maintained and the number as a whole is replete with good things. W. J. Taylor, Limited, publishes Rod and Gun Magazine at Woodstock, Ont.

#### Hatching Chicks.

Boxes eighteen inches square and eight inches high make good nesting boxes. The nests should be built carefully, preferably with earth in the bottom, the corners being well filled, covered with soft straw or leaves. If the nests are too deep the eggs may pile up and break; if they are too shallow the eggs may roll out. The nests should be placed in a secluded place and the hens should be set after dark. If the hen sits well upon nest eggs for a day or two then she should be given the regular eggs. Set a number of hens at same time if possible, but where several are sitting in the same room it is well to have the nests covered so that each hen will be confined to her own nest.

The hens should be dusted thoroughly at the time of setting and again just before the chicks hatch; take each hen by the feet, holding the head downwards, and sprinkle lice powder into the feathers and then rub it all around the joints.

Feed the hens on a variety of hard grains and keep clean water before them always.

Be very sure to hatch your chicks as early as possible because late hatched chicks rarely lay well in winter. M. A. Jull, Macdonald College.

The roads are reported to be in a very bad condition after the furious blizzard of Saturday night and Sunday morning.

FANCY WORK.—Mrs. Kelley has placed in stock an up-to-date line of Fancy Work and invites the ladies to call and examine same.

Pictures of home folks carry warmth and comfort to the heart of a soldier. Make an appointment to-day.

H. IMISON, Artist in Portraiture.

The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid will hold a Food Sale in Mr. Caldwell's sample room on Saturday, March 16. Sale will commence at 3 o'clock.

The Merchants Bank people, through their local manager Mr. Drum, closed a deal on Saturday for the purchase of J. J. Turner's corner lot, with a view to erecting a bank building thereon. Mr. Turner will remove the buildings presently occupying the site to the adjoining location.

MEMORIAL CARDS.—A new stock of very neat ones at this office—several designs.

#### Millinery Opening.

Mrs. D. S. Kelley announces to the ladies of Shawville and district that she will hold her Spring Millinery Opening in her new stand (one block south of old stand on Pickanock street), on March 22nd and 23rd. Having recently returned from Toronto Openings with a complete stock, the ladies will have no difficulty in making a selection.

#### Is the M. S. Act being Enforced Fairly?

Whilst this section of the county has been pretty closely cropped of military eligibles, this paper has it on pretty reliable authority that there are other sections of the federal district—notoriously one large section—where thus far the application of the M. S. Act has not yielded a very abundant harvest. We have been informed that in that particular section scores of young men are to be found who have secured exemption on the ground of being engaged in production, whereas it is a well-known fact this claim will not bear investigation, and it looks as if none had been attempted. The authors of the Draft Law having declared more than once that no community, section or class would escape its provisions, it is up to them to see that the machinery they have created is set in motion in all parts of the country. If there are military representatives in remote districts, it should be ascertained if they are performing their duties fairly and conscientiously; and if the reverse is discovered they should be replaced by men who are not biased by local preferences or prejudices. There should be no making flesh of one and fish of another in this game.

The Murrell H. M. Club sent fourteen boxes containing socks, cakes, sardines, candy, dates, towels, handkerchiefs, and faces to the soldiers at Christmas, and letters have been received from the fourteen recipients, thanking the club for same.

The following is one of the letters received:

Somewhere in France,  
Dec. 12, 1917.

Dear Friends,—Your very nice parcel of comforts and luxuries to hand Dec. 10th, for which kindly accept my most hearty thanks. We boys in France sure appreciate the kindness of those at home in sending us parcels and trust we will always be worthy of the interest taken in us. Wishing the members of your club a merry Christmas and a prosperous new year, I remain,

Sincerely yours,  
SPR. C. P. McGUIRE, 145273,  
3 Plat. D. Company,  
11th Batt., Can. Rly Troops,  
B. E. F., France.

## The Merchants Bank of Canada

Established 1864

### OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT . . . . . SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, C. V. O.  
VICE-PRESIDENT . . . . . K. W. BLACKWELL,  
MANAGING DIRECTOR . . . . . E. F. HEDDEN,  
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Paid up Capital . . . . . \$7,000,000  
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits . . 7,421,292  
Total Assets . . . . . 121,130,558

235 Branches and Agencies in Canada.  
WAR TAX, INLAND REVENUE STAMPS.

for the convenience of our customers it has been decided to keep on hand cheque books of 100, 50 and 25 cheques, on which the 2c. war stamp has been attached. The books may be had by simply paying the price of the stamps so affixed.

CALENDARS—Owing to the scarcity of calendars in this vicinity, we have ordered an extra supply. We are keeping one for you.

### Branches at Shawville and Quyon.

W. F. DRUM . . . . . Manager, Shawville  
A. A. REID . . . . . Manager, Quyon.

## HENRY'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL

Ottawa, Ont.

Our instruction is individual, and the school is open during the entire year; you may therefore start at any time. Our rates are \$10 per month; do not pay a cent more. More than 300 students from other local colleges have in the past joined our classes. Names and addresses are available. Students are assisted to positions. We are HEADQUARTERS for Short-hand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Spelling, English, Correspondence, etc. Send for circular.

D. E. HENRY, PRESIDENT.  
Cor. Bank and Sparks Sts.

WANTED—A Young Lady Clerk.  
G. F. HODGINS CO.

Most things can be anybody's gift—your portrait is distinctively, exclusively yours. Make an appointment to-day.

H. IMISON, Artist in Portraiture.

#### Marriages

By Rev. Walter Russell, brother of the groom, Miss Florence M. Burch and Mr. Robert H. Russell were married at the home of the bride's father, March Mount Road, Toronto, on Tuesday, March 5th.

Yarm, Que., March 9th.—The home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Osborne, of Ottawa, was the scene of a quiet but pretty wedding on Wednesday, March 9th, when their second daughter, Miss Edyth Hilda, became the bride of Mr. Ralph Erwin Hodgins, of this place.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. R. Stacy, pastor of Westboro church.

After spending a few days with the bride's parents, the young couple returned to the groom's home at Yarm. They intend accompanying the latter (Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ed. Hodgins) on their removal shortly to their future home at Meyronne, Sask.

All join in wishing the young couple a long and prosperous life.

Your family, friends and business associates want your portrait. A nice range of folders to choose from.

H. IMISON, Artist in Portraiture.

#### Births

At Shawville, on Tuesday, March 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Langford a son.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Green-shields at Saline Creek, Sask., March 5th, a son—Frederick John English.

#### PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. Ivan Thomson, Ottawa, visited his father in town for a few days last week.

Miss Pearl Smith spent the week end in town the guest of Miss L. Carruthers.

Mrs. Silverman, of Montreal, has been visiting her sister Mrs. A. Dover, during the past two weeks.

Mrs. Alf Draper and Mrs. R. C. Woodley, visited Ottawa for a day or two last week.

Mr. Wm. Thomson, sons Lionel and Ivan, and daughter, Hilda, accompanied by Miss Lil Carruthers, drove to Bryson last Wednesday, where the day was spent visiting friends.

Mr. R. W. Ralph, from North Temiscamingue, has been spending a few days at his home in town. He reports that the winter has been very severe up north with a great depth of snow.

## "Canada's Best"

GOOWLING Business College  
OTTAWA, ONT.

Has proved itself to be Canada's Best Business, Shorthand and Civil Service School by taking the SIX highest places in open competition with all business and shorthand schools in Canada on the Civil Service Examinations of May last.

Write for catalogue and copy of Gowling's Advocate.

W. E. GOOWLING, H. G. W. BRAITHWAITE,  
President, Principal

### EXPERIENCE

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### EXPERIMENT.

Learning office work is like learning any other kind of work or trade or profession.

Machinists are trained by practical machinists, doctors by doctors, dentists by dentists.

The secret of success of the Graduates of Willis College is that they are the only ones trained by expert, experienced office workers for expert office work.

For Stenographer, Secretary or Accountant, we have the best courses available anywhere.

Last year our increase was 45%. This year to date is even better. Still Employers' Demands Exceed the Number of Willis Graduates.

N. I. HARRISON,

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WILLIS COLLEGE . . . . . OTTAWA, ONT.  
130 1/2 Sparks Street entrance between Ketchum's & Sims.  
A position for every Will Graduate.

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COMPANY, LIMITED

EYES EXAMINED

NO DRUGS USED

QUALITY GLASSES

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552 ST. CATHERINE WEST

UPDOWN 4982 Near Stanley St.  
MONTREAL, QUE.

FOR SALE—Two large Toulouse Geese. Phone or write N. D. KILGOUR, 7th Line, Clarendon.

FOR SALE—A quantity of Timothy Seed, well mixed with Alsike Clover. Price 13 cents per lb. Grown on Lot 22, 6th con. JOHN A. TELFORD, Morehead.

FOR SALE—All parties who have been loaned gasoline barrels or cans, please be good enough to return them at once. SHAWVILLE MOTOR CO.

FOR SALE—Ford Car (1917 model) Apply to G. C. HODGINS, Shawville.

FOR SALE—Six Octave piano case Organ, in excellent shape, will be sold at a bargain. Apply to J. L. HODGINS, Shawville.

FOR SALE—Fifteen cows to freshen in March. For particulars apply to E. C. DAVIS, Thorne Centre.

FOR SALE—Five heifer calves, four grades, and one pure-bred Ayrshire Apply to J. C. JAMIESON, Maryland P. O., Bristol, Que.

Lieut. Howard E. Reid, R. N., was among those saved, when early last January his ship was torpedoed and sunk near Alexandria, Egypt, carrying many of her crew with her. He has since cabled his parents of his safe arrival in England, and is there awaiting further orders of the Admiralty.

## THE HARDWARE STORE

## SEEDS

Garden and Field Root Seeds  
now in stock.

We advise early buying, some varieties are very scarce and will not be procurable later on.

J. H. SHAW.

## W. A. HODGINS

SHAWVILLE

## THIS WEEK

### We Feature

Early Grade Seeds

Rennies Cream Calf Meal

Royal Purple Calf Meal

" " Stock Food

" " Poultry Specific

" " Lice Killer

WILLIAM'S

## Fly Exterminator

The best Lice and Vermin  
Remedy known.

Dairy Meal	\$3.00 per Sack
Coarse Salt	1.75 "
Dairy Salt	1.00 "
Oyster Shells	1.25 "

Paints

Varnish Stains

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Whiting

Linseed Oil

Turpentine, etc.

## W. A. HODGINS



# The AUTOMOBILE

## The Car's Tool Equipment.

Quite frequently we hear car owners, especially new buyers, ask: "Don't you think I ought to have such and such a tool in my car?" We reply that it would perhaps be nice, but there is a line to be drawn on having no more to carry along than is absolutely necessary to make repairs on the road.

Every car, whether new or old, is supposed to have a full equipment of tools, like pump, jack, a few wrenches, oil can, and starting crank. This list really accommodates the probable or average need of any car owner to meet little emergencies on the road. It would be impossible to carry all and every tool that might be needed some time.

A truck might carry such an equipment, but we do not believe very many private owners care to undertake the task, and really do not know of any who presume to do so. What we wish to answer is, "Where is the limit to the number of tools any car owner ought to carry with him?"

You will need a pump to inflate tires. Then come two tire tools for taking the casings off the rim. The jack should be in usable order at all times, for one never knows when it will be needed. About four S wrenches and one good monkey

wrench should be at hand. The S wrenches should range at reasonable openings to take in all the nuts that will ordinarily need turning at any time. A hub wrench must be carried. On the hub wrench you have an opening not only for the outside cap but also for the nut underneath this cap on the end of the axle shaft. Along with the above we should never forget the oil can with enough oil for an emergency.

There is another thing that every car owner should make sure is in his tool box: It is the starting crank. Some cars have them fastened on the front of the car, but the greatest number have the crank in the tool box. You can never tell when you may need it, no matter if your car does have a self-starter.

On very long trips, where one may be at times far from a garage, more tools might be carried, but it is our experience that instead of too many extra tools it would be better to carry some of the smaller parts of the car, like front hub cones or balls, races, spark plugs, fan belt, a small roll of wire, some insulated cable, and extra lamp globes. Include in this, if you will, a good stout rope or towing cable and you may rest assured you have a sufficient tool equipment, unless, as we say, you have ample capacity for carrying more.

## THE EBB TIDE ON THE SOMME!

MAJOR IAN HAY, MILITARY AUTHORITY.

Sees in Fateful Struggle of Last April the Real German Waterloo.

"The battle of the Marne was the high tide of the war, for Germany. The battle of the Somme was the beginning of the ebb tide. Already the latter battlefield has lost some of the stark horror it presented just after the fight. The indefatigable grass was covering some of the scars of conflict when I saw it last fall. The enormous mine craters and shell pits are still serious obstacles to cultivation, and the rusty wreaths of many barbed wire barricades remain to hamper the farmer. Yet the atmosphere of peace and quiet seemed an augury of the time when French soil will know the freedom it enjoyed prior to August, 1914."

The speaker was Major Ian Hay (Beith), author of "The First Hundred Thousand" and one of the most notable figures developed by the great conflict. The interviewer could not conquer the inclination to ask about the earlier days of the war.

"A great deal has been said about that," replied Major Beith, smiling. "Perhaps, after all, the best things have not yet been said. By contrast with the Somme and Verdun, the first battle of Ypres seems a rather small scale affair. Yet I think historic perspective will perceive it as one of the vital battles of the war. Nothing in history is more splendidly heroic than that last fragile line of cooks and grooms and teamsters who took the rifles from dead men's hands and checked the Huns."

### If the Germans Reached Calais?

"The significance of that heroic stand can be appreciated only in light of subsequent developments. To-day, for instance, we concede the submarine to be one of the gravest menaces of the war. It is a menace chiefly because Germany holds a portion of the Belgian coast about twenty-five miles in length. Let us assume that she had reached Calais in that first triumphant drive. Her submarine offensive would have been immeasurably more powerful. Indeed, had she been able to establish submarine bases along the narrower portions of the English Channel, the outcome of the war would have been very different.

"The German dream of an England isolated and starving might have been actually realized. Instead, we have

been able to meet the submarine menace and conquer it. Four million British soldiers have crossed the channel without the loss of a life. And those 4,000,000 have molded history.

"The portion of the Belgian coast retained by the Huns is their last slipping grip on interference with the allied cause at sea. When that gap is closed by the next big British 'push' the submarine peril will become negligible. Hence the great mass of German troops arrayed along the British front, and the desperate nature of the fighting in Flanders.

"Germany might have held this coveted strip of coast if the old instinct to 'smash for Paris' had not been too strong. Had Germany seized the Belgian coast first, instead of thrusting forward to their defeat at the Marne, their other aspirations might have been realized. But the delay was fatal. Hence the Marne as the zenith of their offensive."

### "If I Had Known."

"I had a friend. Our souls clasped hands; Our heart-strings, like two vines, about Each other twined till twain seemed one."

If I had known thus early in the race That Death would come and claim you as his own, In crowded ways I would have sought your face, If I had known.

My every word and action would have shown I was your friend; the ties, like vines, that grace True friendship, strong as iron bands had grown!

"One shall be taken,"—yours the vacant place; And he who eats the bitter crust alone, Can cry but to the darkness and to space,

### "If I had known!"

### Etiquette of Fish Feast.

In the Samoan Islands, when a fish feast is held, the piece de resistance must be divided up in accordance with a rigid and unvarying etiquette. The heads are assigned to the tribal orators, who are of the high nobility. The flesh just behind the gills is set apart for guests whom the host of the occasion desires to honor. The pectoral fins (a particular delicacy) go to the King. The cuts across the spine just about the pectorals (the very parts we should think most desirable) are distributed among the common people. For the chiefs the tail and belly parts are reserved.

Sprouted oats are relished by hens; they kept them in good condition and make them lay. Sprouted oats digest easier than raw oats.

## FRENCH CHILDREN ILL WITH FAMINE

SUFFERING OF JUVENILES IN WAR AREA.

Detailed Statement of Poor Nutrition By American Red Cross Physician.

That the French children, as a mass, are underfed, undernourished and insufficiently clothed, especially those whose parents have been unable to provide for them out of means accumulated before the war, was the opinion expressed by Dr. William Palmer Lucas, of the University of California, in an article by him in the American Journal of Medical Sciences, on the work of the Children's Bureau, Department of Civil Affairs, American Red Cross, France. The article deals with conditions in France last August. He said in part:

"Probably at no time in the history of the world has there been such a widespread condition of underfeeding and poor nutrition as now exists in a very large proportion of French children. Owing largely to the almost static conditions of the civilian population, there have been few widespread epidemics; dangers of such epidemics increase with the moving about of refugees. If a widespread epidemic should occur at the present time I believe that the mortality would be very high, for the children have undoubtedly less power of resistance than they have ever had before. The infant mortality rates rose during the first year of the war, fell sharply during the second year and began to rise again during the third year.

### Urgent Need in 'Zone des Armees.'

"The most urgent need which faced us at the outset in August was that of the children from devastated areas, in what is known as the 'Zone des Armees,' an area extending back about thirty miles from the front lines of the army. In this area we found towns which are likely to be bombed at any time, other towns partly destroyed, which had been evacuated early this year, and still others which were then being gassed or were under continual shell fire. From this area the children are constantly being sent back in varying numbers; sometimes they are moved for short periods only during acute bombardment. At other times, when the sector is suffering from more or less constant shell fire or gas attacks, the children have been evacuated more permanently. Here the problem is an urgent one. We have attempted to meet it in several towns which seemed to demand immediate attention, and from which calls had already come to the Red Cross.

### Housing 500 Unfortunates.

"The largest undertaking of this kind has been in the Meurthe-et-Moselle Department, under the kind guidance and auspices of Prefect Mirman. At his invitation the Red Cross has established a large clearing house and hospital at Toul. Here some 450 children and fifty mothers from gassed or bombed villages are housed, and medically supervised.

"From the hospital at Toul a bi-weekly dispensary service has been established in the factories and mairies of six nearby towns. This service is covered by Dr. Alice Barlow Brown, of Chicago, one of the American fund for French wounded medical delegates assigned by the bureau to the work in the Meurthe-et-Moselle under Doctor Ladd. This fund has worked hand-in-hand with the Red Cross for the realization of the great opportunities for service. At these dispensaries groups of children and women ranging from a few hundred in one town to more than 1,000 in another are cared for medically. This work is very urgent and impelling; to a certain extent the workers are in constant danger, since they are well within range of air raids or of the enemy's guns.

### Caring for 'Rapatries.'

"Another task which faced the Children's Bureau on its arrival in France was that of caring for the 'rapatries' as they enter France through Switzerland. At the present time the station of entry is on the Lake of Geneva, in the small town of Evian, which has fewer than 5,000 inhabitants. Into this town 1,500 rapatries pour each day, 750 in the morning and 750 at night. The proportion of children among them is from 40 to 60 per cent.



# OGILVIE'S STANDARD SPRING WHEAT FLOUR

THIS is the WAR FLOUR of the OGILVIE MILLS—a loyal product to conserve Canada's resources and, at the same time, give the public the best possible flour that can be milled according to the Government standard.

This War Flour is excellent in quality and flavor—but it is slightly darker in color than "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" to which you have been accustomed.

It is just as hard for us to give up milling "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" as it will be for you to forego your favorite brand; but our "STANDARD" Flour will nevertheless make delicious bread, rolls, biscuits, cake, pies and pastry. If you have any difficulty—just drop us a line; we have a staff of expert chemists and bakers, whose experience is at your service.

Just as soon as the Food Controller will allow us to mill "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" again, we will tell you of this happy fact.

In the meantime, the new regulations—being in the best interests of the British Empire—demand the whole-hearted support of the Millers and the Public.

Certain stores and dealers have stocks of "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" still on hand. In order to avoid any confusion or misunderstanding, all "STANDARD" FLOUR will be plainly branded as such.

When all your "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" is gone, make sure of getting the next best grade by ordering

## OGILVIE'S STANDARD

Grocers everywhere have it,—don't forget to stipulate "OGILVIE'S." It will be your surest guarantee of the highest grade obtainable.

The OGILVIE FLOUR MILLS Co., Limited  
Montreal — Fort William — Winnipeg — Medicine Hat.

Daily Capacity, 19,000 Barrels  
The Largest Millers in the British Empire

of the whole number, so we have the task of caring for from 600 to 900 children a day. The largest number of children in any one convoy so far has been 680 Belgian children returning after three years of German subjugation. Any one who saw these children, their emaciated, pitiful bodies, would realize how great a task confronted us at that point. It has been most difficult to secure adequate medical inspection of these children, who came in by hundreds each day and were scattered throughout France the next day. If one visualizes this situation it is clear that the newly arrived children must be sent out of the city each day if the next 1,500 rapatries are to be cared for on the following day. The French needed and asked for help with this problem from the Children's Bureau.

"The child life of a country is the second line of defense. It must be preserved at any cost and strengthened in every way if we would keep our nation truly prepared to meet future demands. The conservation of child life is as much a part of this great conflict as the maintenance of armies. It is for the future freedom of the children of to-day and of to-morrow that our Allied armies struggle at present. The struggle must not be in vain. From such ideals at home the Children's Bureau of the American Red Cross sprang. Toward the consummation of such ideals the Children's Bureau will continue to work."

Water and salt are essential for the health and comfort of the sheep. Salt should be before them continuously. If plenty of water is provided, ewes will drink surprisingly large quantities of it.

### BEATING RECORD OF PHARAOH.

Largest Artificial Lake is on Line of the Panama Canal.

The U.S. Government Fisheries Bureau is planting Gatun Lake with fishes. The first shipment for the purpose, made by steamer recently, consisted of catfish, sunfish, carp and black bass, all of "fingerling" size. The bass were planted in the Chagres River, the principal tributary of the lake.

A Pharaoh of the twelfth dynasty constructed a reservoir (known to-day as Lake Moeris) which covered sixty-three square miles. It was an artificial lake, regarded in its day as one of the wonders of the world, and was designed to regulate the flow of the Nile.

In its way it was the most remarkable engineering achievement of antiquity. But Gatun Lake, on the line of the Panama Canal, beats it, being about three times as big. Its object is similar; namely, to take care of the flood waters of the Chagres River and prevent them from doing mischief.

Gatun Lake is the largest artificial body of water ever known in the world. It is, in fact, the most important feature of the transisthmian canal, extending two-thirds of the distance from the Caribbean Sea to the Pacific Ocean.

It occupies a basin that was dry land before the canal was built; and, because the area covered by it is very hilly and topographically irregular, it stretches in a multitude of arms far up into its marshy shores.

One reason why its shores are marshy is that in its shallows there develops with astonishing luxuriance

a kind of grass which sends out runners in all directions. On this account its banks are not easily accessible even to small craft.

As for fishes, it is hoped that they will multiply and furnish a worthwhile food supply.

### March.

Oh, Dear-my-heart, don't call it rain!  
'Tis springtime's thrilling drum.  
On rooftop and on windowpane  
We hear its rousing thrum.  
And hark! The shrill wind's bugle call  
In chimney tops and trees  
Is saying, "Waken, waken, all  
Brave blossoms, if you please!"  
Spring's hosts must take their stand  
again

'Neath maple, oak and larch,  
And end harsh winter's cruel reign.  
Attention! Upward, March!

Oh, Dear-my-heart, 'neath winter's snow  
The flowers' sleep is sound.  
That's why grim March must bluster so

To fetch them from the ground.  
With wild, wild winds that pipe and blow  
And loudly beating drum,  
'Tis March that says to them, "What ho!"

Glad blossom time has come!  
Shrink not from skies still dark and drear,  
From winds that sting and parch,  
But rise and face them without fear.  
Attention! Upward, March!"

—M. M. Parks.

Heather is being cut from waste lands in Holland for use as cattle fodder.

## The Doings of the Duffs.





## STRENGTH FOR THE DAY'S WORK

Depends Upon Good Red Blood to Nourish the Body—Weak People Need a Tonic.

The tonic treatment through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for run down condition of the health is based on sound medical principles and on common sense. More and more men and women are realizing that pure, red blood means health, and that efficiency in the workshop, the office, the home or in any of the varied walks of life depends entirely upon the quality of the blood. There are, however, thousands of people who do not realize the truth of these statements. They are without ambition or strength to do their day's work; are always tired out; have but little appetite and a poor digestion; cannot get a refreshing night's sleep and are subject to headaches, backaches and nervousness because their blood is weak, watery and impure.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give quick relief and permanently cure such men and women, because of their direct action on the blood, which they purify and build up to its normal strength. As through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the blood becomes rich and red it strengthens the muscles, tones up the nerves, makes the stomach capable of digesting the food and repairs the waste caused by growth or work. The need in every family of a safe and effective tonic such as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is shown by the following statement of Mrs. Julius Tuck, Mull, Ont., who says:—"Before I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I was in a most wretched and run down condition. My blood was thin and watery and my nerves were in such a condition that the least noise would make me start and tremble, and what a burden my housework seemed. One of my neighbors advised me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I have great reason to be glad that I followed her advice, for before I had used a half dozen boxes all symptoms of my trouble had disappeared, and I was as well as ever I had been in my life. I have also given the pills to my daughters with the most beneficial results, and I shall ever have a good word to say for them."

If you are feeling the least run down, weak or depressed do not delay—take these pills at once and note how speedily your old-time health will return. You can get the pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Faithful Till Death.

'Midst the battle's tumult driven  
Whilst the heavens were thunder-  
riven,  
Calm, serene his soul 'midst all,  
Met death at his country's call.  
Bury him in Flanders' earth  
Noble son of British birth,  
Place a cross above his breast—  
"His duty done," now let him rest.

Swing wide! ye Gates of Pearl—  
swing wide,  
Man for man has also died,  
Christ in man a sacrifice,  
Man for freedom paid the price.

"Welcome home," the angels sing  
Till the vaults of heaven ring  
Ye portals open—ye gates swing wide!  
For him who, like the martyrs, died.  
A. M. FOX.

Flour, meal, sugar, salt and spices  
should be sifted before measuring.

"In men whom men pronounce divine  
I find so much of sin and blot;  
In men whom men denounce as ill  
I find so much of goodness still;  
I hesitate to draw the line  
Between the two, where God has not."  
—Joaquin Miller.

Petunias do well in dry situations when once established, also verbenas, gaillardias, antirrhinums, zinnias, portulacas, marigolds and mesembryanthums. All these like sunshine and grow well in a deep, rich soil and rarely fail to succeed. By pegging down the verbenas they can be made to thickly cover a large space.

## EAT FISH

We will ship, Express Prepaid, within 200 miles of Toronto.

**FROZEN SEA SALMON**  
(Headless and Dressed)  
25-Pound Boxes, \$5.00

**SALTED FRESH WATER BILLFISH**  
(Headless and Dressed)  
20-Pound Pails, \$3.00

**SALTED LAKE HERRING**  
(Headless and Dressed)  
60 Fish to a Pail, \$2.75

Quality and Satisfaction Guaranteed  
Repeat in advance by Postal or Money Order.

**TORONTO FISH CO.**  
68 JARVIS ST. TORONTO

## For the Girls Of the Family



A dress of this type is very smart for the girl, made of tub materials. McCall Pattern No. 7658, Girl's Pleated Dress, in 6 sizes, 4 to 14 years. Price, 15 cents.



A good dress for the growing girl is this one made of striped and plain materials. McCall Pattern No. 7888 Girl's Simplicity Dress. In 6 sizes, 4 to 14 years. Price, 15 cents. These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Ont.

## AN EXCELLENT MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent medicine for little ones. They sweeten the stomach; regulate the bowels, break up colds and simple fevers, cure constipation and make teething easy. Concerning them Mrs. E. Quinn, Parame, Que., writes: "Baby was troubled with constipation and nothing helped him till I began using Baby's Own Tablets. They are an excellent medicine for little ones." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### The Tallest Chimneys.

What is said to be the tallest chimney in the world has been erected recently for a copper smelter at Sagoneki, Japan. It is built of concrete, 570 feet high, 26 1/2 feet inside diameter at the top and 42 feet in diameter at the base. The chimney was carried to that great height in order to convey the poisonous fumes from the smelter to an altitude where they would not hurt vegetation. The next tallest chimneys in the world are the 500-foot concrete chimney of the Boston and Montana smelter at Great Falls, Montana; a 454-foot chimney at Glasgow, Scotland; a 400-foot steel chimney at Jerome, Arizona; the 366-foot chimney of the Eastman Kodak Company at Rochester, New York; and the 365-foot brick chimney of the Orford Copper Company at Constable Hook, New Jersey.

"When looking for faults that need correcting, use a mirror, not a telescope."—Lisle de Vaux Matthevan.

While it is essential that every tractor possible be manufactured during the present year, it is just as essential to keep every tractor already sold in working condition, ready for day and night service whenever needed.

Phosphates are found in abundance in whole grain, especially in oatmeal, cracked wheat, wheat flakes, graham bread and other whole-grain preparations. Wheat bran is, of course, very rich in phosphates. Milk also contains phosphates in abundance.

## There is a Message In This Lady's Story

She Tells What Dodd's Kidney Pills Do for Women.

She Was Troubled With Weakness and Her Daughter Had Nervous Trouble. Dodd's Kidney Pills Proved the Remedy They Both Needed.

Hamilton, Ont., March 4th (Special)—The story told by Mrs. H. Dickens, of 70 Tom Street, this city, carries a message of hope to every suffering woman in Canada.

"After my baby was born," Mrs. Dickens states, "I used to suffer with my back and had no heart to do my work around the home. But I read about Dodd's Kidney Pills and what they have done for others, so I thought I would get a box and see what they would do for me.

"I am pleased to say that after taking two boxes I found such great relief I would not be without them in the house.

"My daughter, too, had been very sick on and off for a long time. Her nerves got so bad we were afraid we would see her in the hospital. But I am pleased to say she is better through taking Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I never thought Dodd's Kidney Pills could have done such good work and I am telling all my friends about them."

Women's troubles, or nearly all of them, come from sick kidneys. The cure for them is the old established remedy for sick kidneys, Dodd's Kidney Pills.

### RAILWAYS CO-OPERATE

It may be of general interest to the Canadian public to know some examples of the way in which their railways, through the Canadian Pacific Association for National Defence, are exchanging traffic in the interests of efficiency.

In one case the C.P.R. diverted by way of the Soo Line one thousand cars of freight so as to relieve the main line of the company along the north shore of Lake Superior. These cars passed south from Winnipeg to

Paraffin that has become unclean through usage in canning and preserving, may be cleaned and reused. Many times it can be cleaned with a brush in cold water. If this does not remove all the dirt, says a specialist of the United States Department of Agriculture, heat the paraffin to boiling and strain it through two or three thicknesses of cheesecloth placed over a funnel. Or a thin layer of absorbent cotton over one thickness of cheese cloth may be used as a strainer. One straining should be sufficient ordinarily, but if the paraffin still is unclean heat and strain again. Any paraffin lodging in the strainer may be recovered by heating the cloth and pouring off the hot liquid through another strainer.

### How to Clean Old Paraffin.

Paraffin that has become unclean through usage in canning and preserving, may be cleaned and reused. Many times it can be cleaned with a brush in cold water. If this does not remove all the dirt, says a specialist of the United States Department of Agriculture, heat the paraffin to boiling and strain it through two or three thicknesses of cheesecloth placed over a funnel. Or a thin layer of absorbent cotton over one thickness of cheese cloth may be used as a strainer. One straining should be sufficient ordinarily, but if the paraffin still is unclean heat and strain again. Any paraffin lodging in the strainer may be recovered by heating the cloth and pouring off the hot liquid through another strainer.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

### Your Untapped Trees.

"If you had fifty cows and they all gave good marketable, money-saving milk," said H. J. Grimm, addressing the Pure Maple Sugar Association, "you surely would not be content to milk only twenty-five of them and let the others go to waste, would you? And yet your untapped sugar maple trees are just like those imaginary unmilked cows. There is money in them only waiting to be brought out and put in your bank. Maple sugar is the quickest money making harvest in all your business of farming. It needs no seeding. It is all harvest, and what is more the harvest is quickly turned into real money."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—My daughter, 13 yrs. old, was thrown from a sleigh and injured her elbow so badly it remained stiff and very painful for three years. Four bottles of MINARD'S LINIMENT completely cured her and she has not been troubled for two years.

Yours truly,

J. B. LIVESQUE,  
St. Joseph, P. O., 18th Aug. 1900.

The requisites of good cows are first, good pure-bred stock, good care in breeding, feeding and management. There are great possibilities in the production of good cows but these are seldom ever seen, appreciated, or attained except by an intelligent thoughtful feeder. The earmarks of a business farmer and intelligent feeder may be seen in his herd.

**MURINE Granulated Eyelids,** Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. **Murine Eye Remedy** At Your Druggist's or by Mail, 50c. Per Bottle. For Baby's Use, 25c. Ask **Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago**

Quite likely you have been too busy poking the fire to think about the raspberry and blackberry canes. Some nice day put on a pair of long-wristed leather gloves and go at the trimming. Cut out all dead or unthrifty canes entirely, and prune back the others (including side branches) about one-third. Burn the trimmings and thus get rid of pests.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Paper pulp in the Scandinavian countries costs seven times more than in 1914; it costs twenty times as much to bring it to France by sea, the insurance being from 8 to 10 per cent. of the value of the cargo; the port dues are from 1 to 6 per cent.; labor costs 60 per cent. more; and coal is seven times as dear as before the war.

### Two Sides.

When you're busy, busy working,  
In your tense, industrious way,  
Does it cheer you if a neighbor  
Comes to interrupt your labor,  
Just to pass the time away,  
Just to pass the time of day?  
Does it cheer you? Is he welcome?  
Do you love him fondly?  
Say!

Then when he is busy working,  
In his tense, industrious way  
Why should you stop short the labor  
Of your brisk, industrious neighbor,  
Just to pass the time away,  
Just to pass the time of day?  
Will he welcome your intrusion?  
Will he love you fondly?  
Say!

### LEMONS MAKE SKIN WHITE, SOFT, CLEAR

Make this beauty lotion for a few cents and see for yourself.

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice, to remove complexion blemishes; to whiten the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quart of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the face, neck, arms and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

## GILLETT'S LYE

HAS NO EQUAL  
It not only softens the water but doubles the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.  
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

### In Brief.

Eat less; breathe more.  
Talk less; think more.  
Ride less; walk more.  
Clothe less; bathe more.  
Worry less; work more.  
Waste less; give more.  
Preach less; practise more.

### MONEY ORDERS

When ordering goods by mail, send a Dominion Express Money Order.

### Not One Quarter Produced.

Not twenty-five per cent. of the available maple trees in Canada are being tapped. Statistics show that out of 55,000 farmers in Eastern Canada who produce maple sugar and syrup at all, only very few tap more than a quarter of the trees they have available on their farms. This 25 per cent. production is worth \$1,500,000 annually. This amount might easily be doubled. One man can take care of boiling the sap from 5000 trees as easily as from 500.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Farm implement orders must be placed early this year. Otherwise, everybody will be in trouble.

### LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS

How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain.

Let folks step on your feet hereafter; wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding tissue.

A small bottle of freezone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's foot.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezone for you from his wholesale drug house.



**EAGLE**  
Write to-day for our big FREE CATALOGUE showing our full lines of Bicycles for Men and Women, Boys and Girls.

**MOTOR CYCLES**  
**MOTOR ATTACHMENTS**  
Tires, Coaster Brakes, Wheels, Inner Tubes, Lamps, Bells, Cyclometers, Saddles, Equipment and Parts of Bicycles. You can buy your supplies from us at wholesale prices.

T. W. BOYD & SON,

27 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal.

**ABSORBINE**  
TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Will reduce Inflamed, Strained, Swollen Tendons, Ligaments, or Muscles. Stops the lameness and pain from a Splint, Side Bone or Bone Spavin. No blister, no hair gone and horse can be used. \$2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and interesting horse Book 2 M Free. **ABSORBINE, JR.**, the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Strained, Torn Ligaments, Swollen Glands, Veins or Muscles. Head Cuts, Sores, Ulcers. Always pain. Price \$1.00 a bottle at druggist or delivered. Book "Evidence" free. W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 516 Lyman Bldg., Montreal, Can. Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.



### Men in Training

Fighting isn't the only duty of a soldier, and exposure to bullets is not as serious as exposure to all kinds of weather and dampness. Rheumatic aches; sore and stiff muscles; strains and sprains, chilblains and neuralgia, all are enemies of the soldier, and the relief for all these pains and aches is Sloan's Liniment. Clean and convenient to carry or use; does not stain, and penetrates without rubbing. Generous sized bottles, at all druggists. 25c., 50c., \$1.00.

**Sloan's Liniment**  
KILLS PAIN

The Mesopotamia desert can freeze a man to the marrow, she can scorch him to the bone, she can drown him with her floods, she can kill him with thirst. She can box the compass of human tribulation. —Captain Frank Verney.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

### FOR SALE

**WEEKLY NEWSPAPER** IN WESTERN Ontario. Doing a good business. Death of owner places it on the market. A great chance for a man with cash. Apply Box 42 Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, Toronto.

**WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER** and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried \$1,500. Will go for \$1,200 on quick sale. Box 69, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

### MISCELLANEOUS

**CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC.** Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

When buying your Piano insist on having an "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

## A Kidney Remedy

Kidney troubles are frequently caused by badly digested food which overtaxes these organs to eliminate the irritant acids formed. Help your stomach to properly digest the food by taking 15 to 30 drops of Extract of Roots, sold as Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, and your kidney disorder will promptly disappear. Get the genuine.

## Doctors Recommend Bon-Opto for the Eyes

Physicians and eye specialists prescribe Bon-Opto as a safe home remedy in the treatment of eye troubles and to strengthen eyesight. Sold under money refund guaranty by all druggists.

## CUTICURA HEALS ITCHY PIMPLES

On Face. Badly Disfigured. Used 2 Boxes Ointment and 3 Cakes Soap.

"I had a bad itchy lot of pimples on my face which made it badly disfigured. They were inflamed and came to a head, and I could tear my skin as soon as a little heat came near them. I could hardly sleep.

"When I saw Cuticura Soap and Ointment advertised I sent for a free sample which did so much good that I bought more, and I used two boxes of Cuticura Ointment and three cakes of Cuticura Soap when I was healed." (Signed) Miss Bertha Nilsson, Stockholm, Sask.

If you have a good complexion keep it so by using Cuticura Soap daily and Cuticura Ointment occasionally. For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.

## A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Miss Kelly Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Newark, N. J.—"For about three years I suffered from nervous breakdown and got so weak I could hardly stand, and had headaches every day. I tried everything I could think of and was under a physician's care for two years. A girl friend had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and she told me about it. From the first day I took it I began to feel better and now I am well and able to do most any kind of work. I have been recommending the Compound ever since and give you my permission to publish this letter."—Miss FLO KELLY, 476 So. 14th St., Newark, N. J.

The reason this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, was so successful in Miss Kelly's case was because it went to the root of her trouble, restored her to a normal healthy condition and as a result her nervousness disappeared.



## THE EQUITY.

SHAWVILLE, MAR. 14, 1918.

The Liberals of the British Columbia Legislature have chosen the Hon. John Oliver as premier of the province in succession to the late Hon. C. H. Brewster.

The former Allan liner Calgarian, a large vessel in the service of the British Government as a merchant cruiser, was torpedoed off the Irish coast last Wednesday. She was struck by four torpedoes at intervals, the first hitting her some little time before the others were launched on their destructive errand. The submarines which made the attack were evidently not detected. The report says there were 610 men on board the vessel; of this number about 500 were rescued, of the remainder many are believed to have been killed by the explosions. As a good many sinkings have occurred in this locality it is evident the region is infested by enemy under-water craft, which leads to the suspicion that the Huns have a base somewhere convenient from which these operations are conducted.

The Dominion Parliament has been summoned for the despatch of business on Monday next—18th. The event will be unique in the history of the Dominion, in that it will mark a commingling of political elements which, doubtless, could never have been brought together by any other agency or influence than the great world-war. To effectually deal with our part in this stupendous conflict, Canadian statesmen and politicians have come to realize that all other matters not directly connected with the country's war-aims, must for the time being, necessarily sink into obscurity. Hence the Union Government thus resulting will face Parliament next week with a war-time program which is likely to include some far-reaching and even drastic measures. How the Opposition, led by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Government's bill of fare will be interesting to note.

### John Redmond, the Noted Irish Statesman, Dead.

Mr. John E. Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, died at London on Wednesday last, following an operation for intestinal obstruction. The operation relieved the patient, but heart failure intervening, the noted statesman passed away.

For more than 25 years John E. Redmond fought for Home Rule in Ireland and for a majority of that time he was the recognized leader of that movement.

As chairman of the Irish Parliamentary party—the Nationalists—he exerted a powerful influence in bringing about the creation of the Irish Convention of July last, to devise a system of government for the island.

When Mr. Lloyd George last year offered two methods of settling the vexed Irish question, it was Mr. Redmond who, as spokesman for the Nationalists, rejected the proposition for a partition of Ireland, and instead accepted Mr. Lloyd George's alternative plan for the convocation of the Irish Convention, in which Irishmen of all parties and creeds might meet in the effort to compose their difficulties and draft a constitution that would afford justice to all.

The late Mr. Redmond was born in 1851, the son of Mr. W. A. Redmond, deceased, a member of the British Parliament from Wexford. He had sat continuously in the British House of Commons since 1881. There his parliamentary fights for Home Rule earned for him the sobriquet of the "stormy petrel of the House."

### New Dominion Compulsory Registration will Affect all Classes

Ottawa, March 6.—The proposed new compulsory registration of the man and woman power of Canada will not likely be consummated for two or three months.

In the first place, the full details of the registration, the particulars required of individuals, the question of classification, the penalties to be imposed for failure to register, etc., have yet to be worked out by the new board under Senator Robertson. Moreover, the machinery of the registration has yet to be prepared.

It has practically been decided that the new registration will take the form of a general election—that is, that the polling sub-divisions used at the last federal contest will be employed and that the entire registration will occupy but one day. A very considerable army of registrars, etc., will be necessary, and the expense also will not be inconsiderable.

Thereafter the classification and tabulation of the information secured will require a further considerable army of clerks and stenographers, and clerks and stenographers are hard to get these days.

The penalties for failing to register

will be indirect in character. Everyone who registers will be accorded a certificate which he will be required to retain on his person.

It is suggested that those who have no certificates may be deprived of certain of the usual rights of the citizen. For instance it may be provided that no employer shall employ a man or woman who has not a certificate. It may also be provided that transportation companies shall not carry men or women who fail to show certificates of registration.

### Shawville Council

Regular meeting of the Municipal Council of Shawville, held Monday, March 4th, 1918.

Present: Mayor Howard, and Councillors Smith, Shore, M. Dale, G. W. Dale.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and adopted on motion of couns. Shore and Smith.

Motion—Smith—M. Dale—That the bill of George Dale—amount \$1.00—be paid.—Carried.

Motion—Shore—Smith—That G. W. Dale and W. A. Hodgins be granted permission to obtain license to run billiard and pool tables.—Carried.

Motion—Shore—G. W. Dale—That coun. J. A. Cowan be appointed promotor in the absence of Mayor Howard.—Carried.

Motion—M. Dale—Smith—That this Council do now adjourn.—Carried.

S. E. HODGINS, Sec. Treas.

### Bristol Council Minutes.

Bristol, March 4, 1918.

Bristol Municipal Council met on the above date. Present: Mayor Campbell, and Councillors Killoran, Henderson, Campbell and Horner.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved on motion of couns. Campbell and Horner.

Coun. McLellan now took his seat at the board.

T. Orr appeared and asked the Council to assist in laying Leache's sand hill, range seven.—Question left over for consideration.

John Roy appeared in opposition to the closing of the old Ross Point road.

Motion—Horner—Campbell—That this question be left over until June, when the ground can be gone over and a special meeting called to settle the matter.

Motion—Killoran—Henderson—That the following bills be paid: S. Smith, Building and Jury Fund, \$12.00; J. D. Russell, supplies for T. Black, \$14.83.

Motion—McLellan—Killoran—That coun. Henderson try to secure a quantity of squared cedars from J. Phillips; also that coun. Horner try to secure some cedars for his district.

Harry Roy appeared asking that his labor be taken from Div. No. 28 and added to Div. No. 18.

Motion—Campbell—Killoran—That Mr. Roy's labor be left as it is, and that John McNeill, pathmaster in Div. No. 18, be notified to have the sidewalk between lots 13 and 14, range 3, put in proper shape for traffic as soon as weather conditions will permit.

J. C. Glenn asked the Council for material to build a bridge opposite lot 3, range 2; also that the labor of T. Mousseau be taken from Div. 1 and added to Div. No. 11.

Motion—Killoran—Horner—That the Secretary order a steel culvert, 30 inches in diameter for Div. No. 11; also that Mr. Glenn's request re T. Mousseau's labor be granted.

Motion—Killoran—Henderson—That the whole of M. Russell's labor be spent in Div. No. 13, and that the eastern boundary of this division be changed to the dividing line between Mrs. McKee's property and M. Russell's, on the south side of the main road.

A complaint was received from the P. O. Department re. condition of the road in Div. No. 52.

Motion—Campbell—McLellan—That the pathmaster in Div. No. 52 be notified to plough the road in his division and make it fit for traffic.

Motion—Campbell—Killoran—That Mayor Campbell be appointed as Bristol representative to meet with the delegates from the different municipalities to discuss the above-mentioned scheme.

Motion—Killoran—Horner—That the following new officers be appointed for the present year:

**PATHMASTERS.**  
Div. No. 1—Dalton Russell,  
" 6—Win Kehoe,  
" 10—Archie Sly,  
" 16—Jas. Ballantyne,  
" 24—Archie Moore,  
" 44—Wm. Doherty,  
" 49—Wesley Young,  
" 52—Fred Cooney,  
" 56—Pat Murdoch,  
" 57—Thomas Orr,  
" 59—Patrick Salmon.

Motion—Henderson—McLellan—That this Council do now adjourn.

G. T. DRUMMOND, Sec. Treas.

### FRUIT TREES and PLANTS FOR SPRING PLANTING.

We need no further introduction than the fact that we have been in the Nursery business SIXTY ONE YEARS, and are now prepared to meet existing conditions by offering our high grade trees and plants direct to customers at Rock Bottom Prices.

Send for our illustrated circulars of hardy varieties which you can order direct and save the agent's commission, of which you get the benefit. Our prices will be sure to interest you and all stock is absolutely first-class and true to name.

**THE CHASE BROTHERS CO.**  
of Ontario, Ltd., Nurserymen.  
Established 1857.  
Colborne, Ontario.

### JAZZ MUSIC FOE OF BLUES

Does Not Conserve, as is Generally Believed, of Lot of Noise Without Rhyme or Reason.

Various descriptions of jazz music have from time to time appeared, but none seem to hit the mark exactly, says a connoisseur of this art. The common impression is that it consists of a lot of peculiar and noisy sounds without rhyme or reason. This is not the case, however. It consists chiefly of syncopation, peculiarly accented variations by some of the instruments; improvisations by others, mingled with odd sound effects. Through all this the melody of the selections rendered must be distinguishable at all times—in can noises, beating the life out of the drums, blasting by the brass instruments is entirely unnecessary. Contrasts between pianissimo and fortissimo passages should be shown just as much in jazz music as in the classics.

Another wrong impression is that jazz orchestras must consist of a certain instrumentation. This also is not the case. The violin, 'cello, cornet, piano, or in fact, any legitimate instrument, can be used. As jazz music is originally Ethiopian, the banjo and saxophone are used merely to lend negro character to it.

The number of musicians that can jazz properly is said to be small, because it really requires good musicians, who must also be endowed with the swing or knock of performing it. Although many of the cafe and theater orchestras are composed of good musicians, those who can jazz are scarce. On the other hand, many of the self-styled jazz orchestras are misrepresentations, and cannot play the semiclassics or classics adequately. Some cannot perform it properly, and to offset this, resort to noise and discord in imitation thereof. The percentage of musicians who can do justice to the classics and also play jazz is consequently even smaller. This kind of orchestra is exceedingly scarce.

Jazz music is rhythmic and inspiring. It is declared the best antidote for the blues.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

### GREAT PROFIT ON STEAMERS

One Vessel Sold for \$2,000,000 More Than It Cost After Being in Service for Five Months.

Some idea of the tremendous advance in the price of vessel property and the fabulous prices now being paid for vessels that can be bought is shown in the sale of the Boston steamer Tidewater, which has changed ownership after running in the coal-carrying trade to this port for less than five months, says the Boston Globe. The big collier cost to build about \$570,000, and was sold for more than \$2,000,000, a profit of more than \$2,000,000.

The Tidewater was built at the New York Shipbuilding company's yard, Camden, N. J., and was completed early the present year. The vessel is constructed of steel, is 368.6 feet long, 52 feet beam and 30.5 feet depth of hold. Her net tonnage is 3,354 and gross tonnage 5,266. She was owned by Castner, Curran & Bullitt, and was sold to the American Italian Steamship company of New York.

### Kicked Himself to Freedom.

Prisoners of war have had many thrilling adventures in their attempts to escape across the German frontier, but it would be hard to find a more remarkable story than the following, told in a Dutch paper: Four British escaped prisoners of war, one Frenchman and seven Russians arrived at Oldenzaal, besides two German deserters. An amusing incident took place in the case of one of the Russians. He was seized by the German sentry when in the act of crossing the frontier, and in the course of the ensuing struggle threw himself on the ground. He fell half way on Dutch and half way on German territory. The Dutch sentry came to his rescue and tried to pull him across by the shoulders. The German pulled at the other end. When the Russian found that the Dutchman was helping him he started kicking with all his might, with the happy result that he was safely pulled onto Dutch territory.

### Sausage Makers' Repartee.

An old story which is being revived nowadays concerns two rival sausage makers. They lived on opposite sides of a certain street in London, and one day one of them placed over his shop the legend, "We sell sausages to the gentry and nobility of the country." The next day, over the way, appeared the sign, "We sell sausages to the gentry and nobility of the whole country." Not to be outdone, the rival put up what he evidently regarded as a final statement, namely: "We sell sausages to the king." Next day there appeared over the door of the first sausage maker the simple expression of loyalty, "God save the king."

### Hailstorm Insurance in Germany.

Hailstorm insurance is more extensively carried on in Germany than in any other country. During the last 45 years the German hail insurance companies have collected the enormous sum of 1,144,700,000 marks (mark—23.3 cents), in premiums, and have paid out 902,420,000 marks in indemnities. During the year 1915 the companies realized a profit of 7,900,975 marks, which was much in excess of their average earnings, and the business of the year showed an increase in insured values of 404,000,000 marks.

## CITY OF MONTREAL

6% FIVE YEAR BONDS

due 1st December, 1922

We are authorized to receive, and respectfully solicit the subscription of our clients to the above loan

PRICE: PAR (100) FLAT

(With benefit of four months interest)

**RENE-T. LECLERC**

INVESTMENT BANKER

160 James Street, Montreal

Telephone: Main 1260 and 1261.

### Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 12th April, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, on the Rural Mail Route

### MARYLAND No. 1

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Maryland, McKee and Bristol, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

P. T. COOLICAN,  
Post Office Inspector,  
Post Office Inspector's Office,  
Ottawa, February 28th, 1918.

### Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 5th April, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times a week on the route

Calumet Island Rural Route No. 1 from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Calumet Island, Freshwater, Dunraven, Tancredia, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, Ottawa.

P. T. COOLICAN,  
Post Office Inspector,  
Post Office Inspector's Office,  
Ottawa, Feb. 22nd, 1918.

### Farms for Sale

No. 1.—East half of Lot No. 26, 3rd range Clarendon, containing about 100 acres, of which 50 acres are under cultivation, at present in hay and pasture. Erected thereon are a good comfortable dwelling house; machine shop and granary; good barn 30x40; two good cattle sheds and horse stable. Fifty acres of bush land timbered with spruce and cedar.

No. 2.—North Half of Lot No. 26, 3rd range Clarendon, containing 100 acres, cultivated; has been in hay and pasture during the past year. Good house, good barn and good stables. Fenced around end and side with wire.

These two Farms are one mile from Portage du Fort railway station; 2½ miles from saw mill, two churches, cheese factory and school. The soil is rich loam.

Further particulars and terms may be had on application to  
JAMES HART,  
Portage du Fort.

### Farms for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale the following farm property, situated in the Township of Clarendon:—

No. 1.—All of Lot No. 1, in the 9th range, containing about 254 acres, of which about 150 are cleared and have been in pasture for three years. On the premises are erected a good, comfortable log house, barn, two cow stables, one horse stable and one milk house. The buildings are protected by a nice grove, and the property is well watered and fenced around with wire. Bristol Ridge Post Office and store are only four acres from house, which is connected with the Rural Telephone system.

No. 2.—Being W. Half of 3 and E. Half of Lots No. 4 in the 13th range, containing 200 acres of good pasture land and a portion of bush consisting of a quantity of pulpwood and other timber, the whole fenced around with barbed wire.

On this property are erected: Good comfortable log house; 3-span cedar log stable; cedar log barn 30x40; good cow stable and machinery shed.

As my business interests are situated entirely in New Ontario, I am anxious to dispose of the above, having no time to give proper attention to them. Reasonable terms will be given, which will be made known on application to

GEO. L. COREIGAN,  
Connaught P. O., N. Ont.,  
or Bristol Ridge P. O., Que.

### TENDERS WANTED

Sealed Tenders for the office of Secretary-Treasurer of the County of Pontiac Agricultural Society No. 1, will be received by the undersigned up to 10 a.m., of Friday, March 22nd, inst.

The maximum salary allowed by the Act is 7 per cent. of certain amounts, but not of all the expenditure of the Society annually.

WM. HODGINS, M.L.A., Pres., Shawville, Que.

## NOTICE OF MEETINGS

ORANGE HALL, SHAWVILLE:

O. Y. B. LODGE, No. 304, meets 2nd Wednesday of each month at 8 p. m.  
E. S. H. WORKMAN, W. E. N. HODGINS, Rec.-Secy.

L. O. L. No. 27, meets 1st Tuesday of each month.  
HERR HODGINS, REG. HODGINS, Secy.

ROYAL SCARLETT CHAPTER meets on the 14th of each month.  
H. N. HODGINS, REG. HODGINS, Com. Scribe.

## HOMEMAKERS' CLUBS.

TIME OF MEETING:

Austin - First Tuesday,  
Elmside - Second Wednesday,  
Clarendon - Last Wednesday,  
Murrells - Third Wednesday,  
Bristol - First Thursday,  
Starks Corners, Second Thurs.  
Wyman - First Friday,  
Shawville - First Saturday,  
of each month.

## LOCAL AGENT WANTED

FOR—

Shawville and District

TO SELL FOR

The Old Reliable Forthill Nurseries.

—O—O—O—

Splendid list of stock for Fall Planting, 1917, and Spring Planting, 1918, including many new varieties which we alone control.

—O—O—O—

Send for new illustrated catalogue; also agent's proposition. Handsome free outfit. Exclusive territory. Liberal commissions.

STONE AND WELLINGTON

(Established 1837)

TORONTO ONTARIO.

—O—O—O—

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH

WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war, and has since continued to be, a British subject or a subject of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for District. Entry by proxy must be made on certain conditions. Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years.

In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter section as pre-emption. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Reside six months in each of three years after earning homestead patent and cultivate 50 acres extra. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions. A settler after obtaining homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

Holders of entries must count time of employment as farm labourers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions.

When Dominion Lands are advertised or posted for entry, returned soldiers who have served overseas and have been honorably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agent's office (but not Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

—O—O—O—

THE MARKETS.

SHAWVILLE

Flour per barrel \$11.50  
Wheat, per bushel, \$2.10 to 2.15  
Oats, per bushel, 1.00.  
Beans per bushel, \$6.00.  
Butter tubs prints and rolls 25c  
Potatoes per bag, 1.50  
Eggs per dozen 35c  
Poultry, 12 to 18c per lb.  
Geese, 13c. per lb.  
Hides per 100 lbs. 8.00  
Pelts 25c. to 1.05 each  
Horse Hides each 2.50  
Calfskins each 1.00 to 1.25  
Veal Skins each 50c

OTTAWA.

The following are last Saturdays quotations:

Butter, in prints 18c to 20c  
Butter in pails 40 to 48c  
Eggs, fresh, per dozen 70 to 75c  
Potatoes per bag, \$2.00  
Pork per 100 lbs \$22.00 to 27.00  
Beef, per 100 lbs, \$12.00 to \$14.00.  
Oats per bushel 95c  
Hay per ton 13.00 to 16.00

—O—O—O—

Equity Advs. Pay.



## THE EQUITY,

A Weekly Journal devoted to Local Interests.  
Published every Thursday  
At Shawville, County Pontiac, Que.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.  
All arrears must be paid up before  
any paper is discontinued.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

Legal advertising, 10 cents per line for  
1st insertion and 5 cents per line or each  
subsequent insertion.

Business cards not exceeding one inch  
inserted at \$5.00 per year.

Local announcements inserted at the  
rate of 8 cents per line for first insertion  
and 5 cents for subsequent insertions.

Commercial advertising by the month  
for longer periods inserted at low rates  
which will be given on application.

Advertisements received without in-  
structions accompanying them will be in-  
serted until forbidden and charged for  
accordingly.

Birth, marriage and death notices pub-  
lished free of charge. Obituary poetry  
declined.

### JOB PRINTING.

All kinds of Job Printing neatly and  
cheaply executed. Orders by mail  
promptly attended to.

JOHN A. COWAN,  
Publisher

### Professional Cards.

#### DENTAL.

### DR. A. H. BEERS

SURGEON DENTIST  
CAMPBELLS BAY - QUE.  
Doctor of Medicine and Master of Surgery  
McGill University.  
Doctor of Dental Surgery, University of  
Pennsylvania.  
Licentiate of Dental Surgery, Quebec.

#### LEGAL.

### S. A. MACKAY

#### NOTARY PUBLIC

Shawville, --- Que.

### A. J. McDONALD B. C. L.

ADVOCATE, BARRISTER, &C.  
CAMPBELLS BAY, QUE.

Will be at Shawville Wednesday  
and Saturday of each week.

### GEO. C. WRIGHT, K. C.

ADVOCATE, BARRISTER, &C.  
196 Main St. - Hull.

#### PHONE BELL

### J. ERNEST GABOURY, LL. B.

ADVOCATE  
BARRISTER & SOLICITOR  
CAMPBELLS BAY, QUE.

Will be in Fort Coulonge every Wed-  
nesday and Shawville every Saturday.

### DEVLIN ST. MARIE & DUCLOS

ADVOCATES, SOLICITORS, &C.  
191 MAIN ST., HULL

Will attend Courts and Business in the  
District of Pontiac.

### GEORGE E. MORENCY

DOMINION & PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR  
ALL KINDS OF  
Surveying, Division and Subdivision of  
Lots, Drawing, Copying, and Reducing of  
Plans, Lines, Boundaries, &C.  
Executed carefully to the satisfac-  
tion of parties.

102 WELLINGTON ST. - HULL.  
Phone: Queen 5230.

### GEORGE HYNES

#### UNDERTAKER

Embalmer and Funeral Director  
Main Street, Shawville.

Personal attention. Open all hours.

### UNDERTAKING

#### and EMBALMING

W. J. HAYES

MAIN STREET - SHAWVILLE  
(opposite J. H. Shaw's)

All calls will receive prompt per-  
sonal attention

### J. L. HODGINS

#### AGENT FOR

Singer Sewing Machines  
and Repairs

SHAWVILLE - QUE.

### PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVEN-  
TOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.  
MARION & MARION.  
304 University St., Montreal.

## Ginghams and Chambrays

Extra special at 15 and 19 cents per yard. We are  
showing a big range of these goods; at a time  
when war economy is needed it is a pleasure to  
show you such serviceable fast colored fabrics, and  
at such a reasonable price. Checks, plads, stripes.

## New English Drill

30 cents per yard. Special range of English Drill in  
neat hair line stripes. Drill is worth 40 cents per  
yard today, but we are quoting you the old price.  
This is an ideal fabric for children's blouses, dress-  
es and rompers. Buy now at this old price and  
have them made before the season starts.

## New Season's Neckwear

Georgette Crepe Collars, with fine lace or hemstitched  
edge, priced at 50, 75c. and \$1.00.  
Muslin Collars with fine edging or lace edge, at 50,  
75c. and \$1.00.

## Look to your Rubbers.

We are going to have a wet, slushy spring. It is an  
extraordinary winter—such deep snow. We will  
soon be ankle deep in slush. We have just quality  
rubbers only.

Men's Rubbers	size 6 to 10	\$1.25
Women's "	2 1/2 7	90
Misses' "	11 2	75
Boys' "	1 5	95
Girls' "	6 10 1/2	65
Youths' "	11 13	85
Infants' "	4 6	55

## G. F. HODGINS CO. L'TD.

## BOYS' SUITS

Something New and Classy.

Very Exclusive Patterns.

No trouble to show them.

Call and see them.

Our Line of

Men's Suits and Furnishings

Is very complete.

Suit yourself at

**MURRAY BROS.,**

THE TAILORS

SHAWVILLE.

## SHAWVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORK

**T. SHORE - PROPRIETOR.**

### MONUMENTS

I have on hand the finest  
stock of Marble and Granite Monu-  
ments ever placed before the public  
of this district. Prices are such that it will be to intending  
purchasers' interest to consult me before placing their order  
elsewhere. Nothing too large—nothing too small.

### FENCING AND CEMETERY WORK A SPECIALITY

All Work Guaranteed Satisfactory.

## SHAWVILLE ELEVATOR

Is open for business every day (Sunday excepted)  
**Highest Market Prices Paid.**

I have installed a CLIPPER CLEANER, specially  
for the cleaning of Seed Grain, which is cleaned  
while you wait, at 10c. per cwt. for coarse grains

Never in the history of our country was it more neces-  
sary to sow good seed and to sow only that which will grow

Get your seed ready before the rush. You  
will need every hour in seed time.

**WM. HODGINS.**

## SOME FAMOUS BATTLE CRIES

"Marmalade Forever," Peculiar Slogan  
Which Scotch Regiment Orig-  
inated During Charge.

"Marmalade forever!" This quaint  
battle cry originated from a certain  
Scotch regiment during a charge in  
the present war, says London An-  
swers. "Stand, the Camerons!" is the  
roar of another regiment of the "kilt-  
ies," and serves to corroborate the  
fact that as official reports have it,  
"the spirit of our troops is excel-  
lent."

Among others there is the gallant  
cry of "Stick it, Welsh!" uttered by  
the late Captain Haggard, which has  
been an inspiration to many Welsh  
bards. It is sad to recall that Capt. E.  
Langdale, whilst encouraging his  
men with the gallant cry of "Come on,  
the Leicestershires!" fell on the field.  
But the Leicestershires did "come on,"  
with disastrous results to the Huns.

We must not forget, however, that  
famous cry of "Kamerad!" uttered by  
whole German regiments, which has  
perhaps, encouraged our men more  
than any other. There is an amusing  
tale told of one of our Tommies who,  
during a charge, was about to give  
a certain Hun a glimpse of the  
"great beyond," when up went Fritz's  
hands.

"Kamerad!" he yelled.  
Tommy lowered his bayonet.  
"Hang it!" he muttered. "That's  
the blooming word I was trying to  
think of when arguing with Nobby  
Smith!"

## RATS MARCH LIKE SOLDIERS

Rodents Have Little Difficulty in Find-  
ing Supply of Food, and Adapt  
Themselves to Conditions.

The ready adaptability of rats to  
their surroundings is one of the qual-  
ities which has enabled them to con-  
quer the world. E. W. Nelson writes  
in the National Geographic Magazine.  
On the approach of warm weather  
in summer large numbers of them  
leave buildings and resort to fields on  
farms or to the outskirts of the towns,  
where the growing vegetation, particu-  
larly cultivated plants, affords them  
an abundant supply until the approach  
of winter. At the beginning of cold  
weather they return again to the shel-  
ter of buildings, where they find the  
harvested crops ready for their con-  
sumption.

When the food supply suddenly de-  
creases, following a period of plenty  
during which the rats have greatly  
increased in numbers, a migratory im-  
pulse appears to affect the entire rat  
population over large areas and a  
general migration takes place. At  
such times the rats are extraordinarily  
bold, swimming rivers without hesita-  
tion, and surmounting all other natu-  
ral obstacles. The first invasion of Eu-  
rope, when rats swam the Volga, was  
an instance of this kind. Experi-  
ments by the United States public  
health service have shown that when  
released in the water of a harbor rats  
may swim ashore for a distance of  
1,500 yards.

### One Family "Does Its Bit."

It is not very often that these mem-  
bers of one family take the town by  
storm simultaneously, but this, says  
the Christian Science Monitor, is the  
record of the Geddeses—push-and-go  
Geddeses, they have been termed. Sir  
Eric Geddes has not long become first  
lord of the British admiralty; he has  
done a great many things and aston-  
ished a vast number of people since  
the war began; his brother, Dr. Camp-  
bell Geddes, is now the head of na-  
tional recruiting on a civilian basis—  
to be intrusted with the writing of a  
fresh chapter in the history of recruit-  
ing at this stage of the proceedings  
is in itself the highest testimony to  
high qualities. The third Geddes to  
win prominence is the sister of these  
two brothers, Mrs. Chalmers Watson,  
who, after performing valuable ser-  
vices in France, has now become com-  
mander in chief of the new Women's  
Auxiliary Army corps, whose numbers  
will probably quite shortly run into  
six figures.

## THIRTY YEARS' WAR PLAGUES

Sweeping Away of Lives Was Fright-  
ful, Combatants Themselves  
Being Mown Down.

In the famous Thirty Years' war, it  
is estimated, the population of central  
and western Europe was reduced from  
thirty millions to less than fifteen mil-  
lions, and yet during the whole of that  
time there were only forty important  
battles fought, and their total death  
casualties did not reach half a million.  
All the rest of the frightful sweep-  
ing away of life was from plague and  
famine, which not only followed in the  
wake of the armies, but mowed down  
the combatants themselves.

Nor was the deadly work of these  
fierce partners of war—the terrible  
triple alliance of the prayer book,  
plague, pestilence and famine—con-  
fined to the civil populations. They  
played equal havoc in the ranks of the  
armies themselves.

Even as recently as the days of Gus-  
tavius Adolphus that great captain is  
said to have broken up his winter quar-  
ters and begun his summer campaign  
nearly two months earlier than he had  
intended, because at the rate at  
which his soldiers were dying from dis-  
ease in their huts and barracks he  
would soon have had no army left to  
campaign with.

1,500,000

## City of Outremount

6% 5 YEAR BONDS

Denominations: \$100. \$500. \$1000.

AT PAR

Outremount is the best residential Municipality  
of Greater Montreal.

It has a population of 12,300

An assessed valuation of \$23,016,905

A total net debt of \$808,598

A tax rate of 70 cents per 100 dollars.

The above facts make these bonds a particularly  
attractive investment.

Complete details furnished upon request.

Wire or phone your orders at our expense.

## Versailles, Vidricaire & Boulais LIMITED

VERSAILLES BUILDING,

90 St. James Street - - - Montreal.

PHONES: MAIN 8745-8746

This is the store that can supply you with your requirements in

Stoves and Pipes, Tinware, Enamelware, Ironware

All kinds of Eavetroughing and Pipe Fitting

Satisfactorily done. Give us a call.

Order you Sap Buckets now.

Hides and Pelts bought at highest prices.

**G. W. DALE** PRACTICAL TINSMITH  
Shawville Que.

## SHAWVILLE SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

## R. G. HODGINS, Prop.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

**Doors, Sash, Dressed  
Lumber, etc.**

## Custom Sawing.

## Canadian Pacific Railway.

### Time Table.

OTTAWA—MONTREAL via Short Line:

Lv (B) Ottawa Central 9.15, a. m.

Lv (B) " " 3.30, p. m.

OTTAWA—MANIWAKI:

Lv (B) Ottawa Central 4.40, p. m.

Lv Ottawa Broad St. 8.25, a. m. on Tuesday, Thursday,

and Saturday only.

SHAWVILLE—OTTAWA:

Lv (B) Shawville 7.28, a. m.

OTTAWA—TORONTO:

Lv (B) Ottawa Broad St. 8.55, a. m.

Lv (A) Ottawa Central 10.50, p. m.

OTTAWA—WINNIPEG—VANCOUVER:

Lv (C) Ottawa Broad St. 205, a. m.

OTTAWA—PEMBROKE:

Lv (B) Ottawa Broad St. 4.45, p. m.

Lv. Ottawa Broad St. 8.00, a. m. on Monday, Wednesday

and Saturday only.

NOTE: (A) Daily. (B) Daily except Sunday. (C) Daily except Monday

For further particulars apply to

C. A. L. TUCKER, Agent, Shawville.

## For Sale

400 lbs. Early and Red Clover Seed.

20 to 25 tons Clover Mixed Hay, saved early in season before  
ripening.

20 loads Threshed Clover Straw.

1 Empire Cream Separator, never used; cap. about 450 lbs.

1 Steam Boiler and 1 Steam Engine, suitable for cheese factory

or creamery; also steam piping, valves and other connections

Milk Vat, Weigh Can and Conductor, Curd Mill, Cheese Hoops

and Press, Double Beam Scales, Milk Testers, including

glassware: Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Churn, Butter

Worker, and numerous small articles together with some

factory supplies.

Some of the above will not be sold separately unless a collect-  
ive sale fails.

2 Tables with drawers (used in Commercial School).

2 Village Lots, opposite Shawville Methodist Church.

Failing sale of Lots, my Farm north of Shawville Cemetery

will be offered.

**R. W. HODGINS,**

Box 173 Shawville, Que.



# KITCHENER'S MOB

By Jas. NORMAN HALL.

CHAPTER VIII.—(Cont'd.)

It was surprising how quickly the men became accustomed to the nerve-racking duties in the firing-line. Fortunately for Tommy, the longer he is in the army, the greater becomes his indifference to danger. His philosophy is fatalistic. "What is to be will be" is his only comment when one of his comrades is killed. A bullet or a shell works with such lightning speed that danger is passed before one realizes that it is at hand. Therefore, men work doggedly, carelessly, and in the background of consciousness there is always that comforting belief, common to all soldiers, that "others may be killed, but somehow, I shall escape."

The most important in-trench duty, as well as the most wearisome one for the men, is their period on "sentry-go." Eight hours in twenty-four—four two-hour shifts—each man stands at his post on the firing-bench, rifle in hand, keeping a sharp lookout over the "front yard." At night he observes as well as he can over the top of the parapet; in the daytime by means of his periscope. Most of our large periscopes were shattered by keen-sighted German snipers. One used a very good substitute, one of the simplest kind, a piece of broken pocket mirror placed on the end of a split stick, and set at an angle on top of the parapet. During the two hours of sentry duty we had nothing to do other than to keep watch and keep awake. The latter was by far the more difficult business at night.

"Ere, sergeant!" Tommy would say, as the platoon sergeant felt his way along the trench in the darkness. "Wen is the next relief comin' on? Yer watch needs a good blacksmith. I been on sentry three hours if I been a minute!"

"Never you mind about my watch, son! You got another forty-five minutes to do."

"Will you listen to that, you blokes! Sy! I could myke a better timepiece out of an old bully tin! I'm tellin' you straight, I'll be asleep wen you come 'round again!"

But he isn't. Although the temptation may be great, Tommy isn't longing for a court-martial. When the platoon officer or the company commander makes his hourly rounds, flashing his electric pocket lamp before him, he is ready with a cheery "Post all correct, sir!" He whistles or sings to himself until, at last, he hears the platoon sergeant waking the next relief by whacking the soles of their boots with his rifle butt.

"Wake up 'ere! Come along, my lads! Your sentry-go!"

CHAPTER IX.

Billets

Cave life had its alleviations, and chief among these was the pleasure of anticipating our week in reserve. We could look forward to this with certainty. During the long stalemate on the western front, British military organization has been perfected until, in times of quiet, it works with the monotonous smoothness of a machine. (Even during periods of prolonged and heavy fighting there is but little confusion. Only twice, during six months of campaigning, did we fail to receive our daily post of letters and parcels from England, and then, we were told, the delay was due to mine-sweeping in the Channel.) With every detail of military routine carefully thought out and every possible emergency provided for in advance, we lived as methodically in the firing-line as we had during our months of training in England.

The movements of troops in and out of the trenches were excellently arranged and timed. The outgoing battalion was prepared to move back as soon as the "relief" had taken place. The trench water-cans had been filled, an act of courtesy between battalions—the dugouts thoroughly cleaned, and the refuse buried. The process of "taking over" was a very brief one. The sentries of the incoming battalion were posted and listening patrols sent out to relieve those of the outgoing battalion, which then moved down the communication trenches, the men happy in the prospect of a night of undisturbed sleep.

Second only to sleep in importance was the fortnightly bath. Sometimes we cleansed ourselves, as best we could, in muddy little duck ponds, populous with frogs and green with

scum; but oh, the joy when our march ended at a military bathhouse! The Government had provided these whenever possible, and for several weeks we were within marching distance of one. There we received a fresh change of underclothing, and our uniforms were fumigated while we splashed and scrubbed in great vats of clean warm water. The order, "Everybody out!" was obeyed with great reluctance, and usually not until the bath attendants of the Army Service Corps enforced it with the coldwater hose. Tommy, who has a song for every important ceremonial, never sang, "Rule Britannia" with the enthusiasm which marked his rendition of the following chorus:—

"Whi—ter than the whitewash on the wall!

Whi—ter than the whitewash on the wall!

If yer leadin' us to slaughter  
Let us 'ave our soap an' water—first!  
Then we'll be whiter than the white-wash on the wall!"

When out of the firing-line we washed and mended our clothing and scraped a week's accumulation of mud from our uniforms. Before breakfast we were inflicted with the old punishment, Swedish drill. "Gott strafe Sweden!" Tommy would say as he puffed and perspired under a hot August sun, but he was really glad that he had no choice but to submit. In the trenches there was little opportunity for vigorous exercise, and our arms and legs became stiff with the long inactivity. Throughout the mornings we were busy with a multitude of duties. Arms and equipment were cleaned and inspected, machine guns thoroughly overhauled, gas helmets sprayed; and there was frequent instruction in bomb-throwing and bayonet fighting in preparation for the day to which every soldier looks forward with some misgiving, but with increasing confidence—the day when the enemy shall be driven out of France.

Classes in grenade-fighting were under the supervision of officers of the Royal Engineers. In the early days of the war there was but one grenade in use, and that a crude affair made by the soldiers themselves. An empty jam tin was filled with explosive and scrap iron, and tightly bound with wire. A fuse was attached and the bomb was ready for use. But England early anticipated the importance which grenade-fighting was to play in trench warfare. Her experts in explosives were set to work, and by the time we were ready for active service, ten or a dozen varieties of bombs were in use, all of them made in the munition factories in England. The "hairbrush," the "lemon bomb," the "cricket ball," and the "policeman's truncheon" were the most important of these, all of them so-called because of their resemblance to the articles for which they were named. The first three were exploded by a time-fuse set for from three to five seconds. The fourth was a percussion bomb, which had long cloth streamers fastened to the handle to insure greater accuracy in throwing. The men became remarkably accurate at a distance of thirty to forty yards.



WAR AND FOOD SERIES, No. 11.—RICE.

Although rice has been recognized as a good food on this continent since early Colonial times yet it has not been given as important a place as it deserves among our staple articles of diet. Especially now, when we are called upon to use substitutes for flour, should its uses be tested to the utmost.

In the Orient rice is chief among foods. Indeed, the Anglo-Indian seems to "live by rice alone." But he always sees to it that it is cooked par excellence. Indifferent cooking has done much to prejudice the people of this continent against the common everyday use of rice.

One of the chief virtues of rice is that it is a concentrated food. It is very nutritious and is easily digested. Analysis shows that it compares most favorably with potatoes. Its principal food constituent is starch. It also contains a small percentage of protein and a little fat.

In buying rice, care should be taken to get an uncoated or natural finish product. Coated rice is an inferior product that has been put through a special solution to whiten it. When crystal clear and without any grains in it, rice is pure.

As a staple article of diet rice may be boiled in salted water and used as a vegetable. Wholly or partially cooked rice can be used with cheese, minced meat, poultry, fish, beans, etc. It may also be used as the major or minor ingredient in stews and soups.

Instead of serving rice plain as a vegetable it may be stewed with tomatoes, cooked in a double boiler with tomato juice, soup stock or milk. It may be seasoned with curry powder or onions.

Again, as a cereal for breakfast, rice fills a useful place in the menu. Cold boiled rice, mixed with parake

## Gunns Shur-Gain Fertilizer

Old cricketers were especially good, for the bomb must be thrown overhead, with a full-arm movement.

Instruction in bayonet-fighting was made as realistic as possible. Upon a given signal, we rushed forward, jumping in and out of successive lines of trenches, where dummy figures—clad in the uniforms of German foot soldiers, to give zest to the game—took our blades both front and rear with conciliatory indifference.

In the afternoon Tommy's time was his own. He could sleep, or wander along the country roads,—within a prescribed area,—or, which was more often the case, indulge in those games of chance which were as the breath of life to him. Pay-day was the event of the week in billets because it gave him the wherewithal to satisfy the promptings of his sporting blood. Our fortnightly allowance of from five to ten francs was not a princely sum; but in pennies and halfpennies, it was quite enough to provide many hours of absorbing amusement. Tommy gambled because he could not help it. When he had no money he wagered his allowance of cigarettes or his share of the daily jam ration. I believe that the appeal which war made to him was largely one to his sporting instincts. Life and Death were playing stakes for his soul with the betting odds about even.

The most interesting feature of our life in billets was the contact which it gave us with the civilian population who remained in the war zone, either because they had no place else to go, or because of that indomitable, unconquerable spirit which is characteristic of the French. There are few British soldiers along the western front who do not have memories of the heroic mothers who clung to their ruined homes as long as there was a wall standing. It was one of these who summed up for me, in five words, all the heart-breaking tragedy of war.

She kept a little shop, in Armentieres, on one of the streets leading to the firing-line. We often stopped there, when going up to the trenches, to buy loaves of delicious French bread. She had candles for sale as well, and chocolate, and packets of stationery. Her stock was exhausted daily, and in some way replenished daily. I think she made long journeys to the other side of the town, bringing back fresh supplies in a pushcart which stood outside her door. Her cottage, which was less than a mile from our first-line trenches, was partly in ruins. I couldn't understand her being there in such danger. Evidently it was with the consent of the military authorities. There were other women living on the same street; but somehow, she was different from the others. There was a spiritual fineness about her which impressed me at once. Her eyes were dry as though the tears had been drained from them, to the last drop, long ago.

One day, calling for a packet of candles, I found her standing at the barricaded window which looks toward the trenches, and the desolate towns and villages back of the German lines. My curiosity got the better of my courtesy, and I asked her, in my poor French, why she was living there. She was silent for a moment, and then she pointed toward that part of France which was on the other side of the world to us. "Monsieur! Mes enfants! La-bas!" (To be continued.)

vices in the beds that could not be reached by powder or brush. I purchased from the druggist a small bellows and a spray. The spray was an ordinary throat spray. I first sprayed the entire bed with gasoline. After waiting a few minutes for the gasoline to dry, the powder was blown into the crevices by means of the hand bellows. To be sure that there would be no bugs left in the walls I fumigated the room, using a sulphur candle for this purpose. Closing all doors and windows tightly, I placed the candle in a pan, lighted it and left the room. —O.R.

Everyday Helps.

Helps Thread the Needle.—If you will lay a piece of white paper or cloth under the sewing-machine needle, you will be surprised to find how readily you can thread it.

To Crush Lumpy Sugar.—When confectioner's sugar gets lumpy, slip it into a clean envelope with a patent clasp, and roll with the rolling pin. Pour from the envelope as needed. This does away with the after-cleaning of rolling pin and board, and saves sugar.

Cleaning Inside Woodwork.—When inside woodwork is washed with soap and water it is usually streaked. Instead, try cleaning it with whiting and it will look shiny and clean. Make a paste of the whiting by adding a little water, and then apply to the woodwork with a dry cloth. When dry wipe off.

Smooth, Creamy Cereal.—When making cornmeal mush, put the desired amount of boiling water in the mush kettle, add the salt, and remove from fire while adding the cornmeal, but stir all the time. By experience I have found that lumps are less likely to form if done this way.

Banishing Mold.—When we first moved into the very old house we live in, I had great trouble keeping food from molding in my small cellar and rather damp pantry. Since I have arranged for better ventilation and learned to paint and disinfect both pantry and cellar frequently, I have had no trouble.

How to make ice at home: Have some pans made of galvanized sheet iron 14x20 inches and eight inches deep; a little larger at top than bottom. When filled with water in zero weather they will generally freeze in a day and a night. By turning them over and pouring a little hot water over the pans the cakes of ice will readily come out. By coating the pans with a film of tallow the cakes of ice may be removed without the use of hot water. The cakes may be packed in an ice-house as fast as made.

## Food Control Corner

As a result of representations made by the Canada Food Board, the British Ministry of Food has arranged for allocation of shipping for 5000 tons of salt from Spain, for use in the Atlantic fisheries of Canada. This supply will be delivered in March.

The British Ministry of Food is also endeavoring to arrange for supplies of salmon twine for the Canadian fisheries.

The organization of the "Soldiers of the Soil" movement, inaugurated by the Canada Food Board, is now practically complete and work will be commenced at an early date to enlist 25,000 boy volunteers to assist in food production on farms this year.

Actual enrollment will begin on March 17th, and the following week will be "Soldiers of the Soil Enrollment Week" throughout Canada. In towns of under 10,000 population, high school teachers and bank managers will act as enrollment officers, while in larger centres high school teachers, Y.M.C.A. secretaries, together with officers of the Boy Scouts and other boy organizations, will enroll the recruits.

Mr. Taylor Statten, a well-known leader in boys' work, has been appointed superintendent of the "Soldiers of the Soil". It is proposed to enlist only boys between the ages of 15 and 19 years.

Arrangements have been made by the Departments of Education in the several provinces, so that boys who enlist for this work will not lose their school standing. Every boy who gives three months of satisfactory service on the farm will be given a bronze National Honor Badge. In addition he will be paid regular wages, based upon the amount of work which he is capable of doing.

The Departments of Agriculture in the various provinces will provide machinery for placing the boys on the farms, so that farmers who can use

## Articles Wanted for Cash

Old Jewellery: Plates: Silver: Curious Miniatures: Pictures: Needlework: Lace: Old China: Cut Glass: Ornaments: Watches: Bibles: Table Ware. Write or send by Express to B. M. & T. JEWELLERS, Limited ANTIQUE GALLERIES 28 and 30 College Street, Toronto, Ont.

one or more boys should notify their Provincial Departments of their requirements at an early date. In Ontario, Dr. W. A. Riddell, 15 Queen's Park, Toronto, will receive farmers' applications and arrange for placing recruits.

An Easy Way to Raise Poultry.

"What," said the lady who does her own marketing, "is the price of these chickens?"

"A dollar and a quarter apiece, ma'am," replied the market woman. "Did you raise them yourself?"

"Oh, yes, ma'am. They were only a dollar ten last week," was the reply.

## Leave it to Parker

THE postman and expressman will bring Parker service right to your home. We pay carriage one way. Whatever you send—whether it be household draperies or the most delicate fabrics—will be speedily returned to their original freshness. When you think of cleaning or dyeing think of PARKER'S.

A most helpful booklet of suggestions will be mailed on request.

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THIS is the WAR FLOUR of the OGILVIE MILLS—a loyal product to conserve Canada's resources and, at the same time, give the public the best possible flour that can be milled according to the Government standard.

This War Flour is excellent in quality and flavor—but it is slightly darker in color than "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" to which you have been accustomed.

It is just as hard for us to give up milling "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" as it will be for you to forego your favorite brand; but our "STANDARD" Flour will nevertheless make delicious bread, rolls, biscuits, cake, pies and pastry. If you have any difficulty—just drop us a line; we have a staff of expert chemists and bakers, whose experience is at your service.

Just as soon as the Food Controller will allow us to mill "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" again, we will tell you of this happy fact.

In the meantime, the new regulations—being in the best interests of the British Empire—demand the whole-hearted support of the Millers and the Public.

Certain stores and dealers have stocks of "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" still on hand. In order to avoid any confusion or misunderstanding, all "STANDARD" FLOUR will be plainly branded as such.

When all your "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" is gone, make sure of getting the next best grade by ordering

## OGILVIE'S STANDARD

Grocers everywhere have it,—don't forget to stipulate "OGILVIE'S." It will be your surest guarantee of the highest grade obtainable.

The OGILVIE FLOUR MILLS Co., Limited Montreal — Fort William — Winnipeg — Medicine Hat.

Daily Capacity, 19,000 Barrels The Largest Millers in the British Empire

I wish there was a Walker House in every little town

I wish there was a WALKER HOUSE in every little town; Then I could travel merrily, And always sit me down At night in peace and comfort, Happier than king with crown, If there was just one Walker House in every little town.

I wish there was a WALKER HOUSE in each place where I go. The comforts of my dear old home While on the road I'd know. The meals—the Cheerful Service, too, Would leave no cause to frown, If there was just one Walker House in every little town.

The Walker House Toronto Geo. Wright E. M. Carroll



# Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

## Turnips, Cabbage and Onions.

The turnip is one of our best root-crops, and one which has become a standby in many families.

The garden turnips, the only kind to be considered here, are divided into the white and yellow-fleshed, or turnip and rutabaga, although properly speaking the latter name belongs alone to the Swedish division of the yellow ones. The yellow-fleshed turnips are grown principally for winter use, the white early ones being used for the all-season and early crops.

The turnip is a gross feeder and demands good soil or a poor crop will be the result. The soil should be well before the planting is done, and the soil in the drills, when they have been made, freed from small clods. For garden use make the drills a foot apart and an inch deep.

Sow the seed in the drills sparingly, dropping them about an inch apart, and cover with fine soil and gently press down over the top of the drills with the back of a hoe or a piece of board. Germination will be hastened if you keep the drills moist, but not soggy, until the young plants appear.

When the plants get to a height of an inch thinning should be done. This is important and depends as to spacing on the kinds planted. Most of the early, flat strap-leaved ones grow to a diameter of three inches under good cultivation, although most persons begin to pick them when they are half an inch smaller. For this reason they should be thinned out to four inches apart in the drills. If you are fond of turnip sauce and like the tops as greens used like spinach, pick the turnips when they are two inches in diameter and thin them out to three inches apart in the drills. This will enable you to grow more in the same space of ground and enjoy the turnips when they are the best. If successive planting is done, you will have early ones coming on until the first ones of the late crop are ready for use.

When sown in the garden in drills, the working of the soil should commence as soon as the thinning is done, as every effort should be made to keep down the weeds and keep the soil loose and the dust mulch on it all the time as the hot weather approaches. To check turnips during the hot, dry weather of midsummer means pithy or tough roots. When the soil is to be worked by the wheel hoe the drills must be made far enough apart to enable it to be used.

## Growing the Cabbage

For the early crop of cabbage the soil should be as rich and mellow as you can make it, and should be of the kind known as "warm," which means one which lies well up and drains quickly after rains and gets the full effect of the sun all day. We increase the warmth of the soil for early cabbage by ridging it—heaping up the soil into ridges a foot high and of the same breadth. It also should be light in texture or the plants will not mature quickly. Growing early cabbage is a "rushing" business.

For late cabbage the soil should be heavier and more retentive of moisture and not so rich as for the early, as the crop has longer to mature, and if rushed is likely to burst open, which spoils its keeping qualities. An ordinary good garden loam which was heavily manured last season, or for an early crop this season, should be good for late cabbage, as the tilth it will have received will improve its texture.

Where it is the intention to use commercial fertilizer to improve the soil for early cabbage, in case manure is not very plentiful, give a dressing along the ridges, to be raked in, of one which analyses 4-7-10; or, if manure was used which was too strawy to contain much ammonia, give a top dressing of nitrate of soda around the plants, when well established. Wood

ashes or muriate of potash is good when the manure is not rich in these ingredients. Apply it as a top dressing around the plants.

The early cabbage plants should be set twenty inches apart in the rows and the rows two feet apart, as the heads and root mass are not so large as are the late ones, which should be set two feet apart in the rows and the rows two feet apart if to be worked with the hoe; or, if to be worked with the wheel-cultivator, make the rows three feet apart.

When setting out the early cabbage have the ridges made at least the day before and properly leveled. Go over them with a trowel or pointed hoe and scoop out a hollow at the right distance apart to set the plants. This is better than making holes with the dibble for plants transplanted from boxes or flats and also provides for those which have been growing on in two-inch pots.

This method of planting will allow the roots to remain in the same relative position they had before being moved. This saves time in maturing. Plants pulled out of boxes and set in holes, straight up and down, and pressed tightly together, will require time to readjust themselves to an altered environment and a disturbed root-mass. There will be no trouble about continuous growth in the case of those young cabbage plants which have been growing on in small pots, as they will not realize they have been moved if the operation is skillfully done, so as not to disturb the mass of white fibrous roots around the ball of soil in the pots. Depot them by inverting the pot, when the plant will come out in the hand when struck against some solid substance.

## The Culture of Onions

A loose, sandy loam is best, well filled with humus and dressed with well-rotted manure, dug in the trench. For this purpose poultry droppings, wood ashes and stable manure can be used.

The manner of sowing will depend somewhat on how the garden is to be worked. If with a wheel hoe, the drills may be made a foot to fifteen inches apart. If worked entirely by hand, set the drills eight to ten inches apart.

Sow thinly in the drills, so as to run about half an inch apart, as it pays to sow plenty of seed to assure a good stand of bulbs.

When sowing be sure to cover the seeds with fine soil. This will require care, and is very important, as the young seedlings are very tender, and clods, even of small size, are an obstruction to their growth. A good plan is to fill a bucket with fine soil, and go along the drills covering the seeds with soil sifted through the fingers.

Covering of the seeds must be followed by pressing down the soil to insure a good contact with the soil. As soon as the young seedlings show above the ground cultivation should begin. Weeds are the bane of the onion crop. They must be kept out all the time the crop is in the ground, and especially while the onions are very small.

When hoeing by hand, work as closely to the row as you can without disturbing the young seedlings. When they are four to five inches high you should commence to thin them out—before they get crowded. This is important and should be properly done. The way professional onion growers do it is as good as any. They tie burlaps over their knees, straddle the rows and proceed on hands and knees as they thin out the plants.

Thinning of the plants must be done properly. Carelessness at this stage of the game will give poor results. A young onion is very tender, and if care be not had when you attempt to pull them out of the ground they will break off at the junction of the stem with the bulb. If the bulb be allowed to remain in the soil it will crowd the others and make a poor crop.

home and stock, knowing they will be well taken care of.

The pay is a matter to be settled by the individual, depending upon the work.

## Wouldn't Lend His Ladders.

Once a neighbor told me he would be willing to lend anything around his farm rather than his farm ladders. I wondered just what he meant, but now I know. The other day another neighbor fired up a new stove, in a chimney that had stood idle for some time, and in a few minutes chimney, roof and rafters were tumbling in a mass of seething flame, and not a ladder nearer than a half a mile that I knew of, and no way to get to the roof with a bucket of water quickly and safely. Had there been a good ladder or two stored nearby in the barn, we who rushed to the scene could have controlled the fire and saved \$3,000 loss (no insurance).

Next time among his prized possessions there will be an insurance policy and two good ladders.—G. W. B.

# RENNIE'S SEEDS For Better Gardens

"EVERY back yard should be used for the cultivation of fruits and vegetables"—says the Food Controller's Bulletin. Market Gardens must be worked to capacity. But all this effort is wasted unless the seeds sown are capable of producing sturdy, vigorous plants. Plant Rennie's War Garden Seeds and insure a full crop!

	pkt.	1/2 oz.	1/4 oz.	1/8 oz.	1/16 oz.
<b>Cabbage</b>					
Danish Summer Roundhead	10	1.00	1.85	3.50	10.00
<b>Caulliflower</b>					
Rennie's Danish Drouth-Resisting	15	1.25	2.00	3.75	10.00
<b>Celery</b>					
Paris Golden Yellow (Extra Select)	15	1.25	2.00	3.75	10.00
<b>Onion</b>					
Rennie's Extra Early Red	10	1.00	1.85	3.50	10.00
<b>Radish</b> —Cooper's Sparkler	10	1.00	1.85	3.50	10.00
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Rennie's Improved Beefsteak	10	1.00	1.85	3.50	10.00
<b>Pansy</b> —Rennie's XXX Exhibition Mixture	10	1.00	1.85	3.50	10.00
<b>Sweet Peas</b> —Rennie's XXX Spencer Mixture	10	1.00	1.85	3.50	10.00
<b>Nasturtium</b> —Rennie's XXX Chameleon Mixture	10	1.00	1.85	3.50	10.00
<b>Stocks</b> —Rennie's XXX Large Flowering Globe Mixture	10	1.00	1.85	3.50	10.00

**LOOK FOR THE STARS**  
Our 1918 Catalogue should be in your hand by now. It is your patriotic duty to consult it at every opportunity. Our Government insists we must produce more. Start right, then, and be sure and sow good seed—RENNIE'S SEEDS. Look for the special star border bargains in our Catalogue—it will pay you to do so.

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are perfectly formulated and mixed to insure a constant supply of plant food throughout the growing season. All good fertilizers must contain materials that will not only give the plant a quick start but must be compounded and formulated so as to keep it growing throughout the season.

We have the special grade or analysis for your special crop and soil. Let us send you free bulletin and prices.

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West Toronto Canada

## The Dairy

The starting of a pure-bred dairy herd is expensive because the demand for good cows seems greater than the supply. However, a farmer can start a pure-bred herd on a small scale by purchasing heifer calves and then breeding them to a pure-bred bull. It is surprising how soon three or four years pass by on a busy farm and how much can be accomplished in that time in the improvement of a dairy herd.

The dairy cow produced on the farm can be obtained for the least expense. The home-raised cow understands the owner and he knows her characteristics. Also, there is a lot of satisfaction in producing good cows, for then you are sure to have them and if you depend on buying the cows they may be hard to find and you may not have the money available for their purchase.

A farmer who owns a pure-bred bull and furnishes service to the neighbor's herds should receive the squarest kind of a deal from the neighbor. This means that fees should be paid promptly and not neglected, as has been the case in some communities. Some farmers never appreciate the

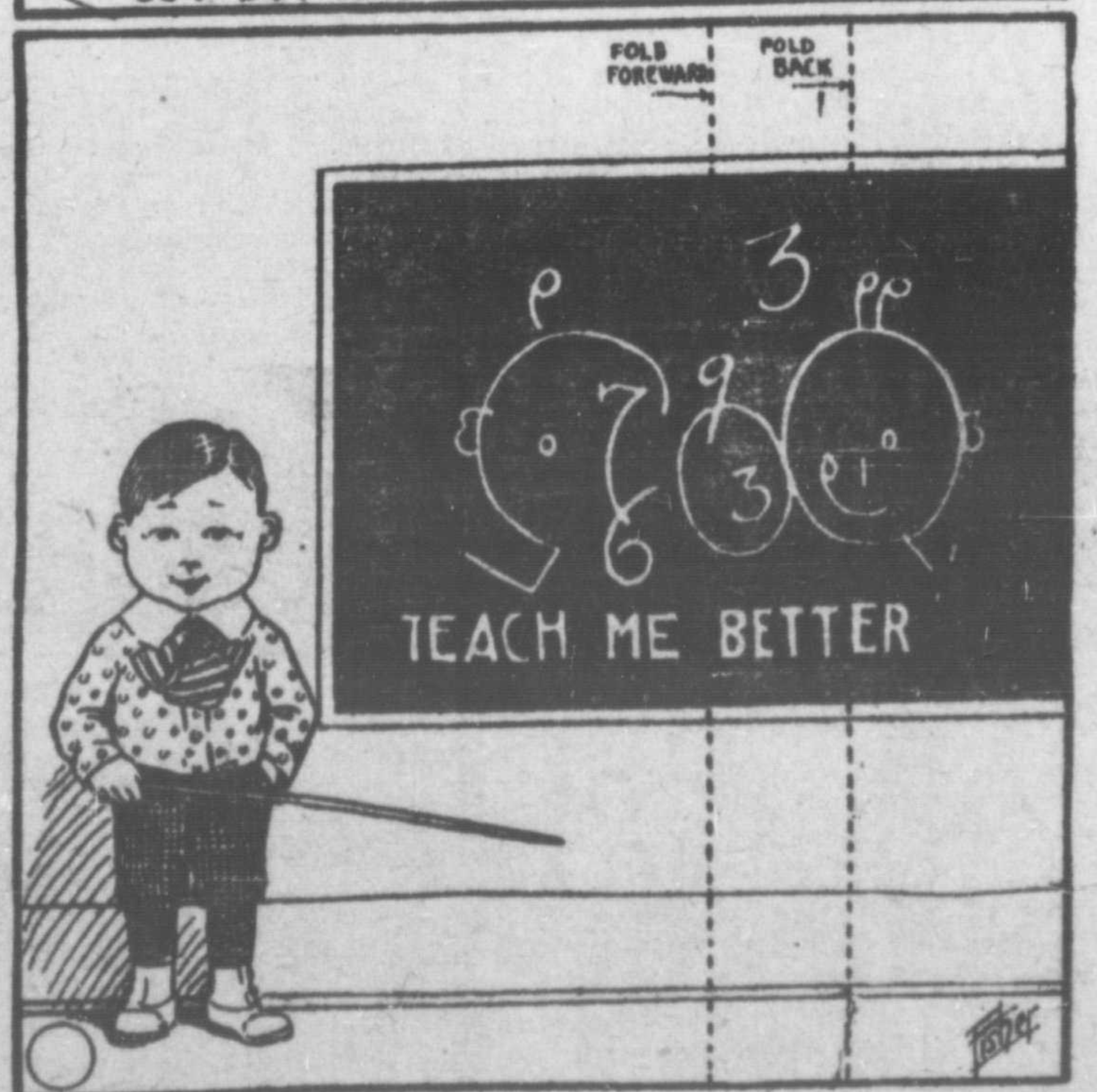
privilege of using a pure-bred bull on a neighboring farm until the owner discontinues the privilege. Then it often means a return to scrub breeding or a long trip up the road. A community-owned bull will be a fine investment in every farming section. The use of a tank heater in winter will make a saving in feed, as the cattle will not need so much to keep them in condition as is necessary when they have to heat ice water after drinking it. Cattle will drink more water if the chill is removed and this will cause an increase in the milk flow.

The lantern is one of the tools of the dairy business on farms without electric lights. A strong wire stretching through the stable, or plenty of substantial hooks will be needed to keep the lantern from being tipped over or kicked into the straw.

It will pay to attend some of the pure-bred stock auctions in your community even if you are not a prospective buyer. They furnish an opportunity to study good cows and compare them with the stock on the home farm. It makes an interesting day for a dairyman and it is a stimulation for the business.

Flour should be kept in a cool, dry place.

## FUNNY FOLD-UPS CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



From Willie's work you might suppose That he neglects his books. But wait a minute—Willie may Be wiser than he looks.

## GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M. D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pertaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not it will be answered personally, if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Currier will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnoses. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

### Acne.

This is a skin disease which is most common and mortifying to young people and it is so persistent that it often brings discouragement to both doctor and patient.

It is by no means limited to young people and when it occurs in the aged it sometimes ends in cancer.

The disease has a number of varieties: one with an oily condition of the scalp extending to the forehead and face; another in which there is dandruff and loss of hair and crusts and scales on the nose and cheeks; another with hard, horny masses on the face.

In children there are small lumps on the face, containing cheesy material which when removed leave no scar.

Wens on the face and scalp belong to this class of diseases. The common form in young people is that in which the nose, face and forehead are covered with black points or blackheads.

With them there may also be small tumors or pimples on the face and forehead and sometimes on the back, shoulders and chest.

These pimples may be painful and, after discharging their contents, often leave ugly scars.

It is not strange that so disfiguring and troublesome an affection of the skin should make young people very miserable and unhappy.

Sometimes this disease is caused by excessive secretion of the greasy material of the sebaceous glands.

Or there may be an obstruction in the outlet of the sebaceous glands which prevents the secretion from getting out, and so it accumulates and is retained until you squeeze the gland and force it out.

Inflammation may occur in glands that are thus obstructed in their function and you have the same trouble that you would with a boil or an abscess.

It is not easy to say what causes this disease. Doubtless it is some times due to germ influence, but I

do not believe this is the cause in all cases.

What is very noteworthy is that it is often associated with indigestion, with constipation, with the recurring monthly disturbance in women, and with improper habits of various kinds.

Those who have it should eat very simple food, avoid pastries and sweets, cheese, nuts, fried greasy food, hot and imperfectly baked bread, and alcohol in all forms.

Exercise is important and will equalize the distribution of the blood in the face.

Bathing is also important, and warm baths are preferable because they are more cleansing than cold.

Applications of very hot water to the face and scalp are often useful in acne.

The diet should consist mainly of milk, eggs, cereals, fresh vegetables and a minimum of meat and fish.

Avoid all food which you have found from experience to be constipating, and use a mild laxative, like castor oil or cascara, regularly and systematically if there is tendency to constipation.

The disease is not a dangerous one and is painful only in occasional instances, but when once acquired it is very apt to stay by one with great persistence.

### QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

A. D.—My husband was rejected last fall when he tried to enlist, on account of under weight. We were both very much disappointed. How could he increase his weight?

Answer—I am very much interested in every man who desires to enlist, and I am particularly desirous to do anything I can to help him get into the service. If your husband will follow a diet in which cereals (especially oatmeal), milk, eggs and potatoes, form the largest part, and will, also, take a course of gymnastic exercises, preferably at a gymnasium, I think in perhaps three months he will be able to conform to the army regulations in regard to weight. I shall be anxious to know whether this experiment is working successfully.

## Horse Sense

In-foal mares may be worked to within two or three days of foaling. Should work cease before that time, rations should be decreased materially. Rations should consist of bran, oats, and other laxative foods. In-foal mares should be provided with box stalls, if possible, sometime before they foal. These stalls should be kept clean and properly disinfected.

As soon after birth as possible the foal's naval should be tied and disinfected with iodine or some other good disinfectant. Careful attention should be given to see that foal's digestive apparatus and kidneys are in working order within twenty-four hours after birth.

Mares, after foaling, should be given water, not too cold and not in too large quantity. The ration for two or three days should be comparatively light, and similar in nature to that fed before foaling. After normal conditions seem to have been established the ration may be increased.

In winter the flour should be warmed before mixing the bread.

Interest the children on a stormy Sunday afternoon by taking a sufficient number of goblets or flaring tumblers of uniform size to equal the scale of a certain piece of music. Tune the glasses to the piano by partially filling them with water. Keep time to the music by lightly tapping them with a buttonhook or the metal tip of a lead-pencil. Rock of Ages, written in two flats or key of B, requires but eight glasses.

## PREPARING FOR THE SPRING PIGS

By N. A. Clapp.

Notwithstanding the fact that the great law-giver, Moses, taught the children of Israel that swine flesh is unclean and unfit for human food, the modern hog has been so bred, fed and developed that he has challenged the approval of the modern civilized world and stands to-day the most economical meat producer among our domestic animals. His flesh more closely meets the needs of humanity under varying conditions like well arranged enterprises in times of peace and the binding necessities during the periods of war.

At the present time the pork meats are the first to be considered by those who are planning for the needs of the allied armies now in the various army camps in our own country as well as those in active service in Europe. Statisticians are careful to tell us that there is, and is likely to be for some time to come, a shortage in the number of hogs that will be raised and marketed during the coming years. Too many farmers are taking to the plan of selling their grain instead of marketing it at higher prices through the hogs.

### Precautions Needed

Conditions the present winter are very unusual and extraordinary. For eight weeks the weather has been severely cold. Under such conditions sows that have been bred for spring litters are pretty likely to spend a good deal of time in the nest and neglect to take the proper amount of exercise to enable them to impart life and vigor to the pigs. Inexperienced pig raisers may think they are doing well by the sows by keeping them confined to the pen during the cold weather, when it is one of the worst things that can be done for them. The sows should have considerable exercise each and every day, even if the weather is cold. To encourage exercise the sows may be compelled to go a considerable distance from the nest for their feed. Such a scheme will give regular exercise and will be productive

of good results. It helps to keep the sows in possession of themselves, prevents stiffness and forces a healthy circulation of blood throughout their whole system and the foetus will partake of the same healthy condition.

### Feed For Brood Sows

While the sows should have a great variety of feeds to enable them to do the double duty of sustaining themselves and furnishing nourishment to the pigs which they are carrying, preference should be given to the rather bulky feeds which are rich in protein. Ground oats, wheat bran and middlings, with a small percentage of corn meal, or whole corn, is better than feeds rich in carbohydrates. It is well to give the grain feeds in the shape of sloppy feeds, and if the weather is severely cold it should be warmed before it is given each time.

The sows should be habituated to eating some forage feeds, such as clover hay, alfalfa and cornstalks to chew on. Such feeds supply the mineral matter needed at this time and aids in bulking the feeds and promoting perfect digestion. This part of the feeding should not be neglected if excellent results are desired.

### Make the Sows Comfortable

By all means make the sows comfortable by giving them a dry, warm place in which to sleep and remain during stormy weather. Do not let them be harassed by other kinds of stock or compel them to remain with the boar or other pestering swine. A comfortable, quiet place in which to sleep will help to cultivate an agreeable disposition which will in a great degree be imparted to the pigs.

If exercise is given, a variety of feeds are used which will prevent constipation and comfortable quarters furnished, good results may be expected. If the exercise is not attended to, and laxative feeds not furnished, dead litters and sows eating their pigs at farrowing time may be considered the probable results.

**Gunns Shur-Gain Fertilizer**



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### Local and District.

#### HOCKEY.

The Elmside hockey team met with a pretty decided defeat at the hands of the Shawville Juniors here on Thursday night, the score standing 12-3 in favor of the locals at the close of the match, which was regarded as a rather rough exhibition, although, fortunately none of the players sustained any very serious damage. Hilton Findlay, who handled the game, found it necessary to impose a good many minor penalties, and his job throughout was no cinch. A fairly good-sized crowd attended the match, quite a number of the fans from the surrounding country being in evidence.

#### WON AT OTTAWA TOO

Following up their success of Thursday night, the Juniors, in the return match with Highland Park team, played on the Ottawa Arena on Saturday afternoon, defeated that aggregation by a score of 6-2. The Highlanders had on several new players including a gilt-edge goal keeper, who stopped everything that came from out-ice with ease. It was only when the Shawville lads adopted close-in attacks that they got him. Fred Lake did not play. The try-out the veteran got in Shawville, after a long period of inactivity, was more than one of his present physical proportions eared to repeat.

At the end of the first period it looked as if the Shawville youths were going to be snowed under, but they made something of a whirlwind finish.

#### An Opportunity in Household Science.

The last short course offered by the School of Household Science, Macdonald College, commences March 25th, and continues until June 6th.

This course, which throughout the year is given three times, is planned for those who have a limited time to spend but yet wish to have a better idea of those things essential to good home-making.

Some of the subjects taken up in this course are cooking, dressmaking, millinery, laundry and care of the house, with lectures in nutrition, household management, household accounts and a course in home care of the sick. In addition to these students have the opportunity of choosing as an optional subject poultry keeping or home gardening. It is needless to say that either of these is of great value today, particularly when Canada has to put forth every effort to produce more food.

To the young woman who wishes to make herself a more valued member of the state, and be an intelligent worker in the army of conservation, this course should be of great assistance. The student not only gains a broader idea of the questions dealing with the home, but, with her increased knowledge of food values and because of the special lessons which are given in substitutes for wheat etc., she is able to make practical use of her knowledge to help the problem which faces her today.

Applications are now being received and should be addressed to the Registrar, Macdonald College.

### Deaths

A telegram from Winnipeg on Tuesday, announces the death of Mrs. Malcolm McRae, formerly of Shawville. Her remains will be brought here for burial. Funeral notice later.

It becomes our sad duty this week to record the passing away of another resident of this village in the person of Miss Eliza Jane Hamilton, whose death occurred on Tuesday afternoon, the 5th inst., after a long, trying illness, which was borne with much patience and fortitude. The late Miss Hamilton was 38 years of age, and is survived by her mother, two brothers—Eddy and Robert, and one sister—Mrs. S. Howes. Her remains were laid to rest in Shawville cemetery on Thursday afternoon, following service in St. Paul's church, at which Rural Dean Phillips officiated.

Death came suddenly to Mr. Wilder Davis, of Bristol, on Saturday evening, shortly after he and Mrs. Davis had returned from Portage du Fort. On reaching home Mr. Davis complained of a choking sensation in his throat and felt otherwise slightly indisposed. Local remedies were administered, and a doctor telephoned for, but this was hardly done till he expired as he sat in a chair by the stove, death doubtless being due to heart failure. He was 69 years old and was a man of vigorous, healthy appearance.

#### OBITUARY.

The death occurred at Ottawa on Feb. 26th, of Mr. Albert Harding, at the early age of 34 years. He is survived by a sorrowing wife and family of small children; also one brother—Mr. Fred Harding, of Westboro, and two sisters—Miss Daisy and Mrs. Wm. McElroy, of Ottawa West.

The funeral service was conducted at the late home of the deceased at one o'clock on Friday, March 1st, by the Rev. Mr. Cramm. Interment took place at Bells Corners a large number following the remains to their last resting place. The casket was adorned with many rich floral offerings.

#### Gassed in Round-House, Chas. Kidney Succumbs.

Mr. Chas. Kidney died in Trenton, Ont., on Feb. 26th, as the result of gas fumes in the round-house in which he was working. The late Mr. Kidney was 46 years old and was born in Shawville, Que., and was one of the best known firemen and engineers on the Ottawa-Waltham run of the C. P. R., some ten years ago, and lived for many years in Aylmer, P. Q., where he was universally liked by all the citizens of the town, who will regret to hear of his untimely death. His first wife predeceased him some twelve or thirteen years ago, and of his first marriage there survive his son, Forrest, now on active service with the signallers in France, and two daughters, Mamie, and Beatrice, in Toronto. His second wife was Miss Georgina Keeler, of Bristol, P. Q., who, with one daughter, Doris, also survive. The late Mr. Kidney was an active member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, F. G. Lawrence Lodge, No. 172, where his long and honorable service as a

Amateurs don't lay aside your kodaks during the winter, there are lots of interesting pictures can be made to send to the boys at the front. Amateur finishing a specialty.

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Dealer in Kodaks and Supplies

## Wood Wanted!

Wanted at the Rectory, Shawville ten cords of good hardwood, suitable for furnace—beech, birch and maple. Cash on delivery. Apply to

REV. A. T. PHILLIPS.

### FOR SALE

The undersigned offers for sale the following:

- 1 Massey-Harris Binder,
  - 1 Deering Mower,
  - 1 Lumber Wagon,
  - 1 Drag Sawing Machine,
  - A quantity of Hay,
- MRS. F. DUMAS,  
Maple Ridge, Bristol.

### FOR SALE

- 10 Horses and Mares,
  - 1 Cutter, new, at cost,
  - 1 set D. Driving Bob Sleighs,
  - 1 350 lb. cap. Blue Bell Separator,
  - 1 Disc Harrow,
  - 1 Massey-Harris Binder, 6-ft.
- J. L. HODGINS,  
Shawville, Que.

### STRAYED

Strayed on to my premises some time in November, one ewe. Owner is requested to remove same at once and pay expenses incurred, and oblige

GEORGE SMITH,  
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railroad man made him a valued member. The funeral took place at 2:30 p. m. to Bell Street Methodist church; Rev. Mr. Anson Halpenny taking the services. Interment at Beechwood cemetery.

Ottawa citizens raised over half a million dollars last week for the Red Cross and Patriotic Funds.

Germany has imposed humiliating peace terms upon Finland, Russia and poor isolated Rumania. The Russian break-down has certainly been replete with disastrous consequences, which inevitably will prolong the war.

#### GREERMOUNT

March 7.—Although March is advancing, we are still in the grip of Old King Winter.

Miss Hazel Dale was the guest of relatives and friends of Rooney section for a few days this week.

We all regret very much to hear of Mrs. Wm. Wm. Bradley having the misfortune of breaking her arm from a fall received while coming from the spring with a pail of water.

Mr. Clifford Schwartz returned from Gilles' lumber camps, where he spent the winter, on Saturday.

Rev. J. and Mrs. Burton visited some of their Greermount parishioners this week.

Miss Horgan, teacher, resumed her duties here on Monday, after a month's holidays with her sisters in Carleton Place.

Mr. Arthur and Miss Lucy Somerville spent the week-end with friends in this vicinity.

Messrs. Albert and Bob Sparling have returned home from River Valley, having spent the winter in one of the lumber camps there.

#### STARKS

It was with deep regret that Prospect Lodge I. O. G. T., learned of the death of Mr. W. H. Lambly, the Grand Chief Templar of the Order for Quebec. As he was so well and favorably known in this locality it is hoped that later on we will be enabled to publish a short sketch of his life and work.

The following letter of condolence was forwarded from the Lodge to Mr. Lambly's son, with whom he resided in Inverness, Que.:—  
DEAR MR. LAMBLY:

Words are inadequate to express the deep sorrow with which we learned of the death of your father and our Grand Chief Templar.

To you and all the other members of the family we desire to extend our sincerest sympathy at this time. You mourn a father who, while he was a devoted parent, had such a large and generous nature that he never spared himself when it was for the public good.

### FOR SALE

- 1 Massey Harris Binder
- 1 Hay Loader
- 1 Disk Harrow
- 1 set Double Driving Harness
- 1 Cream Separator
- 1 Range
- 1 Sewing Machine
- 1 Lawn Mower

MRS. JAS. WILSON,  
Shawville.

### FOR SALE

- 1 stack of Clover Hay,
  - 1 span Horses, about 2800 lbs., young and sound;
  - 1 Holstein Bull, (reg.) rising 2 years;
  - 50 White Leghorn Hens,
  - 1 McCormick Seeder, (14 disc) as good as new; also a quantity of good seed potatoes.
- HUGH BROWNLEE,  
R. R. No. 1, Shawville.

### For Sale.

A registered Shorthorn Durham Bull. For particulars apply to  
EDWARD DALE,  
R. R. No. 1, Shawville.

Between two worlds life hovers like a star.

#### Help From China.

Evidence of practical sympathy with the Halifax sufferers came all the way from China. The Governor-General received a cablegram from Walter Long, Secretary for the Colonies, stating that Hong Kong had given ten thousand pounds "with expressions of deep sympathy of the colony in the terrible disaster which has befallen them."

The Governor-General has also received a cablegram from the Governor of British Guiana that the combined court there has voted five thousand dollars in aid of the sufferers. The cablegram adds: "The people of British Guiana have heard with greatest concern of disaster which has befallen Halifax and desire to convey their sympathy."

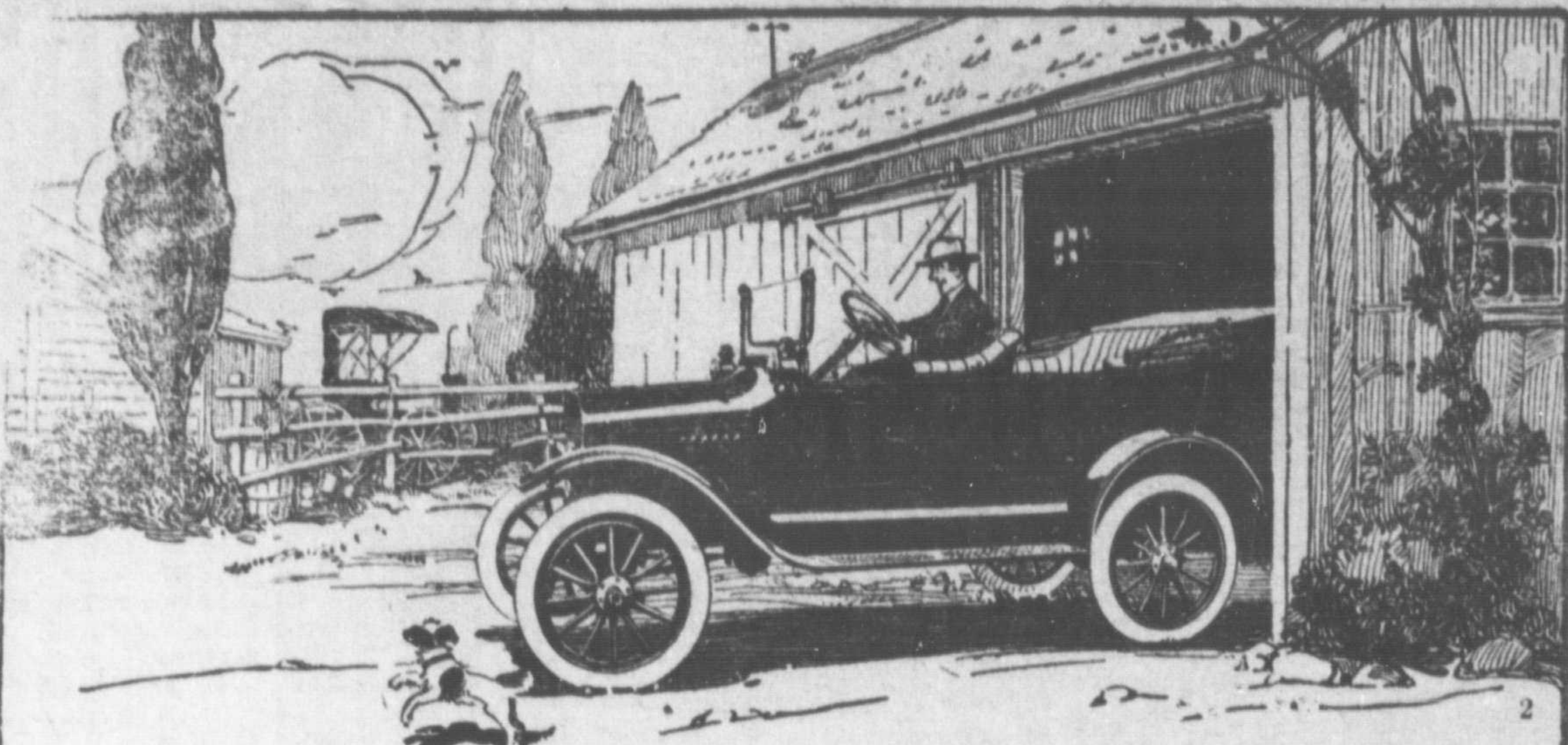
To all temperance workers, especially, he was an inspiration, and to our Order he was the "Grand Old Man" whom each member revered and loved.

We are glad, however, that he was permitted to see his great ambition "Total Prohibition for Canada," almost achieved.

We will miss his kindly greeting, wise counsel and ever-ready help and unflinching optimism in difficulties, and we feel that his place in our Grand Lodge can never be filled, but we thank God that we were given such a leader for so long.

Trusting you will accept our tribute of sympathy we sign on behalf of Prospect Lodge Lodge No. 82.

L. A. SMART, Lodge Deputy.  
STEWART STARK,  
H. S. ELLIOTT.



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